

Standards

SS6G13 The student will explain the impact of location, climate, distribution of natural resources, and population distribution on Australia.

- a. Describe how Australia's location, climate, and natural resources have affected where people live.
- b. Describe how Australia's location, climate, and natural resources impact trade.

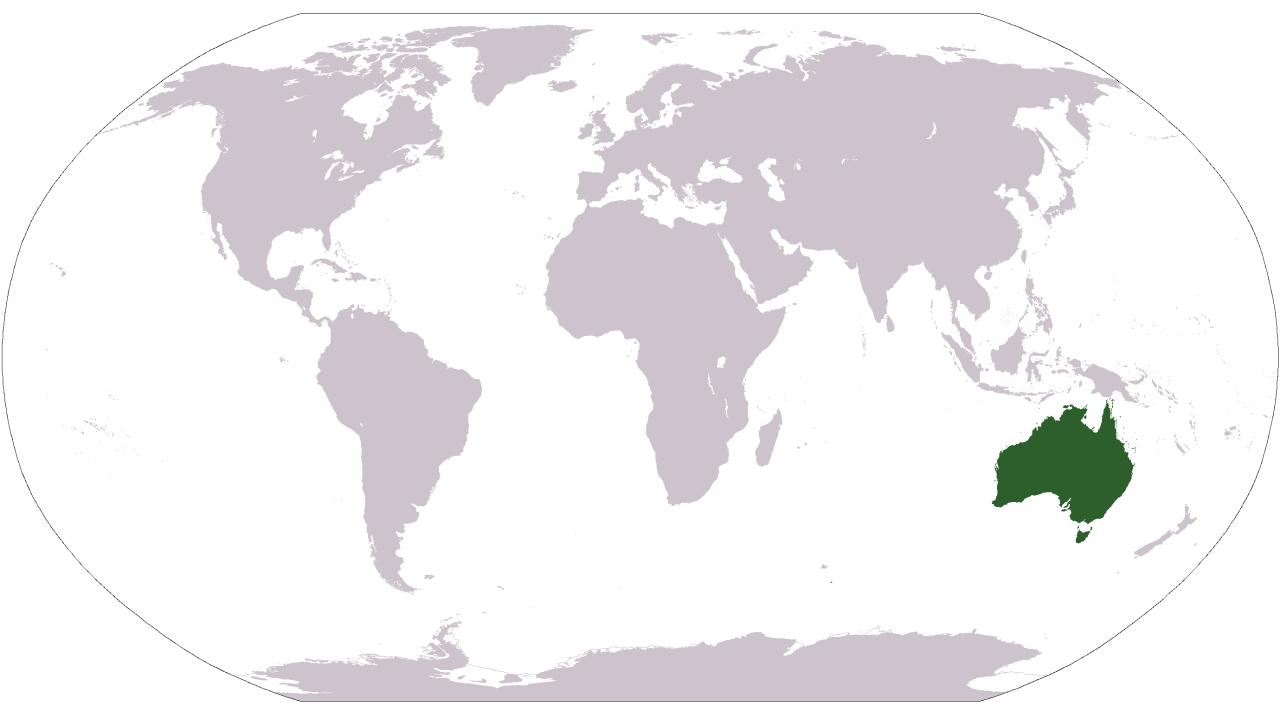
Location, Climate, and Natural Resources

	Australia
Location	
Clima+e	
Natural Resources	
Where People Live	
How They Trade	



Location

- Australia is both a continent & a country.
- It lies about 2,000 miles southeast of Asia.
- It's surrounded by the Pacific Ocean on the east and the Indian Ocean on the west.
- It's in the southern hemisphere.
 - Literally the "land down under"!





• The climate varies across the continent.

- Australia is south of the equator, so it's climate is opposite that of North America.
 - Summer: December through March
 - Winter: June through September



- The northern part of Australia is closest to the equator.
- It has a tropical climate and is warm-to-hot all year round.
 - It gets more rain than any other part of the country.
- Winter: wet and cool
- Summer: hot and dry



- Central Australia is mostly desert.
 - This is the largest part of Australia.

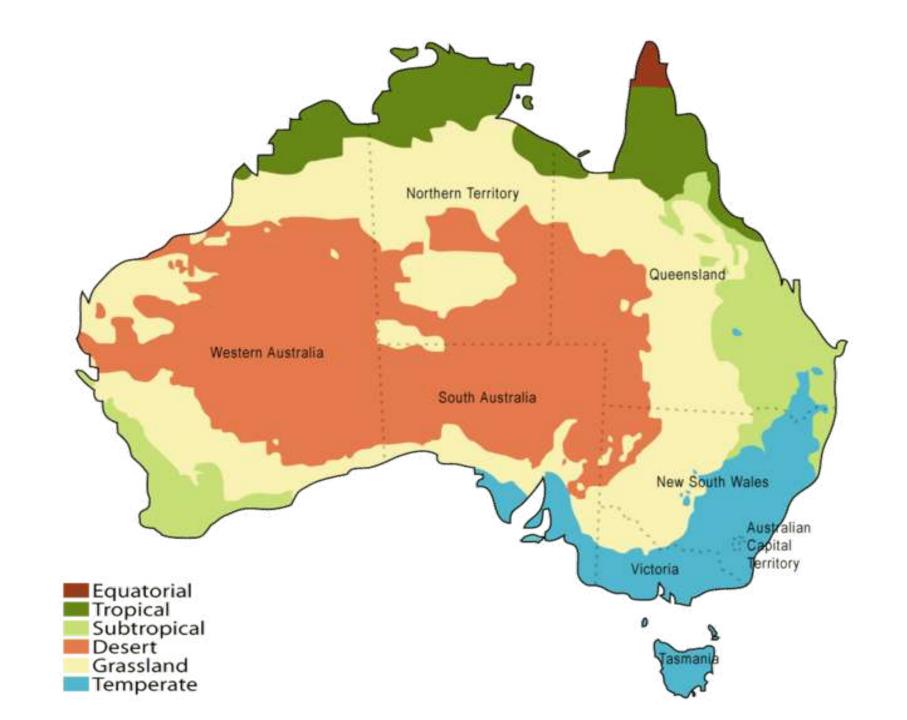
- Very little rain falls here.
 - Most of this area gets less than 10 inches of rain per year!







- Only the southeast and southwest corners along the coasts have a temperate climate.
 - Summers aren't too hot & winters aren't too cold.
- The climate in these regions is the one that most Australians prefer.
 - Most Australians live along southeastern coast.



Tourism

- Tourists from the northern hemisphere visit Australia's warm beaches when it's winter in their country.
- Tourists usually wait until spring or fall to visit the rural areas and the outback.
 - It's not too hot then.



- Outback refers to the dry interior of Australia.
 - It's mainly open countryside, including vast expanses of grazing land.
- There are only a few widely scattered settlements in the Outback.
 - Many of them grew up around mining operations.



- Across much of Australia, the ground is barren
 & not ideal for farming (outback).
 - Many minerals are found here: gold, silver, uranium, coal, copper, & iron ore
- Australia has exported nearly \$400 billion worth of metals, minerals, & fuels in the past 20 years.
 - Natural resources account for 1/3 of the country's economy!



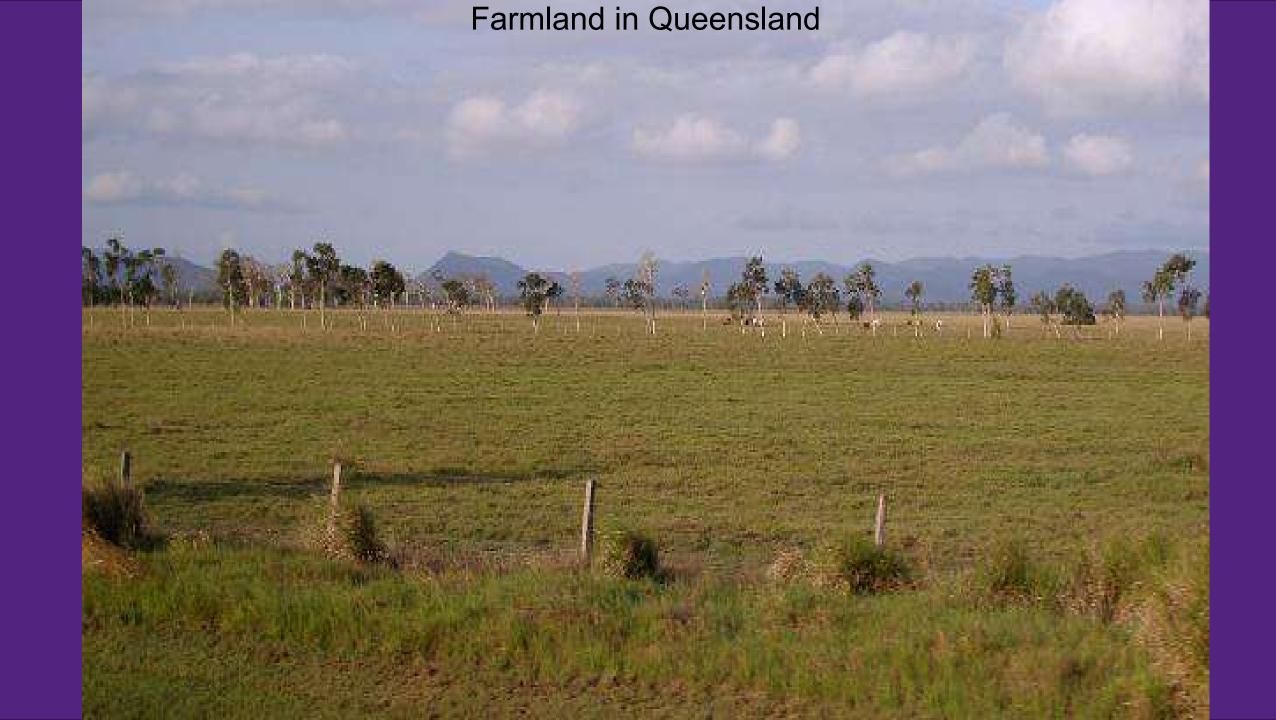
- Australia exports more coal & iron ore than any other country.
- It leads the world in mining bauxite, titanium,
 & diamonds.
- No other country has more reserves of lead, cadmium, or nickel.

 Natural resources have always been important to Australian trade.

- In the mid-1800s, Australia had a gold rush in the southern region.
 - Thousands of immigrants moved to Australia to find gold.
 - Many came from England, Ireland, Germany,
 & China.



- In the non-desert regions, Australians grow many grains.
 - Grains are grown in inland regions of the coastal states (not too hot/dry here).
- Grains include a wide range of different crops:
 - Wheat, barley, sorghum, rye, rice, chickpeas, lentils, & oilseeds



Where People Live

- The coastal areas are the most populated.
 - Most people live along the east coast.
- The most populated city is Sydney, in New South Wales.
- Another populated city is Brisbane, Queensland.





Where People Live

- Nearly 80% of Australians live in urban areas.
 - Australia is one of the world's most urbanized countries.

- 70% of all Australians live in cities of more than 100,000 people.
 - Sydney has 3.5 million people.
 - Melbourne has about 3 million people.





Trade

- Australia's top trading partners for exports are: China (29.5%), Japan (19.3%), South Korea (8%), & India (4.9%).
- Australia's top trading partners for imports are: China (18.2%), US (11.6%), Japan (7.8%), Singapore (5.9%), Germany (4.6%), Thailand (4.2%), & South Korea (4%).
- Australia exports tons of natural resources to China.
 - 50% of iron ore exports go to China.
 - In return, China provides Australia with affordable finished goods (cars, kitchen appliances, etc.).

Tourism

- Foreign tourists create only 1/4 of Australia's \$81 billion tourist industry.
 - Australia's location makes it expensive for people to visit from other countries.
- Australians do the majority of tourism within their own country.
 - Its remote location in the Southern
 Hemisphere makes it expensive for
 Australians to leave & visit other countries.

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