

Achievement Level Descriptors for

Grade 7 Science

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Achievement Levels and Achievement Level Descriptors

With the implementation of the Georgia Milestones Assessment System, Georgia educators have developed four achievement levels to describe student mastery and command of the knowledge and skills outlined in Georgia's content standards. Most students have at least some knowledge of the content described in the content standards; however, achievement levels succinctly describe how much mastery a student has. Achievement levels give meaning and context to scale scores by describing the knowledge and skills students must demonstrate to achieve each level.

The four achievement levels on Georgia Milestones are *Beginning Learner*, *Developing Learner*, *Proficient Learner*, and *Distinguished Learner*. The general meaning of each of the four levels is provided below:

Beginning Learners do not yet demonstrate proficiency in the knowledge and skills necessary at this grade level/course of learning, as specified in Georgia's content standards. The students *need substantial academic support* to be prepared for the next grade level or course and to be on track for college and career readiness.

Developing Learners demonstrate partial proficiency in the knowledge and skills necessary at this grade level/course of learning, as specified in Georgia's content standards. The students *need additional academic support* to ensure success in the next grade level or course and to be on track for college and career readiness.

Proficient Learners demonstrate proficiency in the knowledge and skills necessary at this grade level/course of learning, as specified in Georgia's content standards. The students are prepared for the next grade level or course and are on track for college and career readiness.

Distinguished Learners demonstrate advanced proficiency in the knowledge and skills necessary at this grade level/course of learning, as specified in Georgia's content standards. The students *are well prepared* for the next grade level or course and are well prepared for college and career readiness.

More detailed and content-specific concepts and skills are provided for each grade, content area, and course in the **Achievement Level Descriptors** (ALDs). ALDs are narrative descriptions of the knowledge and skills expected at each of the four achievement levels and were developed for each grade level, content area, and course by committees of Georgia educators in March 2015 and July 2015. The ALDs are based on the state-adopted content standards.

ALDs show a *progression of knowledge and skills* for which students must demonstrate competency across the achievement levels. It is important to understand that a student should demonstrate mastery of the knowledge and skills within his/her achievement level *as well as all content and skills in any achievement levels that precede his/her own, if any*. For example, a Proficient Learner should also possess the knowledge and skills of a Developing Learner *and* a Beginning Learner.

POLICY ALDs				
Beginning Learner	Developing Learner	Proficient Learner	Distinguished Learner	
Beginning Learners do not yet	Developing Learners demonstrate	Proficient Learners demonstrate	Distinguished Learners	
demonstrate proficiency in the	partial proficiency in the	proficiency in the knowledge and	demonstrate advanced	
knowledge and skills necessary at	knowledge and skills necessary at	skills necessary at this grade	proficiency in the knowledge and	
this grade level/course of learning,	this grade level/course of learning,	level/course of learning, as	skills necessary at this grade	
as specified in Georgia's content	as specified in Georgia's content	specified in Georgia's content	level/course of learning, as	
standards. The students need	standards. The students need	standards. The students are	specified in Georgia's content	
substantial academic support to be	additional academic support to	prepared for the next grade level or	standards. The students are well	
prepared for the next grade level or	ensure success in the next grade	course and are on track for <i>college</i>	prepared for the next grade level	
course and to be on track for	level or course and to be on track	and career readiness.	or course and are well prepared	
college and career readiness.	for college and career readiness.		for college and career readiness.	
RANGE ALDs				
Beginning Learner	Developing Learner	Proficient Learner	Distinguished Learner	
A student who achieves at the	A student who achieves at the	A student who achieves at the	A student who achieves at the	
Beginning Learner level	Developing Learner level	Proficient Learner level	Distinguished Learner level	
demonstrates minimal command of	demonstrates partial command of	demonstrates proficiency of the	demonstrates advanced	
the grade-level standards. The	the grade-level standards. The	grade-level standards. The pattern	proficiency of the grade-level	
pattern exhibited by student	pattern exhibited by student	exhibited by student responses	standards. The pattern exhibited	
responses indicates that students	responses indicates that students	indicates that students are most	by student responses indicates	
are most likely able to	are most likely able to	likely able to	that students are most likely able	
 recognize that all living things 	identify cell structures (cell	relate cell structures (cell	to	
are made of cells;	membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm,	membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm,	 differentiate between tissues, 	
 recognize that cell structures 	chloroplasts, mitochondria) and	chloroplasts, mitochondria) to	organs, and organ systems and	
are related to their functions;	define basic cell functions;	basic cell functions;	the ability to serve the needs	
 recognize that the human body 	 recognize that selective 	 explain that cells take in 	that cells have for oxygen,	
has organs and different body	breeding can produce plants or	nutrients to grow, divide, and	food, and waste removal;	
systems;	animals with desired traits;	make needed materials as well	explain how the structure of a	
 define selective breeding; 	explain that cells are organized	as the removal of waste;	cell allows for the intake of	
 recognize that the human body 	into tissues, tissues into organs,	 explain the role of genes and 	nutrients as well as the	
needs energy to grow and	organs into systems, and	chromosomes in the process of	removal of wastes;	
survive;	systems into organisms;	inheriting a specific trait;	analyze how species on Earth	
 distinguish between plant and 	explain asexual and sexual	explain the purpose of the	have evolved due to natural	
animal cells;	reproduction;	major organ systems in the	selection;	
 recognize that living things can 	explain that physical	human body (digestion,	analyze how different	
	characteristics of organisms	respiration, reproduction,	characteristics of terrestrial	

- be classified into different groups;
- recognize that fossils provide evidence of once living organisms;
- recognize that organisms need energy to survive;
- demonstrate knowledge of the correct procedures for the use of scientific equipment;
- use appropriate technology to store and retrieve scientific information;
- recognize tools that are used for measurement in scientific investigations;
- recognize that some parts of a system are related to other parts of that same system;
- recognize that models are used to represent relationships;
- recognize different displays of scientific data;
- recognize that lack of reasoning can result in poorly designed investigations; and
- recognize that theories change as additional evidence is acquired.

- have changed over successive generations;
- explain that sunlight is the source of energy in a food web;
- recognize that environmental changes affect the survival of both individuals and species;
- list the different biomes;
- describe different types of relationships between organisms (competitive, mutual benefit);
- explain the difference between producers, consumers, and decomposers;
- recognize the value of a hypothesis;
- organize scientific information using charts, tables, graphs, and diagrams;
- evaluate techniques to demonstrate the appropriate use of laboratory equipment;
- analyze scientific data by using, interpreting, and comparing numbers;
- draw conclusions based on analyzed data;
- evaluate the use of scientific tools used for measuring;
- recognize that different models are used to represent different concepts; and
- investigate the value of arguments based on limited data, biased sampling, and

- circulation, excretion, movement, control, coordination, protection from disease);
- classify organisms based on physical characteristics using a dichotomous key of the six kingdom system (archaebacteria, eubacteria, protists, fungi, plants, animals);
- explain how the process of selective breeding produces organisms with desired traits;
- demonstrate the process for the development of a dichotomous key;
- explain that trace evidence in the fossil record found in sedimentary rock provides evidence for the long history of changing life forms;
- use a food web to demonstrate that matter is transferred from one organism to another and that matter can be recycled between organisms and their environments;
- explain how energy moves from organism to organism in a food web;
- explain how environmental conditions can affect the survival of both individuals and entire species;
- categorize relationships between organisms as either

- biomes and aquatic communities can impact the survival of different species;
- assess how environmental changes affect survival of species
- compare and contrast organisms that reproduce asexually and sexually (bacteria, protists, fungi, plants, animals);
- correlate real-world applications of asexual reproduction, sexual reproduction, and selective breeding;
- draw conclusions of specific traits based on inherited genes and chromosomes;
- evaluate how the interdependence of organ systems allows organisms to sustain life;
- predict the impact of changes to a food web;
- predict how a species would evolve due to natural selection based on environmental changes;
- cite evidence for classifying organisms into one of the six (6) kingdoms;
- evaluate demonstrated laboratory procedures for safety;
- evaluate the accuracy and

Grade 7	Georgia End-of-Grade: Science	September 2015
	Georgia End-of-Grade: Science competitive or mutually beneficial; describe the characteris Earth's major terrestrial (tropical rainforest, savatemperate, desert, taigatundra, mountain); describe the characteris Earth's aquatic commun (i.e., freshwater, estuari marine); analyze the protocol for identifying and reportin violations during laborafield investigations; use the mean, median, amode to analyze numer calculate metric conversibilist of analyze data; analyze the use of scientools and instruments; develop and analyze moused to represent scient concepts; and analyze step-by-step instructions for scientificinvestigations.	precision of collected scientific data; istics of al biomes vannah, ga, ga, ga, ga, ga, ga, ga, ga, ga, ga