STOCKBRIDGE HIGH SCHOOL

AP Chemistry Summer Assignment—School year 2018-2019 **Instructor: Sheila Midgette**

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Students may use Chemistry books and online resources to complete assignment. Due Date: The following assignment is to be completed and brought on the first day of class.

Nomenclature 1. Name these binary compounds of two nonmetals. IF7________N₂O₅_______XeF₂_______ N₂O₄________As₄O₁₀_______SF₆_______ PCl₃ S_2Cl_2 2. Name these binary compounds with a fixed charge metal. CaF_2 Al_2O_3 3. Name these binary compounds of cations with variable charge. $CuCl_2$ Fe_2O_3 SnOPbCl₄ Cu₂S HgS AuI₃_____CoP____ 4. Name these compounds with polyatomic ions. 5. Name these binary acids HCl _____ HI ____ 6. Name these acids with polyatomic ions. $H_2C_2O_4$ H_2CO_3 7. Name these compounds appropriately. CO______NH₄CN_____HIO₃____NI₃_____ AIP_____OF₂_____LiMnO₄_____HClO_____ _____ SO₂___ _____ CuCr₂O₇_____ K₂O____ HF FeF₃_____ KC₂H₃O₂____ MnS____ 8. Write the formulas. Tin (IV) phosphide Copper (II) cyanide Sodium peroxide Copper (II) cyanide_____ Lithium silicate _____ Sulfurous acid_____ Chromium (III) carbonate_____ Potassium nitride _____ Gallium arsenide_____ Cobalt (II) chromate_____ Dichromic acid_____

Zinc fluoride

Balancing Equations

9. Balance the following equations with the lowest whole number coefficients.

$$S_8 + O_2 \rightarrow SO_3$$

 $C_{10}H_{16} + Cl_2 \rightarrow C + HCl$
 $Fe + O_2 \rightarrow Fe_2O_3$
 $C_7H_6O_2 + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$
 $KClO_3 \rightarrow KCl + O_2$
 $H_3AsO_4 \rightarrow As_2O_5 + H_2O$
 $V_2O_5 + HCl \rightarrow VOCl_3 + H_2O$
 $Hg(OH)_2 + H_3PO_4 \rightarrow Hg_3(PO_4)_2 + H_2O$

Stoichiometry and Limiting Factor

10. Given the equation below, what mass of water would be needed to react with 10.0g of sodium oxide?

$$Na_2O + H_2O \rightarrow 2NaOH$$

 $_{11.}$ 2NaClO₃ → 2NaCl + 3O₂

What mass of sodium chloride is formed along with 45.0g of oxygen gas?

12. $4NH_3 + 5O_2 \rightarrow 4NO + 6H_2O$

What mass of water will be produced when 100.0g of ammonia is reacted with excess oxygen?

- 13. If the reaction in #14 is done with 25.0g of each reactant, which would be the limiting factor?
- 14. $Na_2S + 2AgNO_3 \rightarrow Ag_2S + 2NaNO_3$

If the above reaction is carried out with 50.0g of sodium sulfide and 35.0g of silver nitrate, which is the limiting factor?

What mass of the excess reactant remains?

What mass of silver sulfide would precipitate?

15. 6NaOH + 2Al \rightarrow 2Na₃AlO₃ + 3H₂

What volume of hydrogen gas (measured at STP) would result from reacting 75.0g of sodium hydroxide with 50.0g of aluminum?

Empirical Formulas Calculations

- 16. A compound is 64.9% carbon, 13.5% hydrogen and 21.6% oxygen. Its molecular mass is 74 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?
- 17. A 2.5g sample of a hydrate of Ca(NO₃)₂ was heated, and only 1.7 g of the anhydrous salt remained. What percentage of water was in the hydrate?
- 18. A 5.0g sample of a copper II nitrate hydrate is heated, and 3.9g of the anhydrous salt remains. Determine the formula of the hydrate.

Solubility rules

19.	Review solubility rule water.	es and identify each of the f	following compounds as soluble or i	insoluble in
Na_2	CO ₃	CoCO ₃	Pb(NO ₃) ₂	
K_2S		BaSO ₄	$NH_4)_2S$	
AgI		$Ni(NO_3)_2$	KI	
FeS		PbCl ₂ Mn(C ₂ H ₃ O ₂) ₂	CuSO ₄	
Li ₂ ()	$Mn(C_2H_3O_2)_2$	Cr(OH) ₃	
Ago	ClO ₃	Sn(SO ₃) ₄	FeF_2	
20. Write a complete balanced equation of the following then predict whether each of these double displacement reactions will give a precipitate or not based on the solubility of the products. If yes, identify the precipitate.				
a.	Silver nitrate and potassium chloride			
b.	. Magnesium nitrate and sodium carbonate			
c.	Strontium bromide and potassium sulfate			
d.	Cobalt (III) bromide and potassium sulfide			
e.	Ammonium hydroxide and copper (II) acetate			
f.	Lithium chlorate and chromium (III) fluoride			