

APUSH Summer Assignment Summer 2019

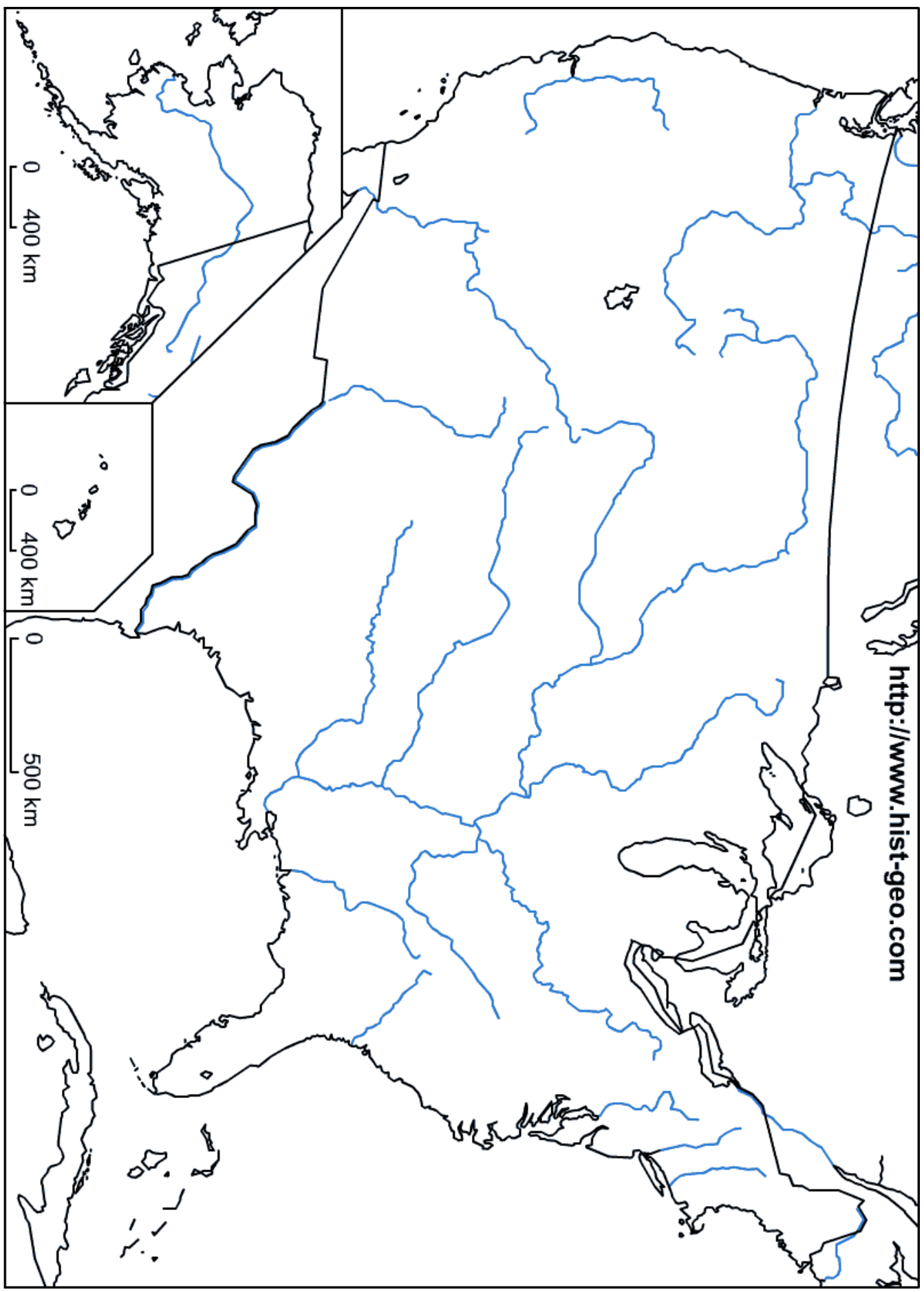
ASSIGNMENT #1: - U.S. Map (Physical & Political)

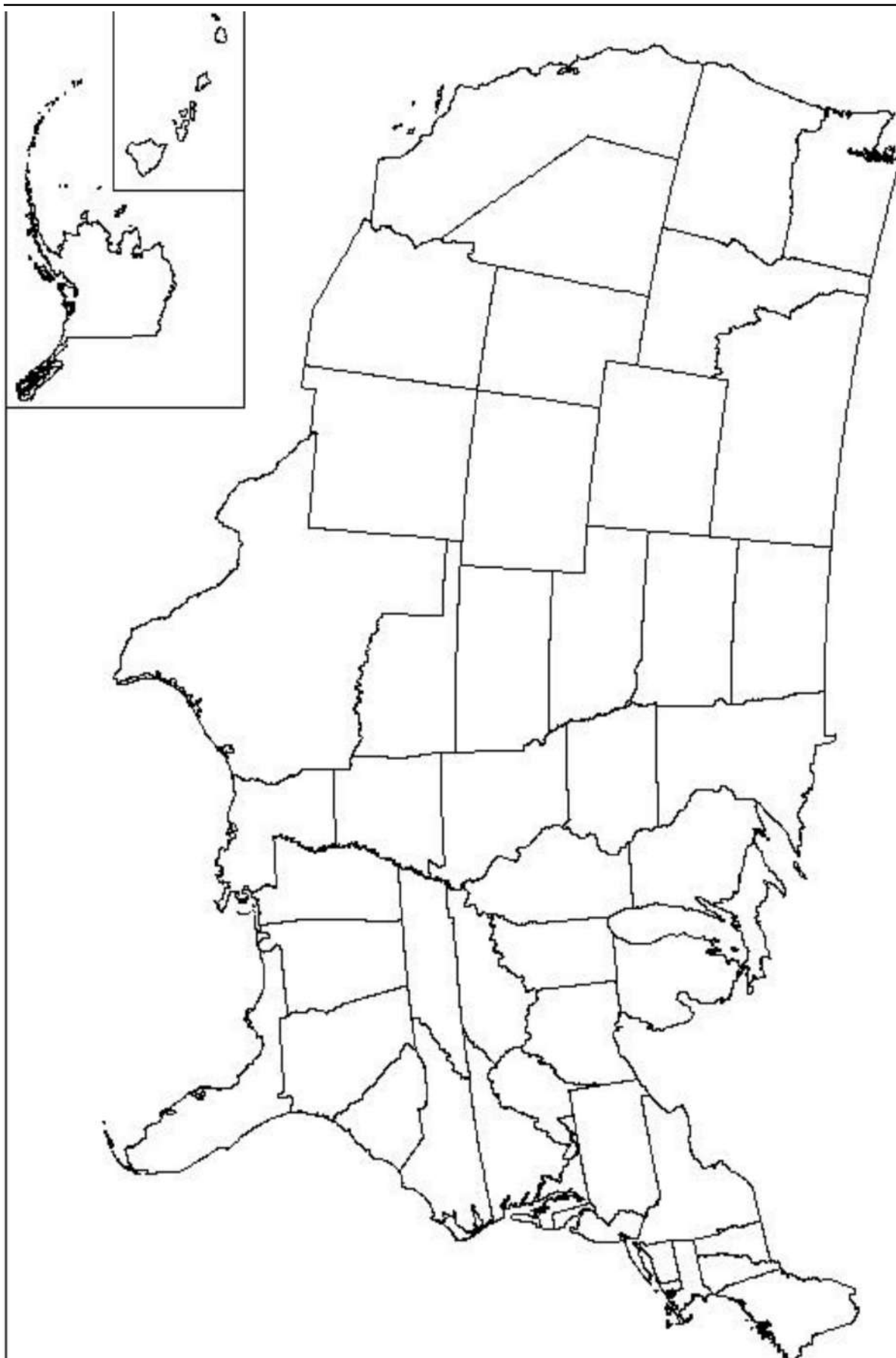
You will be tested on your knowledge of the following shortly after school begins (within the first week).

1. **50 States:** On your test, you will be given a blank political map of the United States. You will need to fill in the 50 states, without a word bank, spelled correctly. You will also need to identify where Washington DC is as well.
2. **Physical Geography:** You will be tested on your knowledge of the location of the following:
 - a. Great Plains
 - b. Atlantic Ocean
 - c. 5 Great Lakes
 - d. Columbia River
 - e. Chesapeake Bay
 - f. Gulf of Mexico
 - g. Pacific Ocean
 - h. Hudson River
 - i. Missouri River
 - j. Mississippi River
 - k. Rio Grande River
 - l. St. Lawrence River
 - m. Colorado River
 - n. Everglades
 - o. Ozarks
 - p. Adirondacks
 - q. Sierra Nevada
 - r. Mojave Desert
 - s. Appalachian Mountains
 - t. Alleghenies
 - u. Rocky Mountains

SUGGESTION: I have provided the two maps I will use for your exam. This is a great way to prepare for a test such as this. Please do not wait until the last minute to work on these assignments! If you have any questions, you may email me at

enedine.andre@henry.k12.ga.us





ASSIGNMENT # 2: CHAPTER 1 FROM THE 2018 AMSCO TEXT

Name: _____

Guided Reading & Analysis: A New World

Chapter 1- A New World of Many Cultures, 1491-1607, pp 1-13

Reading Assignment:

Ch. 1 AMSCO

Purpose:

This guide is not only a place to record notes as you read, but also to provide a place and structure for *reflections and analysis* using your noggin (thinking skills) with new knowledge gained from the reading. This guide, **if completed in its entirety BOP (Beginning of Period) by the due date**, can be used on the first quiz. The benefits of this guided reading, however, go far beyond quiz help and possible bonus points. ☺ **Mastery of the course and AP exam await all who choose to process the information as they read/receive.**



(Image Source: AdventureTales.com)

Directions:

1. **Pre-Read:** Read the prompts/questions within this guide before you read the chapter.
2. **Skim:** Flip through the chapter and note titles and subtitles. Look at images and read captions. *Get a feel for the content you are about to read.*
3. **Read/Analyze:** Read the chapter. If you have your own copy of AMSCO, Highlight key events and people as you read. Remember, the goal is not to "fish" for a specific answer(s) to reading guide questions, but to **consider questions in order to critically understand what you read!**
4. **Write** Write your notes and analysis in the spaces provided. Complete it in **BLUE OR BLACK INK!**

Key Concepts FOR PERIOD 1:

On a North American continent controlled by American Indians, contact among the peoples of Europe, the Americas, and West Africa created a new world.

Key Concept 1.1 Before the arrival of Europeans, native populations in North America developed a wide variety of social, political, and economic structures based in part on interactions with the environment and each other.

Key Concept 1.2: European overseas expansion resulted in the Columbian Exchange, a series of interactions and adaptations among societies across the Atlantic.

Key Concept 1.3: Contacts among American Indians, Africans, and Europeans challenged the worldviews of each group.

SECTION 1 - Period Perspectives, p.1

Consider the data in the chart at right as well as page 1 of the text when completing this section.

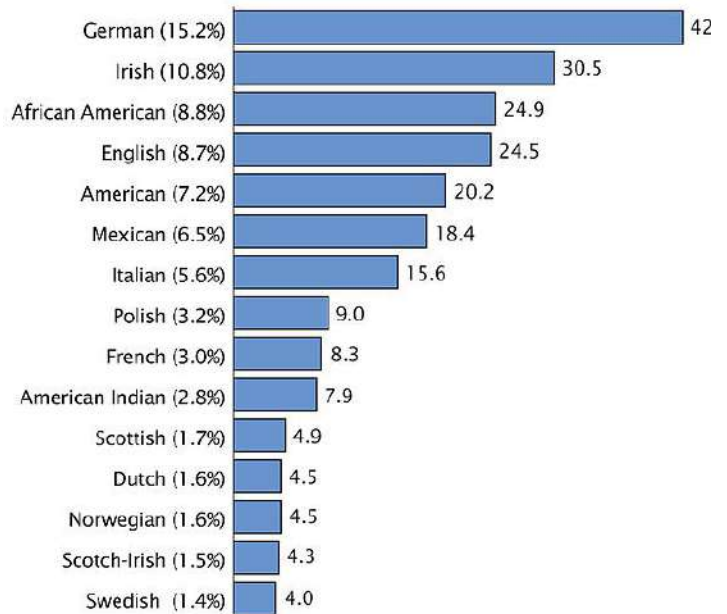
1. Period 1 begins with 1491. If the American Indian population in what is now the United States was nearly 10 million before 1492, why is the United States population in modern times only 2 to 3% American Indian?

2. Period 1 ends with the establishment of Jamestown, the first permanent British settlement in North America. Explain why 1607 is a major turning point in United States history.

Figure 2.

Fifteen Largest Ancestries: 2000

(In millions. Percent of total population in parentheses. Data based on sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf3.pdf)



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 special tabulation.

SECTION 2 Guided Reading, pp 2-13

As you read the chapter, jot down your notes in the middle column. Consider your notes to be elaborations on the Objectives and Main Ideas presented in the left column. When you finish reading the section and taking notes, process and analyze what you read by answering the question in the right hand column. You do not need to write in complete sentences.

3. Cultures pp 2-5

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
<p>Before the arrival of Europeans, native populations in North America developed a wide variety of social, political, and economic structures based in part on interactions with the environment and each other.</p> <p>As settlers migrated and settled across the vast expanse of North America over time, they developed quite different and increasingly complex societies by adapting to and transforming their diverse environments.</p>	<p>Cultures of Central and South America...</p> <p>Cultures of North America...</p> <p>Language...</p> <p>Southwest Settlements...</p> <p>Northwest Settlements...</p> <p>Great Plains...</p> <p>Midwest Settlements...</p> <p>Northeast Settlements...</p> <p>Atlantic Seaboard Settlements...</p>	<p><i>In what ways</i> did native peoples <i>transform</i> North American environment before European colonization? (list)</p> <p>a.</p> <p>b.</p> <p>c.</p> <p>d.</p> <p>Identify one <i>key similarity</i> and one <i>key difference</i> between societies that developed in Central and South America to those that developed in North America.</p> <p>Similarity:</p> <p>Difference:</p> <p>Explain the significance of the <i>difference</i> between Central /South America and North America.</p>

4. Europe Moves Toward Exploration, pp 5-6

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
<p>New technology, new knowledge, and new goals spurred European exploration.</p>	<p>Improvements in technology...</p> <p>Religious conflict...</p>	<p>Identify the <i>key difference</i> between Viking voyages of the 12th century to that of Columbus in the 15th century.</p> <p><i>How</i> did new technology enable Christopher Columbus to dominate the "New World?"</p> <p>What was the <i>impact</i> of the Catholic victory in Spain and the European Reformation on North America?</p>

5. Expanding Trade, pp 6-7

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
Economic motives drove exploration, and “discovery” altered the European, African, and America economically, politically, and culturally.	<p>New Routes...</p> <p>Slave Trading...</p> <p>African Resistance...</p> <p>Developing Nation-States...</p>	<p>List <i>three main effects</i> of Europe’s expanding trade in the 15th century.</p> <p>a.</p> <p>b.</p> <p>c.</p> <p>Which effect was <i>most significant</i>? Explain your answer.</p>

6. Early Explorations, pp 7-10

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
<p>European overseas expansion resulted in the Columbian Exchange, a series of interactions and adaptations among societies across the Atlantic.</p> <p>The arrival of Europeans in the Western Hemisphere in the 15th and 16th centuries triggered extensive demographic and social changes on both sides of the Atlantic.</p> <p>European expansion into the Western Hemisphere caused intense social/religious, political, and economic competition in Europe and the promotion of empire building.</p>	<p>Christopher Columbus...</p> <p>Columbus’s Legacy...</p> <p>Exchanges...</p> <p>Dividing the Americas...</p> <p>Spanish Exploration and Conquest...</p> <p>English Claims...</p> <p>French Claims...</p> <p>Dutch Claims...</p>	<p><i>How</i> did European expansion <i>impact</i> European society?</p> <p><i>How</i> did European expansion <i>impact</i> Native American society?</p> <p>Which of these consequences were the most significant? Explain your answer.</p>

7. Spanish Settlements in North America, pp 10-11

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
European expansion into the Western Hemisphere caused intense social/religious, political, and economic competition in Europe and the promotion of empire building.	<p>Florida...</p> <p>New Mexico...</p> <p>Texas...</p> <p>California...</p>	<p>What were <i>three chief features</i> of the Spanish empire in America?</p> <p>a.</p> <p>b.</p> <p>c.</p> <p>Identify <i>one cause</i> and <i>one effect</i> of Spanish settlement in North America.</p> <p>Cause:</p> <p>Effect:</p>

8. European Treatment of Native Americans, pp 11-12

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
<p>Contacts among American Indians, Africans, and Europeans challenged the worldviews of each group.</p> <p>European overseas expansion and sustained contacts with Africans and American Indians dramatically altered European views of social, political, and economic relationships among and between white and nonwhite peoples</p>	<p>Spanish Policy...</p> <p>English Policy...</p> <p>French Policy...</p> <p>Native American Reaction...</p>	<p>Identify <i>three major consequences</i> of European contact with American Indians?</p> <p>a.</p> <p>b.</p> <p>c.</p> <p>Which of these were the <i>most significant</i>? Explain your answer.</p> <p>In what ways was English policy toward Native Americans different from those of France and Spain?</p> <p><i>Different from France in that...</i></p> <p><i>Different from Spain in that...</i></p> <p><i>How effective</i> were Native Americans in overcoming the negative aspects of European policies?</p>

9. Historical Perspectives: Was Columbus a Great Hero? p.13

Key Concepts & Main Ideas	Notes	Analysis
European overseas expansion and sustained contacts with Africans and American Indians dramatically altered European views of social, political, and economic relationships among and between white and nonwhite peoples.	<p>Washington Irving...</p> <p>President Franklin Roosevelt...</p> <p>Revisionists...</p> <p>Arthur Schlesinger...</p> <p>Fact and fiction...</p>	<p>Support or refute the following statement: Christopher Columbus was a hero.</p> <p>List 3 pieces of evidence to support your answer.</p> <p>a.</p> <p>b.</p> <p>c.</p> <p>List 3 pieces of evidence that support the alternate view.</p> <p>a.</p> <p>b.</p> <p>c.</p>

10. Explain the HIPP of the image below. (See meaning of HIPP below)

Image Source: Public Domain, Library of Congress,
First landing of Columbus on the shores of the New World, at San Salvador, W.I., Oct. 12th 1492,
Díoscuro Teófilo Puebla Tolín



HIPP+:

Historical Context:

Intended Audience:

Author's Purpose:

Author's Point of View:

+Other Context (similar in kind, from a different time...give an example of similar theme in a different place/time period):