

3rd 9 weeks benchmark study guide

Name:

Georgia Performance Standard	Question
SS8H7a. Evaluate the impact of the Bourbon Triumvirate, Henry Grady, International Cotton Exposition, Tom Watson and the Populists, Rebecca Latimer Felton, the 1906 Atlanta Race Riot, the Leo Frank Case, and the county unit system on Georgia between 1877 and 1918.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Who were the 3 members of the Bourbon Triumvirate? Brown, Colquitt, Gordon2. List 3 accomplishments of the Bourbon Triumvirate.<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. reduced debtb. expanded businessc. approved new state constitution3. Who came up with the phrase the "New South?" __Henry Grady_____4. What was the idea behind the New South, as emphasized by Henry W. Grady? The south to become more industrialized, not just agricultural5. __Rural Free Delivery_____ legislation was written by Tom Watson. It enables you to have mail delivered to your home and not just to a post office.6. Read this description and write the name of the Georgian it describes. She and her husband owned a Cartersville newspaper. She helped lead the Independent Democrat movement. She was the first woman to serve in the US Senate. She is _____Rebecca Felton_____7. What was not a reason behind the Atlanta Race Riot?<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Important men spread racial fears.b. African Americans, without reason, began assaulting whites in Atlanta.c. Newspaper reports of violence against whites committed by blacks.d. Hoke Smith used prejudice to secure votes during his run for governor.8. After the Leo Frank case, the KKK was reborn, calling themselves the Knights of Mary Phagan.9. What was the impact of the county unit system on Georgia elections? Enabled rural counties to keep political control

<p>SS8H7b: Analyze how rights were denied to African-Americans through Jim Crow laws, <i>Plessy v. Ferguson</i>, disenfranchisement, and racial violence.</p>	<p>1. Why were Jim Crow laws established? To keep blacks from being active in politics and other areas of society</p> <p>2. Which is NOT an example of disenfranchisement? a. poll tax b. grandfather clause c. land lottery d. passing a literacy test</p> <p>3. Circle the one that would not show an example of racial/cultural violence. 1906 Race Riot, Rebirth of the KKK, Forming of the National Urban League, Lynching of Leo Frank</p>
<p>SS8 H7c. Explain the roles of Booker T. Washington, W. E. B. DuBois, John and Lugenia Burns Hope, and Alonzo Herndon.</p>	<p>1. Who is being described? 1st black president of Morehouse College Opposed the views of Booker T. Washington Close friends with WEB DuBois President of National Assoc. of Teachers of Colored Schools A. Leo Frank B. John Hope C. Morris Rich D. Alonzo Herndon</p> <p>2. Which entrepreneur started off as a barber, bought a small insurance company and became Atlanta's first black millionaire. He had been born as a sharecropper. Who is this? a. Alonzo Herndon b. Morris Rich c. Earnest Woodruff d. Alonzo Herndon</p>
<p>d. Give reasons for World War I and describe Georgia's contributions.</p>	<p>1. What 2 events pulled the US into World War I? a. sinking of Lusitania b. Zimmerman telegram/note</p> <p>2. List the military facilities that were located in Georgia during World War I. Camp Benning, Fort McPherson, Camp Gordon</p>
<p>a. Describe the impact of the boll weevil and drought on Georgia.</p>	<p>1. What part of the cotton plant was attacked by the boll weevil? White, fluffy cotton</p>

	<p>2. What was a result of the boll weevil infestation? Production of cotton decreased</p> <p>3. What positive impact did the drought have for farmers? Slowed down destruction of boll weevil</p>
<p>b. Explain the economic factors that resulted in the Great Depression.</p> <p>c. Discuss the political career of Eugene Talmadge.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Circle the one factor that was not a cause of the Great Depression. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Over-borrowing - borrowing more money than one could pay back b. Speculating in the stock market c. Overproducing farm products d. Too much government involvement in the economy - having a "HANDS ON" attitude 2. Laissez-faire policies of the government helped bring on the Great Depression by: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Overextending trade agreements b. Giving businesses too many loans c. Expanding business and industry d. Not doing anything to help solve the country's worsening economic problems 3. Which did Gov. Eugene Talmadge support? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Public welfare b. Voting rights for blacks c. Reduced property taxes d. Federal assistance programs
<p>d. Discuss the effect of the New Deal in terms of the impact of the Civilian Conservation Corps, Agricultural Adjustment Act, rural electrification, and Social Security.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What types of projects were undertaken by the CCC? Clearing land, terracing land, cut down trees Young men (18-24), lived in camps 2. What group benefited the most from the AAA? farmers 3. What was NOT a purpose of the New Deal? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Provide loans to students B. Improve lifestyles for Americans C. Reform the defects in the economy D. Relieve the suffering of the unemployed 4. What was the purpose of the Social Security act? Retirement pay/pensions for older people

<p>a. Describe the impact of events leading up to American involvement in World War II; include Lend-Lease and the bombing of Pearl Harbor.</p>	<p>1. What was the Lend-Lease Act? Britain and France were allowed to borrow weapons for use in World War II.</p> <p>2. What event caused the U.S. to start fighting in World War II? Pearl Harbor</p>
<p>b. Evaluate the importance of Bell Aircraft, military bases, the Savannah and Brunswick shipyards, Richard Russell, and Carl Vinson.</p>	<p>1. What facility manufactured the B-29 during World War II? Bell Bomber/Bell Manufacturing</p> <p>2. The Brunswick and Savannah shipyards manufactured the Liberty ships.</p> <p>3. I served in the U.S. Senate for almost 40 years. I was chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee. I was once 3rd in line to the presidency. Who am I?</p> <p>a. Carl Vinson b. Richard Russell c. Tom Watson d. Eugene Talmadge</p> <p>4. Carl Vinson was known as the _"Father of the Two-Ocean Navy_"</p>
<p>c. Explain the impact of the Holocaust on Georgians.</p>	<p>1. What was the Holocaust? Systematic extermination/killing of at least 6 million Jews and other undesirables.</p> <p>2. How did Georgians respond to the Holocaust?</p>
<p>d. Discuss the ties to Georgia that President Roosevelt had and his impact on the state.</p>	<p>1. Why did FDR come to GA? Treatment of his polio</p> <p>2. Which New Deal program was based on FDR's experiences at Warm Springs? Rural Electrification Authority</p> <p>3. What national event occurred at Warm Springs in April 1945? FDR died.</p>

