

# Accessibility Guidelines for the Delaware System of Student Assessments (DeSSA)

2018-19 School Year

### **Updated February 2019**

Use this document to plan for:
DeSSA Summative/Interim Assessments,
\*DeSSA-Alternate Assessments
WIDA Assessments
And the School Day SAT

**Delaware Department of Education** 

Office of Assessment 401 Federal Street, Suite 2 Dover, DE 19901



If you have any questions regarding the Accessibility Guidelines for the Delaware System of Student Assessments please contact the Delaware Department of Education, Office of Assessment, at (302) 857-3391.

For questions or additional assistance regarding the online testing system or functioning of accommodations for DeSSA ELA/Literacy and Mathematics Summative, DeSSA Interims, please contact the DeSSA Help Desk at the American Institutes for Research (AIR).

For questions or additional assistance regarding the online testing system or functioning of accommodations for DeSSA Science and Social Studies Summative assessment, please contact the PAN Help Desk.

For questions or additional assistance regarding the alternate testing system or functioning of accommodations for the Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM), please contact the DLM Help Desk by email or phone.

For questions or additional assistance regarding SAT School Day accommodations, please contact the SAT School Day Customer Support line or email listed below.

#### **Important Contact Information**

| DeSSA ELA/Literacy and<br>Mathematics Help Desk (AIR) | (877) 560-8331   |
|---|--|
| DeSSA Science and Social Studies (PAN)                | (888) 827-1089<br>Online Support Form                  |
| Alternate Assessment Help<br>Desk (DLM)               | (855) 277-9751<br>dlm-support@ku.edu                   |
| College Board SAT School Day<br>Customer Support      | (855) 373-6387<br>SATSchoolDaySupport@collegeboard.org |
| Delaware Department of Education Office of Assessment | (302) 857-3391   |



## **Table of Contents**

| Introduction   | 5  |
|--|----|
| Purpose  | 5  |
| Application of Guidelines  | 6  |
| Procedural Clarifications  | 6  |
| Changing Accommodations or Supports During DeSSA Testing                             | 7  |
| Accommodations and Supports for DeSSA-Alt and SAT Testing                            | 8  |
| Section I. Accessibility Levels Overview   | 10 |
| Level 1: Universal Tools/Features  | 11 |
| Level 2: Designated Supports   | 11 |
| Level 3: Accommodations  | 12 |
| Section II. Students with Disabilities (SwD)   | 13 |
| Use of the Accessibility Form  | 13 |
| Eligibility  | 13 |
| Participation in the DeSSA-Alternate Assessment                                      | 13 |
| Participation in the Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary                        | 15 |
| Section III. English Learners (ELs)  | 18 |
| Eligibility  | 18 |
| Criteria for Identifying the EL Student  | 18 |
| Justifiable Rationale for Selection and Deletion of EL Accommodations                | 20 |
| Criteria for Receiving an Exemption from the DeSSA ELA/Literacy, SAT Reading or De   |    |
| Section IV. Students with Disabilities Who Are Also English Learners                 | 23 |
| Identification of Dually Identified Students (SwD/EL)                                | 23 |
| Eligibility for Accommodations   | 23 |
| Participation and Exemption Decisions  | 23 |
| Section V. General Education Students Receiving Supports                             | 24 |
| Criteria for Identifying a Student as a General Education Student Receiving Supports | 24 |
| How to Document a General Education Student Receiving Level 2 Supports               | 25 |
| Appendix A: General Assessment Accessibility Forms and Definitions                   | 27 |
| Appendix A-1: DeSSA Accessibility Form Cover Page                                    | 28 |



| Appendix A-1 HS: DeSSA     | Accessibility Form Cover Page.   | 36                                  |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Appendix A-2: DeSSA Acc    | essibility Descriptions          | 39                                  |
|                            |                                  | nts Accessibility Forms and         |
| Appendix B-1 DeSSA-Alter   | rnate Assessment Accommodat      | ion Form63                          |
| Appendix B-2: DeSSA-Alt    | Assessment Descriptions          | 65                                  |
| Appendix B-3 DeSSA-Alt T   | est Profile Characteristics Form | 67                                  |
| Appendix B-4: WIDA Ass     | essments Accessibility and A     | ccommodations68                     |
| Appendix B-5: WIDA Asses   | ssments Descriptions             | 70                                  |
|                            | nnizers, Arithmetic Tables,      | Multiplication Tables, and<br>76    |
| Appendix C-1: Graphic Org  | ganizers                         | 77                                  |
| Appendix C-2: Arithmetic T | ables                            | 78                                  |
| Appendix C-3: Hundreds T   | able - DeSSA                     | 80                                  |
|                            | nslation, Language Simplif       | ication, and Read Aloud<br>81       |
| Appendix D-1: Scribing Pro | otocol - DeSSA                   | 82                                  |
|                            | uage/Visual Communication Tr     | anslator Protocol – DeSSA and<br>87 |
| Appendix D-3: Read Aloud   | Protocol - DeSSA                 | 91                                  |
| Appendix D-4: Suggested    | Test Reader Script               | 98                                  |
| Appendix D-5: Read Aloud   | Protocol- DeSSA (Spanish)        | 100                                 |
| Appendix D-6: Suggested    | Test Reader Script (Spanish)     | 107                                 |
| Appendix D-7: Simplified D | Pirections Protocol - DeSSA      | 109                                 |
| Appendix D-8: Scribe Guid  | ance for ACCESS 2.0              | 112                                 |
|                            | ch, Human Reader, Human          | Interpreter, and Unique             |
| Appendix E-1: Text to Spec | ech/Human Reader Request Fo      | rm for DeSSA ELA116                 |
| Appendix E-2: Human Inte   | rpreter Student Request Form     | Error! Bookmark not defined.        |
| Appendix E-3: Human Inte   | rpreter Certification Requiremer | nts Form125                         |
| Appendix E-4: Unique Acco  | ommodations/Supports Reques      | t Form129                           |
| Appendix E-4 (WIDA): Unio  | que Accommodations/Supports      | Request Form130                     |
| • •                        | •                                | cience and DeSSA Social Studies     |
| Appendix F: Alternate Asse | essment Forms                    | 133                                 |



| Appendix F-1: DeSSA-Alternate Participation Guidelines                          | 134 |
|---|-----|
| Appendix F-2: ACCESS-Alt Participation Guidelines                               | 135 |
| Appendix F-3: Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Participation Criteria Decision Tree    | 136 |
| Appendix F-4: Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary Participation Guidelines | 137 |
| Appendix F-5: Learner Characteristics Inventory                                 | 140 |
| Appendix G: SAT and DeSSA Accommodation Process and Crosswalk                   | 146 |
| Appendix G-3 College Board Consent Form for Accommodations.pdf                  | 146 |
| Appendix G-4 College Board Student Eligibility Form.pdf                         | 146 |
| Appendix G-1: SAT Accommodations Request Process                                | 147 |
| Appendix G-2: SAT and DeSSA Accommodations Crosswalk - Delaware                 | 148 |
| Appendix H: Acronyms  | 158 |
| Appendix H: Acronyms  | 159 |
| Changes/Updates Log   | 160 |
|   |     |



#### **INTRODUCTION**

The 2018-19 Accessibility Guidelines for the Delaware System of Student Assessments (DeSSA) (hereafter called the "Guidelines") contain the Delaware Department of Education's policy governing the provision and documentation of universally designed features, test supports, and test accommodations to students participating in statewide assessments.

Delaware's statewide assessments include:

- DeSSA in ELA/Literacy and Mathematics for grades 3-8 (Mar 5 May 30)
- DeSSA Science for grades 5, 8 and Biology (Mar 5 May 30)
- DeSSA Social Studies for grades 4, 7 and 11 (Mar 5 May 30)
- SAT for high school ELA/Literacy and Mathematics (Mar 27)
- DeSSA Alternate Assessment for ELA and Mathematics for grades 3-8 and 11 (Mar 11 May 17)
- DeSSA-Alternate Science for grades 5, 8, 10 (Mar 11 May 17)

The administration of these statewide assessments meets specified requirements of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and provides important information to help students advance toward college and career readiness. For more information on the assessments and when they are given, go to <a href="http://www.doe.k12.de.us/domain/111">http://www.doe.k12.de.us/domain/111</a>

#### IDEA, ESEA, and Classroom and Test Accommodations

The USED has published guidance making the state responsible for identifying permissible accommodations on the state tests, taking into consideration the construct of the test, and that IEP teams must select student accommodations from that list. Most supports and accommodations used by students in the classroom and needed by the student on the assessment are generally permitted, as long as it does not change the construct of the test, thus invalidating the test score. Best practice dictates that students should only use accommodations on a standardized test that they have been using regularly in the classroom. Neither IDEA nor ESEA requires states to include all classroom accommodations on the list of permissible test accommodations for the test used to satisfy ESEA requirements. DOE will be tracking accommodations to monitor selection and support access for students.

#### **Purpose**

This Guidelines document is not intended to be all inclusive, but provides guidelines paired with the Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM) Accessibility document and the SAT Crosswalk document and should be used when making decisions about:

- The inclusion of students with disabilities (SwD), English Learners (EL), students who are classified as both (SwD/EL);
- The identification of "General Education with Supports" students. These are students not identified as SwD or EL, but, may be better able to demonstrate their achievement of the content standards when provided supports during assessments;
- The selection and provision of testing accommodations and supports for the types of students mentioned above; and
- The type of assessment in which a student will participate.



#### **Application of Guidelines**

The students to which these Guidelines apply:

- 1. Have disabilities designated under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).
- 2. Qualify under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.
- 3. Are EL students, that is, students identified as English Learners by use of the home language survey and the English proficiency assessments; the WIDA Screener, which is given for screening and placement; and the Assessing Comprehension and Communication in English State-to-State (ACCESS for ELs 2.0), according to the Delaware and U.S. Department of Education criteria. For more information go to Section III of this document found on page 18.
- 4. Are SwD/EL students, that is, students with disabilities who are also identified as English Learners, meeting the criteria for both groups according to the Delaware and U.S. Department of Education definitions.
- 5. Are general education students receiving supports in the classroom as part of instruction and assessment, as documented by a school referral to a school problem solving team, evaluation for IEP services, 504 plan, or EL services, or by a classroom teacher with supporting classroom data.

#### PROCEDURAL CLARIFICATIONS

#### Documented Accessibility Features Must Be Offered

The Department of Education expects that a student's accommodations and supports on the Accessibility Form, documented in IEPPlus, and entered into TIDE, DLM, or the SAT system will be available, offered, and provided on the days of testing. Students sometimes refuse to use their accommodations or supports during a test administration; however, the school **must offer** the accommodations and supports that have been documented.

Additional supporting information, procedural clarifications, and technical information regarding the use, preparation, and documentation of accommodations and accessibility features for each assessment may be found in the corresponding Test Administration Manuals (TAMs), the DLM and SAT system resources, and the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) manual.

#### Absence, Suspension, Expulsion, Transfer, Illness, and Withdrawal

Absence, suspension, expulsion, transfer, illness, and withdrawal are not addressed by the Accessibility Guidelines. Please contact your School Administrator or Testing Coordinator for guidance and/or next steps.

#### Monitoring the Implementation of the Accessibility Guidelines

The Delaware Department of Education monitors the implementation of the *Guidelines* across all statewide assessments as part of efforts to oversee the implementation of the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act (IDEA) and responsibilities under Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA).

The Delaware Department of Education Program Specialist monitors the implementation of the *Guidelines* for English Learners for the Title III ESL/Bilingual and Title I, Part C Migrant Programs.



#### Selecting the Date When a Student Will Begin to Use Accessibility Features

Students need to have adequate experience using the accommodation in their daily classroom experiences in order to use it effectively during the assessment. Therefore, when the team finalizes the selected accommodations for a student, they should also plan:

- The date on which the student will begin using the accommodation in the classroom prior to testing (if they are not already using it); and
- The date and test window on which the student will begin using the accommodation on the assessment. This can be indicated on the cover page of the Accessibility Form.

All accommodations should be entered into the appropriate database prior to March 1, 2019.

# CHANGING ACCOMMODATIONS OR SUPPORTS DURING DESSA TESTING

#### **Embedded Accommodations and Supports**

All student accommodations and supports should be verified in DeSSA TIDE (Test Information Distribution Engine) **prior** to launching a student's test, then verified again in the test administrator interface when the student is being checked into a test.

There are two categories of accommodations and supports:

- 1. **Embedded Accommodations and Supports**. Accommodations that must be delivered by the online system. For example: Text-to-Speech and Spanish-English Stacked.
- 2. **Non-Embedded Accommodations and Supports**. *Accommodations provided by the school.* For example: translator, enhanced lighting, or preferential seating.

#### Can an embedded accommodation or support be changed mid-test?

Accommodations and supports can be edited while a student is paused in mid-test. However, if the test is paused for more than 20 minutes, the student will not be able to access any previously completed items with the edited accommodations. After 20 minutes, the student will only be able to access items from the point in the test at which it was paused.

If an accommodation or support is missing from TIDE, most likely the accommodation or support was not entered into TIDE. At that point it is necessary to pause the student's test and contact the District or School Accommodations manager or District or School Test Coordinator to have edits made to the student's TIDE record.

There are several accommodations, however, which cannot be changed mid-test. These include:

American Sign Language (embedded videos)

- Permissive Mode

- Braille

Streamlining

- Translations (Glossaries)

Closed-Captioning

- Translations (Glossaries)

If one of these accommodations must be modified mid-test, this is considered a security irregularity, regardless of how many items the student answered, and the test must be "reset."

In order to reset a test, the District test coordinator must submit, via the DOE Help Desk (KACE), an incident report requesting a "test reset." A test reset deletes the student's initial attempt and replaces it with a new, unlaunched attempt. The District test coordinator will receive a notification that the test has been reset. The Accommodations manager must edit the



student's TIDE record to deliver the updated accommodations or support. This can be avoided by verifying all accommodations and supports in the TIDE system prior to launching the test. The student **must** take the reset test opportunity. The same participation rules apply to the reset opportunity as to all other test opportunities.

#### Test Reset Criteria

| If this   | DO this  | Security Level |
|---|--|----------------|
| Accommodation changes:  |  |                |
| Change to accommodations/supports on a CAT when Student has been presented with five items or fewer.  | Pause student test. Change accommodations/supports. There is no need to submit a report or reset in DOE Help Desk (KACE)   | N/A            |
| District makes a change to accommodations/supports on a CAT while student test is paused, when Student has been presented with more than five items.                | Re-launch student test after making changes.   | Irregularity   |
| District makes a change to accommodations/supports on a PT while student test is paused, when Student has been presented any number of items in a performance task. | Re-launch student test after making changes. Submit an incident report in DOE Help Desk (KACE). Choose "irregularity" for security category in DOE Help Desk (KACE). | Irregularity   |

Please refer to the Test Security Manual, and the DeSSA Test Administration Manuals for the rules regarding test resets.

#### Can a non-embedded DeSSA accommodation be changed mid-test?

If the incorrect or missing DeSSA accommodation or support falls into the category of nonembedded accommodations or supports, staff may proceed with the test providing the correct accommodations and supports. As soon as possible, the DeSSA TIDE database must be updated to reflect the test accommodations and supports usually delivered to the student.

Note, however, that the student's final test score record will be transmitted to DOE with a record of the accommodations and supports that were active in the vendor's TIDE database during the test administration, whether the student actually used those non-embedded accommodations and supports or not.

#### Accommodations and Supports for DeSSA-Alt and SAT Testing

#### **Embedded Accommodations and Supports**

All student accommodations and supports should be entered and verified in the DLM or SAT system following established policies, procedures, and timelines <u>prior</u> to launching a student's test, and then verified again at the beginning of the student's assessment. It is important to verify the accurateness of the entered accommodations prior to testing. The student must have experience with the same accommodations during daily instruction and not be exposed to a new support or accommodation during the test administration.



#### Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM)

The DLM system is designed to support students with the most significant cognitive disabilities and incorporates a six-step process to customize accessibility features and supports within the DLM system. DLM and DOE provide training to District Test Coordinators, Special Education Coordinators, and educators in related processes. Accommodations and supports are both embedded and non-embedded. The Dynamic Learning Maps Accessibility Manual for the Dynamic Learning Maps Alternate Assessment 2017-2018 provides guidance related to the supports and accommodations available and is meant to guide teams in their decision-making process to determine the appropriateness of accommodations and supports for the students. IEP teams will need to consult the DLM Accessibility manual for specifics related to operationalizing the DLM assessment and ensuring access for all students.

#### School Day SAT

The request for accommodations on the SAT approval process occurs in advance at the school level. An overview of the process may be found at <a href="https://www.collegeboard.org/students-with-disabilities/request-accommodations/approval-overview">https://www.collegeboard.org/students-with-disabilities/request-accommodations/approval-overview</a>.

College Board provides training and support for this process for test administrators and local Students with Disabilities (SSD) coordinators. The Delaware SAT and DeSSA Accommodations Crosswalk (Appendix G) companion document provides guidance related to the supports and accommodations available and their categorization as college reportable, non-college reportable, and state allowed for accountability purposes. This Crosswalk document is meant as a guide and teams may need to discuss for students which accommodations or supports are appropriate based on the student's IEP, 504 Plan, or EL Plan.

All requests for accommodations must be submitted to The College Board (CB), following established timelines. The process for requesting and receiving approval for testing accommodations begins with the school submission of the request online through the SSD Online Disability Accommodation Management System. In most cases, accommodations will be automatically approved by CB without the need for additional documentation. However, CB may sometimes require additional submission of information.

School Day SAT is a single administration (one day, unless student has extended time). Resets on the School Day SAT assessment are not an option. However, a student could potentially test again on another date.



#### SECTION I. ACCESSIBILITY LEVELS OVERVIEW

Figure 1. Accessibility Levels Available During Testing

Through a combination of universal design principles and computer embedded accessibility features, Delaware has designed an inclusive assessment system by considering accessibility from initial design through item development, field-testing and implementation of the assessments for all students.

Although some Students with Disabilities may need additional accommodations to demonstrate what they know and can do, the computer-embedded accessibility features should minimize this need to ensure the inclusive, accessible and fair testing of the diverse students being assessed.

The Accessibility Features have been separated into different Levels to clearly outline which students are able to access/use each of the features.

Figure 1 shows how each of these levels relate to one another. Smarter Balanced has released its <u>Guidelines: Frequently Asked Questions</u> to assist districts and schools with understanding the universal tools, designated supports, accommodations available for the DeSSA ELA and Math. There are also FAQs that pertain specifically to ELs and SWDs.

**Universal Tools** Available to All Level Students **Designated Supports** Available to Example Embedded 504, IEP, ELL Level : zoom Students and 2 others\* Example Accommodations Embedded: \* Identified by Example TTS test Noneducators according to questions Embedded: state guidelines Scratch Example Embedded: Paper Example Non-Example TTS reading Embedded: Read Non-<u>passages</u> Aloud Passages embedded: Available to Read aloud Level items IEP and 504 3 **Students** 

10 | Page



#### Level 1: Universal Tools/Features

On the Delaware computer-based assessments, universal tools are features or preferences that are built into the assessment system and are available for all students taking Delaware's State Tests.

Students should be familiar with these features prior to testing and should have the opportunity to select and practice using them in order to appropriately use these features on test day at their discretion during testing. In most cases the Test Administrator does not need to do anything for a student to access these (such as "highlighting" text in a passage), but in other cases the Test Administrator may need to ensure a student receives a Universal Feature (such as preferential seating).

The Universal Tool/Features can be indicated on the Accessibility Form found in Appendix A. Level 1 Embedded features cannot be entered into TIDE (they are available by default). Non-embedded Universal Tools <u>can</u> be entered into TIDE and provided externally by test administrators.

Since these features are available for all students, they are not classified as supports (level 2) or accommodations (level 3).

NOTE: It is not required to complete the Universal Tools page of the accommodations form in order for a student to receive Universal Tools; however, for some students a team may decide to complete this to ensure a student receives the feature during testing.

#### **Level 2: Designated Supports**

A relatively small number of students will require additional features for their particular needs (for example, changing the background or font color). Providing too many tools on screen might distract some students. Therefore, designated features will need to be selected ahead of time based on the individual needs and preferences of the student. Students should practice using these features and understand when and how to use them.

Level 2 features are available to the following students:

- Students who have IEPs or 504 plans
- Students who are identified as English Learners
- Students who are identified as English Learners and have an IEP or 504 plan
- Students who have been determined to need extra support ("general education student receiving supports")

Designated supports are divided into two types:

- 1) Embedded designated supports; and
- 2) Non-embedded designated supports.

Embedded supports are available as part of the student testing interface. They are enabled by entering the appropriate information into TIDE. Non-embedded supports are not part of the student testing interface so test administrators must provide them locally. Both of these can be found on the Accessibility Form located in Appendix A-1. Definitions for each can be found in Appendix A-2.

Level 2 Designated Supports must be entered onto the Accessibility Form and into TIDE for the student to receive the support indicated.



#### Level 3: Accommodations

While all students can use the universal tools (Level 1) and designated supports (Level 2) embedded within the test, some students may need testing accommodations to access the tests and show what they know.

Level 3 features are available to the following students:

- Students who have IEPs or 504 plans
- Students who are identified as English Learners and have an IEP or 504 plan

DeSSA tests accommodations are adjustments to the testing conditions, test format or test administration, which provide equitable access during assessments for students with disabilities. The administration of the assessment should never be the first occasion in which an accommodation is introduced to the student. Accommodations must be familiar to the student and used in the classroom to support instruction.

#### To the extent possible:

Accommodations should:

- Provide equitable access during instruction and assessments;
- Mitigate the effects of a student's disability;
- Not reduce learning or performance expectations;
- Not change the construct being assessed; and,
- Not compromise the integrity or validity of the assessment.

Accommodations should adhere to the following principles:

- Accommodations enable students to participate more fully and fairly on assessments and to demonstrate their knowledge and skills;
- Accommodations should be based upon an individual student's needs rather than on the
  category of a student's disability, level of English language proficiency alone, level of or
  access to grade-level instruction, amount of time spent in a general classroom, current
  program setting or availability of staff;
- Teams should base accommodations on a documented need in the instruction and assessment setting and educators should not provide accommodations in order to give the student an enhancement that others could view as an unfair advantage;
- IEP teams and 504 Plan coordinators should describe and document accommodations for students with disabilities in the student's appropriate plan (i.e., either the IEP or 504 Plan);
- Educators should not introduce accommodations to the student for the first time during testing:
- If allowable, students also should use accommodations used during instruction on district assessments and state tests.

The *Guidelines* help ensure valid and reliable scores on Delaware's State Tests and that students who receive accommodations are not given an unfair advantage over their general education peers. Changes to an accommodation or the conditions in which it is provided outside of the *Guidelines* may change what the test is measuring, and will likely call into question the reliability and validity of the results regarding what a student knows and is able to do, as measured by the test.

Level 3 Accommodations must be entered onto the Accessibility Form and into TIDE for the student to receive the accommodation indicated.



#### SECTION II. STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES (SWD)

This section will guide Delaware educators through the decision-making process for participation in the statewide assessments for Students with Disabilities. See Section IV for information about Students with Disabilities who are also English Learners (SwD/EL)—page 23.

#### **Use of the Accessibility Form**

The Accessibility Form (Appendix A) should not replace the "Accommodations and Modifications, Supports, and Services" section of the Individualized Education Program (IEP). After the IEP team has already discussed the supports and accommodations that a student needs, the team can match the supports and accommodations the student receives during instruction and classroom assessments to those found on the Accessibility Form.

#### **Eligibility**

Students who have been formally identified as needing special education services under the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act or under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 are eligible to test with Level 1, 2 or 3 on all or part of the DeSSA (ELA/Literacy, Math, Science and Social Studies) and accommodations for the DeSSA-Alt (ELA, Math and Science).

Students who have been formally identified through the IEP or 504 process but do not have accommodations or assistive devices documented in their plans are not eligible for any accommodations during the statewide assessments. "None" should be selected for each content area and then entered into TIDE.

The decision tree on page 17 summarizes decision-making steps for determining the testing condition under which a student will be assessed.

The Department of Education expects that a student's accommodations and supports on the Accessibility Form and entered in the TIDE, DLM, or SAT database will be available, offered, and provided on the days of testing.

#### **Participation in the DeSSA-Alternate Assessment**

The Delaware System of Student Assessments (DeSSA) transitioned to the DeSSA-Alternate Assessment (DeSSA-Alt) provided through Dynamic Learning Maps.

The DeSSA-Alt will be the primary alternate assessment for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities. It is administered to approximately 1% of all students assessed in Delaware and is based on alternate achievement standards. Alternate achievement standards allow the use of a different scoring system. Students who participate in the DeSSA-Alt work on the same academic standards as their peers; however, they work on these standards in less complex ways.

To determine student eligibility to participate in the alternate assessment, the student's IEP team must ensure that the student meets all the criteria found in the DeSSA-Alt Participation Guidelines (Appendix F-1). If there is sufficient information to support ALL of the criteria, the IEP team should document this decision on the student's current IEP and sign the DeSSA-Alt Participation Guidelines. Students who do not meet all of the criteria will participate in the



DeSSA Assessments (ELA/Math/Science/Social Studies), and SAT (Reading/Math) with or without accommodations.

#### **Documentation**

The IEP team must clearly document in the student's IEP the basis for its decision and use current and longitudinal data, such as:

- Performance data across multiple settings in the areas of academics, communication, cognition, social competence, recreation or leisure, domestic community living, and vocational skills.
- Behavioral observations in multiple settings.
- Adaptive behavior.
- Continuous assessment of progress on IEP goals and objectives.

#### **DeSSA-Alt Accommodations**

Delaware policy allows most classroom accommodations to be used during the test. The alternate assessment is designed so that many of the supports a student may need are already built into the assessment design. Any other support or accommodation used by the student in the classroom and needed by the student on the assessment is generally permitted as long as it does not change the construct of the test, and thus, invalidate the test score. **Accommodations permitted on the alternate assessment will be tracked by DOE for review and discussion purposes.** Most classroom accommodations are permitted during the test.

Students with Disabilities who are also ELs MUST be formally identified for BOTH types of services to be considered for the Alternate Assessment.

Category 1 Supports Category 2 Supports Category 3 Supports Provided Outside the Provided in KITE Client Requiring Additional Tools/Materials Via Access Profile System Magnification Human Read Aloud Uncontracted Braille EBAE Overlay Color Sign Interpretation of Invert Color Choice Uncontracted Braille Text Contrast Color UEB Language Translation of Text Spoken Audio Single-Switch System (Access Profile Test Administrator Enabled) Entering of Responses Two-Switch System for Student Individualized Partner-Assisted Manipulatives Scanning (PAS) Calculator Alternate Form-Visual

Impairment

**Table 1: Available Accessibility Features** 



If a test administrator is not certain if an accommodation or support is allowable on the DeSSA-Alt, contact the DLM Help Desk (contact information found at the beginning of this manual).

An abbreviated DeSSA-Alt accommodations form can be found in Appendix B, however, the IEP team should reference the DLM accessibility manual at <a href="http://dynamiclearningmaps.org/delaware">http://dynamiclearningmaps.org/delaware</a> for complete descriptions of the supports. The DLM Accessibility Manual, with appendices, must be reviewed during decision-making and the IEP process. The team should be fully aware of the DLM accessibility features, procedures, and associated operational practices.

#### Switching Between the General and the Alternate Assessment

The decision to change a student's participation from the general assessments and DeSSA ELA/Mathematics to the DeSSA Alternate assessment for ELA/Mathematics must be made and entered into TIDE and DLM prior to the opening of the Alternate assessment spring test window.

For example, if a student is moved from DeSSA assessments to the DeSSA-Alt assessments, the IEP team must document that determination in the IEP, in TIDE, and in DLM prior to the opening of the DeSSA-Alt spring test window.

If the student is moving from the Alternate assessment to DeSSA ELA/Mathematics, the IEP team must document that determination in the IEP and in TIDE prior to the opening of the DeSSA spring test window.

- If the student is administered the DeSSA (ELA/Math) in the spring window, the student will not be able to participate in the corresponding Alternate assessment content area test until the following school year.
- If the student is administered the Alternate assessment in the spring window, the student will not be able to participate in the corresponding content area test in SAT, or DeSSA (ELA/Math) until the following school year.

For students who transfer from out-of-state, the decision should be made in a timely manner to ensure that the student can participate in the most appropriate assessment within the given school year.

The Participation Guidelines must be signed and the implications of the decision shared when the decision to have the student participate in the DeSSA-Alternate assessment is made.

#### Participation in the Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary

Delaware state law requires that an alternate assessment, in portfolio format, be available to students with intense communication needs. DOE created the Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary (DCPS) to fulfil this requirement.

DCPS is designed for students who – even with accommodations – cannot participate in the DeSSA-Alt because they do not have a consistent and reliable means of communication that is understood by others. The purpose of DCPS is to measure the development of these students' communication skills throughout the school year.



When a student is shown to be eligible for participation in the DeSSA-Alt after completion and review of the Participation Guidelines, students may also be considered for possible eligibility in the DCPS. The DCPS Participation Guidelines are found in Appendix F-4 of this document. Students who take the DCPS do not take the DeSSA-Alt. **However, the first section of DeSSA-Alt is embedded in the DCPS.** This participation allows the student to be counted as a participant for accountability purposes, as required by federal regulations, and also results in the student receiving a score for the administered statewide assessments.

Students participating in the DCPS are impeded by the lack of a communication system easily understood by others. It is believed that a focus on communications in assessment and instruction will help students progress in their communication development to the point at which they can meaningfully participate in alternate assessment, and demonstrate proficiency on that assessment.

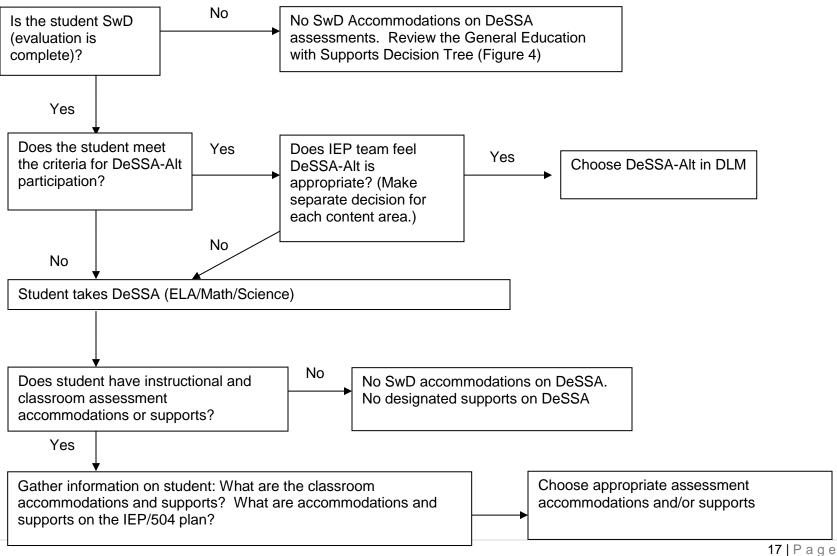
#### Switching Between the DCPS and Other Assessments

The decision to participate in the DCPS must be reported to the Department of Education one month prior to the opening of the DCPS window. Students may switch from DCPS to DeSSA-Alt before the opening of the spring test window. Switching from DCPS to the general assessment will be a relatively rare occurrence, since a student's full development of a communication system is usually a relatively slow process, often taking a number of years. However, there may be circumstances in which such a move is possible. If such a change were to take place, it should be documented before the start of the spring DeSSA test windows.



Figure 2. Decision Tree for Assessing Students with Disabilities

ELA/Literacy, Mathematics, Science, Social Studies





#### SECTION III. ENGLISH LEARNERS (ELS)

This section will guide Delaware educators through the decision-making process for participation in DeSSA for students who are English learners (EL).

#### **Eligibility**

Students who have been formally identified as ELs are eligible to test with accommodations or supports on all or part of the DeSSA (ELA/Math/Science/Social Studies) and DeSSA-Alt (ELA/Math/Science), or be exempted from the DeSSA ELA/Literacy, SAT Reading or DeSSA-Alt ELA tests. See the formal criteria for identifying the EL student below and on the following page.

#### An EL is a student who:

- Was either born in the United States or outside the United States and whose native language is a language other than English and comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant; or
- Is a Native American, or Alaska Native, or a native resident of the outlying areas and comes from an environment where a language other than English has had a significant impact on the individual's level of English proficiency; or
- Is migratory and whose native language is other than English and comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant; and
- Has sufficient difficulty speaking, reading, writing, or understanding the English language, which may interfere with the student's opportunity to learn successfully in classrooms where the language of instruction is English, or to participate fully in society.

#### Criteria for Identifying the EL Student

The formal process for identification of English learners requires several steps:

Step 1: Delaware Home-Language Survey

- Upon enrollment of any student, the school administers the statewide homelanguage survey.
- If a language other than English or non-US English is indicated in questions 1-3 on the statewide home-language survey, the school initiates the standardized identification screening process.

#### Step 2: Standardized Identification Screening Process

- A staff member completes the records review process for any student whose native language is not English to distinguish students who are proficient in English and therefore, need no further testing.
- The school implements the EL identification process if the screening process suggests the student may not be proficient in English.

Step 3: Administer WIDA Screener, Kindergarten MODEL assessment or DE Alternative EL Identification Protocol

 Within 25 days of enrollment, the school uses the statewide identification criteria as determined by Delaware-approved WIDA language proficiency assessments to confirm a student's classification as an EL.



- An oral proficiency level below 5.5 on the WIDA MODEL in first semester of Kindergarten or;
- A composite proficiency level below 5.0 on the WIDA Screener or WIDA MODEL

After these steps are completed, the student is formally identified as EL and will maintain this status until he/she exits/transitions out of the EL program.

EL students are not eligible for exit/transition out of the EL program until student reaches a level of 5.0 on the annual WIDA ACCESS for ELs 2.0 test.

Former EL students who have been exited or transitioned are federally required to have a twoyear monitoring period during which time they may be reclassified as active EL and returned to the EL program.

#### Home Language Survey

The school district must administer the home language survey upon enrollment to <u>all new students</u> entering Delaware schools, regardless of the date or academic term of their arrival. A student who speaks a language other than English as their native language, but who also speaks English, may still have insufficient academic language to be successful without the additional instruction offered through an EL program. A district's enrollment packet must include a home language survey form asking if a language other than English is spoken in the home or by the student.

## ACCESS (Assessing Comprehension and Communication in English State-to-State)

The WIDA ACCESS for ELs 2.0 and ACCESS ALT tests are annual English language development assessments administered in the spring to all English Learners who have been identified through the Home Language Survey and WIDA MODEL or WIDA Screener. For more information concerning this assessment, contact Maria Paxson at 302-735-4180.

Transitioned (Former English Learners EL students who reach a performance level of 5.0 or greater on the ACCESS for ELs 2.0 assessment no longer qualify for Level 2 Designated Supports as an EL student. They may not receive Level 2 supports on DeSSA tests unless they are identified as a General Education student receiving supports or are eligible for accommodations related to a disability.

Students who have been exited or transitioned may <u>not</u> receive the exemption for recently arrived EL students. Students who receive an EL exemption are not required to take the DeSSA ELA test or SAT.

#### Parent Withdrawals from English as a Second Language or Bilingual Service

Some students are evaluated and have received English learner services but are withdrawn from these services by their parent or guardian. This means that, although these students qualify as an English learner, the parent or guardian chooses not to have the students continue to receive English learner services.



If a student has been identified, but the parent or guardian withdraws the student from services, the student may still receive testing accommodations or supports, including but not limited to the EL exemption (exemption from the DeSSA ELA test and SAT Reading). Students must meet the criteria on pages 21 and 17 in order to receive an exemption from ELA as a recently arrived EL.

The decisions regarding which accommodations and supports should be given to a student should be made on an individual basis using the information in these Accessibility Guidelines.

#### Justifiable Rationale for Selection and Deletion of EL Accommodations

Best practice dictates that an accommodation may not be introduced for the first time in a testing situation—it must be introduced during instruction and then only used during assessment after the student is comfortable using the accommodation.

For example, the accommodation of using a bilingual dictionary would not be appropriate during testing if the student has not been taught how to use one and has not been practicing using a bilingual dictionary. On the cover page of the Accommodations and Supports Form, there is space to identify any new accommodations being used by the student and what sort of practice the student may need before the accommodation or support may be used on a test.

Accommodations and support decisions for EL students must be made on an individual basis and must be based only on the following:

- information regarding the student's English Language Proficiency
- information regarding any student disabilities
- scores from student evaluations and assessments
- student's formative classroom evaluation information.
- documented student observation
- documented student preference

Accommodations and support decisions for EL students must NOT be made based on any of the following:

- a student's membership in a particular demographic group,
- a particular label that applies to a student, or
- concerns external to the student such as
  - o school or district staffing issues,
  - o cost to the district of providing the accommodation or support; or
  - o other logistic or political concerns.



## Criteria for Receiving an Exemption from the DeSSA ELA/Literacy, SAT Reading or DeSSA-Alt ELA

If an EL student receives an exemption, he or she is not required to take the DeSSA ELA/Literacy Assessment, SAT reading, or the DeSSA-Alt ELA assessment. Students receiving an exemption should have the EL exemption for ELA entered into DeSSA TIDE student settings. SAT Exemptions are entered through the District Test Coordinators.

The following are the criteria for receiving an exemption from these language arts tests:

- 1. The student has not been transitioned or exited:
- 2. It is the student's first year of enrollment in U.S. schools.

An EL student is considered to be in the first year of enrollment in U.S. schools or "recently arrived" if the student's "Immigrant date" (a field in the EL database) is less than 1 year from the last day of the DeSSA ELA test window, SAT test day, or DeSSA-Alt ELA test window (whichever test the student is to take).

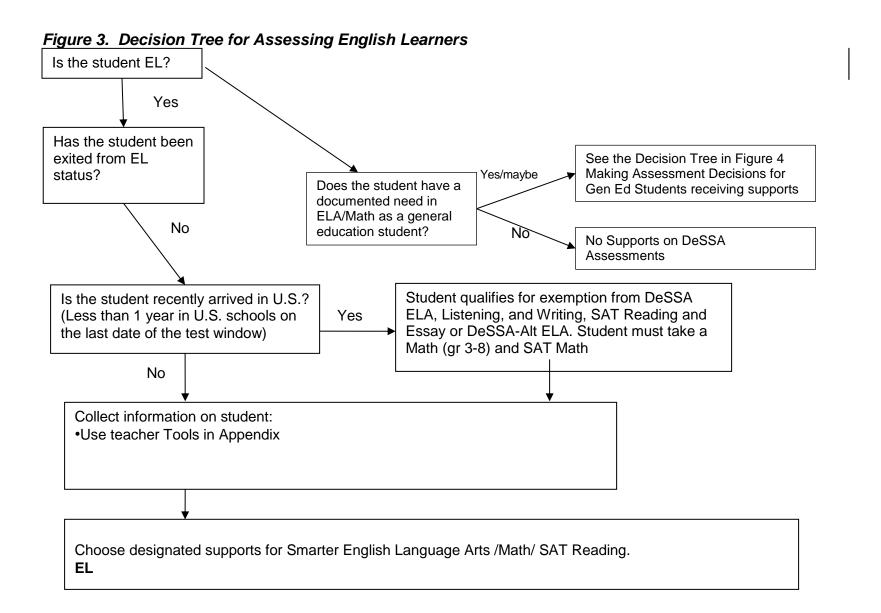
The DDOE defines recently arrived ELs as an EL whose enrollment in any public school in the United States has been less than 12 cumulative months (not consecutive).

What to enter in the "immigrant date" field in the EL database if the student has entered and withdrawn from U.S. schools to leave the country multiple times: Enter the *most recent* date of enrollment in U.S. schools immediately preceded by at least a 90-day time period out of the U.S. which falls within the academic year (excludes June, July, and August) in the "immigrant date" field in the EL database.

The decision to grant an exemption is made on an individual basis weighing the factors outlined in these Accessibility Guidelines.

The Department of Education expects that a student's accommodations and supports on the Accessibility Form and entered in the TIDE/DLM database will be available, offered, and provided on the days of testing.







# SECTION IV. STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES WHO ARE ALSO ENGLISH LEARNERS

This section will inform the participation decision for students who are dually identified as students with disabilities and as English learners (SwD/EL).

#### Identification of Dually Identified Students (SwD/EL)

All new students should be screened as potential ELs. If students qualify for both EL and SwD services, they must be provided <u>both</u> types of service. Students who receive <u>both</u> types of services may receive <u>all</u> three levels of Accessibility Features and supports in the classroom and on state assessments.

#### **Eligibility for Accommodations**

The decision trees on pages 17 and 22 give guidance on the steps in the decision regarding identification of and assessment of students with disabilities and English learners, respectively. Additional guidance may be found in Appendix E-2 and F-3.

Two groups of educators are involved in selecting instructional and testing accommodations for a SwD/EL student—the IEP team or 504 Committee and the EL instructional team. It is recommended that these teams work cohesively to ensure the most informed and appropriate testing accommodations for the student. When the two groups meet in isolation, they may make contradictory decisions about accommodations that cause logistical and preparation problems for the student and the instructors.

Students who are dually identified as SwD/EL, but withdrawn from EL services by the parent or guardian, are eligible for EL accommodations despite the parent's withdrawal from services.

#### **Participation and Exemption Decisions**

Students who are dually identified must take content area tests in reading and mathematics to measure academic achievement and must also take tests in reading, writing, speaking, and listening to measure English language acquisition.

To measure academic achievement, students take either the general assessments or the alternate assessments. The decision regarding whether to take the general test or the alternate test is made separately for each individual content area. SwD/ELS may be eligible for an exemption from ELA and SAT testing if they are recently arrived to the country (see pages 21 and 17).

The Accessibility Form (found in Appendix A) must be completed for each SwD/EL student and entered into TIDE/DLM. Copies should be placed in the student, district, or school file prior to the administration of the test.

The Department of Education expects that a student's accommodations and supports on the Accessibility Form and entered in the TIDE/DLM database will be available, offered, and provided on the days of testing.



#### SECTION V. GENERAL EDUCATION STUDENTS RECEIVING SUPPORTS

Students in this category, "General Education Students Receiving supports" are eligible to receive Level 1 and Level 2 Accessibility Features on the DeSSA assessments. This category of students is not eligible for participation in the DeSSA-Alternate assessment.

## Criteria for Identifying a Student as a General Education Student Receiving Supports

#### Who can identify students?

It is recommended that *more than one educator* participate in the identification of each student who needs supports as well as the selection of supports for the student.

#### Which students can be identified?

Educators should consider students who are **struggling and at-risk**. Students who are currently **receiving interventions** through the Response to Intervention (RTI) program or have been **referred to the school's problem-solving team**, may benefit from supports. Additionally, students who have **physical injuries** such as a broken arm may be in need of a support like scribing.

#### How should level 2 (designated supports) be selected?

Educators should consider the student's *documented* needs. To select supports that match the student's documented needs, educators should refer to *data* about student's performance with and without the support. The data may be *observational* or based on the student's performance on a curriculum-based *measurement*. Educators should ask – how does the student perform with and without the support? Does the support benefit the student?

In addition to reviewing student data, educators must **consider whether the support is being used during classroom instruction**. Supports should be familiar to the student and used regularly, not only on the assessment. Taking the practice test is a good opportunity for students to try out different supports and to talk with the teacher about whether the support was helpful.

**PLEASE NOTE:** *more supports are not necessarily better for the student*. Some supports could make the test harder depending on student's needs. It is important for support selection to be customized to the student's needs.

Also, educators should consider each student individually and *refrain from assigning supports on a blanket basis*. For example, an educator should not assign all of his/her students a particular accommodation in the assumption that a designated support benefits all students.



#### How to Document a General Education Student Receiving Level 2 Supports

Follow these steps after identifying a general education student to receive Level 2 supports:

- 1. Log in to TIDE
- 2. Go to the edit student screen.
- 3. Update the student as a general education student receiving supports.
- 4. Enter the student's supports in the TIDE database.

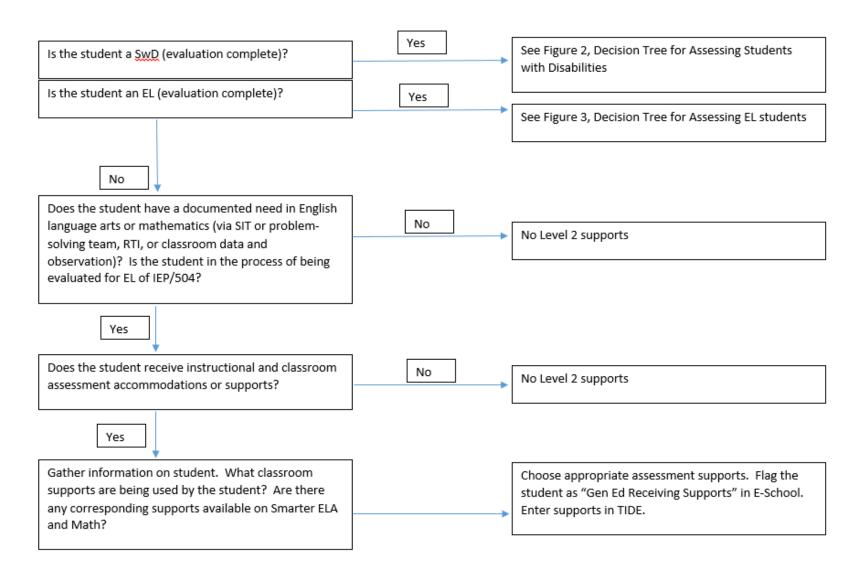
A decision tree illustrating the process of identifying students and selecting supports is shown in Figure 4. Decision Tree for Assessing General Education Students with Supports.

The form needed to review, select, and document designated supports for a student can be found in Appendix A. Notes regarding specific Level 2 supports can be found beginning also in Appendix A.

The Department of Education expects that a student's supports on the Accessibility Form and entered in the TIDE/DLM database will be available, offered, and provided on the days of testing.



Figure 4. Decision Tree for Assessing General Education Students with Supports





# APPENDIX A: GENERAL ASSESSMENT ACCESSIBILITY FORMS AND DEFINITIONS

Appendix A-1: DeSSA Accessibility Form Cover Page

Appendix A-2: DeSSA Assessments Descriptions



#### Appendix A-1: DeSSA Accessibility Form Cover Page

## **General Student Information:** Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_ State ID: Grade: School: \_\_\_\_\_ District/Charter: \_\_\_\_\_ Date completed: Implementation Date of Accessibility Features on this form: ☐ Student has an IEP/504 plan (may use Levels 1, 2, and 3) ☐ Student is an English Learner (may use Levels 1 and 2) ☐ Student has an IEP/504 plan AND is English Language Learner (may use Levels 1, 2 and 3) ☐ Student is a General Education Student with identified needs (may use Levels 1 and 2) List below any accessibility features that have been selected for which the student needs additional practice or preparation. Describe what practice or preparation is needed: Accommodation Assessment/Content Area What practice/preparation is needed? Code/Description

NOTE - Throughout this document, the Content Areas refer to the following:

**DeSSA ELA** = For the summative, this refers to the English Language Arts CAT (Computer Adaptive Test); for the interim this refers to the English Language Arts portions that are NOT the ELA-PT **DeSSA ELA-PT** = English Language Arts - Performance Task

**DeSSA Mathematics** = For the summative, this refers to the Mathematics CAT and PT; for the interims, it applies to all Mathematics assessments.



#### Section A: DeSSA ELA/Literacy and DeSSA Mathematics

| Section A. Dessa ELA/Literacy and Dessa Matrix  | omat                              |           |              |                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|
| Level 1: Universal Tools  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Level 1 Embedded Universal Tools do not have to be checked in order for a student to use the tool during testing — they are provided regardless of entry in TIDE.  Non-embedded Universal tools do not need to be checked either; however, a team may decide to indicate the tool below, in order to ensure that the test administrator provides these during state testing. Non-embedded universal tools MUST be provided by the test administrator on the day of testing. | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA ELA | DeSSA ELA-PT | DeSSA Mathematics |
| None  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Embedded  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Breaks/Pause  | 1                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Calculator (for calculator allowed items)   | 2                                 | -         | Υ            | -                 |
| Digital Notepad   | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| English Dictionary  | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| English Glossary  | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Expandable Passages   | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | -                 |
| Global Notes  | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Highlighter   | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Keyboard Navigation   | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Line Reader   | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Mark for Review   | 2                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Math Tools  | 3                                 | ·         | -            | Υ                 |
| Spell Check   | 3                                 | Y         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Strikethrough   | 3                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Thesaurus   | 3                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Writing Tools   | 3                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Zoom  | 3                                 | Υ         | Υ            | Υ                 |
| Non-Embedded  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Breaks (Frequent Breaks)  | 3                                 |           |              |                   |
| English Dictionary  | 3                                 | •         |              | -                 |
| Familiar Test Administrator   | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Modified Lighting   | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Refocus   | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Scratch/Blank/Grid Paper  | 4                                 |           |              | Υ                 |
| Small Group   | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Specialized Equipment or Furniture  | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Specified Area or Seating   | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Thesaurus   | 4                                 | -         |              | -                 |
| Time of Day   | 4                                 |           |              |                   |
| Whiteboard/Assistive Devices  | 5                                 |           |              | Υ                 |



→ NOT available to input in TIDE but can be provided as a support.

| Level 2: Designated Supports   |                                   |           |              |                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|
| Level 2 supports are available to:   | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA ELA | DeSSA ELA-PT | DeSSA Mathematics |
| No Embedded Designated Supports selected (none)                                | 5                                 |           |              |                   |
| Embedded   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Color Choices/Contrast: Select a background choice (black on white is default) | 5                                 |           |              |                   |
| Yellow   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Blue   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Light Yellow   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Black text on Rose   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Light Magenta  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Gray   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Light Gray   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Green  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Light Green  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Yellow text on Blue  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Medium Gray text on Light Gray   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Reverse Contrast (white text on black background)                              |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Disable Universal Tools (in TA interface)                                      | 5                                 |           |              |                   |
| Masking  | 5                                 |           |              |                   |
| Permissive Mode  | 6                                 |           |              |                   |
| Streamline   | 6                                 |           |              |                   |
| Text to Speech   | 6                                 |           |              |                   |
| Passages, Stimuli & Items  |                                   | -         |              |                   |
| Items  |                                   |           | -            | -                 |
| Translated Text Directions – Math only (To enter in TIDE, click Language)      | 6                                 | •         | -            |                   |
| Translations – Glossaries – Math only  | 7                                 |           |              |                   |
| No Glossary  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| English  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Arabic   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Burmese  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Cantonese  |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Filipino   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Korean   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Mandarin   |                                   |           |              |                   |
| Punjabi  |                                   |           |              |                   |



| Russian   |    |   |   |   |
|---|----|---|---|---|
| Spanish   |    |   |   |   |
| Ukrainian   |    |   |   |   |
| Vietnamese  |    |   |   |   |
| Arabic & English  |    |   |   |   |
| Cantonese & English   |    |   |   |   |
| Filipino & English  |    |   |   |   |
| Korean & English  |    |   |   |   |
| Mandarin & English  |    |   |   |   |
| Punjabi & English   |    |   |   |   |
| Russian & English   |    |   |   |   |
| Spanish & English   |    |   |   |   |
| Ukrainian & English   |    |   |   |   |
| Vietnamese & English  |    |   |   |   |
| Translations - Stacked - Math only - Spanish (To enter in TIDE, click Language)                 | 7  | - | - |   |
| Zoom:   |    |   |   |   |
| Choose: ☐ 1x ☐ 1.5x ☐ 1.75x ☐ 2.5x ☐ 3x ☐ 5x ☐ 10x ☐ 15x  | 8  |   |   |   |
| □ 20x   |    |   |   |   |
| Non-Embedded  |    |   |   |   |
| No Non-Embedded Designated Supports selected (none)   | 5  |   |   |   |
| Select All  |    |   |   |   |
| Amplification/Assistive Listening Device  | 9  |   |   |   |
| Bilingual Dictionary  | 9  |   |   | • |
| Color Contrast (printed)  | 9  |   |   |   |
| Color Overlays  | 9  |   |   |   |
| EL 1st year Exemption   | 9  |   |   | - |
| Human Read Aloud  | 10 |   |   |   |
| Items ONLY  |    |   | - | - |
| Passage/Stimuli & Items   |    | - |   |   |
| Spanish   |    | - | - |   |
| Human Interpreter - Native Language (DOE approval needed)                                       | 10 | - | - |   |
| Interpret/translate orally - directions only  | 10 |   |   |   |
| Magnification (via external device)   | 10 |   |   |   |
| Medical Device (DOE approval needed)  | 11 |   |   |   |
| Noise buffers   | 11 |   |   |   |
| Paper/Pencil test (available for Homebound Students for all DeSSA assessments except DeSSA-Alt) | 11 |   |   |   |
| Scribe for EL or Gen Ed   | 11 |   |   |   |
| Separate Setting in school  | 11 |   |   |   |
| Separate Setting Not in School (Homebound)  | 11 |   |   |   |
| Simplify directions in English (provided via download in DeSSA Portal)                          | 12 |   |   |   |
| Simplify directions in Native Language  | 12 |   |   | - |
| Translated Test Directions - Print  | 12 |   |   |   |
|   |    |   |   |   |



| Translations –Glossary – Paper/Pencil – Math only  | 12                                | -         | -             |                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|
| Unique Accommodation (DOE approval needed)   | 12                                |           |               |                   |
| WhisperPhone®  | 12                                |           |               |                   |
| Level 3: Accommodations  |                                   |           |               |                   |
| Level 3 accommodations are available to:     Students with disabilities (IEP and 504)     English Learners with disabilities  Embedded Accommodations - when entered into TIDE, they will be available to the student within the test delivery system. | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA ELA | DeSSA ELA-PT  | DeSSA Mathematics |
| No Embedded Accommodations Selected (None)   | 5                                 |           |               |                   |
|  |                                   |           |               |                   |
| Embedded   | 40                                |           |               |                   |
| American Sign Language Video   | 13<br>13                          | Ш         |               | Ш                 |
| Braille  |                                   | П         |               |                   |
| Contracted   |                                   |           | 븜             | _                 |
| Uncontracted   |                                   | -         |               |                   |
| Braille Transcript – ELA listening passages  | 13                                |           |               |                   |
| Closed Captioning  | 13                                | =         | $\overline{}$ | _                 |
| Emboss (use w/refreshable Braille) (passages/stimuli and items)  | 13                                |           |               |                   |
| Emboss Request Type (use w/refreshable Braille)  | 13                                |           |               |                   |
| N/A – not using refreshable Braille  |                                   |           |               |                   |
| On-Request   |                                   |           |               |                   |
| Auto-Request   |                                   |           | 므             |                   |
| Mouse Pointer  | 14                                |           |               | Ш                 |
| Print on Request   | 14                                |           |               |                   |
| Passage/Stimuli & Items  |                                   |           |               | Ш                 |
| Passage/Stimuli  |                                   |           | -             | -                 |
| Items  |                                   |           | -             | -                 |
| Text-to-Speech   | 14                                |           |               |                   |
| Passages (DOE approval needed)   |                                   | Ш         |               |                   |
| Non-Embedded No Non-Embedded Accommodations Selected (None)  | 5                                 |           | П             |                   |
|  | 15                                | -         |               |                   |
| Abacus   | 10                                | П         |               |                   |
| Alternate response (Includes, but, is not limited to adapted keyboards, large keyboards, StickyKeys, MouseKeys, Filter Keys, adapted mouse, touch screen, head wand, and switches.)  | 15                                |           |               |                   |
| ✦Arithmetic Tables (grades 4-11) *   | 15                                | -         | -             |                   |
| Braille (Paper/Pencil version)   | 15                                |           |               |                   |
| Calculator (calculator portion only) — handheld adaptive calculator  | 16                                | -         | -             |                   |



| +Chunking/Highlighting  | 16 |   |   | - |
|---|----|---|---|---|
| +Graphic Organizer  | 16 |   |   | - |
| Human Interpreter — Visual Communication (DOE approval needed)  | 16 | - | - |   |
| Human Read Aloud – passages (DOE approval needed)   | 16 |   | - | - |
| Hundreds Table (grades 4-11) *  | 15 | - | - |   |
| Instructions/items on overhead projector/whiteboard   | 17 | - | • | ı |
| Multiplication Table (grade 4-11)*  | 17 | - | 1 |   |
| Physical assistance from a Test Administrator   | 17 |   |   |   |
| Scribe for SwD/ELWD - All items and Writing   | 17 |   |   |   |
| Signed Directions   | 17 | - | - | - |
| Speech-to-Text  |    |   |   |   |
| (Must be used with Permissive Mode Requires local installation of speech-to-text software. Note: A Gen Ed student with Supports can receive Speech-to-Text accommodations in special instances as outlined in Appendix A-2) | 18 |   |   |   |
| → TA acts as ASL to English Dictionary  | 18 |   |   | - |
| Word Prediction   | 19 |   |   | ı |

<sup>\*</sup> Grade 3 student exception: A grade 3 student can use the arithmetic, hundreds or multiplication table if they have been using the table in their instruction and if it is documented in the student's IEP/504 plan. DOE approval is required. Permission must be submitted as a Unique Accommodation Help Desk Ticket.

→ NOT available to input in TIDE but can be provided as a support

#### **Section B: DeSSA Science and DeSSA Social Studies**

Please use the Additional Supports below to add supports/features the students need.

| Level 1: Universal Tools   |                                   |               |                      |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Level 1 Embedded Universal Tools do not have to be checked in order for a student to use the tool during testing – they are provided and do not need to be inputted into PAN (Pearson Access Next) | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA Science | DeSSA Social Studies |
| None   | 5                                 |               |                      |
| Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |
| Answer Eliminator  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |
| Answer Masking   | 20                                | Υ             | Y                    |
| Five Function Calculator   | 20                                | Υ             | -                    |
| Highlighter  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |
| Line Reader  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |
| Magnifier  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |
| Notepad  | 21                                | Υ             | Υ                    |
| Text-to-Speech (Text only)   | 21                                | Υ             | Υ                    |
| Non-Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |
| Breaks   | 21                                |               |                      |



| Level 2: Designated Supports   |                                   |               |                      |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Level 2 supports are available to:   | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA Science | DeSSA Social Studies |
| None   | 5                                 |               |                      |
| Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |
| Spanish  | 21                                |               |                      |
| Translation of Key Terms   | 21                                |               |                      |
| Non-Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |
| Breaks (Frequent Breaks)   | 21                                |               |                      |
| Human Interpreter – Native Language (DOE approval needed)  | 22                                |               |                      |
| Human Read Aloud   | 22                                |               |                      |
| Medical Device (DOE approval required)   | 22                                |               |                      |
| Small Group  | 22                                |               |                      |
| Specified Area/Preferential Seating  | 22                                |               |                      |
| Unique Accommodation   | 22                                |               |                      |
| Level 3: Accommodations  |                                   |               |                      |
| Level 3 accommodations are available to: - Students with disabilities (IEP and 504) - English Learners with disabilities Embedded Accommodations - when entered into PAN, they will be available to the student within the test delivery system. | Page in Definitions Doc           | DeSSA Science | DeSSA Social Studies |
| None   | 5                                 |               |                      |
| Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |
| American Sign Language   | 23                                |               |                      |
| Text-to-Speech (Text and Graphics) (DOE approval needed)   | 23                                |               |                      |
| Non-Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |
| Braille  | 23                                |               |                      |
| Paper-Pencil   | 23                                |               |                      |
| Human Interpreter – Visual Communication (DOE approval required)   | 23                                |               |                      |
| Human Scribe   | 23                                |               |                      |
| Scribe - Injury (Approval by DOE required)   | 23                                |               |                      |





**Additional Supports:** 

| List any additional support the student needs/requires not mentioned above. | DeSSA Science | DeSSA Social Studies |
|---|---------------|----------------------|
| Embedded  |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
| Non-Embedded  |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |
|   |               |                      |



# Appendix A-1 HS: DeSSA Accessibility Form Cover Page

This accommodation form is for **High School** students. Please use Appendix A-1 for all other grade levels.

# **General Student Information:**

| Student Name:  |                                  | Date of Birth:   |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| State ID:  |                                  | Grade:   |
| School:  |                                  | District/Charter:  |
| Date completed:  |                                  |  |
| Implementation Date of A   | Accessibility Features on this f | orm:   |
| <ul><li>☐ Student is an English</li><li>☐ Student has an IEP/5</li><li>☐ Student is a General</li><li>List below any accessibility</li></ul> | Education Student with identifi  | ad 2) age Learner (may use Levels 1, 2 and 3) ed needs (may use Levels 1 and 2) d for which the student needs additional |
| Accommodation<br>Code/Description  | Assessment/Content Area          | What practice/preparation is needed?   |
|  |                                  |  |
|  |                                  |  |
| _  |                                  |  |
|  |                                  |  |
|  |                                  |  |
|  |                                  |  |
|  |                                  |  |
|  |                                  |  |



# **DeSSA Science and DeSSA Social Studies**

| Level 1: Universal Tools   |                                   |               |                      |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| Level 1 Embedded Universal Tools do not have to be checked in order for a student to use the tool during testing — they are provided and do not need to be inputted into PAN (Pearson Access Next) | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA Science | DeSSA Social Studies |  |
| None   | 5                                 |               |                      |  |
| Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Answer Eliminator  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |  |
| Answer Masking   | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |  |
| Five Function Calculator   | 20                                | Υ             | -                    |  |
| Highlighter  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |  |
| Line Reader  | 20                                | Υ             | Υ                    |  |
| Magnifier  | 20                                | Υ             | Y                    |  |
| Notepad  | 21                                | Υ             | Υ                    |  |
| Text-to-Speech (Text only)   | 21                                | Υ             | Υ                    |  |
| Non-Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Breaks   | 21                                |               |                      |  |
| Level 2: Designated Supports   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Level 2 supports are available to:   | Appendix A-2<br>Descriptions page | DeSSA Science | DeSSA Social Studies |  |
| None   | 5                                 |               |                      |  |
| Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Spanish  | 21                                |               |                      |  |
| Translation of Key Terms   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Non-Embedded   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Breaks (Frequent Breaks)   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Human Interpreter – Native Language (DOE approval needed)  |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Human Read Aloud   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Medical Device (DOE approval required)   |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Small Group  |                                   |               |                      |  |
|  |                                   |               |                      |  |
| Specified Area/Preferential Seating  |                                   |               |                      |  |



| Level 3: Accommodations  |                         |                      |                      |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Level 3 accommodations are available to:   | Page in Definitions Doc | DeSSA Science        | DeSSA Social Studies |
| None   | 5                       |                      |                      |
| Embedded   |                         |                      |                      |
| American Sign Language   | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Text-to-Speech (Text and Graphics) (DOE approval needed)   | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Non-Embedded   |                         |                      |                      |
| Braille  | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Paper-Pencil   | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Human Interpreter – Visual Communication (DOE approval required)   | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Human Scribe   | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Scribe (Approval by DOE required)  | 23                      |                      |                      |
| Additional Supports:   |                         |                      |                      |
| List any additional support the student needs/requires for DeSSA Science/Social Studies not mentioned above. | DeSSA Science           | DeSSA Social Studies |                      |
| Embedded   |                         |                      | _                    |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
| Non-Embedded   |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |
|  |                         |                      |                      |



## Appendix A-2: DeSSA Accessibility Descriptions

#### 2018-19 School Year

### Page 1 of Descriptions

## Section A: Descriptions for DeSSA ELA/Literacy and DeSSA Mathematics

\*\*\* The <u>Smarter Balanced Resources and Practices Comparison Crosswalk</u> has been updated as of September 12, 2018. Many of the resources provided on the assessments are similar to those used commonly during classroom instruction. This can assist educators by providing both a description of the resource and its classroom equivalent.

### **General Descriptions:**

|                      | These terms are used interchangeably within the document and essentially mean the same thing. The stimulus is anything that leads up to the question. It may be a description of something related to the test items. It could include a map or a diagram. A stimulus could be a short passage to help establish the premise of the items to follow.  |
|----------------------|---|
| Stimuli/<br>Passages | For the ELA assessment, the passage is the text that is on the left hand side of the screen. The only content area where the distinction between stimuli/passages and items are consequential is the DeSSA ELA CAT portion of the test. For the ELA CAT portion of the test, stimuli/passages can only be read (text-to-speech or human reader) IF previously approved by DOE. All other content areas (including the ELA PT), if the support is selected, all stimuli/passages and items can be read (text-to-speech or human reader). |
| Items                | Items refer to the actual question that is asked of the student. Items also include any response options or choices.  |

**NOTE** – For this section the Content Areas refer to the following:

**Dessa Ela** = For the summative, this refers to the English Language Arts CAT (Computer Adaptive Test); for the interim this refers to the English Language Arts portions that are NOT the ELA-PT **Dessa Ela-PT** = English Language Arts - Performance Task

**DeSSA Mathematics =** For the summative, this refers to the Mathematics CAT and PT; for the interims it applies to all Mathematics assessments

| Level 1: Universal Tools                               |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Embedded (available through student testing interface) |  |  |
| Breaks/Pause   | The number of items per session can be flexibly defined based on the student's need. Breaks of more than 20 minutes will prevent the student from returning to items already attempted by the student (exception is the Performance Task). There is no limit on the number of breaks that a student might be given. The use of this universal tool may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment. See pause rules in Test Administrators Manual for details about length of time a student may pause and still be able to review items previously answered. |  |



# Page 2 of Descriptions

| Level 1: Universal Tools                               |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Embedded (available through student testing interface) |   |  |
| Calculator   | An embedded on-screen digital calculator can be accessed for calculator allowed items when students click on the calculator button.  When the embedded calculator, as presented for all students, is not appropriate for a student, (ex: a blind student), see Non-embedded Accommodations for students who cannot use the embedded calculator) (grades 6-8 and 11)   |  |
| Digital Notepad  | This tool is used for making notes about an item. The digital notepad is item specific and is available through the end of the test segment. Notes are not saved when the student moves on to the next segment or after a break of more than 20 minutes.  |  |
| English Dictionary (For ELA PT full writes)            | An English dictionary is available for the full write portion of an ELA performance task. A full write is the second part of a performance task. The use of this universal tool may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment.   |  |
| English Glossary                                       | Grade- and context-appropriate Descriptions of specific construct-irrelevant terms are shown in English on the screen via a pop-up window. The student can access the embedded glossary by clicking on any of the pre-selected terms. The use of this accommodation may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment. (Not for DeSSA-Math)  |  |
| Expandable Passages                                    | Each passage or stimulus can be expanded so that it takes up a larger portion of the screen.  |  |
| Global Notes<br>(For DeSSA-ELA PT<br>tasks)            | Global notes is a notepad that is available for ELA performance tasks in which students complete a full write. A full write is the second part of a performance task. The student clicks on the notepad icon for the notepad to appear. During the ELA performance tasks, the notes are retained from segment to segment so that the student may go back to the notes even though the student is not able to go back to specific items in the previous segment. |  |
| Highlighter  | A digital tool for marking desired text, item questions, item answers, or parts of these with a color. Highlighted text remains available throughout each test segment.   |  |
| Keyboard Navigation                                    | Navigation throughout text can be accomplished by using a keyboard.   |  |
| Line Reader  | The student uses an onscreen universal tool to assist in reading by raising and lowering the tool for each line of text on the screen.  |  |
| Mark for Review  | Allows students to flag items for future review during the assessment.  Markings are not saved when the student moves on to the next segment or after a break of more than 20 minutes.  |  |



Page 3 of Descriptions

| Page 3 of Descriptions  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Level 1: Universal Tools  |  |  |
| Embedded (available through student testing interface)          |  |  |
| Math Tools  | These digital tools (i.e., embedded ruler, embedded protractor) are used for measurements related to math items. They are available only with the specific items for which the <i>DeSSA Item Specifications</i> indicate that one or more of these tools would be appropriate.   |  |
| Spell Check   | Writing tool for checking the spelling of words in student-generated responses. Spell check only gives an indication that a word is misspelled; it does not provide the correct spelling. This tool is available only with the specific items for which the DeSSA Item Specifications indicated that it would be appropriate. Spell check is bundled with other embedded writing tools for all performance task full writes (planning, drafting, revising, and editing). A full write is the second part of a performance task.  |  |
| Strikethrough   | Allows users to cross out answer options. If an answer option is an image, a strikethrough line will not appear, but the image will be grayed out.   |  |
| Thesaurus   | A thesaurus is available for the full-write portion of an ELA/Lit Performance Task. The use of this tool may result in the student needing more time to complete the assessment.   |  |
| Writing Tools   | Selected writing tools (i.e., bold, italic, bullets, undo/redo) are available for all student-generated responses. (Also see spell check.)   |  |
| Zoom  | A tool for making text or other graphics in a window or frame appear larger on the screen. The default font size for all tests is 12 for most tests, 14 for grade 3 and 4. The student can make text and graphics larger by clicking the Zoom in button. The student can click the Zoom Out button to return to the default or smaller print size. When using the zoom feature, the student only changes the size of text and graphics on the current screen. To increase the default print size of the entire test the print size must be set for the student in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE, or state's comparable platform), or set by the test administrator prior to the start of the test. The use of this universal tool may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment. |  |
| Level 1: Universal Tools  |  |  |
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)                  |  |  |
| Breaks<br>(Frequent Breaks)                                     | All students may take breaks as needed. The term "Frequent breaks" refers to multiple, planned, short breaks during testing based on a specific student's needs (for example, the student fatigues easily). During each break, the testing clock is stopped.   |  |
| English Dictionary<br>(For ELA Performance<br>Task full writes) | An English dictionary can be provided for the full write portion of an ELA performance task. A full write is the second part of a performance task. The use of this universal tool may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment.   |  |



## Page 4 of Descriptions

| Level 1: Universal Tools                       |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide) |  |  |
| Familiar Test<br>Administrator                 | The student knows the test administrator and/or interpreter.   |  |
| Modified Lighting                              | You may enter additional information about this feature in the text field on Appendix A-1.   |  |
|  | Refocusing student's attention to the test with use of intermittent verbal, picture symbol, signed, cued speech, or physical prompts.  |  |
| Refocus  | Refocus should not in any way cue a student to return to a previous item or indicate that the student may have made an error. This would be considered a test security violation.  |  |
| Scratch/Blank/Grid                             | Scratch paper to make notes, write computations, or record responses may be made available. Only plain paper or lined paper is appropriate for ELA. Graph paper is required beginning in sixth grade and can be used on all math assessments.  |  |
| Paper •  | <b>CAT:</b> All scratch paper must be collected and securely destroyed at the end of each CAT assessment session to maintain test security.  |  |
|  | <b>Performance Tasks</b> : For mathematics and ELA performance tasks, if a student needs to take the performance task in more than one session, scratch paper may be collected at the end of each session, securely stored, and made available to the student at the next performance task testing session. Once the student completes the performance task, the scratch paper must be collected and securely destroyed to maintain test security.     |  |
| Small Group                                    | A small group is a subset of a larger testing group assessed in a separate location. There is no specific number defined for a small group, but two to eight students are typical. A "group" of one also is permissible. Small groups may be appropriate for human read—aloud, translated test administration, WhisperPhone® or to reduce distractors for some students. If selecting small group it is NOT necessary to also select separate setting. |  |
| Specialized Equipment or Furniture             | You may enter additional information about this feature in the text field on Appendix A-1  |  |
| Specified Area or<br>Seating                   | You may enter additional information about this feature in the text field on Appendix A-1  |  |
| Thesaurus                                      | A thesaurus contains synonyms of terms while a student interacts with text included in the assessment. A full write is the second part of a performance task. The use of this universal tool may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment.   |  |
| Time of Day                                    | Student should be tested during the time of day that is best for the student, e.g., only morning.  |  |



## Page 5 of Descriptions

| Level 1: Universal Tools                                  |  |   |   |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)            |  |   |   |  |
| Whiteboards/Assistive Devices  Use of Digital Graph Paper |  | As long as the construct being measured is not impacted, assistive technology devices, including low-tech assistive technology (math window) are permitted to make notes, including the use of digital graph paper. The assistive technology device needs to be familiar with the student and/or consistent with the child's IEP or 504 plan  |   |  |
| S.14.1.1  |  | A student can use an assistive technology device or whiteboard.  CAT: All notes on whiteboards or assistive technology devices must be erased at the end of each CAT session.   |   |  |
|   |  | <b>Performance Tasks</b> : For mathematics and ELA performance tasks, if a student needs to take the performance task in more than one session whiteboards, and/or assistive technology devices must be collected at the end of each session, securely stored, and made available to the student at the next performance task testing session. Once the student completes the performance task, whiteboards should be erased, and notes on assistive technology devices erased to maintain test security. |   |  |
|   |  | OPTION FOR LEVEL 2 AND 3  |   |  |
| Embedded and N  | on-Emb   | pedded  |   |  |
| No<br>Accommodations<br>or Supports                       | been s   | areful consideration, no accommodations and supports have selected for the student. If "none" is selected at the top of the choices, this does NOT also need to be selected   | EL, SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                             |  |
|   |  | Level 2: Designated Supports  |   |  |
| Embedded (availa  | able thro  | ugh student testing interface)  |   |  |
| Color<br>Choices/Contrast<br>(indicate choice)            | Enable students to adjust screen background or font color based on student needs or preferences. This may include reversing the colors for the entire interface or choosing the color of font and background. The test administrator must set this in the TA interface.  Gen Ed with Supports, EL, SWD, 504, SWD/EL  |   | Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,                          |  |
| Disable<br>Universal Tools                                | Disabling any universal accessibility tools that might be distracting or which students do not need to use, or are unable to use. <b>Tools must</b> be turned off one by one by the <b>TA</b> at the time of test administration. Tools that can be switched off include Highlighting, Strikethrough, Expandable Passages, Mark for Review, and Global Notes. (DeSSA only and must be done by TA at time of testing) |   | Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,                          |  |
| Masking   | or that  | ng involves blocking off content that is not of immediate need may be distracting to the student. Students are able to focus ttention on a specific part of a test item by masking.   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |



## Page 6 of Descriptions

| Level 2: Designated Supports                           |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| Embedded (available through student testing interface) |  |   |
| Permissive Mode  | Permissive Mode must be selected if accommodations requiring additional software is to be used, i.e. Speech to Text software, ZoomText (magnification) software, or other software to support Alternate Response accommodation.  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL   |
| Streamline   | This is streamlined interface of the test in an alternate, simplified format in which the items are displayed below the stimuli. This may benefit students who have specific or reading disabilities, and/or visual impairment in which the text is presented in a more sequential format. Students should have familiarity interacting with items in streamline format. | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL   |
|  | Text is read aloud to the student via embedded text-to-speech technology. Student is able to control the speed as well as raise or lower the volume of the voice via a volume control.   |   |
|  | TTS for Questions and stim/passages for ELA PT, Math CAT, and Math PT can be selected by school and district staff.  |   |
| Text-to-Speech<br>(TTS)                                | TTS and Human Reader are NOT interchangeable. Each must be selected separately and considered carefully if a student needs both accommodations.  | TTS Questions/<br>Stim/Passage<br>for these<br>content areas<br>is for Gen Ed<br>with Supports, |
|  | TTS is preferred but there are some students for which TTS can be difficult for them to use or they are not familiar with it.  |   |
|  | This support will likely be confusing and may impede the performance of students who do not regularly have the support during instruction. Students who use text-to-speech will need headphones unless tested individually in a separate setting.  | EL, SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL   |
| Translated Test<br>Directions (Math<br>only)           | Translation of test directions is a language support available prior to beginning the actual test items. Students can see test directions in another language. As an embedded designated support, translated test directions are automatically a part of the stacked translations designated support.  |   |
|  | Students who have limited English language skills can use the translated directions support. This support should only be used for students who are proficient readers in the other language and not proficient in English.   | EL, SWD/EL  |
|  | (To enter in TIDE, click Language under Designated Supports: Embedded)   |   |



## Page 7 of Descriptions

| Level 2: Designated Supports                           |   |                         |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| Embedded (available through student testing interface) |   |                         |
| Translations -<br>Glossaries                           | For Math items. Translated glossaries are a language support. Translated glossaries are provided for selected construct-irrelevant terms for math. Translations for these terms appear on the computer screen when students click on them. Students with the language glossary setting enabled can view the translated glossary. Students can also select the audio icon next to the glossary term and listen to the audio recording of the glossary. | EL, SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |
|  | Students who have limited English language skills can use the translation glossary for specific items. The use of this support may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment.  |                         |
|  | For ELA – only choice is English Glossary   |                         |
|  | For ELA CAT and ELA PT the only option available is Braille.  | EL, SWD/EL              |
| Translations-<br>Stacked<br>(for math items)           | Stacked translations are a language support. Stacked translations are available for some students; stacked translations provide the full translation of each test item above the original item in English. Available for <b>Spanish/English</b> .   |                         |
|  | For students whose primary language is not English and who use dual language supports in the classroom, use of the stacked (dual language) translation may be appropriate. Students participate in the assessments regardless of the language This support will increase the reading load and cognitive load. The use of this support may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment.                           |                         |
|  | (To enter in TIDE, click Language under Designated Supports: Embedded)  |                         |



### Page 8 of Descriptions

#### **Level 2: Designated Supports**

#### **Embedded** (available through student testing interface)

A tool for making text or other graphics in a window or frame appear larger on the screen. The student can make text and graphics larger by clicking the Zoom in button. The student can click the Zoom Out button to return to the default or smaller print size. When using the zoom feature, the student only changes the size of text and graphics on the current screen. To increase the default print size of the entire test (from 1.5X to 20.0X default size), the print size must be set for the student in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE), or set by the test administrator prior to the start of the test. The use of this universal tool may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment.

Level 0 = default size

Level  $1 = \sim 1.0x$ , 1.5X

Zoom/Print Size
– indicate level
1-7

Level 2 = ~1.75X

Level 3 = ~2.5X

Level 4 = ~3X

Level 5 = -5x Must use with streamlined mode

Level  $6 = \sim 10x$  Must use with streamlined mode

Level  $7 = \sim 15x$  Must use with streamlined mode

Level 7= ~20x Must use with streamlined mode

The selected print size becomes the default for all stimuli and items in that student's test. **NOTE: There may be some graphics with text that is smaller than the selected size.** Regardless of the print size assigned, all students can use the Zoom buttons in the test to toggle between the five levels of print size for individual items.

Note: The default font size is 12 point for most tests. Grade 2, 3 and 4 tests have a default font size of 14 point.

Gen Ed with Supports, EL, SWD, 504, SWD/EL



## Page 9 of Descriptions

| Level 2: Designated Supports   |  |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)   |  |   |  |
| Amplification/<br>Assisted Listening<br>device   | The student adjusts the volume control beyond the computer's built in settings using headphones or other non-embedded devices.   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
|  | Students may use amplification assistive technology (e.g., headphones, FM System, noise buffers, white noise machines) to increase the volume provided in the assessment platform. Use of this resource likely requires a separate setting. If the device has additional features that may compromise the validity of the test (e.g., internet access), the additional functionality must be deactivated to maintain test security. ELA PT, Math   |   |  |
| Bilingual dictionary   | A bilingual/dual language word-to-word dictionary is a language support. A bilingual/dual language word-to-word dictionary can be provided for the full write portion of an ELA performance task. A full write is the second part of a performance task.   | Gen Ed with   |  |
| (for ELA performance task full writes)   | For students whose primary language is not English and who use dual language supports in the classroom, use of a bilingual/dual language word-to-word dictionary may be appropriate. Students participate in the assessment regardless of the language. The use of this support may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment. ELA PT   | Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                |  |
| Color Contrast –<br>Printed  | Test content of online items may be printed (using Print on request) with different colors.  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Color Overlays   | Color transparencies are placed over a paper-based assessment.   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| EL 1 <sup>st</sup> Year<br>Exemption from<br>DeSSA Reading,<br>Listening,<br>Writing/SAT | This feature is available as a designated support (Level 2) – available to all students who meet the criteria to use Designated Supports.  An exemption from the reading/ writing/ listening and SAT tests. Students in grades 2-12 enrolled in U.S. schools less than one year. Students are eligible if, as of the final date of the test window, the student has been enrolled in U.S. schools for less than one year (the date entered in the "immigrant date" field in the EL database is less than 365 days prior to the final date of the test window). An EL student is considered to be in the first year of enrollment in U.S. schools if the student is new to the U.S., OR, if the student has entered and withdrawn from U.S. schools to leave the country multiple times, the most recent date of enrollment in U.S. schools is immediately preceded by at least a 90-day time period out of the U.S. and which falls within the academic year (excludes June, July, and August) in the "immigrant date" field in the EL database. | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |



# Page 10 of Descriptions

| Level 2: Designated Supports   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (test   | Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)   |  |  |  |  |
| Human Read Aloud<br>Items/Stimuli  | Text is read aloud to the student by a human reader.  Readers should be provided to students on an individual basis – not to a group of students. A student should have the option of asking a reader to slow down or repeat text. The use of this support may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment and/or the use of a separate setting.  Members can refer to the <i>Guidelines for Choosing the Read Aloud Accommodation</i> when deciding if this accommodation is appropriate for a student.  Human read aloud for Questions and stim/passages for ELA PT, Math CAT and Math PT, can be selected by school and district staff.  TTS and Human Read Aloud are NOT interchangeable. Each must be selected separately and considered carefully if a student needs both accommodations. | Human Read Aloud Questions/Stim/Passage for these content areas is for Gen Ed with Supports EL, SWD, 504, SWD/EL |  |  |  |
| Human Reader in<br>Spanish - stimuli &<br>items on Spanish<br>Stacked - Math | Spanish text is read aloud to the student by a trained and qualified human reader who follows the administration guidelines provided in Appendix D-5 of this guidelines. All portions of the content may be read aloud.  | Gen Ed with Supports,<br>EL, SWD, 504, SWD/EL  |  |  |  |
| Human Interpreter – Native Language (DOE Approval Required)                  | Provide a native language translator to translate <u>test</u> <u>questions (including multiple-choice options)</u> into native language. Instructor may determine that the translator must translate all items or only items requested by student. Native language translator <u>must</u> be proficient in the native language. See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language Translator. <b>This support must be approved by DOE</b> (see Appendix E-3).  | Native Language: Gen<br>Ed with Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504, SWD/EL  |  |  |  |
| Interpret/Translate<br>Orally - directions<br>only*                          | Provide native language/visual communication translator to translate <u>DIRECTIONS ONLY</u> into native language. Native language/test administrator <u>must</u> be proficient in native language. See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual Communication Translator. DOE does NOT need to approve this support.   | Gen Ed with supports,<br>EL, SWD, 504, SWD/EL  |  |  |  |
| Magnification  | The size of specific areas of the screen (e.g., text, formulas, tables, graphics, navigation buttons, and mouse pointer) may be adjusted by the student with an assistive technology device or software. Magnification allows increasing the size and changing of the color contrast, including the size and color of the mouse pointer, to a level not provided for by the zoom universal tool, color contrast designated support, and/or mouse pointer designated support. ELA, Math   | SWD, 50, SWD/EL  |  |  |  |



## Page 11 of Descriptions

| Level 2: Designated Supports                      |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (test                                | Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)   |  |  |  |
| Medical Device                                    | Students may have access to an electronic device for medical purposes. (e.g., Glucose Monitor). The device may include a cell phone, and should only support the student during the test session.  Device settings must restrict access to other applications or the test administrator must closely monitor the use of the device to maintain test security. The use of electronic devices may require a separate setting to avoid distracting other test takers and to ensure test security.  ** Complete a Unique Accommodations request form. DOE Approval Required. | Available to All students with a medical need.                             |  |  |
| Noise Buffers                                     | Ear mufflers, white noise, and/or other equipment used to block external sounds.   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                         |  |  |
| Paper/Pencil test                                 | Test is presented in a fixed form, paper/pencil format. To be used only when "print on demand" is not practical due to student's testing location or student's access needs. Includes the use of a hand-held calculator in the case of math.  • Homebound students are tested on all DeSSA Assessments except for DeSSA-Alt  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL<br>AND<br>All Homebound |  |  |
| Scribe – All items except writing items on ELA PT | For ELA non-writing items and math items. Students may not have scribe during writing items.  Students dictate their responses to a human who records verbatim what they dictate. The scribe must be trained and qualified, and must follow the administration guidelines provided in the Accessibility Guidelines, Appendix D-1   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                        |  |  |
| Separate Setting in School                        | Test location is altered so that the student is tested in an <b>in-school setting</b> different from that made available for most students.  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                        |  |  |
| Separate Setting<br>Not in School                 | Test location is altered so that the student is tested in a <b>non-school setting</b> different from that made available for most students.  • Homebound students are tested on all DeSSA Assessments except for DeSSA-Alt   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL and/or<br>Homebound    |  |  |



## Page 12 of Descriptions

| Level 2: Designated Supports                                  |  |   |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (test  | Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)   |   |  |  |
| Simplify Directions<br>in English                             | Simplifying or paraphrasing test administration directions ONLY in English.  Test administration directions include any directions that are in the script and are NOT associated with any one specific test item, options, or reading passage.  The DeSSA Simplified Directions Protocol is provided in Appendix D-9 of these Accessibility Guidelines.                                | Gen Ed with<br>supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |
| Simplify Directions in Native Language                        | Simplifying or paraphrasing test directions ONLY in native language. (Directions that are NOT part of a test question or reading passage may be simplified/paraphrased.) Interpreter/test administrator must be proficient in the native language. Simplifying or paraphrasing of test questions and reading passages on the reading test are not permitted. Not for DeSSA mathematics | Gen Ed with<br>supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |
| Translated Test<br>Directions – Print                         | Test vendor provides a PDF of directions translated in each of the languages currently supported.  **Note Spanish is available as an embedded support  | Gen Ed with<br>supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |
| Translations –<br>Glossaries –<br>Paper/Pencil - Math<br>only | For Math items on the paper/pencil test. Translated glossaries are a language support. Translated glossaries are provided for selected construct-irrelevant terms for math. Glossary terms are listed by item and include the English term and its translated equivalent   | Gen Ed with<br>supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |
| Unique<br>accommodation<br>(DOE Approved)                     | This feature is available to all students who meet the criteria to use Designated Supports.  Support or accommodation not listed in these Guidelines for DeSSA. By application to DOE only.  | Gen Ed with<br>supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |
| WhisperPhone®   | School provides a WhisperPhone®, which student may use to read the test to himself. Seating for students using this accommodation must be widely spaced apart so that reading does not disturb other students or in a separate setting.  | Gen Ed with<br>supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |



Page 13 of Descriptions

| Page 13 of Descriptions  Level 3: Accommodations       |   |                     |  |
|--|---|---------------------|--|
| Embedded (available through student testing interface) |   |                     |  |
| American Sign<br>Language Video                        | ELA Listening and Math items are translated into ASL video. ASL human signer and the signed test content are viewed on the same screen. Students may view portions of the ASL video as often as needed. Listening items only. Some students who are deaf or hard of hearing and who typically use ASL may need this accommodation when accessing text-based content in the assessment. The use of this accommodation may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment. For many students who are deaf or hard of hearing, viewing signs is the only way to access information presented orally. It is important to note, however, that some students who are hard of hearing will be able to listen to information presented orally if provided with appropriate amplification and a setting in which extraneous sounds do not interfere with clear presentation of the audio presentation in a listening test. | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Braille<br>(refreshable)                               | Braille materials can be entered into TIDE as contracted, uncontracted or Nemeth. (See Braille in Accommodations Non-Embedded)  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Braille Transcript<br>(ELA listening<br>passages)      | A braille transcript of the closed captioning created for the listening passages. The braille transcripts are available in the following braille codes:  ELA  • EBAE contracted • EBAE uncontracted • UEB contracted • UEB uncontracted   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Closed Captioning                                      | Printed text that appears on the computer screen as audio materials are presented.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Emboss   | Emboss allows the relevant portions of the test to be printed in a format in which a student who is using Braille is able to access the on-line content.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Emboss Request<br>Type                                 | Use with refreshable Braille. There are two types of settings for the Emboss Feature. Auto means that when a student reaches an item, it will automatically send a request to print the relevant information. Manual means that the student must request information to be printed  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |



## Page 14 of Descriptions

| Level 3: Accommodations        |  |   |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Embedded (available            | Embedded (available through student testing interface)   |   |  |  |
| Mouse Pointer (Size and Color) | This embedded support allows the mouse pointer to be set during registration to a larger size and also for the color to be changed and cannot be changed during administration. A test administrator sets the size and color of the Mouse Pointer prior to testing.  Students who are visually impaired and need additional enlargement or a mouse in a different color to more readily find their mouse pointer on the screen will benefit from the Mouse Pointer support. Students who have visual perception challenges will also find this beneficial.  Ample opportunity to practice during daily instruction with the size and color needed to determine student preference. Mouse Pointer can be used with the Zoom universal tool. If students are using a magnification program, enlarged mouse pointer is built into magnification programs and may not be needed.  Mouse Pointer Options: large black, ex-large black, large green, ex-large green, system default, large red, ex-large red, large white, ex-large white, large yellow, ex-large yellow.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL   |  |  |
| Print on Request               | Paper copies of either passages/stimuli and/or items are printed for students. Student may request one or more test questions to be printed electronically from the online system for student to review on paper. All printed test material must be shredded at end of test session. (TA must approve each print request.)   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL   |  |  |
| Text-to-Speech<br>(TTS)        | Text is read aloud to the student via embedded text-to-speech technology. Student is able to control the speed as well as raise or lower the volume of the voice via a volume control.  TTS for ELA passages for the CAT portion of the assessment can only be activated by DOE. See Accessibility Guide for more information about the criteria for a student to use TTS for ELA Passages for the CAT portion of the assessment.  TTS and Human Reader are NOT interchangeable. Each must be selected separately and considered carefully if a student needs both accommodations.  TTS is preferred but there are some students for which TTS can be difficult for them to use or they are not familiar with it.  This accommodation is appropriate for a very small number of students. Text-to-speech is available as an accommodation for students whose need is documented in an IEP or 504 plan.  This support will likely be confusing and may impede the performance of students who do not regularly have the support during instruction. Students who use text-to-speech will need headphones unless tested individually in a separate setting.  **See additional guidelines in Appendix E-1 | TTS for ELA passages for the CAT portion is for only SWD, 504, SWD/EL |  |  |



## Page 15 of Descriptions

| Level 3: Accommodations                        |   |                     |  |
|--|---|---------------------|--|
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide) |   |                     |  |
| Abacus   | Some students, including students with visual impairments or with documented processing impairments, who typically use an abacus may use an abacus in place of using scratch paper.   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Alternate Response                             | Alternate response options include but are not limited to adapted keyboards, large keyboards, StickyKeys, MouseKeys, Filter Keys, adapted mouse, touch screen, head wand, and switches.   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Arithmetic Tables ***(grades 4-11)             | Using paper-based arithmetic tables. (This includes <b>ONLY</b> whole numbers, addition, and multiplication). See Appendix C)  *** <b>Grade 3 student exception:</b> A grade 3 student can use the arithmetic, hundreds or multiplication table if they have been using the table in their instruction and if it is documented in the student's IEP/504 plan. DOE approval is required. Permission must be submitted as a Unique Accommodation Help Desk Ticket.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Braille –<br>Paper/Pencil                      | A raised-dot code that individuals read with the fingertips. Graphic material (e.g., maps, charts, graphs, diagrams, and illustrations) is presented in a raised format (paper or thermoform). Nemeth Code is available for Math.  Codes available on paper/pencil:  ELA  EBAE contracted  EBAE uncontracted  UEB uncontracted  UEB contracted with Nemeth  EBAE contracted with Nemeth  UEB uncontracted with Nemeth  UEB uncontracted with Nemeth  UEB uncontracted with Nemeth  UEB contracted with UEB math  UEB contracted with UEB math.  Students with visual impairments may read text via braille. Tactile overlays and graphics also may be used to assist the student in accessing content through touch. The type of braille presented to the student (contracted or non-contracted) is set in ART, or member's comparable platform. The use of this accommodation may result in the student needing additional time.  Refreshable braille is available only for ELA. For math, braille will be presented via embosser; embosser-created braille can be used for ELA also. Alternative text descriptions are embedded in the assessment for all graphics. The type of braille presented to the student (contracted or non-contracted) is set in TIDE. The use of this accommodation may result in the student needing additional overall time to complete the assessment. | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |



## Page 16 of Descriptions

|  | Page 16 of Descriptions  Level 3: Accommodations   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (tes  | Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)   |  |  |  |
| Calculator –<br>Handheld/ Adaptive   | A non-embedded calculator for students needing a special calculator, such as a braille calculator or a talking calculator, currently unavailable within the assessment platform.   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |
| Chunking/High-<br>lighting   | Chunking or highlighting information in passages in a standardized format for students who use American Sign Language. Not available for DeSSA mathematics.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |
| Graphic Organizer  | Provide graphic organizer to student to organize responses (samples of permitted graphic organizers in Accessibility Guidelines in the Appendix.) Not for DeSSA mathematics  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |
| Human Interpreter -<br>Visual<br>Communication<br>(DOE Approval<br>Required) | An adult with the necessary qualifications provides translation/interpretation of the math test using cued speech or signed English to a student with disabilities (IEP or 504). See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual communication Translator. Reading passages may not be translated through visual communication. This support must be approved by DOE (see Appendix E-2).  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |
| Human Read Aloud<br>Passages<br>(DOE Approval<br>Required)                   | This accommodation is appropriate for a very small number of students. Read aloud is available as an accommodation for students whose need is documented in an IEP or 504 plan.  Human Read aloud for ELA passages for the CAT portion of the assessment can only be activated by DOE. See Accessibility Guide for more information about the criteria for a student to use Human Read aloud for ELA Passages for the CAT portion of the assessment.  TTS and Human Read Aloud are NOT interchangeable. Each must be selected separately and considered carefully if a student needs both accommodations. TTS is preferred but there are some students for whom TTS can be difficult to use or for whom TTS is not familiar.  See Appendix E-1 and E-2 (guidance document) | Human Read Aloud for ELA passages for the CAT portion is for only SWD, 504, SWD/EL students. |  |  |
| Hundreds Table ***   | A paper-based table listing numbers from 1 – 100 available from DeSSA for reference. Students with visual processing or spatial perception needs may find this beneficial, as documented in their IEP or 504 plan. (grades 4-8 and 11) See Appendix C  **** Grade 3 student exception: A grade 3 student can use the arithmetic, hundreds or multiplication table if they have been using the table in their instruction and if it is documented in the student's IEP/504 plan. DOE approval is required. Permission must be submitted as a Unique Accommodation Help Desk Ticket.   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |



## Page 17 of Descriptions

| Level 3: Accommodations  |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Non-Embedded (tes  | t administrator must provide)   |   |  |
| Instructions and<br>Items on Overhead<br>Projector/White-<br>board   | Presenting instructions and test questions (including multiple-choice options) via an overhead projector and transparencies; or presenting instructions and test questions by projecting online test onto screen or wall, or using interactive whiteboard. (Transparencies must be shredded after testing is complete.) Not available for DeSSA mathematics.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                             |  |
| Multiplication<br>Table***<br>(grade 4-8 and 11)<br>(DeSSA)          | A paper-based single digit (1-9) multiplication table will be available from DeSSA for reference. See Appendix C  **** Grade 3 student exception: A grade 3 student can use the arithmetic, hundreds or multiplication table if they have been using the table in their instruction and if it is documented in the student's IEP/504 plan. DOE approval is required. Permission must be submitted as a Unique Accommodation Help Desk Ticket. | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                             |  |
| Physical<br>Assistance from a<br>Test Administrator                  | Using physical assistance from a test administrator, such as direct assistance with turning pages, recording answers for the paper-pencil test ( <b>scribing</b> ) or navigating in electronic format.  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
|  | For ALL ELA and Math items and SAT.   | SWD, 504,                                       |  |
| Scribe – All items<br>( <u>including</u> writing<br>items on ELA PT) | For this type of scribe, students <u>may</u> have a scribe during writing items.  Students dictate their responses to a human who records verbatim what they dictate. The scribe must be trained and qualified, and must follow the administration guidelines provided in the DeSSA Test Administration Manual also.  | SWD/EL  |  |
| Signed Directions  | Providing signed assistance for directions ONLY. Signed assistance may include English-to-ASL translator, oral interpreter, cued speech interpreter, or transliterator. Not available for DeSSA mathematics.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                             |  |



## Page 18 of Descriptions

| Level 3: Accommodations                        |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide) |  |  |  |
| Speech-to-Text<br>(STT)                        | Voice recognition allows students to use their voices as input devices to the computer, to dictate responses or give commands (e.g., opening application programs, pulling down menus, and saving work). Voice recognition software generally can recognize speech up to 160 words per minute. Students may use their own assistive technology devices. Students who have motor or processing disabilities (such as dyslexia) or who have had a recent injury (such as a broken hand or arm) that make it difficult to produce text or commands using computer keys may need alternative ways to work with computers. Students will need to be familiar with the software, and have had many opportunities to use it prior to testing.  Speech-to-text software requires that the student go back through all generated text to correct errors in transcription, including use of writing conventions; thus, prior experience with this accommodation is essential.  It is important that students who use speech-to-text also be able to develop planning notes via speech-to-text, and to view what they produce while composing via speech-to-text.  If students use their own assistive technology devices, all assessment content should be deleted from these devices after the test for security purposes.  ***** Speech to Text Software The following links include support documents on how to provide word prediction and speech to text as accommodations on the DeSSA ELA and Math (Smarter Balanced Assessments).  Special Education Technology Center, Central Washington University Speech to Text/Voice Recognition as an Accommodation on the SBAC | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL<br>Gen Ed<br>students with<br>Supports |  |
| TA acts as ASL to<br>English Dictionary        | Test Administrator acts as an "ASL-to-English" dictionary for student, finger-spelling words for students, upon request, when responding to short answer questions. Test administrator must not sign in such a way as to "clue" or give away the answer to a question. Not for DeSSA mathematics.  | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |



#### Page 19 of Descriptions

#### **Level 3: Accommodations**

#### Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)

Word prediction allows students to begin writing a word and choose from a list of words that have been predicted from word frequency and syntax rules. Word prediction is delivered via a non-embedded software program. The program must use only single word prediction. Functionality such as phrase prediction, predict ahead, or next word must be deactivated. The program must have settings that allow only a basic dictionary. Expanded dictionaries, such as topic dictionaries and word banks, must be deactivated. Phonetic spelling functionality may be used, as well as speech output built into the program which reads back the information the student has written. If further supports are needed for speech output, see Text-to-Speech or Read Aloud policies. Students who use word prediction in conjunction with speech output will need headphones unless tested individually in a separate setting. Students may use their own assistive technology devices.

Word Prediction

Students who have documented motor or orthopedic impairments, which severely impairs their ability to provide written or typed responses without the use of assistive technology, may use word prediction. Students with severe learning disabilities that prevent them from recalling, processing, or expressing written language may also use word prediction. Students will need to be familiar with the software, and have had many opportunities to use it in daily instruction. Use of word prediction does require that students know writing conventions and that they have the review and editing skills required of all students. It is important that students who use word prediction also be able to develop planning notes and review their writing with or without text-to-speech. If students use their own assistive technology devices, all assessment content should be deleted from these devices after the test for security purposes.

Documented Motor or Orthopedic Impairments, Severe Learning Disabilities



## Page 20 of Descriptions

# Section B: Descriptions for DeSSA Science and DeSSA Social Studies 2018-19 School Year

| Level 1: Universal Tools  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| nbedded (available through student te<br>Answer Eliminator  | Allows the student to visually eliminate (with a red "x") one or more responses.  Available for multiple-choice and multiple-select items only. Limits which answer choices a student sees. The student can turn masks on or off at any time. If specified in a student's Personal Needs Profile, multiple-choice and multiple-select answer choices are masked when the item is first presented.  Allows the student to choose a color to highlight a word or group of words. To activate the highlighter, the student can click and drag, double-click, or right-click on a word or section of a word and then drag to select further words. The student then selects a color. |  |
| Answer Masking  Part A  What is the meaning of the word master as it is used in paragraphs 5 and 6?  A understand   |  |  |
| Answer Masking Video Link Highlighter   |  |  |
| Life in the Limbs  No. Heather Keutman-Datars.  In imagine stepping out your front down menu on the right side of the screen. This tool will help you in four blue, you grab the handles of your very own zigine and fly 1000.  Sound crazy? Not to Jonathan Fairodia, who lives in a four-story tree house that he designed and built in fact, as a tree house architect, Jonathan has built more than 380 custom free houses across the United Strates.  Line Reader Video Link  Line Reader Video Link | Provides an adjustable and moveable window through which the student can mask or hide a portion of the item.   |  |
| Magnifier  Review Beokmark Processor 1 Part 1:0400047018 Section 1/3 or 12  Evaluate $5x^2-x=3$ .  Enter your answer box.   | Allows the student to see a closer image of part of an item, mimicking an actual magnifying glass. The student can turn th magnifier on or off at any time.  |  |



# Page 21 of Descriptions

| Page 21 of Descriptions   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Level 1: Universal Tools  |  |  |  |  |
| Embedded (available thro  | Embedded (available through student testing interface)   |  |  |  |
| Notepad   |  | Allows the student to type notes while testing. A maximum of 5,000 characters may be entered.  |  |  |
| Text-to-Speech — Text Only*    Section   Section   Text   Text |  | Reads aloud the text of items and stimuli/passages (excluding simulations) through embedded text-to-speech software. Students can use the feature by selecting the play button to play from the beginning or the megaphone icon to specify where to start reading.  *Text-to-Speech—Text Only will be available on all forms except for Spanish, American Sign Language, Braille and Paper-Pencil. |  |  |
| Non-Embedded (test adn  | ninistrator must p   | provide)   |  |  |
| Breaks  |  | Breaks of up to 20 minutes are permitted at the test administrator's discretion. After 20 minutes, there is a resume restriction. Students will be unable to review/change previously responded items.   |  |  |
|   | Lev  | rel 2: Designated Supports   |  |  |
| Embedded (available thro  | ough student tes   | ting interface)  |  |  |
| Spanish   |  | ish forms will be translated from English to user interface of TestNav will remain in  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Translation of key terms  | Terms that have been identified for translation will be available in Arabic, Haitian Creole, Korean, or Mandarin Chinese as specified in the student's Personal Needs Profile. |  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |
| Level 2: Designated Supports  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequent Breaks   | "Frequent breaduring testing t   | ay take breaks as needed. The term lks" refers to multiple, planned, short breaks based on a specific student's needs (for tudent fatigues easily). During each break, lk is stopped.  | EL, SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL                            |  |



## Page 22 of Descriptions

| Page 22 of Descriptions  Level 2: Designated Supports       |  |   |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Non-Embedded (test adn                                      | Non-Embedded (test administrator must provide)   |   |  |  |  |
| Human Interpreter – Native Language (DOE Approval Required) | Provide a native language translator to translate <u>test</u> <u>questions (including multiple-choice options)</u> into native language. Instructor may determine that the translator must translate all items or only items requested by student. Native language translator <u>must</u> be proficient in the native language. See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language Translator. This support must be approved by <b>DOE</b> (see Appendix E-3).                              | Gen Ed with<br>Supports, EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |  |
|   | Text is read aloud to the student by a human reader.   |   |  |  |  |
| Human Read Aloud  | Readers should be provided to students on an individual basis – not to a group of students. A student should have the option of asking a reader to slow down or repeat text. The use of this support may result in the student needing additional time to complete the assessment and/or the use of a separate setting.  | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |  |
|   | TTS and Human Read Aloud are NOT interchangeable. Each must be selected separately and considered carefully if a student needs both accommodations.  |   |  |  |  |
| Medical Device  | Students may have access to an electronic device for medical purposes. (e.g., Glucose Monitor). The device may include a cell phone, and should only support the student during the test session.  Device settings must restrict access to other applications or the test administrator must closely monitor the use of the device to maintain test security. The use of electronic devices may require a separate setting to avoid distracting other test takers and to ensure test security. | Available to All students with a medical need.      |  |  |  |
|   | ** Complete a Unique Accommodations request form. DOE Approval Required.   |   |  |  |  |
| Small Group   | The teacher can decide to set up a small group as a separate test session or may have a separate set of test-takers assessed in a separate location.   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |  |
| Specified Area/<br>Preferential Seating                     | Enter the specifications on the form   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |  |
| Unique accommodation (DOE Approved)                         | This feature is available to all students who meet the criteria to use Designated Supports.  Support or accommodation not listed in these Guidelines By application to DOE only.   | Gen Ed with<br>Supports EL,<br>SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |  |  |  |



Page 23 of Descriptions

| Page 23 of Descriptions  |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Level 3: Accommodations  |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Embedded (available through student testing interface)                                     |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Sign<br>Language<br>American Sign   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Language video   |   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Text-to-Speech – Text + Graphics  Text-to-Speech – Text + Graphics video  (Approval by DOE | Text of items and stimuli/passages (excluding simulations) and descriptions of graphics are read aloud to the student via embedded text-to-speech software. Students can use the feature by selecting the play button to play from the beginning or the megaphone icon to specify where to start reading.   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| required)  | To request this accommodation, complete Appendix E-5 and submit via KACE ticket.  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Level 3: Accommodations   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Embedded (test adn   | ninistrator must provide)   |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Braille  | A braille version of the paper form   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper/Pencil   | Students taking paper-based forms will need to have their work transcribed into an online form by the test administrator.   | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Interpreter -<br>Visual Communication<br>(Approval by DOE<br>required)               | An adult with the necessary qualifications provides translation/interpretation of the math test using cued speech or signed English to a student with disabilities (IEP or 504). See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual communication Translator. Reading passages may not be translated through visual communication. This support must be approved by DOE (see Appendix E-2). | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Scribe   | Students dictate their responses to a human who records verbatim what they dictate. Students must have a documented need in their IEP/504 plan and must have used this support during the school year.  A human scribe can be used for data entry on the Online, Paper-Pencil or any of the other forms. The Human Scribe would follow guidelines as stipulated in Appendix D-1.                      | SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scribe (Approval by DOE required)  | Gen Ed with<br>supports<br>EL, SWD, 504,<br>SWD/EL  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



# APPENDIX B: ALTERNATE ASSESSMENT, WIDA ASSESSMENTS ACCESSIBILITY FORMS AND DEFINITIONS

Appendix B: 1: DeSSA-Alt Accommodation Form

Appendix B-2: DeSSA-Alt Descriptions

Appendix B-3 DeSSA-Alt Test Profile Characteristics

Appendix B-4: WIDA Assessments Accessibility and Accommodations

Appendix B-5: WIDA Assessments Descriptions



# Appendix B-1 DeSSA-Alternate Assessment Accommodation Form 2018-19 School Year

| General Student Info  | ormation:   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Student Name:   |   | Date of Birth:  |
| State ID:   |   | Grade:  |
| School:   |   | District/Charter:   |
| Date completed:   |   |   |
| Implementation Date   | of Accessibility Sup                                      | ports:  |
| Student must have managericipate in the DeS                             |   | criteria found in the Accessibility Guidelines in order ment.   |
| the Delaware DLM webphttps://dynamiclearningpdf List below any Accessib | page at maps.org/sites/defaules bility Features that have | thould also review the DLM Accessibility Manual found on <a href="https://documents/Manuals-Blueprints/Accessibility Manual.">https://documents/Manuals-Blueprints/Accessibility Manual.</a> The been selected for which the student needs additional see or preparation is needed: |
| Accommodation Code/ Description   | Assessment/   | What practice/preparation is needed?  |
| Odde, Beeenphien  | - Contone 7 ti od   |   |
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
|   |   |   |
| Human Interpreter North If yes, complete Appendenced to be completed.)  |   | ☐ <b>No</b> KACE ticket for DOE approval. (Appendix E-3 will also   |





Use this worksheet to document the supports that will be provided to each students as determined by IEP Teams and as updated in Kite. Category 1 supports are updated immediately as do individual manipulatives and calculator use from Category 2. The other 4 Category supports require 24 hours to update.

|  |   | re 24 hours to upda  |  |       |
|--|---|--|--|-------|
|  | Category 1<br>Supports  | Category 2<br>Supports   | Category 3<br>Supports   |       |
| Accessibility Support  | Settings in the<br>PNP Profile that<br>Activate<br>Supports within<br>the Student<br>Portal | Settings in the PNP Profile that requires supports or materials in addition to those within Students | Settings in the PNP Profile that require supports provided by the test administrator outside of Student Portal | Notes |
| Magnification  |   |  |  |       |
| Overlay Color  |   |  |  |       |
| Invert Color Choice  |   |  |  |       |
| Contrast Color   |   |  |  |       |
| Spoken Audio     Text only     Text and Graphics     Nonvisual |   |  |  |       |
| Uncontracted Braille EBAE                                      |   |  |  |       |
| Uncontracted Braille UEB                                       |   |  |  |       |
| Single-Switch System (Access Profile Enabled)                  |   |  |  |       |
| Two-Switch System  |   |  |  |       |
| Individualized Manipulatives                                   |   |  |  |       |
| Calculator   |   |  |  |       |
| Alternate Form-Visual Impairment                               |   |  |  |       |
| Human Read Aloud   |   |  |  |       |
| Sign Interpretation of Text                                    |   |  |  |       |
| Language Translation of Text                                   |   |  |  |       |
| Test Administrator Entering Responses for Student              |   |  |  |       |
| Partner-Assisted Scanning                                      |   |  |  |       |



## **Appendix B-2: DeSSA-Alt Assessment Descriptions**

#### 2018-19 School Year

| Human<br>Interpreter –     | Provide a native language translator to translate test questions (including multiple-choice options) into native language. Instructor may determine that           |
|----------------------------|--|
| Native Language            | the translator must translate all items or only items requested by student.  |
| (DOE Approval<br>Required) | Native language translator <u>must</u> be proficient in the native language. See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language Translator. <b>This support</b> |
|                            | must be approved by DOE (Also complete Appendix E-3).  |

Category 1 Supports: Settings in PNP Profile activate supports within Student Portal Allows test administrators to choose the degree of screen magnification during assessment. Test administrators can choose between a magnification of 2x, 3x, 4x, or 5x. Without magnification, the font is Report School, 22 point. Scrolling may Magnification be required when the level of magnification is increased because the entire item will no longer be visible on the screen. Scrolling with vary according to the level of the magnification, the amount of content in the item, and the size of the screen. The background color of the assessment. The default color is white. Test Overlay Color administrators may select from the alternate colors of blue, green, pink, gray, and yellow. Practice demo testlets have specific presets, but more options are provided in the PNP Profile and actual live testlets. Makes the background color black and font white. Images display a white Invert Color Choice background Allows test administrators to choose from color schemes for the background and Contrast Color

Synthetic Spoken Audio (read aloud with highlighting) is read from left to right and top to bottom. Three preferences are available for Spoken Audio: text only, text

and graphics, and nonvisual. (This prefence also describes page layout for

Category 2 Supports: Settings in PNP Profile require additional supports or materials.

students who are blind or have visual impairments).

font.

Spoken Audio

|                                       | octimige in the transmit require additional supports of materials.  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Braille                               | The DLM Alternate Assessment System supplies braille forms for some testlets. These forms are available in either uncontracted Unified English Braille (UEB) or English Braille American Edition (EBAE), depending on what the test administrator selects in the student's PNP Profile. DLM braille forms also include Nemeth code for mathematics, as needed. Braille testlets are for students who read proficiently. |
| Alternate Form – Visual<br>Impairment | For a student who is blind and does not read braille or who has significant visual impairment, the test administrator selects Alternate Fomr – Visual Impairment under the Other tab in the PNP Profile. The alternate form of the testlet if available, will have the letters BVI in the testlet name, in the test ticket, and in Student Portal.  |
|                                       | If a BVI form is not available for the testlet, the system will deliver a standard form to the student. The accompanying Testlet Information Page (TIP) for the testlet will provide information on how to make appropriate adaptation for the student.   |



| Single-Switch System            | This support is activated using one switch and a switch interface that emulates the Enter key on the keyboard. In the PNP Profile, test administrators can set scan speed, indicate if scanning is to begin automatically when the page appears, and select the number of times the scan cycle repeats before stopping. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Individualized<br>manipulatives | Students may use familiar manipulatives (e.g. abacus, unit cubes, interlocking blocks, counters, linking letters). Refer to the TIP for more information.   |
| Calculator                      | Students may use a calculator on mathematics testlets unless it interferes with the construct of the testlet. The TIP for each mathematics testlets will specify whether a calculator is permitted.   |

# **Category 3 Supports:** Settings in PNP Profile all require supports provided by the test administrator outside of the Kite Student Portal

| Human Read Aloud                                    | Test administrators may read the assessment aloud to students. Alternate text for test administrators who will deliver the human read aloud will include descriptions of graphics and alternate text descriptions of images are provided as additional pages after the main TIP. The DLM Test Administration Manual also includes information about the human read aloud. |
|---|---|
| Sign Interpretation of<br>Text                      | Test administrators may sign the content to students using American Sign Language (ASL), Signing Exact English, or personalized sign systems.   |
| Language Translation of Text                        | Test administrators may translate the text for students who are English Learners who communicate best in a language other than English. Language translations are not provided via the computer. State policy will guide whether translation can be used.   |
| Masking   | Masking is not an option in Student Portal, but it is an acceptable support for students with visual impairments. Test administrators may use a piece of paper to cover portions of the test to reduce visual clutter without otherwise affecting the information or number of response options.  |
| Test Administrator<br>Entering Student<br>Responses | If students are unable to physically input their response options, they many indicate their responses through their typical response mode and/or forms of communication (e.g., eye gaze, gesture). Test administrators may key in those responses only when students are unable to independently and accurately record their responses in Student Portal.                 |
| Partner-Assisted<br>Scanning (PAS)                  | PAS is a strategy in which test administrators assist students with scanning students' response options. Test administrators read and/or point to each response option, and students indicate when presented their desired response.  |

For more information on Supports Allowed or Not Allowed, consult the DLM Accessibility Manual 2018-19 Pg. 28 For Guiding Questions for Discussion and Selection of Appropriate Accessibility Supports, see page 27 in the DLM Accessibility Manual 2018-19.



## Appendix B-3 DeSSA-Alt Test Profile Characteristics Form

#### Directions:

Use this form to keep track of the following test profile characteristics for the DeSSA-Alternate assessment. These are not accommodations or supports, but characteristics of the student's testing profile. Share this information when the student changes teachers or schools. Keep a copy in the student's folder. DLM incorporates a First Contact Survey for background information and an Access Profile to help determine assessment entry points.

Make an X in the boxes to indicate that the test administrator should make adjustments to a

student's test administration. Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Form: \_\_\_\_\_ Teacher Name: Test windows in which this profile was last implemented: Reading Mathematics Adaptation of response cards Cutting Laminating Velcro Special Paper Color Overlay Amplification Adaptive Lighting Adaptive Furniture/Seating Sensory Supports (e.g., headphones, weighted vest) Frequent Breaks Preferred Time of Day for Testing Communication Aids (Switch, Pointer, Assistive Augmentative Communication Device NOTES:



# Appendix B-4: WIDA Assessments Accessibility and Accommodations

# **General Student Information:**

|   | Student Name:                |                               | Date of Birth:  |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | State ID:                    |                               | Grade:  |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | School:                      |                               | District/Charter:   |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Date Completed:              |                               |   |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                              |                               | o determine appropriate accomm online in the WIDA AMS syste |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Check the Assessment:        |                               |   |                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 (online) | O ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 (paper) | O Kindergarten ACCESS for ELLs                              | O Alternate ACCESS fo ELLs |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## **Administrative Considerations**

Available to all ELs (see descriptions in Appendix B-5)

| escriptions in Appendix 6-3)  | Available to all EE3 (9  |
|---|--|
| Participate in different testing format   | Adaptive and Specialized Equipment or                          |
| (Approved by DOE)   | Furniture  |
| Read aloud to self  | Alternative Microphone   |
| Specific Seating  | Familiar Test Administrator                                    |
| Short Segments  | Frequent or Additional Supervised Breaks                       |
| Verbal Praise or Tangible Reinforcement for on-task or appropriate behavior       | Individual or Small Group Setting                              |
| Verbally Redirect Student's Attention to<br>the Test (English or Native Language) | Monitor Placement of responses in the test booklet or onscreen |

### **Universal Tools**

Available to all ELs (see descriptions in Appendix B-5

|   |                              |     |     |                             |   | (see de |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
|---|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------------|---|---------|---|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|
| Universal Tools                             | ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 (online) |     |     | ACCESS for ELLS 2.0 (paper) |   |         |   | Kindergarten ACCESS for ELLs |     |     |     | Alternate ACCESS for ELLs |     |     |     |   |
|   | L                            | R   | S   | W                           | L | R       | S | W                            | L   | R   | S   | W                         | L   | R   | S   | W |
| Audio Aids                                  |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
| Color Contrast                              |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
| Color Overlay                               |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
| Highlighters, Colored<br>Pencils or Crayons |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
| Keyboard Navigation                         |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
| Low Vision Aids or<br>Magnification Devices |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |
| Sticky Notes                                | N/A                          | N/A | N/A |                             |   |         |   |                              | N/A | N/A | N/A |                           | N/A | N/A | N/A |   |
| Scratch Paper or Whiteboards                |                              |     |     |                             |   |         |   |                              |     |     |     |                           |     |     |     |   |

Accommodations





Available to all ELs with IEPs and 504 Plans (see descriptions in Appendix B-5)

| Accommodations  |     | Available to all ELs with IEP ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 (online) |     |     |     | ACCESS for ELLS 2.0 (paper) |     |     |     | lergart | en ACC<br>ELLs | Alternate ACCESS for ELLs |     |         |     |     |
|---|-----|--|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------------|---------------------------|-----|---------|-----|-----|
|   | L   | R  | S   | W   | L   | R                           | S   | W   | L   | R       | S              | W                         | L   | R       | S   | W   |
| Manual Control of Item Audio (MC)   |     | No   |     |     |     | No                          |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Repeat Item Audio (RA)  |     | No   |     |     |     | No                          | N/A |     |     |         |                |                           | N/A | N/A     | N/A | N/A |
| Extended Speaking Test<br>Response (ES)   | N/A | N/A  |     | N/A | N/A | N/A                         |     | N/A |     |         |                | N/                        | 'A  |         |     |     |
| Large Print (LP)  |     |  |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Braille with Tactile Graphics<br>(Braille Writer/Braille Note-taker)<br>(BR)  | N/A | N/A  | N/A | N/A |     |                             | No  |     | N/A | N/A     | N/A            | N/A                       |     | I<br>N, | /A  |     |
| Interpreter Signs Test directions in ASL (SD) (Approved by DOE)   |     |  |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Human Reader for Response Options (HR)  |     | No   | N/A | N/A |     | No                          | N/A | N/A |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Human Reader for Repeat of Response Options (RR) – 1x   |     | No   | N/A | N/A |     | No                          | N/A | N/A | N/A |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Human Reader for Items (HI) (Approved by DOE)   | N/A | N/A  | N/A | N/A |     | No                          |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Human Reader for Repeat of Test Items (RI)  | N/A | N/A  | N/A | N/A |     | No                          |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Scribed Response (SR) (Approved by DOE)   |     |  | N/A |     |     |                             | N/A |     |     | N/A     |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Word Processor or Similar<br>Keyboarding Device used to<br>Respond to Test Items (WD)<br>(Approved by DOE)                        |     |  | N/A |     |     |                             | N/A |     |     |         | N/A            |                           |     |         | N/A |     |
| Students Responds using a<br>Recording Device which is<br>played back and transcribed<br>by the student (RD)<br>(Approved by DOE) |     |  |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |         |                | N,                        | 'A  |         |     |     |
| Test may be Administered by<br>School Personnel in Non-<br>School Setting (NS)<br>(Approved by DOE)                               |     |  |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Extended testing time within the school day (ET)  |     |  | N/A |     |     |                             | N/A |     |     |         |                |                           |     |         |     |     |
| Extended testing of a test domain multiple days (EM) (Approved by DOE)  |     |  |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |         |                |                           |     | N,      | /A  |     |

Approved by DOE - Complete Appendix E-4: Unique Accommodations request and submit as a Help Desk Ticket (KACE)

Key: L – Listening R – Reading S – Speaking W – Writing

\*\*\* N/A – Not Applicable because the accommodation is already incorporated into test design or irrelevant to domain \*\*\*\* NO—Inappropriate and therefore not recommended



# Appendix B-5: WIDA Assessments Descriptions 2018-19 School Year

## **Page 1 of Descriptions**



This is Framework used to determine Supports and Targeted Accommodations to increase accessibility for all assessments for all ELs.

\*\* For more Detailed Descriptions and additional information, refer to the <u>WIDA Accessibility and</u> Accommodations Supplement

### **Administrative Considerations**

| Adaptive and<br>Specialized<br>Equipment or<br>Furniture | Some students may require specialized equipment or furniture including (but not limited to) special seating, weighted vests, fidget tools, noise reducing headphones, specialized lighting or acoustics, or adaptive keyboards. Students who routinely use adaptive or specialized furniture or equipment should have access to these during testing. If other students in the testing environment are familiar with the furniture/ equipment being used (so it is not deemed a disruption to others), students using the furniture/equipment may test alongside other students, rather than in a separate environment.                |
|--|--|
| Alternative<br>Microphone                                | Students may feel uncomfortable speaking into the microphone attached to the headset if they are unfamiliar with this practice. Students may use an alternate microphone (not attached to a headset), such as a microphone built into the computer or one that attaches to the device using a USB port. Bluetooth and other alternative microphone set-ups may or may not be compatible with the online test engine. Check for compatibility prior to the day of assessment using the online Speaking practice test.  Students may also need to be tested in a separate environment in order to limit distractions for other students. |
| Familiar Test<br>Administrator                           | Students may feel more comfortable with a known test administrator. All test administrators are required to be trained and certified to administer the test.   |



# Page 2 of Descriptions

# **Administrative Considerations**

| Frequent or<br>Additional<br>Supervised Breaks                             | Students may take breaks as needed. Frequent breaks refer to multiple, planned, short breaks during testing based on a student's specific needs (e.g., fatigues easily, overly anxious).  Generally, students must remain in the testing environment for breaks during each testing section. The student may stand up, walk around, or engage in activities that do not distract other test takers. The exception for remaining in the testing environment would be for the student to use the restroom or access specialized equipment (e.g., sensory breaks, medical equipment). In these cases, arrangements for should be made for the student to be escorted in order to minimize interactions with other students.  During breaks, the student's test books must be closed or computer screens must be covered/turned off. If the student leaves the room, the test administrator must collect the student's paper-based test materials, or ensure the online test has been placed on "pause." The embedded pause setting for |
|--|---|
|  | online administration allows for up to 30 minutes of inactivity prior to automatically logging the student out of the session.  |
| Individual or Small<br>Group Setting                                       | A small group is a subset of a larger testing group taking the test in a separate location. While the typical size for a small group is two to eight students, WIDA does not prescribe a minimum group size for any student. However, for students with disabilities, schools must follow group size guidelines as documented in their plans (e.g., "fewer than ten students" or "no more than 8 students"), or follow the state's policy guidelines. If the plan does not specify the maximum number of students in the small group, follow common practice for that student during instruction and classroom/district assessment.   |
|  | The testing location must be a secure and safe environment that is monitored and proctored while the assessment is being administered.  |
| Monitor placement<br>of responses in<br>the test booklet or<br>onscreen    | Test administrators may monitor response placement to ensure that the student is marking the answer in the correct location for the problem the student intends to answer. For example, a student may accidentally skip a question in the test booklet or may not use the correct keyboard navigation (e.g., the student used the "tab" rather than the arrow keys to navigate), resulting in a changed answer. The test administrator may not assist the student in any way with respect to the content of the item or selecting the correct response.   |
| Participate in different testing format (paper vs online)  Approved by DOE | Students may participate in the assessment using a different format from their peers. For schools and districts administering computer-based assessments, a paper-based assessment may be more appropriate for a student for a variety of reasons. In these circumstances, using the paper-based test should be considered. Conversely, a student may need an online assessment to use familiar technology supports while peers are participating in the paper-based assessment. This decision should be based on individual student needs and not applied on a group basis.  |
|  | <b>Writing domain:</b> Some students participating in online testing in Grades 4 - 12 may need to take only the writing domain using the paper-based format. In this situation, the student must not use the online test platform for any part of writing, as this results in the student receiving the lowest possible score for the domain.   |
|  | This feature is allowed for any student with DOE approval.  |



# **Page 3 of Descriptions**

# **Administrative Considerations**

| Decidal 14 O 1  | A state of the second stat |
|---|--|
| Read Aloud to Self  | A student may read the assessment aloud to him/herself. Devices, such as "whisper phones," may also be used.   |
|   | To minimize distraction or interference with other test takers, the student should be tested in an environment separate from other students. The testing location must be a secure environment that is monitored and proctored while the assessment is being given.  |
| Specific Seating  | Students may be seated in a specific location in the testing environment. For example, a student may need to be seated away from a heating/cooling vent, near a window for natural light, or near the test administrator's desk.   |
|   | While seating is a local decision, students must be positioned in a suitable manner for testing (i.e., lying on the floor during testing is not appropriate). Additionally, it is not appropriate to seat a student in a location that is not visible to the test administrator, such as behind a bookshelf separating the student from the rest of the room. The use of study carrels to separate students and minimize distractions is allowable as long as the test administrator is able to effectively monitor student testing.   |
| Short Segments  | In rare instances, students may need longer breaks than provided through the <b>Frequent or Additional Supervised Breaks</b> administrative procedures. In these cases, the assessment may be given in short segments. If needed, it is recommended that the student participate in paper-based administration, if allowable by state policy. Students would have their test materials collected by the test administrator after each segment and resume testing at a later time.  |
|   | A language domain should be completed within one school day.   |
|   | NOTE: The scheduled breaks should be determined before the day of testing and based on the use of scheduled breaks during classroom instruction and classroom testing.   |
| Verbal praise or tangible reinforcement for on task or appropriate behavior             | It may be appropriate to provide students a positive reinforcement during testing. Reinforcement may not depend on the accuracy of the student's response. Feedback may be given after item completion, at check-ins, or upon section completion, as appropriate for the student.  |
| benavior  | Verbal feedback may include phrases such as "Good job," "Very good," "Nice job," and "Okay."   |
| Verbally redirect<br>student's attention to<br>the test (English or<br>Native Language) | Test administrators may verbally redirect the student's attention to the test when the student is demonstrating off task behaviors. Care must be taken not to coach or assist the student. Verbal redirection should be provided quietly without disturbing other students in the testing environment.   |



### **Page 4 of Descriptions**

### **Universal Tools**

They do not need to be pre-selected for online testing in WIDA AMS. Universal Tools may be embedded in the online test or provided by a test administrator.

| in the orinine test of provide              | n the online test or provided by a test administrator.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Audio Aids                                  | A tool to amplify or diminish sound. Audio aids include amplification devices, noise buffers, or white noise machines. (provided by school or student)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Color Contrast                              | A tool to change the text and background color.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Color Overlay                               | A tool that changes the contrast between the text and the background color. Color choices include green, blue, beige, pink and yellow.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Highlighters, Colored Pencils or Crayons    | A tool student can use to mark specific text.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Keyboard Navigation                         | A tool to change the different areas of the online test screen or move from screen to screen.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ,   | Does not apply to paper test   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Line Guide or Tracking<br>Tool              | A tool for the student to guide his/her eyes while reading text on the computer screen.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low Vision Aids or<br>Magnification Devices | A tool to increase the size of graphics and text.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sticky Notes                                | A tool the student can use to make notes in preparing responses on the Writing test.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scratch<br>Paper/Whiteboards                | A tool the student can use for notes, drafts and diagrams. No graphic organizers may be provided. Students may use an individual, erasable whiteboard as scratch paper for notes and responses. The used scratch paper is considered secure test material. Test administrators must collect used scratch paper and completely erase whiteboards at the end of each test domain to maintain test security. Scratch paper must disposed after test session. Whiteboards erased clean.  Paper test: Only work in the test booklet will be scored. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ĺ   | raper test. Only work in the test booklet will be scored.  |  |  |  |  |  |

### **Accommodations** (SWD/ELs)

| Braille with Tactile<br>Graphics                                       | Paper-based used to provide access to braille-proficient EL who is blind. Embossed text is provided in either contracted or uncontracted braille.  |
|--|--|
| (BR)   | Unified English Braille (UEB) in grades 1-5  |
| Approved by DOE  | English Braille American Edition (EBAE) in grades 6-12   |
| Extended Time of a Test Domain over Multiple Days (EM) Approved by DOE | An individual domain must be completed within one day. However, in rare cases, only when absolutely necessary, due to an illness, disability, or extended interruption in testing, students may extend the testing session over multiple days with DOE approval. |



# **Page 5 of Descriptions**

# Accommodations

| Accommodations  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Extended Speaking<br>Test Response Time<br>(ES)   | Used to support students with cognitive, language processing, physical or communication disabilities who need additional processing time for spoken language.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extended Testing Time within the School Day (ET)  | Used to support students with cognitive, language processing, physical or communication disabilities who need additional time to complete one or more test sections.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | For students who have a documented need for an in-person human reader (e.g., need for lip reading support, support in focusing their attention, etc.)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Reader for<br>Items (HI)  | For writing, this accommodation is only applicable for students in Grades 4-12 who are taking either the Tier B or C forms.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ,   | Human Reader is included for all tiers in grades 1-3; Tier A in grades 4-12; Kindergarten; and Alternate ACCESS have test prompts read aloud as part of the test administration procedures. Consult the WIDA Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement for further guidance.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Reader for  | Read aloud of text-based response options (answer choices) by the in-<br>person human reader. Response options do not include item text or prompt<br>text. Graphics only response options are not read or described.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (HR)  | Only available for the Listening domain and may be used for students who have a documented disability requiring support for reading, print or focus/attention.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Reader for<br>Repeat of Items (RI)  | Read aloud and repeat test items (e.g., prompts and response options) by in-person human. Used for students with a documented print disability.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Reader for<br>Repeat of Response<br>Options One Time (RR)   | Only available for <b>Listening</b> domain and may be used to help students who use ASL become familiar with test logistics, test directions, and practice items. Translations of test items and response options into ASL or any other language is not permitted. No part of the scorable test items may be signed to a student.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interpreter Signs Test  | Interpreter uses ASL or another sign system to sign test directions to the student.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Directions in ASL (SD)  Approved by DOE   | This accommodation may be used to help students who use ASL become familiar with test logistics, test directions and practice items. Translations of test items and response options into ASL or any other language is not permitted. No part of the scorable test items may be signed to a student.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (Online: Embedded magnifier, responsive screen)  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Paper test: 18-point font on 11X17 paper. May be used for students with visual impairments.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Large Print (LP)  | Students answers must be transcribed verbatim into a scannable test book. Student work and/or answers that are not transcribed will not be scored.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Enlargement of response options for Alternate ACCESS for ELLs may be done at the local level.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Response Options (HR)  Human Reader for Repeat of Items (RI)  Human Reader for Repeat of Response Options One Time (RR)  Interpreter Signs Test Directions in ASL (SD)  Approved by DOE | person human reader. Response options do not include item text or prom text. Graphics only response options are not read or described.  Only available for the Listening domain and may be used for students who have a documented disability requiring support for reading, print or focus/attention.  Read aloud and repeat test items (e.g., prompts and response options) by in-person human. Used for students with a documented print disability.  Only available for Listening domain and may be used to help students who use ASL become familiar with test logistics, test directions, and practice items. Translations of test items and response options into ASL or any oth language is not permitted. No part of the scorable test items may be signed to a student.  Interpreter uses ASL or another sign system to sign test directions to the student.  This accommodation may be used to help students who use ASL become familiar with test logistics, test directions and practice items. Translations test items and response options into ASL or any other language is not permitted. No part of the scorable test items may be signed to a student.  (Online: Embedded magnifier, responsive screen)  Paper test: 18-point font on 11X17 paper. May be used for students with visual impairments.  Students answers must be transcribed verbatim into a scannable test boo Student work and/or answers that are not transcribed will not be scored. Enlargement of response options for Alternate ACCESS for ELLs may be |  |  |  |  |  |



# **Page 6 of Descriptions**

# Accommodations

| Accommodations   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Manual Control of Item<br>Audio (MC)   | May be used to support students with disabilities who need additional time for language processing or have attention/focus needs due to a documented disability.  This allows the student to enable and activate the play button one time. Once initiated, the audio cannot be paused or stopped. Must be selected in WIDA AMS prior to beginning online testing.   |  |  |
| May be used to support students with disabilities who need reperon language processing needs or attention/focus needs due to a disability.  This allows the play button to be enabled and activated by the state initial auto play, a repeat button becomes available. Once initial audio cannot be paused or stopped.  For online testing, this accommodation must be selected in WID to the student beginning testing. |   |  |  |
| Scribe (SR) Approved by DOE  | May be used for an EL who: Has a physical disability that prevents independent computer output even with adaptive equipment, or  Has a physical inability to hold a writing instrument; or  Has a disability that prevents the EL from expressing written language routinely requiring dictation for written compositions during classroom instruction.  This includes students with reduced ability to record responses due to pain, fracture, paralysis, loss of function, or loss of endurance.  Responses must be scribed verbatim on screen on in paper test booklet.  Must be administered in a one-to-one testing environment. |  |  |
| Student Responds using a Recording Device, which is played back and transcribed by the student (RD)  Approved by DOE   | May be used to support ELs with writing processing issues to allow ELs to separate the processes of responding and writing the response. Responses must be transcribed by student verbatim on screen or in the test booklet. Transcription cannot be edited or rephrased if not completed in the same testing session. Administered in an individual testing environment.   |  |  |
| Test may be Administered by School Personnel in a Non- School Setting (NS) Approved by DOE   | May be used to test ELs who are enrolled but unable to attend school due to hospitalization or other extended absences during the testing window. Test administrators must be trained. A school-issued laptop with both the Testing Site Manager and INSIGHT should be used.  |  |  |
| Word Process or<br>Similar Keyboarding<br>Device used to<br>Respond to Text Items<br>(WD)<br>Approved by DOE   | A student who is unable to keyboard responses directly on the online assessment or use a pencil to respond on the paper-based test may use this accommodation.  For Writing: Spell check, grammar check, dictionary/thesaurus and access to the internet must be turned off.  |  |  |



# APPENDIX C: GRAPHIC ORGANIZERS, ARITHMETIC TABLES, MULTIPLICATION TABLES, AND HUNDREDS TABLE

Appendix C-1: Graphic Organizers

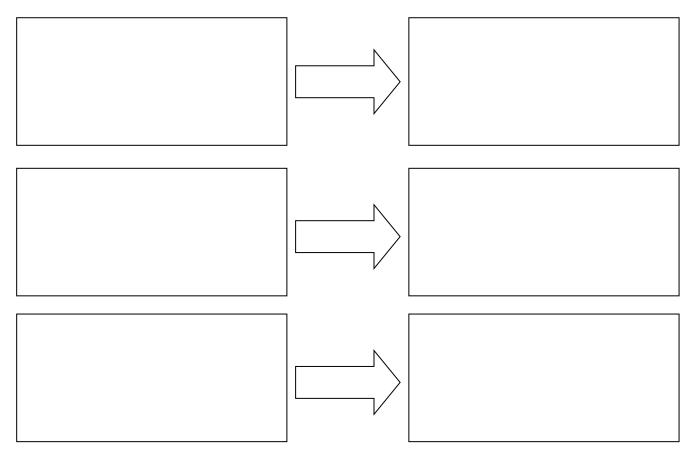
Appendix C-2: Arithmetic Tables

Appendix C-3: Hundreds Table - DeSSA



# **Appendix C-1: Graphic Organizers**

This graphic organizer is permitted to be used by students with disabilities who have this Accommodation.



Modifications to this graphic organizer:

- You may add boxes and arrows.
- You may enlarge or shrink the graphic organizer.
- You may NOT add any words or directions or symbols.



# **Appendix C-2: Arithmetic Tables**

# Addition Table

| +  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 |
| 1  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 |
| 2  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 3  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| 4  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 5  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 6  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 7  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 8  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 9  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 10 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |



# Multiplication Table

| Multiplication Table |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|                      | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  |
| 1                    | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  |
| 2                    | 2 | 4  | 6  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
| 3                    | 3 | 6  | 9  | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 |
| 4                    | 4 | 8  | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 |
| 5                    | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| 6                    | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 |
| 7                    | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 |
| 8                    | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 |
| 9                    | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 |



# Appendix C-3: Hundreds Table - DeSSA

#### Hundreds Table

| 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10  |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20  |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30  |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40  |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50  |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60  |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70  |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80  |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90  |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |



# APPENDIX D: SCRIBING, TRANSLATION, LANGUAGE SIMPLIFICATION, AND READ ALOUD PROTOCOLS

Appendix D-1: Scribing Protocol – DeSSA

Appendix D-2: Native Language/Visual Communication Translator Protocol

Appendix D-3: Read Aloud Protocol – DeSSA

Appendix D-4: Suggested Test Reader Script

Appendix D-5: Read Aloud Protocol – DeSSA (Spanish)

Appendix D-6: Suggested Test Reader Script (Spanish)

Appendix D-7: Simplified Directions Protocol - DeSSA



#### **Appendix D-1: Scribing Protocol - DeSSA**

A scribe is an adult who writes down what a student dictates via speech, American Sign Language, or an assistive communication device. The guiding principle in scribing is to ensure that the student has access to and is able to respond to test content.

Scribes are allowable on DeSSA Assessments as a **documented accommodation** for ELA writing, and a **designated support** for mathematics and ELA non-writing items.

#### **Qualifications for Scribes**

- The scribe should be an adult who is familiar with the student, such as the teacher or teaching assistant who is typically responsible for scribing during educational instruction and assessments.
- Scribes must have demonstrated knowledge and experience in the subject for which scribing will be provided.
- Scribes should have extensive practice and training in accordance with DeSSA and state administration and security policies and procedures as articulated in state test administration manuals, guidelines, and related documentation.

#### **Preparation**

- Scribes should read and sign a test security/confidentiality agreement prior to test administration.
- Scribes are expected to familiarize themselves with the test format in advance of the scribing session. Having a working familiarity with the test environment will help facilitate the scribe's ability to record the student's answers. Scribes may wish to review the practice test to become familiar with the assessment.
- Scribes should be familiar with the Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan if
  the student for whom they are scribing has a disability, so that there are plans in place for
  providing all needed designated supports and accommodations.
- Scribes should also have a strong working knowledge of the embedded and nonembedded universal tools, designated supports, and accommodations available on DeSSA assessments.
- Scribes should review the Scribing Protocol for DeSSA Assessments with the student at least one to two days prior to the test event.
- Scribes should practice the scribing process with the student at least once prior to the scribing session.

#### General Guidelines

- Scribing must be administered so that the interaction between a scribe and a student does not interrupt other test-takers, or inadvertently reveal the student's answers.
- If not in a separate setting, the scribe should be situated near enough to the student to prevent their conversations from reaching other students in the room.
- For computer-based administrations, scribes must enter student responses directly into the test interface, making use of the available embedded and non-embedded tools available for a given item and student.
- Scribes are expected to comply with student requests regarding use of all available features within the test environment.



- Scribes may respond to procedural questions asked by the student (e.g., test directions, navigation within the test environment, etc.).
- Scribes may not respond to student questions about test items if their responses compromise validity of the test. The student must not be prompted, reminded, or otherwise assisted in formulating his or her response during or after the dictation to the scribe.
- Scribes may ask the student to restate words or parts as needed. Such requests must not be communicated in a manner suggesting that the student should make a change or correction.
- Scribes may not question or correct student choices, alert students to errors or mistakes, prompt or influence students in any way that might compromise the integrity of student responses. A scribe may not edit or alter student work in any way, and must record exactly what the student has dictated.
- Students must be allowed to review and edit what the scribe has written. If necessary, the student can request the scribe to read aloud the completed text before final approval.

#### **Content-Area Specific Guidelines**

#### English Language Arts

#### Selected Response Items (Single and Multiple Answer)

- The student must point to or otherwise indicate his/her selection(s) from the options provided
- Scribes are expected to comply with student directions regarding screen and test navigation and use of test platform features available for a given item
- The student will confirm the selected answer and indicate to the scribe when he/she is ready to move to the next item

#### Constructed Response Items (Short-Text)

- The scribe will write verbatim student responses on paper or on screen in an area occluded from other students' view.
- The scribe will correctly spell all words as dictated.
- The scribe will **not** capitalize words or punctuate text.
- The scribe will orally confirm spelling of homonyms and commonly confused homophones, e.g., than and then; to, two, and too; there, their, and they're.
- The student will proofread to add punctuation, capitalization, spacing, and make other edits.
- The scribe will make student requested changes, even if incorrect.
- The student will confirm the fidelity of the response.
- The student will indicate to the scribe when he/she is ready to move to the next item.

#### Long Essay (Full-Write)

 The scribe will write verbatim student responses on paper or on screen in an area occluded from other students' view.



- The scribe will correctly spell all words as dictated.
- The scribe will **not** capitalize words or punctuate text.
- The scribe will orally confirm spelling of homonyms and commonly confused homophones, e.g., than and then; to, two, and too; there, their, and they're.
- The student will proofread to add punctuation, capitalization, spacing, and other edits.
- The scribe will make student requested changes, even if incorrect.
- The student will confirm the fidelity of the response.
- The student will indicate to the scribe when he/she is ready to move to the next item.
- Scribes should request clarification from the student about the use of capitalization, punctuation, and the spelling of words, and must allow the student to review and edit what the scribe has written.

#### **Mathematics**

#### Selected Response Items (Single and Multiple Answer)

- The student must point to or otherwise indicate his/her selection from the options provided.
- The scribe will comply with student directions, including requests regarding screen and test navigation and use of test platform features available for the question.
- The student will confirm his/her selections and indicate to the scribe when he/she is ready to move to the next item.
- Scribes should request clarification from the student about the use of capitalization, punctuation, and the spelling of words, and must allow the student to review and edits what the scribe has written.

#### Constructed/Equation Response Items

- The student must point or otherwise direct the scribe in developing his/her response.
- The scribe will input student work directly onscreen and in view of the student
- For responses requiring equations, the student must specify where to place figures and operands.
- For responses requiring text, the scribe will correctly spell all words as dictated and conform to standard writing conventions.
- For responses requiring text, the student will proofread to add punctuation, capitalization, spacing, and other edits.
- The scribe will make student requested changes, even if incorrect.
- The student will confirm the fidelity of the response.
- The student will indicate to the scribe when he/she is ready to move to the next item.



#### Considerations for students also using ASL or other sign system

- The scribe should be proficient in the sign system utilized (e.g., ASL) or the scribe should be working with an interpreter proficient in the sign system, as determined by the member.
- When a constructed response is required, the interpreter/scribe should convey the meaning behind the student's indicated response.
- The interpreter/scribe should show the student the written response, but NOT sign the response to the student.
  - Probing or clarifying is allowed in the case of classifiers for students using ASL or other sign systems...
- Students may review the written or typed response on paper or on the computer screen and indicate any changes or revisions to the scribe.

#### CONSIDERATIONS FOR STUDENTS USING BRAILLE

- The scribe should be proficient in reading (visually or tactually) braille in all braille codes used by the student, as determined by the member.
- The scribe should enter the responses on paper or online exactly as the student has brailled. In addition to following the content specific guidelines above, errors in braille code should not be corrected.
- The scribe may ask for the student to read back brailled responses for clarification if the brailled response is difficult to read due to student corrections.
- Students may review the written or typed response on paper or on the computer screen by either using the scribe to read back the entered response or using assistive technology. Students may indicate any changes or revisions to the scribe.

#### Post-Administration

 The scribe will submit online or paper-based student responses and collect scratch paper, rough drafts, and login information immediately at the end of the testing session and deliver it to the test administrator in accordance with Consortium and state policies and procedures.

#### References

California Department of Education. (2010, February). California High School Exit Examination.

Retrieved from CAHSEE Accommodations and Modifications:

<a href="http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/hs/documents/scribguidefeb10.doc">http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/hs/documents/scribguidefeb10.doc</a>

Delaware Department of Education. (2013, 06 14). Guidelines for Inclusion of Students with Disabilities and English Language Learners. Retrieved from DCAS Online:

<a href="http://de.portal.airast.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/06/Guidelines\_for\_Inclusion\_2013-14\_V2.pdf">http://de.portal.airast.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/06/Guidelines\_for\_Inclusion\_2013-14\_V2.pdf</a>

New England Common Assessment Program (NECAP). (2010, August). New England Common Assessment Program Accommodations Guide. Retrieved from





http://www.maine.gov/portal/:

https://www.maine.gov/education/necap/1011materials/accommodations\_guide\_final.pdf

State of Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction. (2013, September). *Access Supports and Accommodations Guidelines for State Assessments*. Retrieved from State of Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction:

<a href="http://www.k12.wa.us/assessment/statetesting/pubdocs/AccommodationManual.pdf">http://www.k12.wa.us/assessment/statetesting/pubdocs/AccommodationManual.pdf</a>

Utah State Office of Education. (2013). *Scribe Accommodation Guidelines*. Retrieved from http://www.schools.utah.gov/:

http://www.schools.utah.gov/sars/DOCS/assessment/usoescribeglines.aspx

West Virginia Department of Education . (December, 2013). West Virginia Department of Education Office of Assessment and Accountability. Retrieved from West Virginia Guidelines for Participation in State Assessments, 2013-2014: Guidance on Accommodations for Students with Disabilities and/or Limited English Proficiency in State and District-Wide Testing: <a href="http://wvde.state.wv.us/oaa/pdf/ParticipationGuidelines.pdf">http://wvde.state.wv.us/oaa/pdf/ParticipationGuidelines.pdf</a>



# Appendix D-2: Native Language/Visual Communication Translator Protocol – DeSSA and DeSSA-Alt

#### What is a native language/visual communication translator?

"[Visual Communication] translation is the spontaneous oral translation of test items and/or directions from English to an EL's native language. That is, sight translation involves rendering printed English test materials orally in the learner's native language.

...Since sight translation is done spontaneously, no administration will be identical to any other administration, even when the same interpreter and non-English language are involved. That is, the same interpreter may interpret the text differently on two different occasions."

#### Conditions under which a native language/visual communication translator can be used:

- Student has limited reading skills in English; and
- Student's native language listening proficiency is sufficient to benefit from an native language/ visual communication translator; and
- No print translation is available or student has low proficiency in reading and writing in the native language.

Native languages/visual communication translators are available for the following:

#### **General Education Assessments**

| Description  | Content Area  |
|--|---|
| Human translator/interpreter – Native Language. Level 2 - Provide a native language translator to translate test questions (including multiple-choice options) into native language. Instructor may determine that the translator must translate all items or only items requested by student. Native language translator must be proficient in the native language. See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual communication Translator. This support must be approved by DOE (see Appendix E-2). | DeSSA Math  |
| Human Translator – Visual Communication. Level 3 - An adult with the necessary qualifications provides translation/interpretation of the math test using cued speech or signed English to a student with disabilities (IEP or 504). See Appendix D-3 for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual communication Translator. Reading passages may not be translated through visual communication. This support must be approved by DOE (see Appendix E-2).   | DeSSA ELA CAT/PT<br>(Listen Items<br>ONLY), DeSSA<br>Math |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Stansfield, C. (2008). Sight translation of assessments. Prepared for the LEP Partnership, U.S. Department of Education. Rockville, MD: Second Language Testing, Inc. Retrieved November 12, 2008, from <a href="http://www.ncela.gwu.edu/spotlight/LEP/2008/">http://www.ncela.gwu.edu/spotlight/LEP/2008/</a>.



Native languages/visual communication translators are available for the following:

#### **DESSA-ALT**

| Description  | Content Areas         |
|--|-----------------------|
| Translator/ Interpreter items into native language. A translator site translates/interprets the test questions and answer options and associated graphics into the student's native language.  Translator/interpreter should review materials under secure conditions prior to test administration for optimal interpretation. Native language/visual communication translator must be proficient in the native language. See DLM for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual Communication Translator. DOE does NOT need to approve this accommodation.                     | ELA, Math,<br>Science |
| Translator/ Interpreter for passages into native language. A translator site translates/interprets the passages (including any posters, stories, or other ancillary materials) into the student's native language. Translator/interpreter should review materials under secure conditions prior to test administration for optimal interpretation. Native language/visual communication translator must be proficient in the native language. See DLM for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual Communication Translator. DOE does NOT need to approve this accommodation. | ELA, Math,<br>Science |
| Provide translation of construct-irrelevant words. A translator site translates/interprets the non-construct relevant words into the student's native language. Translator/interpreter should review materials under secure conditions prior to test administration for optimal interpretation. See Appendix J for protocol for Interpreter. See DLM for the Protocol for Native Language/Visual Communication Translator. DOE does NOT need to approve this accommodation.  | ELA, Math,<br>Science |

Qualifications of native language/visual communication translator:

- Has at least a high school diploma (minimum level of education).
- Is proficient in student's native language and English.
- Has previous experience performing interpretation/visual communication translation from English to student's native language.
- Is able to speak clearly and at a normal pace with good pronunciation.
- Is knowledgeable of both American culture and the student's native country or geographic region.
- Is familiar with the United States K-12 public educational system.

Who should NOT be a native language/visual communication translator?

- Children and minors;
- Individuals with less than a high school diploma or the native country's equivalent.

#### Before a Test

The native language/visual communication translator:



- Will complete DeSSA Test Administrator Training or DeSSA-Alt Test Administrator
  Training and sign all necessary forms if he is serving as Test Administrator <u>AND</u> native
  language/visual communication translator.
- Will not be required to complete DeSSA or DeSSA-Alt Test Administrator Training but will sign all necessary forms if he is serving only as native language/visual communication translator.
- May have supervised access to a paper/pencil test up to four days prior to test administration (the review must be supervised by school or district assessment coordinator or designee).
- Must also meet qualifications for scribe if scribing.
- Must review security policy.
- Must be trained by the school test coordinator or designee in the expectations for test administrators.
- Should be assigned to one student for the entire assessment (it is preferred that the native language/visual communication translator be the same person each day—stay consistent throughout test administration).
- Should become familiar with the student before testing (if not already known to the student).

#### **During a Test**

- The student and native language/visual communication translator should each have a copy
  of the test (if paper/pencil)
- Do not alert the student to his/her mistakes during testing.
- Do not prompt the student in any way that would result in a better or worse response or essay.
- Do not influence the student's response in any way.
- Interpret/translate all directions including example questions.
- If asked to repeat a question or paragraph, repeat the entire paragraph or question so as not to identify only important aspects.
- Give special emphasis to words printed in boldface, italics, or capitals.
- Interpret/translate all answer choices on a multiple-choice test before accepting an answer.
   If student interrupts while response options are being read, ignore the response accept a response given after the options have all been read.
- Avoid voice inflection which may be seen as a clue (with the exception of words in bold, italics, or capitals, which are intended to be emphasized).
- If serving as test administrator and interpreter, the test administration must be supervised
  by a certified Delaware educator if the individual is not a certified Delaware educator (see
  the Test Administrator Manual and Test Security Policy).



#### After a Test

- Do not discuss test or responses with others.
- Participate in the evaluation process if asked by the school or district test coordinator (discussion of how well the accommodation worked).

#### Adapted from:

- Clapper, A.T., Morse, A.B., Thurlow, M. L., & Thompson, S. J. (2006). How to Develop State Guidelines for Access Assistants: Scribes, Readers, and Sign Language Interpreters. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota, National Center on Educational Outcomes.
- Stansfield, C. (2008). Sight translation of assessments. Prepared for the LEP Partnership, U.S. Department of Education. Rockville, MD: Second Language Testing, Inc. Retrieved November 12, 2008, from <a href="http://www.ncela.gwu.edu/spotlight/LEP/2008/">http://www.ncela.gwu.edu/spotlight/LEP/2008/</a>.



#### Appendix D-3: Read Aloud Protocol - DeSSA

When a student cannot access text-to-speech, an embedded resource available on the DeSSA assessment, the student may be eligible to work with a test reader. A test reader is an adult who provides an oral presentation of the assessment text to an eligible student. The student depends on the test reader to read the test questions accurately, pronounce words correctly, and speak in a clear voice throughout the test. The test reader must be trained and qualified and must follow the DeSSA Accessibility Guidelines for Read Aloud, Test Reader presented here. The guiding principle in reading aloud is to ensure that the student has access to test content.

On DeSSA Assessments, test readers are allowable across all grades as a **designated support** for mathematics and ELA items as appropriate (not ELA reading passages). Test readers are allowable for ELA reading passages as a **documented accommodation** in all grades. Note that this accommodation is appropriate for a very small number of students (estimated to be approximately 1-2% of students with disabilities participating in a general assessment).

#### **Qualifications for Test Readers**

- The test reader should be an adult who is familiar with the student, and who
  is typically responsible for providing this support during educational
  instruction and assessments.
- Test readers must be trained on the administration of the assessment in accordance with state policy, and familiar with the terminology and symbols specific to the test content and related conventions for standard oral communication.
- Test readers must be trained in accordance with DeSSA Assessments administration and security policies and procedures as articulated in state test administration manuals, guidelines, and related documentation.

#### **Preparation**

- Test readers should read and sign a test security/confidentiality agreement prior to test administration.
- Test readers are expected to familiarize themselves with the test environment and format in advance of the testing session. Having a working familiarity with the test environment and format will help facilitate reading of the test.
- Test readers should have a strong working knowledge of the embedded and non-embedded accessibility and accommodations options and features available on DeSSA assessments.
- Test readers should be familiar with the Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 plan if the student for whom they are reading has access to additional designated supports and/or accommodations. This will ensure that there are plans in place for providing all needed designated supports and accommodations.
- In addition to a test reader, students may make use of any other approved specialized tools or equipment during the test as appropriate and in accordance



with the *Usability, Accessibility, and Accommodations Guidelines*. Test readers should be familiar with any assistive technology or approved supports the student requires.

- Test readers should have extensive practice in providing read aloud support and must be familiar and comfortable with the process before working directly with a student.
- The reader should be knowledgeable of procedures for reading aloud text by content area (see Table 1 at the end of the Guidelines for Read Aloud, Test Reader).
- The test reader should meet with the student in advance and inform the student of the parameters of the support. A suggested test reader script is included at the end of the Guidelines for Read Aloud, Test Reader.
- Unless otherwise specified by a student's IEP or 504 plan, the test reader does not have a role in manipulating the test or assisting with any other support tools. Test readers should be ready with appropriate script that reinforces the parameters during the test session.

#### **General Guidelines**

- The test reader's support should ideally be provided in a separate setting so as not to interfere with the instruction or assessment of other students.
- Read each question exactly as written as clearly as possible.
- Throughout the exam, strive to communicate in a neutral tone and maintain a neutral facial expression and posture.
- Avoid gesturing, head movements, or any verbal or non-verbal emphasis on words not otherwise emphasized in text.
- Avoid conversing with the student about test questions as this would be a violation
  of test security; respond to the student's questions by repeating the item, words or
  instructions verbatim as needed.
- Do not paraphrase, interpret, define, or translate any items, words, or instructions as this would be a violation of test security.
- Spell any words requested by the student.
- Adjust your reading speed and volume if requested by the student.

#### **Post-Administration**

- The test reader must collect scratch paper, rough drafts, and login information immediately at the end of the testing session and deliver it to the test administrator in accordance with DeSSA policies and procedures.
- The test reader must not discuss any portion of the test with others.



#### **English Usage/Conventions**

- **Punctuation:** Read all text as punctuated.
- **Ellipses:** When an ellipsis is used to signify missing text in a sentence, pause briefly, and read as, 'dot, dot,'
- **Quotations:** Quotation marks should be verbalized as "quote" and "end quote" at the beginning and end of quoted material, respectively.
- Emphasis: When words are printed in boldface, italics, or capitals, tell the student
  that the words are printed that way. In order not to provide an unfair advantage to
  students receiving this support, test readers should be cautious not to emphasize
  words not already emphasized in print.
   Emphasis is appropriate when italics, underlining, or bold is used in the prompt,
  question, or answers.
- Misspellings: In some cases a test item may present a word or phrase that is
  intentionally misspelled as part of the assessment. In these instances the student is
  required to respond in a specific way. When presented with intentionally misspelled
  words test readers should not attempt to read the word(s) aloud as pronunciation is
  somewhat subjective.

#### **Images / Graphics**

- Before describing a picture or graphic, the test reader should determine whether the
  details of the picture are necessary to understanding and responding to the item(s).
   In many cases, an image will be used to accompany a passage or reading excerpt
  as a piece of visual interest that is not essential in responding to the item.
- Describe the image/graphic as concisely as possible following a logical progression. Focus on providing necessary information and ignoring the superfluous. Use grade-appropriate language when describing the image/graphic.
- Read the title or caption, if available.
- Any text that appears in the body of an image may be read to a student. Read text
  in images in the order most suited for the student's needs. Often the reader moves
  top to bottom, left to right, or general to specific in accordance with teaching
  practices.

#### **Passages**

- Read the passage in its entirety as punctuated (e.g., pauses at periods; raised intonation for questions). Do not verbalize punctuation marks other than ellipsis and quotation marks as noted above.
- If the student requires or asks for a specific section of the passage to be re-read
  with the punctuation indicated, the test reader should re-read those specific lines
  within the passage and indicate all punctuation found within those lines as many
  times as requested by the student.
- When test questions refer to particular lines of a passage, read the lines referenced as though they are part of the stem.

#### **Graphic Organizers**



- Before reading a graphic organizer, the test reader should discern the most appropriate and logical manner in which to present the information. In general, information should be presented from broad to specific as indicated by the visual components of the document. The test reader should read the terms exactly as indicated in the graphic organizer. No other information about should be articulated. For example, the test reader should not create sentences if information is bulleted or appears in a title or label.
- Use common grade-appropriate language throughout the item and the test when referring to graphic organizers and their attributes (labels, blank cells, stems, etc.).

#### **Mathematical Expressions**

- Mathematical expressions must be read precisely and with care to avoid misrepresentation by a student who has no visual reference. For mathematics items involving algebraic expressions or other mathematical notation, it may be preferable for the reader to silently read the mathematical notations or the entire question before reading it aloud to the student.
- Test readers read mathematical expressions with technical accuracy. Similar expressions should be treated consistently.
- In general, numbers and symbols can be read according to their common English usage for the student's grade level.
- Numbers greater than 99, however, should be read as individual numbers.
- Additional examples may be found in the attached appendix.
- Abbreviations and acronyms should be read as full words. For example, 10 cm needs to be read as "ten centimeters." Some abbreviations may be read differently by different readers. For
  - example,  $cm^3$  may be read as "cubic centimeters" or "centimeters cubed".



Table 1. Test Reader Guidance for Mathematics

#### **Numbers**

| Numbers   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Description   | Example(s)   | Read as:   |
| Large whole numbers   | 632, 407, 981  | "six three two comma four zero seven comma nine eight one"   |
|   | 45,000,689,112   | "four five comma zero zero zero comma six eight nine comma one one two"                                  |
| Decimal numbers   | 0.056  | "zero point zero five six"   |
|   | 4.37   | "four point three seven"   |
| Fractions - common  | $     \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5} $ $     \frac{14}{25} $ | "one half, one fourth, two thirds, four fifths" Other common fractions include "sixths, eighths, tenths" |
| Fractions - not common - read as "numerator over denominator" | 487<br>6972  | "fourteen over twenty-five"  |
|   | 4  | "four eight seven over six nine seven two"   |
| Mixed numbers - read with "and" between                       | $3\frac{1}{2}$   | "three and one-half"   |
| whole number and fraction                                     | $57\frac{3}{4}$  |  |
|   |  | "fifty-seven and three fourths"  |
| Percent   | 62%  | "sixty-two percent"  |
|   | 7.5%   | "seven point five percent"   |
|   | 0.23%  | "zero point two three percent"   |
| Money - if contains a   | \$4.98   | "four dollars and ninety-eight   |
| decimal point, read as  | \$0.33<br>\$5368.00  | cents" "thirty-three cents"  |
| "dollars AND cents"   | φυσυσ.υυ   | "five three six eight dollars"   |
| Negative<br>numbers - do                                      | -3   | "negative three"   |
| NOT read<br>negative sign as                                  | - <u>5</u><br>- <u>8</u>   | "negative five eighths"  |
| "minus"   | -7.56  | "negative seven point five six"  |
| Dates (years)   | 1987   | "nineteen eighty-  |
| Dates (years)   | 2005   | seven" "two thousand<br>five"  |



| Description    | Example(s) | Read as:            |
|----------------|------------|---------------------|
| Roman Numerals | 1          | "Roman Numeral one" |

| Description | Example(s)      | Read as:  |
|-------------|-----------------|---|
|             | II<br>III<br>IV | "Roman Numeral<br>two" "Roman<br>Numeral three" |
| Ratios      | x: y            | "x to y"  |

**Operations** 

| Description                          | Example(s)                          | Read as:   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Addition                             | 13<br><u>+ 27</u> 13 + 27           | "thirteen plus twenty-seven equals"                        |
|                                      | =<br>13 + 27<br>=?                  | "thirteen plus twenty-seven equals question mark"          |
| Subtraction                          | 487<br><u>- 159</u> 487 - 159<br>=  | "four eight seven minus one five nine equals"              |
|                                      | 487 - 159<br>=?                     | "four eight seven minus one five nine equals question mark |
| Multiplication                       | 63<br><u>X 49</u> 63 X 49           | "sixty-three times forty-nine equals"                      |
|                                      | -<br>63 X 49<br>=?                  | "sixty-three times forty-nine equals question mark         |
| Division – Vertical or<br>Horizontal | $120 \div 15 = 8\frac{120}{15} = 8$ | "one two zero divided by fifteen equals eight"             |
| Operations with boxes                | 3 + □= 8                            | "three plus box equals fifteen"                            |



# Expressions

| Description  | Example(s)   | Read as:   |
|--|--|--|
| Expressions<br>containing variables<br>(any letter may be<br>used as a variable) | $N + 4$ $8x-3$ $4(y-2)+5=7$ $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ | "'N' plus four"  "eight 'x' minus three"  "four open parenthesis 'y' minus two close parenthesis plus five equals seven" |
|  |  | "'V' equals four-thirds pi 'r' cubed"  |

| Description                       | Example(s)                  | Read as:   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|                                   | t -2<br>6≤15                | "the absolute value of 't' (pause)<br>minus two (pause) over six is less<br>than or equal to fifteen"                                    |
|                                   | $x^2y^3 = -36$ $156x \ge 4$ | "'x' squared 'y' cubed equals negative thirty- six" or "'x' to the second power times 'y' to the third power equals negative thirty-six" |
|                                   |                             | "one hundred fifty six 'x' is greater than or equal to four"   |
| Coordinate pairs                  | the point (-1, 2)           | "the point (pause) negative one comma two"   |
| Answer choices with no other text | the point A is at (6, 3).   | "The point 'A' is at (pause) six comma three."   |
|                                   | A. (-3, -4)                 | "'A' (pause) negative three comma negative four"   |
| Parallels                         | AB    CD                    | "line AB is parallel to line CD"   |
| Perpendiculars                    | AB ⊥ CD                     | "line AB is perpendicular to line CD"  |



# Appendix D-4: Suggested Test Reader Script (To be used with student in advance of the day of testing)

| Hι   |   |
|------|---|
| 1 11 | , |

I'm the person who will be reading your test to you when you take your DeSSA Assessment next week in [math/ELA]. I wanted to let you know how we'll work together. When I'm reading a test to you, it's very different from when I'm reading to you during class time. I have to follow certain rules.

I cannot help you with any answers.

• I cannot click on anything in the screen.

I will not be using different character voices or changes in my tone when I read. I
will be using a very direct voice that does not change very much, no matter how
exciting the story or test item gets.

If there is a picture that has words in it, I will read those words. If you ask, I will re-

read the words as well.

Sometimes there may be something about a word or phrase that might give you a
hint if I read it out loud. In those cases, I will skip the word, point to it on screen [or
on your booklet if braille or print on demand], and continue to read.

 I can still help you with your [\*\*list any assistive technology that the student may require that would need adult support -- if that support is provided by you].

 You can ask me to re-read parts of the test if you didn't hear me or need more time to think.

You can ask me to pause my reading if you need to take a break.

- You can ask me to slow down or speed up my reading, or read louder or softer if you are having trouble understanding what I read.
- I will only read certain types of punctuation, but if you need me to re-read a sentence and tell you how it was punctuated, I can do that.
- If you ask me a question about the test all I will say is: "do your best work. I cannot help you with that."
- Do you have any questions for me about how we'll work together during the test?

<sup>1</sup> A reader may click on something on the screen only if this is an identified need in the student's IEP or

<sup>504</sup> plan and the reader has received appropriate training on when and how to do so.



#### References

Educational Testing Service. (2002). *Guidelines for a Test Reader.* Retrieved from ETS Home:

https://www.ets.org/disabilities/test\_r eader/

Measured Progress / ETS. (2012, April 16). *Mathematics Audio Guidelines*. Retrieved from Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium:

http://www.Smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wp-

content/uploads/2012/05/TaskItemSpecifications/Guidelines/AccessibilityandAccommodations/M athematicsAudioGuidelines.pdf

Measured Progress/ETS. (2012, April 16). *ELA Audio Guidelines*. Retrieved from Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium: <a href="http://www.Smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2012/05/TaskItemSpecifications/Guidelines/AccessibilityandAccommodations/EL AAudioGuidelines.pdf">http://www.Smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2012/05/TaskItemSpecifications/Guidelines/AccessibilityandAccommodations/EL AAudioGuidelines.pdf</a>

Oregon Department of Education Office of Student Learning and Partnerships. (2012, December).

Guidelines for the Read Aloud Accommodation. Retrieved from Oregon Department of Education Home: http://www.ode.state.or.us/teachlearn/testing/admin/alt/ea/2-guidelines-for-the-math-read- aloud-accommodation-for-2012-2013-(3).pdf

- State of Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction. (2013, September).

  \*\*Access Supports and Accommodations Guidelines for State Assessments.\*\*

  Retrieved from State of Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction: http://www.k12.wa.us/assessment/statetesting/pubdocs/AccommodationManual.pdf
- West Virginia Department of Education. (December, 2013). West Virginia Department of Education Office of Assessment and Accountability. Retrieved from West Virginia Guidelines for Participation in State Assessments, 2013-2014: Guidance on Accommodations for Students with Disabilities and/or Limited English Proficiency in State and District-Wide Testing:

http://wvde.state.wv.us/oaa/pdf/ParticipationGuidelines.pd



#### Appendix D-5: Read Aloud Protocol — DeSSA (Spanish)

When a student cannot access text-to-speech, an embedded resource available on the DeSSA assessment, the student may be eligible to work with a test reader. A test reader is an adult who provides an oral presentation of the assessment text to an eligible student. The student depends on the test reader to read the test questions accurately, pronounce words correctly, and speak in a clear voice throughout the test. The test reader must be trained and qualified and must follow the DeSSA Assessments Guidelines for Read Aloud, Test Reader presented here. The guiding principle in reading aloud is to ensure that the student has access to test content. On DeSSA Assessments, test readers in Spanish are allowable across all grades as a **designated support** for mathematics.

#### **Qualifications for Test Readers**

- The test reader should be a bi-literate adult who is familiar with the student, and who is typically responsible for providing a Read Aloud support in Spanish during educational instruction and assessments.
- Test readers must be trained on the administration of the assessment in accordance with state policy, and familiar with the terminology and symbols specific to the test content and related conventions for standard oral communication.
- Test readers must be trained in accordance with DeSSA assessment administration and security policies and procedures as articulated in Consortium and state test administration manuals, guidelines, and related documentation.

#### **Preparation**

- Test readers should read and sign a test security/confidentiality agreement prior to test administration.
- Test readers are expected to familiarize themselves with the test environment and format in advance of the testing session. Having a working familiarity with the test environment and format will help facilitate reading of the test.
- Test readers should have a strong working knowledge of the embedded and non-embedded accessibility and accommodations options and features available on DeSSA assessments.
- Test readers should be familiar with the Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 plan if the student for whom they are reading has access to additional designated supports and/or accommodations. This will ensure that there are plans in place for providing all needed designated supports and accommodations.
- In addition to a test reader, students may make use of any other approved specialized tools or equipment during the test as appropriate and in accordance with the *Usability, Accessibility, and Accommodations Guidelines*. Test readers should be familiar with any assistive technology or approved supports the student requires.
- Test readers in Spanish should have extensive practice in providing read aloud support in Spanish and must be familiar and comfortable with the process before working directly with a student.



- The reader should be knowledgeable of procedures for reading aloud text by content area (see Table 1 at the end of the Guidelines for Read Aloud, Test Reader).
- The test reader should meet with the student in advance and inform the student of the parameters of the support. A suggested test reader script is included at the end of the Guidelines for Read Aloud, Test Reader.
- Unless otherwise specified by a student's IEP or 504 plan, the test reader does not have a role in manipulating the test or assisting with any other support tools. Test readers should be ready with appropriate script that reinforces the parameters during the test session.

#### **General Guidelines**

- The test reader's support should ideally be provided in a separate setting so as not to interfere with the instruction or assessment of other students.
- Read each question exactly as written as clearly as possible.
- Throughout the exam, strive to communicate in a neutral tone and maintain a neutral facial expression and posture.
- Avoid gesturing, head movements, or any verbal or non-verbal emphasis on words not otherwise emphasized in text.
- Avoid conversing with the student about test questions as this would be a violation
  of test security; respond to the student's questions by repeating the item, words or
  instructions verbatim as needed.
- Do not paraphrase, interpret, or define any items, words, or instructions as this would be a violation of test security.
- Spell any words requested by the student.
- Adjust your reading speed and volume if requested by the student.

#### **Post-Administration**

- The test reader must collect scratch paper, rough drafts, and login information immediately at the end of the testing session and deliver it to the test administrator in accordance with DeSSA assessment policies and procedures.
- The test reader must not discuss any portion of the test with others.

#### **Spanish Usage/Conventions**

- **Punctuation:** Read all text as punctuated.
- **Ellipses:** When an ellipsis is used to signify missing text in a sentence, pause briefly, and read as 'punto, punto, punto.'
- **Quotations:** Quotation marks should be verbalized as "comillas" and "fin de comillas" at the beginning and end of quoted material, respectively.
- **Emphasis**: When words are printed in boldface, italics, or capitals, tell the student that the words are printed that way. In order not to provide an unfair advantage to students receiving this support, test readers should be cautious not to emphasize words not already emphasized in print.
  - Emphasis is appropriate when italics, underlining, or bold is used in the prompt, question, or answers.



Misspellings: In some cases a test item may present a word or phrase that is
intentionally misspelled as part of the assessment. In these instances the student is
required to respond in a specific way. When presented with intentionally misspelled
words test readers should not attempt to read the word(s) aloud as pronunciation is
somewhat subjective.

#### **Images / Graphics**

- Before describing a picture or graphic, the test reader should determine whether the
  details of the picture are necessary to understanding and responding to the item(s).
   In many cases, an image will be used to accompany a passage or reading excerpt
  as a piece of visual interest that is not essential in responding to the item.
- Describe the image/graphic as concisely as possible following a logical progression. Focus on providing necessary information and ignoring the superfluous. Use grade-appropriate language when describing the image/graphic.
- Read the title or caption, if available.
- Any text that appears in the body of an image may be read to a student. Read text
  in images in the order most suited for the student's needs. Often the reader moves
  top to bottom, left to right, or general to specific in accordance with teaching
  practices.

#### **Passages**

- Read the passage in its entirety as punctuated (e.g., pauses at periods; raised intonation for questions). Do not verbalize punctuation marks other than ellipsis and quotation marks as noted above.
- If the student requires or asks for a specific section of the passage to be re-read
  with the punctuation indicated, the test reader should re-read those specific lines
  within the passage and indicate all punctuation found within those lines as many
  times as requested by the student.
- When test questions refer to particular lines of a passage, read the lines referenced as though they are part of the stem.

#### **Graphic Organizers**

- Before reading a graphic organizer, the test reader should discern the most appropriate and logical manner in which to present the information. In general, information should be presented from broad to specific as indicated by the visual components of the document. The test reader should read the terms exactly as indicated in the graphic organizer. No other information about should be articulated. For example, the test reader should not create sentences if information is bulleted or appears in a title or label.
- Use common grade-appropriate language throughout the item and the test when referring to graphic organizers and their attributes (labels, blank cells, stems, etc.).

#### **Mathematical Expressions**



- Mathematical expressions must be read precisely and with care to avoid misrepresentation by a student who has no visual reference. For mathematics items involving algebraic expressions or other mathematical notation, it may be preferable for the reader to silently read the mathematical notations or the entire question before reading it aloud to the student.
- Test readers read mathematical expressions with technical accuracy. Similar expressions should be treated consistently.
- In general, numbers and symbols can be read according to their common Spanish usage for the student's grade level.
- Numbers greater than 99, however, should be read as individual numbers.
- Additional examples may be found in the attached appendix.
- Abbreviations and acronyms should be read as full words. For example, 10 cm needs to be read as "diez centímetros." Some abbreviations may be read differently by different readers. For example, cm<sup>3</sup> may be read as "centímetros cúbicos" or "centímetros al cubo"



Table 1. Test Reader Guidance for Mathematics

#### **Numbers**

| Numbers   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Description   | Example(s)  | Read as:   |
| Large whole numbers   | 632, 407, 981   | "seis tres dos coma cuatro cero siete coma nueve ocho uno"               |
|   | 45,000,689,112  | "cuatro cinco coma cero cero cero coma seis ocho nueve coma uno uno dos" |
| Decimal numbers   | 0.056   | "cero punto cero cinco seis"   |
|   | 4.37  | "cuatro punto tres siete"  |
| Fractions - common  | $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{2}{3}$ , $\frac{4}{5}$ | "un medio, un cuarto, dos tercios, cuatro quintos"                       |
|   | 14  | "catorce sobre veinticinco"  |
| Fractions - not common - read as "numerator over denominator" | 25<br>487<br>6972   | "cuatro ocho siete sobre seis nueve siete dos"                           |
| Mixed numbers - read with "and" between                       | $3\frac{1}{2}$  | "tres y un medio"  |
| whole number and fraction                                     | $57\frac{3}{4}$   | "cincuenta y siete y tres cuartos"                                       |
| Percent   | 62%   | "sesenta y dos por ciento"   |
|   | 7.5%  | "siete punto cinco por ciento"   |
|   | 0.23%   | "cero punto dos tres por ciento"   |
| Money - if contains a   | \$4.98  | "cuatro dólares y noventa y ocho centavos"                               |
| decimal point, read as  | \$0.33<br>\$5368.00   | "treinta y tres centavos"  |
| "dollars AND cents"   | φυυσο.υυ  | "cinco tres seis ocho dólares"   |
| Negative numbers - do   | -3  | "negativo tres"  |
| NOT read  | 5   | "negativo cinco octavos"   |
| negative sign as<br>"minus"                                   | - <u>5</u><br>- <u>8</u><br>-7.56                             | "negativo siete punto cinco seis"  |
| Dates (years)   | 1987  | "mil novecientos ochenta y siete"  |
| ,   | 2005  | "dos mil cinco"  |
| Roman Numerals  | 1   | "número romano uno"  |



| Description | Example(s)      | Read as:                                       |
|-------------|-----------------|--|
|             | II<br>III<br>IV | "número romano<br>dos" "número<br>romano tres" |
| Ratios      | x: y            | "x a y"  |

**Operations** 

| Description                          | Example(s)                            | Read as:  |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Addition                             | 13<br>+ 27<br>27 = 13 + 27<br>=?      | "trece más veintisiete es igual a"  "trece más veintisiete es igual a signo de interrogación" |
| Subtraction                          | 487<br><u>- 159</u> 487 – 159<br>=    | Ü   |
|                                      | 487 - 159                             | "cuatro ocho siete menos uno cinco nueve es igual a signo de                                  |
| Multiplication                       | 63<br><u>X 49</u><br>49 = 63 X        | "sesenta y tres por cuarenta y nueve es igual a"  |
|                                      | 63 X 49<br>=?                         | "sesenta y tres por cuarenta y<br>nueve es igual a signo de<br>pregunta"                      |
| Division – Vertical or<br>Horizontal | $\frac{120}{8} = 8$ $120 \div 15 = 8$ | "uno dos cero dividido entre<br>quince es igual a ocho"                                       |
| Operations with boxes                | 3 + □= 8                              | "tres más casilla es igual a 8"   |

# **Expressions**

| Description   | Example(s)   | Read as:   |
|---|--|--|
| Expressions containing variables (any letter may be used as a variable) | $N + 4$ $8x - 3$ $4 y - 2 + 5 = 7$ $(     )$ $4$ $V = \pi r^{3}$ | "'N' más cuatro"  "ocho 'x' menos tres"  "cuatro abre paréntesis 'y' menos dos cierra paréntesis más cinco es igual a siete" |
|   | 3_   | "'V' es igual a cuatro tercios pi '和師 I P a g<br>cubo"   |



| Description                       | Example(s)   | Read as:  |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
|                                   | i  | "el valor absoluto de 't' (pause)<br>menos dos (pause) sobre seis es<br>menor o igual a quince"   |
|                                   | $x^2y^3 = -36$                                     | "'x' al cuadrado 'y' al cubo es igual a<br>negativo treinta y seis" o "'x' a la<br>segunda potencia por 'y' a la tercera<br>potencia es igual a negativo treinta y<br>seis" |
|                                   | 156 <i>x</i> ≥ 4                                   | "ciento cincuenta y seis 'x' es mayor o igual a cuatro"   |
| Coordinate pairs                  | the point (-1, 2)                                  | "el punto (pause) negativo uno coma dos"  |
| Answer choices with no other text | the point A is at (6, 3).                          | "El punto A está en<br>(pause) seis coma tres."   |
|                                   | A. (-3, -4)  | "'A' (pause) negativo tres coma negativo cuatro"  |
| Parallels                         | ĀB ∥ CD  | "la línea AB es paralela a la línea CD"   |
| Perpendiculars                    | $\overline{AB}$ $\overline{\perp}$ $\overline{C}D$ | "la línea AB es perpendicular a la línea CD"  |



# Appendix D-6: Suggested Test Reader Script (Spanish) (To be used with student in advance of the day of testing)

Soy la persona asignada para leerte el examen que tomarás la próxima semana durante la Evaluación de DeSSA de matemáticas. Me gustaría informarte cómo estaremos trabajando juntos. Cuando te esté leyendo la prueba, será de manera muy distinta a cuando te estoy leyendo durante la clase. Necesito seguir ciertas reglas.

No te puedo ayudar con ninguna respuesta. No puedo hacer clic sobre nada en la pantalla.<sup>1</sup>

No estaré usando diferentes voces de personajes o cambiando mi tono de voz cuando lea. Estaré usando una voz muy directa que no cambie mucho, no importa qué tan emocionante sea la historia o ítem de la prueba.

Si hay una imagen con palabras, leeré esas palabras. Si lo pides, leeré nuevamente las palabras.

Algunas veces puede haber algo sobre una palabra o frase que te puede dar una clave si lo leo en voz alta. En esos casos, no leeré esa la palabra, la señalaré en la pantalla [o en el cuadernillo de braille o impreso al momento] y continuaré leyendo

Todavía puedo ayudarte con tus [\*\*\*list any assistive technology that the student may require that would need adult support -- if that support is provided by you].

Me puedes pedir que lea nuevamente partes de la prueba si no me escuchaste o necesitas más tiempo para pensar.

Me puedes pedir que haga una pausa en la lectura si necesitas tomar un descanso.

Me puedes pedir que lea más despacio o más rápido, o leer más alto o más bajo si tienes problema entendiendo lo que leo.

Leeré ciertos signos de puntuación, pero si necesitas que lea nuevamente una oración y que te diga la puntuación, puedo hacerlo.

Si me haces una pregunta sobre la prueba lo único que te voy a decir es: "Haz tu mejor trabajo.

No te puedo ayudar en eso.

¿Tienes alguna pregunta sobre cómo vamos a trabajar juntos durante la prueba?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A reader may click on something on the screen only if this is an identified need in the student's IEP or

<sup>504</sup> plan and the reader has received appropriate training on when and how to do so.



#### References

Educational Testing Service. (2002). *Guidelines for a Test Reader*. Retrieved from ETS Home:

https://www.ets.org/disabilities/test reader/

Measured Progress / ETS. (2012, April 16). *Mathematics Audio Guidelines*. Retrieved from Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium:

http://www.smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wpcontent/uploads/2012/05/TaskItemSpecifications/Guidelines/AccessibilityandAcco
mmodations/M athematicsAudioGuidelines.pdf

Measured Progress/ETS. (2012, April 16). *ELA Audio Guidelines*. Retrieved from Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium: <a href="http://www.smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2012/05/TaskItemSpecifications/Guidelines/AccessibilityandAccommodations/EL AAudioGuidelines.pdf">http://www.smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2012/05/TaskItemSpecifications/Guidelines/AccessibilityandAccommodations/EL AAudioGuidelines.pdf</a>

Oregon Department of Education Office of Student Learning and Partnerships. (2012, December).

Guidelines for the Read Aloud Accommodation. Retrieved from Oregon Department of Education Home: http://www.ode.state.or.us/teachlearn/testing/admin/alt/ea/2-guidelines-for-the-math-read- aloud-accommodation-for-2012-2013-(3).pdf

State of Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction. (2013, September).

Access Supports and Accommodations Guidelines for State Assessments.

Retrieved from State of Washington Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction:

http://www.k12.wa.us/assessment/statetesting/pubdocs/AccommodationManual.
pdf

West Virginia Department of Education. (December, 2013). West Virginia Department of Education Office of Assessment and Accountability. Retrieved from West Virginia Guidelines for Participation in State Assessments, 2013-2014: Guidance on Accommodations for Students with Disabilities and/or Limited English Proficiency in State and District-Wide Testing: http://wvde.state.wv.us/oaa/pdf/ParticipationGuidelines.pd



# Appendix D-7: Simplified Directions Protocol - DeSSA

# Guidelines for Simplified Test Directions in the Test Administration Manual

September 30, 2016

Simplified test directions is a designated support allowable across all grades on Smarter Balanced assessments. Designated Supports can be provided to any student so long as an informed educator or group of educators determines it is appropriate. Students with difficulties in auditory processing, short-term memory, attention, or decoding may benefit from having test directions simplified for them. This designated support may require testing in a separate setting to avoid distracting other test takers. For information on documentation requirements and decision-making criteria for use of simplified test directions and all other Smarter Balanced accessibility resources please see the Smarter Balanced Usability, Accessibility, and Accommodations Guidelines.

A test administrator who provides the simplified test directions designated support is an adult who simplifies the script within the SAY boxes in the Online, Summative, Test Administration Manual (TAM). Test administrators should not deviate from the test directions found in the TAM in ways that impact the content being measured. The student depends on the test administrator to read the script in the TAM accurately, pronounce words correctly, and speak in a clear voice. When a student needs additional support understanding the test directions found in the TAM, the test administrator may simplify or paraphrase the language in the script and verify the student's understanding. Simplifying test directions should be consistent with classroom instruction and includes repeating or rephrasing. This may include breaking TAM directions into parts or segments or using similar words or phrases, but it should exclude defining words or concepts. The test administrator must be trained in administering the assessment and must follow the *Smarter Balanced Guidelines for Simplified Test Directions* presented here. The test administrator must ensure that the student understands the directions in the TAM. Only the script in the TAM may be simplified. Test content, including test items, words from items, or instructions for individual items may NOT be simplified or paraphrased.

#### Qualifications for Test Administrators Who Simplify Test Directions

- The test administrator who simplifies test directions should be an adult who is familiar
  with the student, and who is typically responsible for providing this support during
  educational instruction and assessments.
- Test administrators must be trained on the administration of the assessment in accordance with member policy, and be familiar with the terminology and symbols specific to the directions and related conventions for standard oral communication.
- Test administrators must be trained in accordance with Smarter Balanced and member administration and security policies and procedures as articulated in the TAM and the Member Procedures Manual.
- Test administrators must be familiar with the vocabulary used in the TAM directions and be able to speak clearly and at a normal pace with clear pronunciation.
- Test administrators must be willing to be patient and repeat test directions.

### Prior to Test Administration

In addition to the guidelines noted in Section 9.0, Prior to Test Administration, in the TAM, test administrators who simplify test directions should



- Be trained in administering the assessment per the requirements noted in Section 1.4 -Training of the TAM.
- Familiarize themselves with the testing environment and format in advance of the testing session.
- Have a strong working knowledge of the embedded and non-embedded universal tools, designated supports, and accommodations available on Smarter Balanced assessments.
- Have extensive practice in simplifying test directions and must be familiar and comfortable with the process before working directly with the student.
- Be familiar with the student's needs, including the Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 plan if the student for whom they are reading has access to additional designated supports and/or accommodations. This will ensure that there are plans in place for providing all needed designated supports and accommodations.
- Be familiar with any assistive technology or approved supports the student requires. In addition to the simplified test directions support, students may make use of any other approved accessibility resource during the test as appropriate and in accordance with the Usability, Accessibility, and Accommodations Guidelines.
- It is recommended that the same test administrator be assigned to students for each day
  of testing.

### Day of Test Administration

In addition to the guidelines noted in Section 10.0, Day of Test Administration, in the TAM, test administrators who simplify test directions should

- Be prepared to restate the language in the script.
- Read the directions aloud in paraphrased, clarified, or simplified form, rather than reading the script verbatim.
- Follow the TAM guidelines for assisting the student with taking the test.
- Not prompt the student in any way that would result in a different response to a test item.
- Not influence the student's response in any way.
- Spell any words in the script if requested by the student.
- Adjust their reading speed and volume if requested by the student.
- Not paraphrase, interpret, define, or translate any aspect beyond the script provided in the TAM. They should <u>NOT</u> read aloud any parts of the test content, including items, words, or instructions as this would be a violation of test security.
  - ONLY if the student is registered for the read aloud designated support and/or accommodation in conjunction with the simplified test directions designated support, the test reader should follow the Smarter Balanced Guidelines for Read Aloud.

#### Following Test Administration

Test administrators who simplify test directions should follow the guidelines noted in Section 11.0, Following Test Administration, in the TAM.



# **Example of Simplified Test Directions**

| Full Log-in Directions  | Simplified Log-in Directions   |
|---|--|
| Now we are ready to log in. Once you have logged in, you will have to wait for me to approve the test before you start. I'll be checking that you have correctly entered the test session ID and other information.   | Now we are ready to log in. Enter your legal first name, not your nickname, followed by your SSID number. Then enter the test session ID.  |
| Enter your legal first name, not your nickname, followed by your SSID number. Then enter the test session ID. Raise your hand if you need help typing this information on your keyboard.  |  |
| Now click "Sign In." Once you have successfully logged in, you will see a screen with your first name and other information about you. If all of the information on your screen is correct, select YES to continue. If any of the information is incorrect, please raise your hand and show me what is incorrect. | Now click "Sign In." Make sure that your personal information on the next screen is correct and click YES to continue. If it is not correct, raise your hand.                                  |
| On the next screen, select the [INSERT NAME OF TEST]. After you have selected your test, you will see a screen with a moving bar and message saying that you are waiting for Test Administrator approval. Please wait quietly while I verify each of your tests.  | On the next screen, select the [INSERT NAME OF TEST]. Then wait.   |
| After I approve you to begin testing, you will see a screen asking you to check your test content area and settings. If all the information is correct, you may select YES, START MY TEST. If any of it is incorrect, please raise your hand.   | After I approve you to begin testing, make sure that you have the right test and settings. If any of the test information is incorrect, please raise your hand. If the information is correct, |
| Before your test appears, you will see a tutorial page listing the test tools and buttons that you may use during the test or that will appear on the test. Please read this carefully. You can also find this information during your test by clicking the HELP button in the top right corner.                  | click YES, START MY TEST.  |
| When you are ready to begin your test, click BEGIN TEST NOW at the bottom of the page.  | When you are ready to begin your test, click BEGIN TEST NOW at the bottom of the page.   |



# Appendix D-8: Scribe Guidance for ACCESS 2.0

Students receiving the scribe accommodation may respond to test items either

- Orally
- Using gesturing/pointing
- Eye-gazing
- AAC device

The adult test administrator serving as a scribe may either keyboard the student's responses directly onscreen (online) or enter the student's responses in the student's answer booklet (paper-based).

Scribing takes place as the student dictates or produces the response, and the response is entered verbatim into the online assessment or the paper test booklet at the time of testing. If requested by the student, the scribe may read the dictated response back to the student. The student may subsequently dictate changes or edits to the scribe, and the scribe must make those changes exactly as dictated by the student, even if a change is incorrect.

- A scribe may administer the accommodation to only one student at a time during a testing session. The student must be tested in an individual setting.
- The scribe may manipulate embedded universal tools such as the notepad, line guide or color contrast setting as requested by the student.
- A student using a scribe must be given the same opportunity as other students to plan and draft a constructed response. The scribe may write an outline, plan or draft as directed by the student.
- The scribe must allow the student to review the scribed response in order to make edits. If requested by the student, the scribe may read a response that was already dictated. The student may dictate change or edits to the scribe, and the scribe must make those changes exactly as directed by the student, even if the change is incorrect.
- All scribing, including changes, must be completed during the test session.

# For the Writing domain:

While mechanics are not specifically scored in the Writing domain, grammatical structures and organization of text does affect the student's score. The student is responsible for all capitalization and punctuation by verbally instructing the scribe what letters are capitalized and where to add punctuation.

- After dictation: The student can dictate the entire response at one time. The scribe will write/type the response without capitalization and punctuation. When the student is finished dictating, the scribe will show the response to the student. The student will tell the scribe which letters are to be capitalized and where punctuation should be added.
- During dictation: The student may add capitalization and punctuate as he/she dictates. (e.g., capital S, she only paints with bold colors, semicolon, she does not like pastels, period.)



The student should provide exact spelling the first time they use a keyword (noun or verb relevant to the content); thereafter, the scribe can spell the word as the student first spelled it. (e.g., pastels, P-A-S-T-EL-S.)

If the student uses a non-English word or one that the scribe does not understand, the scribe should prompt the student to spell the word (e.g., "how do you spell twall?") and write down the student's spelling of the word.

### **Qualifications for a Scribe**

Individuals who provide the Scribe accommodation must:

- Be trained by the SEA or LEA on how to accurately provide the accommodation. (Ideally, the training would provide an opportunity to practice and receive immediate direct feedback.)
- Sign a WIDA's non-disclosure agreement.
- Be proficient in all English language domains.
- Produce legible text (paper-based) or be proficient at typing (online).

Preferably, the scribe will already have experience scribing for the student. Likewise, the student should have experience with the given accommodation on an ongoing basis. The exception would be in an unforeseeable circumstance such as a broken arm or hand. In this case, it is strongly recommended that the student and scribe be allowed time to practice prior to beginning the assessment.

A new accommodation should not be introduced to the student for the first time during administration (exceptions apply to emergency accommodations, e.g., scribe due to a broken hand). Accommodations used during assessment should be familiar to the student because they have been used instructionally.

# **Acceptable Scribing Practices**

- The scribe may ask "Are you finished?" or "Is there anything you want to add or delete?"
- The scribe may respond to procedural questions asked by the student such as, "Do I have to use the entire space to answer the question?" The scribe may indicate "No."
- The scribe may prompt and remind the student of instructions or dictation rules, as needed, such as "Please spell that word."
- If the student requests that the scribe read a response that was already dictated, the scribe must read what the student dictated previously, being careful not to cue the student to errors.
- The scribe can ask the student to slow down or repeat their dictated response.
- The scribe should not write down unrelated vocalizations ("um") by the student.

# **Unacceptable Scribing Practices**

- The scribe must not influence the student's response in any way.
- The scribe must not coach the student by giving specific directions, clues, or prompts. (e.g., "remember to tell me to capitalize the first letter of a sentence.")
- The scribe must not tell the student if his or her answer is correct or incorrect, or alert the student to mistakes.





- The scribe must not answer a student's questions related to the content. (e.g., "Can you tell me what this word means?")
- The scribe cannot suggest that the student says more or go back and check the responses.



# APPENDIX E: TEXT-TO-SPEECH, HUMAN READER, HUMAN INTERPRETER, AND UNIQUE ACCOMMODATIONS FORMS

Appendix E-1: Text to Speech/Human Reader Request Form

Appendix E-2: Human Interpreter Student Request Form

Appendix E-3: Human Interpreter Certification Requirements Form

Appendix E-4: Unique Accommodations/Supports Request Form

Appendix E-4 WIDA: Unique Accommodations Request Form

Appendix E-5: Text to Speech Request Form for DeSSA Science and Social Studies



# Appendix E-1: Text to Speech/Human Reader Request Form for DeSSA ELA

Directions: The text to speech (TTS) and human reader accommodations <u>for reading</u> <u>passages for the ELA CAT portion</u>, as with all accommodations, must be an integral component of the student's daily instruction. The IEP Team must verify that TTS or Human Reader is provided in the classroom to enable the student access to grade level content.

| Date:_       |   |  |   |                        |  |                |
|--------------|---|--|---|------------------------|--|----------------|
| Studer       | nt Name: Last _   |  |   | First                  |  |                |
| DELSI        | S ID #  | Birt   | hdate                                       |                        |  |                |
| District     | [   | al Cantactia   | School_                                     |                        |  |                |
| Grade_       | Scno  | ooi Contact s e                                      | emaii                                       |                        |  |                |
| Reque        | est is for:   Tex   | t to Speech  | □ Huma                                      | n Reader               |  |                |
| <u>Answe</u> | ring YES to all th  | e questions b  | elow is requi                               | red to reque           | est use of these accor                       | mmodations:    |
| 1.           |   | by other stude                                       |   |                        | ead grade level instr<br>nd with adequate co |                |
| 2.           | Does the stude<br>TTS or Human<br>☐ Yes                                   |  | cialized form                               | nats and rou           | tine instructional sup                       | port including |
| 3.           | Does the stude  | nt's IEP includ                                      | de reading go<br>□ No                       | oal(s) and/o           | r braille reading goal                       | (s)?           |
| 4.           | Does the stude  | nt receive Acc                                       | cessible Instr                              | uctional Ma            | terials (AIM)?                               |                |
| instruc      | tional support.<br>In the Data Con<br>In the Statemen<br>As a Condition t | siderations (in<br>t of Services (<br>o the Student' | cluding "Oth<br>top of Goal I<br>'s Goal(s) | er Factors")<br>Pages) | Reader is a documen                          |                |
| Signat       | ure/Title   |  |   |                        | Date   | <u> </u>       |
| Name         | (print)   |  |   |                        |  |                |

Note: This documentation is to be kept in the student's file. **This form must be scanned and given to the District Test Coordinator to submit through DOE Help Desk (KACE)**. Do not email this form to DOE. DOE will respond within ten business days. Students may not be administered this accommodation without written approval from DOE. In the case of TTS, DOE will activate this accommodation in TIDE once approval has been granted.



# Additional Optional resource for decision-making

# Guidelines for Choosing Text-to-Speech or Read Aloud for DeSSA ELA Summative and Interim Assessment Reading Passages for Students with Disabilities in Grades 3-5

The decision to provide a student in grades 3-5 with text-to-speech or human read-aloud accommodations for the English language arts (ELA) reading assessment passages is a significant decision, one that has possible long-term implications for the child. These accommodations are defined as follows:

## Text-to-speech:

Text is read aloud to the student via embedded text-to-speech technology. The student is able to control the speed as well as raise or lower the volume of the voice via a volume control.

### Read aloud:

Text is read aloud to the student by a trained and qualified human reader who follows the administration guidelines provided in the *DeSSA Test Administration Manual* and *Read Aloud Protocol* in the *Manual's* appendix. Readers may read aloud some or all of the content to students.

The decision about providing either of these accommodations should be guided by a set of questions to determine whether it is appropriate to provide the *DeSSA* ELA reading passages via the embedded text-to-speech accommodation or the non-embedded human reader accommodation.

### **Background**

Students can read closely and analytically to comprehend a range of increasingly complex literary and informational texts.

For students in grades 3-5, the DeSSA ELA/Literacy claim integrates the ability to read and the ability to understand what was read. Providing ELA reading passages via text-to-speech or a human reader to students who do not meet specific criteria means that these combined skills are not being assessed, and no conclusions can be reached about the student's skills in these areas.

- The claims are identified in the content specifications for the Smarter Balanced ELA/Literacy assessment. The content specifications document is available at http://www.smarterbalanced.org/smarter-balanced-assessments/, under Content Specifications.
- The DeSSA ELA assessment allows text-to-speech and read aloud for directions and ELA items as designated supports available to all students with documented needs. It also now allows text-to-speech and read aloud for ELA reading passages for those students with IEPs (Individualized Education Programs) that document the need for these accommodations for ELA reading passages.



There is minimal research on the numbers of students with disabilities in grades 3-5 who might need text-to-speech or read aloud assistance because of a disability that interferes with their ability to learn to decode and comprehend text. Some states have suggested that from 1% to 1.5% of their total student population may have a disability that severely limits or prevents them from decoding written text, while others indicate that the numbers are much smaller or much larger. These students may be those who are blind or have significant visual impairments but have not learned to read braille, and those students who have disabilities that have significant decoding or fluency challenges.

3. Because grades 3-5 are a critical time for students to learn to read and grow in their comprehension skills, it is important to obtain a good measure of these skills. Providing the text-to-speech and read aloud accommodations to students who do not need them because of their identified reading disability can have negative consequences for instruction and for their growing decoding and comprehension skills. For example, some educators might assume that students who receive the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation no longer need to be instructed on decoding and fluency skills, which is a clearly inappropriate assumption.

Only those students for whom it is appropriate to provide the DeSSA ELA reading assessment passages through text-to-speech or read aloud accommodations should receive them. Further, for those students receiving the read aloud accommodation, it is critical that the reader adhere to the DeSSA *Read Aloud Guidelines*. The guidelines are available at: http://www.smarterbalanced.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/Read-Aloud-Guidelines.pdf.

The questions provided here are ones that can assist Individualized Education Program (IEP) decision-making teams in determining whether it is appropriate to indicate that students in grades 3-5 should be provided the reading passages for an ELA reading assessment via a text-to-speech or human read aloud accommodation. The questions should be answered by the student's teachers, and by the student himself or herself. Then, the IEP team can consider both the provided answers, along with other diagnostic information to make a decision about the provision of text-to-speech or read aloud accommodations for the DeSSA ELA assessment. A tool for documenting the responses to questions is provided in Table 1.

#### **Questions for Teachers**

# 1. Is this student blind or does this student have a significant visual impairment? If so, is the student learning to read braille?

3 Your state should be keeping track of the number of students receiving the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation for ELA reading passages. It will provide additional professional development and guidance if it appears that too many or too few students may be using the accommodation for the DeSSA ELA reading assessment passages. Text-to-Speech and Read Aloud Decision Guidelines Page 3

A student who is learning to read braille should be assessed in grades 3-5 with the braille form of the assessment, so that an accurate measure of his or her reading and comprehension skills is obtained. If the student has not learned to read braille, providing the DeSSA ELA reading assessment passages through text to speech or read aloud is appropriate.

2. Does the student have a reading-based disability? Does the disability affect the student's decoding skills, fluency skills, or comprehension skills?

A reading-based disability may affect a student's ability to decode, read with fluency, understand text that is decoded, or a combination of these. Determining the nature of the



student's reading challenges can help determine the appropriate intervention approaches, as well as needed accommodations during classroom instruction and during assessments. Having a reading-based disability means that there is strong evidence of the persistence of the disability despite intensive, targeted instruction. There should be documentation of the interventions used and formative assessment data on the effect of each intervention. Evidence of a reading-based disability should have been documented in grades K-2, and reflected in such difficulties as difficulty learning letters or letter sounds, difficulty in learning sight words, and difficulty in phoneme blending. These and other data (for example, student work) should be reviewed by the IEP team to consider the access effects of the use of the accommodation. The text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation is meant to provide access to the text, not to make up for being a slow reader. Being a slow reader does not mean that the student should receive the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation for the *DeSSA* ELA reading assessment in grades 3-5.

### 3. Is the student an English language learner (ELL)?

An English language learner is a student who is learning how to read at the same time that he or she is learning English. It is important to obtain an accurate measure of his or her decoding and skills in English as the student learns the language, which may take several years. Thus, being an ELL is not a sole reason to receive text-to-speech or a read aloud accommodation for the DeSSA ELA reading passages. If the ELL also has a reading-based disability (as defined in Question 2) or is blind, then the considerations for those disabilities would apply. Only students with an IEP or 504 accommodation plan are eligible to receive the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation.

# 4. Does the student have other needs that might be accommodated by the provision of the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation?

In the past, some educators attempted to monitor the pace at which a student went through an assessment by providing the read aloud accommodation. Pacing involved adjusting how fast the administrator read an item, the punctuation used as he or she read, and how much time was provided between each item to allow the student to respond. This is not an appropriate reason to provide the text to speech or read aloud accommodation because it masks what the assessment is assessing.

Sometimes a student who is not blind or does not have a significant visual impairment, or does not have a reading-based disability, has a disability that may have produced a situation where the child ended up lagging in his or her reading skills. This should be addressed through instruction rather than the assessment. It is important that students with other learning needs not be provided the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodations for the ELA reading passages.

IEP teams should recognize that beginning readers struggle for a variety of reasons. Thus, the team must use student data on the effect of the accommodation during instruction to decide whether the child's struggles are due to the disability. By only offering the text-to-speech and read aloud accommodations to those students with true reading-based disabilities or blindness (for those who have not learned braille) and not providing to students with other learning needs, the system has documentation of the need to address the student's missing skills.

# 5. Have interventions been used to improve the student's decoding, fluency, or comprehension skills? If so, what approaches have been used to strengthen the student's decoding, fluency, or comprehension skills?

Documentation of the approaches that have been taken to strengthen the student's decoding, fluency, or comprehension skills is an important step in determining whether a text-to-speech or



read aloud accommodation is needed. This documentation should include specific dates with progress monitoring data and interventions implemented. It should demonstrate that continuous, intensive interventions have not been successful in improving student decoding, fluency, or comprehension performance. Only if this can be demonstrated should the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation be considered for the student.

# 6. Does the student use text-to-speech or receive a read aloud accommodation during instruction?

Students with significant disability-related barriers to accessing text usually have demonstrated these barriers over an extended period of time. As a result, for instructional purposes, they have used the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation during instruction to gain access to text. They also may have membership in an organization such as Bookshare, or regularly use assistive technology software to provide them access to text. If the student has not been provided these types of accommodations during instruction, they should not be provided during the assessment.

# 7. Does the student use text-to-speech or receive a read aloud accommodation during formative assessments or during other DeSSA summative assessments?

Another indicator of the need for text-to-speech or read aloud for the DeSSA ELA reading passages is that the student regularly receives the accommodation during formative assessments or other *DeSSA* summative assessments. If a student receives text-to-speech or read aloud for instruction but not for formative assessments or for other DeSSA summative assessments, it is likely that the student does not need text-to-speech or read aloud for the DeSSA ELA reading passages.

Text-to-Speech and Read Aloud Decision Guidelines Page 5



# 9. Does someone (e.g., teacher, paraprofessional, another student, parent) regularly read aloud to the student in school?

A possible supporting indicator of the need for text-to-speech or the read aloud accommodation is that the student typically is read to instead of the student reading for himself or herself. This indicator should be used with caution. It should not just be because students with disabilities are typically provided text-to-speech or a read aloud accommodation. Instead, the fact that someone else reads aloud to the student, rather than the student reading for himself or herself, is because it has been determined that the student will lack access to important information due to significant barriers to decoding, fluency, or comprehension. Even when this is the case, it does not necessarily mean that the student should receive the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation for grade 3-5 ELA reading passages. There is a risk that some students who are regularly read aloud to in school may not have had appropriate access to high-quality reading instruction; this needs to be ruled out when using read aloud in school as a supporting indicator. Further, instruction should always strive to increase the student's independent reading.

# **Questions for Students in Grades 3-5**

The student's teacher should set aside time to talk to the student about his or her reading skills and the need for text-to-speech or human read aloud during the DeSSA ELA reading assessment. During this discussion, it may be appropriate to use other terms to ensure that the student understands the questions. For example, if the student does not know the term "text-to-speech," perhaps refer to "screen readers" or "audio functions." In addition, none of these questions on their own indicates that it is appropriate to provide text-to-speech or read aloud to the student. Even when all of the student's answers to the questions indicate that the student prefers text-to-speech or read aloud, that information must be balanced by evidence that the student has received intensive, targeted reading instruction.

The following questions can be used during this discussion.

# 1. Do you read to yourself when you are at home? If not, is it because you have trouble reading?

Students who are struggling readers generally do not want to read to themselves at school or at home, and avoid doing so. Students in grades 3-5 usually will say that they "can't read" if they have trouble reading. This in itself is not an indication that text-to-speech or read aloud is an appropriate accommodation for the child. It is important to pair this information with evidence that the student has received intensive, targeted reading instruction. If that is the case, then with evidence that the intensive targeted reading instruction has not produced increased decoding or fluency skills, a student response indicating that he or she does not read to himself or herself can contribute to a decision to provide text-to-speech or read aloud for grade 3-5 ELA reading passages.



# 2. Is it harder or easier for you to understand a book if you read it yourself or if it is read to you through text-to-speech or by another person?

Text-to-speech and read aloud accommodations require listening skills that students may not have gained if they do not regularly use the accommodation. Asking whether it is easier to read for themselves or to listen to someone read may provide an indication that text-to-speech or read aloud may be appropriate. Caution needs to be exercised here, however, because struggling readers may indicate a preference for text-to-speech or read aloud even though they do not understand better when the accommodation is provided (see section on *Diagnostic Information to Collect*). A student response to this question indicating that the student thinks that it is easier to understand a book if it is read to him or her should be verified through the collection of diagnostic information.

# 3. If you could choose, would you like to have tests read to you or would you prefer to read them yourself?

This simple question provides another indication of the student's preference. Like the other questions in this section, opting for having someone read to him or her does not necessarily mean it is appropriate to select text-to-speech or read aloud for the student. It is important to pair this information with evidence that the student has received intensive, targeted reading instruction, and that it has been unsuccessful in improving the decoding or fluency skills of the student.

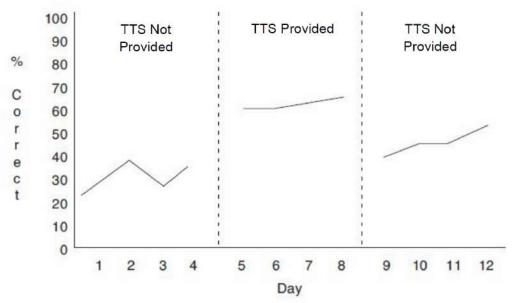
## **Diagnostic Information to Collect**

The questions indicate several types of data that should be collected and documented about the student in grades 3-5 who is being considered for the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation. This information should be documented so that it can contribute to the decision about whether the student in grades 3-5 should receive one of these accommodations. Document the following:

- Nature and duration of targeted interventions provided to the student to improve decoding, fluency, or comprehension skills
- Evidence of improvement or non-improvement following each targeted intervention
- Student performance with and without either text-to-speech or read aloud

One way to document student performance with and without the accommodation being considered is to have the student respond to a simple reading achievement test or to DeSSA practice items with and without the accommodation. Graphing performance will help identify patterns (as in the figure below). The testing dates and student performance under each condition should be documented.





Note: This figure was adapted with permission from one in J.L. Elliott and M.L. Thurlow (2006), *Improving test performance of students with disabilities on district and state assessments* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Corwin Press.

Even with performance data that indicate improved performance with the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation, it is important to differentiate whether the improvement is due to the effect of the student's disability or simply to poor reading skills not related to a disability. This differentiation can be informed by the responses to the other items included here.

#### **Conclusions**

Because the decision to provide a student in grades 3-5 with text-to-speech or a human read-aloud accommodation for the English language arts (ELA) reading assessment passages is a significant decision, with possible long-term implications for the child, the decision must be made with extreme care. The questions included here should be used to help inform that decision. Only when a preponderance of the information obtained from responses to the questions reflect a need for either text-to-speech or read aloud, should the accommodation be provided.



Optional Table 1. Documentation of Possible Need for Text-to-Speech or Read Aloud Accommodations for ELA Reading Passages for Students with Disabilities in Grades 3-5

| Student Name:  |   |           | Сору       |                            |  |
|--|---|-----------|------------|----------------------------|--|
| Teacher:   |   |           |            |                            |  |
|  |   |           |            |                            |  |
|  | aded boxes may indicate                             |           |            |                            |  |
|  | A preponderance of evid<br>for the accommodation to |           |            |                            |  |
| reading passage  |   | De provid | cu to a st | duent in grades 5-0 for Et |  |
| rouning passage  |   |           |            |                            |  |
| Questiona  |   | Yes       | No         | Comments                   |  |
|  | d or does this student have                         |           |            |                            |  |
| a significant visual   | •   |           |            |                            |  |
|  | t is blind or has a significant                     |           |            |                            |  |
| visual impair<br>learning to re  | ment, is the student                                |           |            |                            |  |
|  | have a identified reading-                          |           |            | Describe skills affected   |  |
|  | at affects the student's                            |           |            |                            |  |
| decoding, fluency,   | or comprehension skills?                            |           |            |                            |  |
| Have interventions   | been used to improve the                            |           |            | Describe approaches.       |  |
| student's decoding   |   |           |            |                            |  |
| comprehension sk   |   |           |            |                            |  |
|  | use text-to-speech or<br>ud accommodation during    |           |            |                            |  |
| instruction?   | dd accommodation during                             |           |            |                            |  |
|  | pelong to Bookshare or a                            |           |            |                            |  |
| similar organization   |   |           |            |                            |  |
|  | egularly use assistive                              |           |            |                            |  |
|  | re or audio books?                                  |           |            |                            |  |
|  | ise text-to-speech or                               |           |            |                            |  |
|  | ud accommodation during<br>nents or during other    |           |            |                            |  |
| Smarter Balanced   |   |           |            |                            |  |
|  | acher, paraprofessional,                            |           |            |                            |  |
|  | arent) regularly read aloud                         |           |            |                            |  |
| to the student in so   |   |           |            |                            |  |
| Student Input:   |   |           |            |                            |  |
| Did the student indicate he or she reads to  |   |           |            |                            |  |
| himself or herself when at home, and that it is  |   |           |            |                            |  |
| because he or she has trouble reading?  Does the student indicate that it is easier to |   |           |            |                            |  |
| understand a book when it is read to him or  |   |           |            |                            |  |
| her through text-to-speech or by another   |   |           |            |                            |  |
| person?  |   |           |            |                            |  |
|  | ndicate that given the                              |           |            |                            |  |
|  | would prefer to read tests                          |           |            |                            |  |
| himself or herself?  |   |           |            |                            |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Some questions in the "questions" sections are not included in this table because they are not indicators of a possible need for the text-to-speech or read aloud accommodation. These include, for example, the question "Is the student an English language learner (ELL)?"



# **Appendix E-2: Human Interpreter Student Request Form**

The Human Interpreter Support is related to students with hearing impairments and/or English Learners. Complete either Section A or B and sign at the end of the document. Use of the Human Interpreter Designated Support will not invalidate the test if used according to the guidelines provided by Delaware Department of Education. Refer to Appendix D-3 for more information about how to implement this support.

| Da | ate:                |  |  |
|----|---------------------|--|--|
| St | tudent Name: La     | ıst  | First  |
| DE | ELSIS ID #          | Birthdate_   |  |
| Di | istrict             | Sc   | chool  |
| Gr | rade                | School Contact's email _   |  |
| Sc | chool Contact's N   | lame   |  |
|    |                     |  |  |
|    | Section A:          | Designated Support (   | (L2) Human Interpreter, Native Language  |
|    | elect the appropria | • •  |  |
|    | l DeSSA Social S    | otudies<br>latics (both CAT and PT)  | □ DeSSA-Alt Math   |
|    | l DeSSA Science     | ` '  |  |
|    | Are human or e      | ion below for an English electronic interpretation a /or assessment?   Yes | and/or translated materials provided to the student for  |
| 2. | Is the student v    | vithin the first 3 years of I  | EL eligibility?   Yes   No   |
|    | Date of Eligibili   | ty Determination:  |  |
| 3. |                     |  | n English? Include WIDA ACCESS test scores below<br>ower and a Literacy PL of 3.0 or lower may qualify for human |
|    |                     |  |  |
| 4. | language.           |  | which language, a or b, is the student's <b>dominant</b> nguage?   |
|    | b. What is          | the student's secondary  | language?  |
|    | c. In which         | n language will the stude  | nt receive interpretation?   |
| 5. | Is the student I    | iterate in the language in   | which they will receive interpretation?  |
|    |                     |  |  |



| primary language is not provided  | by DeSSA glossaries,   | the EL may qua  | rided by DeSSA glossaries, or the salify for the Human Interpreter Desive language interpretation can be p | ignated   |
|---|--|---|--|-----------|
| 6. Indicate below how the na  | tive or primary lang   | uage is used  | for instructional purposes.  |           |
| □ Interpretation support  | □ Written tra  | nslation  | □ Print resources  |           |
| ☐ Electronic resources  | ☐ Other:   |   |  |           |
| Section B: Accommod   | lation (L3) Huma   | n Interpret   | er, Visual Communicatio  | <u>on</u> |
| <ul> <li>□ DeSSA ELA CAT (listening</li> <li>□ DeSSA ELA PT (listening p</li> <li>□ DeSSA Mathematics (both</li> <li>□ DeSSA-Alt Math</li> <li>Complete the section below for</li> <li>1. Are human or electronic in instruction and/or assessm</li> <li>2. Does the student commun</li> <li>□ Yes</li> <li>□ No</li> <li>If no, indicate the method used</li> <li>□ Signed English</li> <li>□ Cued Speech</li> <li>□ Other Visual Support:</li> <li>□ In dicate below the area(s) method is a documented in</li> <li>□ In the Data Considerations (</li> <li>□ In the Statement of Services</li> <li>□ As a Condition to the Studer</li> </ul> | ortion only) CAT and PT)  or a Student with a Leterpretation and/orment?  Yes Noticate using Americal for communication and for communication in the IEP where he structional support including "Other Fast (top of Goal Pages of Soal(s)) | □ DeSSA □ DeSSA □ DeSSA Hearing Imp translated m D an Sign Lang n.  uman interpresentations ctors") | Social Studies -Alt ELA -Alt Science  airment: aterials provided to the stude uage (ASL)?                  |           |
| □ Other:  |  |   |  |           |
| Signature/Title   |  | D   | Oate   |           |
| Name (print)  |  |   |  |           |
| Note: This documentation is to b<br>District Test Coordinator to subm<br>administered these supports with   | it through the DOE He  | elp Desk (KAC   |  | o the     |
| Prior to the end of the test wind<br>Certification Requirements For   |  |   |  | ter       |



# Appendix E-3: Human Interpreter Certification Requirements Form

In order for an interpreter to provide the Human Interpreter Support on the DeSSA assessments, the Local Education Agency must assure that the interpreter meets the requirements below. Fill out the form and submit to DOE contact listed. Use of the Human Interpreter Designated Support will not invalidate the test if used according to the guidelines provided by Delaware Department of Education DeSSA Guidelines.

A Human Interpreter must be supervised at all times by a qualified teacher or paraprofessional who has completed the requirements for administering the designated DeSSA test unless the

interpreter is qualified as a Test Administrator. Date:\_\_\_\_\_ Contracting Agency:\_\_\_\_\_ Interpreter's Name: Last \_\_\_\_\_\_ First \_\_\_\_\_ School(s) where interpretation will be provided: School Contact's email School Contact Name (type or print) Human Interpreter, Visual Communication (L3) 1. Proficiency in Signed English, Cued Speech or Other Visual Support required by the student To demonstrate proficiency the interpreter must have: ☐ Certification from a Professional Organization; OR ☐ Current or previous employment in a position requiring interpretation 2. Knowledge of K-12 Education 3. Knowledge of Content Vocabulary 4. Background in Visual Supports (e.g., signed English, cued speech) Fluent in the following Visual Supports: \_\_\_\_\_ Human Interpreter, for Native Language (EL – L2) 1. Proficiency in World Language and English To demonstrate proficiency the interpreter must have: ☐ Certification from a Professional Organization; OR ☐ Current or previous employment in a position requiring interpretation; OR □ Native or near native fluency in the world language and English proficiency 2. Knowledge of K-12 Education 3. Knowledge of Content Vocabulary Fluent in the following World Languages:

Please also complete the information on the following page.



| If the interpreter has documented assessment scores relate proficiency, please list below. (Information only)         | d to World Language and/or English |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Name of Test  | Year of Test                       |
|   |                                    |
|   |                                    |
|   |                                    |
|   |                                    |
|   |                                    |
| Additional Requirements for All Human Interpreters certified  Familiarity with the Visual Communication/Native Langua |                                    |
| Accessibility Guidelines (Appendix D-3)   |                                    |
| □ Completion of DeSSA Test Security training (an online co  | ourse accessed via Schoology. Test |
| Security Acknowledgement Printed and Signed).   |                                    |
| □ Basic computer literacy   |                                    |
| By signing below, the Contractor assures that the interprete above.   | r above has met the requirements   |
| Signature   | Date:                              |
| Name (print)  |                                    |
| Title   | -                                  |
| LEA's credentials   |                                    |
| Signature   | Date:                              |
| Name (print)  |                                    |
| Title   | _                                  |

Note: This documentation is to be kept in the student's file. **This form must be scanned and given to the District Test Coordinator to submit through the DOE Help Desk (KACE).** Do not email this form to DOE. Students may not be administered the support without written approval from DOE (Appendix E-2); however, DOE does not need to "pre-approve" the interpreter on this certification prior to administration.



# Appendix E-4: Unique Accommodations/Supports Request Form

The School Test Coordinator must complete <u>all sections</u> of this worksheet and submit to the District Test Coordinator who will then enter it into DOE Help Desk (KACE). **This form can be used for DeSSA and DeSSA-Alt Assessments. For WIDA assessments, use E-4 (WIDA).** Do NOT mail or FAX this form to DOE.

| First Name:   |   |
|---|---|
| Last Name:  |   |
| Student ID:   |   |
| District:   |   |
| School:   |   |
| Grade:  |   |
| Test Administration season/year:                          | Spring 2019   |
| Assessment(s):  |   |
| Content Areas Tested                                      |   |
| Unique Request Reason:<br>(Check at least one option)     | <ul> <li>☐ Medical</li> <li>☐ Vision</li> <li>☐ Injury: Scribe needed</li> <li>☐ Grade 3 Chart Exception</li> <li>☐ Other</li> </ul>                        |
| Special Exemption<br>Requested:<br>(check all that apply) | ☐ Use of Cell Phone ☐ Heart Monitor ☐ Use of Medical Device ☐ Human Narrator for Hearing Impaired ☐ Use of Hundreds/Multiplication/Arithmetic Table ☐ Other |
| Detailed Description of Unique Acc                        | ommodation/ Support: (This section must be completed)   |
| Signature   |   |

Note: This documentation is to be kept in the student's file. This form and any additional documentation must be scanned and given to the District Test Coordinator to submit through DOE Help Desk (KACE). **Students may not be administered this Unique Accommodation without written approval from DOE.** 



Appendix E-4 (WIDA): Unique Accommodations/Supports Request Form
The EL Coordinator/District Test Coordinator or designee must submit to the DOE Help Desk (KACE).
This form <a href="mailto:should only be used">should only be used</a> for WIDA ACCESS assessments. For DeSSA and DeSSA-Alt use
the other E4 form. The information on this worksheet must be submitted via the DOE Help Desk (KACE)
ten business days before the window opens. Do NOT mail or FAX this form to DOE.

| First Name:                      |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Last Name:                       |   |
| Student ID:                      |   |
| District:                        |   |
| School:                          |   |
| Grade:                           |   |
| Test Administration season/year: | Spring 2019   |
| WIDA Assessment                  | <ul> <li>□ ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 online</li> <li>□ ACCESS for ELLS 2.0 paper</li> <li>□ Kindergarten ACCESS for ELLs</li> <li>□ Alternate ACCESS for ELLs</li> </ul>  |
| Check all applicable domains     | <ul><li>☐ Reading</li><li>☐ Speaking</li><li>☐ Listening</li><li>☐ Writing</li></ul>  |
| Check all that apply:            | ☐ Scribed Response (SR) ☐ Response with a Recording Device (RD)   |
| ☐ Check if IEP Mandated          | <ul><li>☐ Human Reader for Items (HI)</li><li>☐ Word Processor/Keyboarding Device Response (WD)</li></ul>   |
|                                  | <ul> <li>□ Different Testing Format (paper vs. online)</li> <li>□ Interpreter Signs Test Directions in ASL (SD)</li> <li>□ Braille with Tactile Graphics</li> <li>□ Non-School Setting (NS)</li> <li>□ Extended time of a test domain over multiple days (EM)</li> <li>□ Other</li> </ul> |
| Detailed Description of Unique A | ccommodation/ Support:  |
| Signature                        | Date  |

Note: This documentation is to be kept in the student's file. Students may not be administered this Unique Accommodation without written approval from DOE.



# Appendix E-5: Text to Speech Request Form for DeSSA Science and DeSSA Social Studies

Directions: The text to speech (TTS), as with all accommodations, must be an integral component of the student's daily instruction. The IEP Team must verify that TTS is provided in the classroom to enable the student access to grade level content.

| Date:_   |  | _   |  |  |                |
|----------|--|---|--|--|----------------|
| Studer   | nt Name: Las                                     | t   | First  |  |                |
| DELSI:   | S ID #   | Birt  | hdate  |  |                |
| District | ·<br>'   |   | School   |  |                |
| Grade_   | So   | chool Contact's   | email  |  |                |
| ***Note: |  |   | TS) – (Text and (I but the Graphics are              | Graphics) not read aloud. See the Accessibility                  | Guidelines for |
| Answe    | ring YES to al                                   | I the questions b   | elow is required to                                  | request use of these accommo                                     | dations:       |
| 1.       | materials use                                    | ed by other stude<br>ame age peers?                         |  | ble to read grade level instruction rate and with adequate compr |                |
|          |  |   |  |  |                |
| 2.       | Does the stu<br>TTS?                             | ident require spe   | cialized formats a                                   | nd routine instructional support                                 | including      |
|          | □ Ye   | es  | □ No   |  |                |
| 3.       | Does the stu                                     |   | de reading goal(s)<br>□ No                           | and/or braille reading goal(s)?                                  |                |
| 4.       | Does the stu                                     |   | cessible Instruction                                 | nal Materials (AIM)?   |                |
|          | In the Data Co<br>In the Statem<br>As a Conditio | onsiderations (in<br>ent of Services (<br>on to the Student | cluding "Other Fa<br>top of Goal Pages<br>'s Goal(s) | ,  |                |
| Signati  | ure/Title  |   |  | Date   |                |
| Name     | (print)  |   |  |  |                |

Note: This documentation is to be kept in the student's file. **This form must be scanned and given to the District Test Coordinator to submit through DOE Help Desk (KACE)**. Do not email this form to DOE. DOE will respond within ten business days.

Students may not be administered this accommodation without written approval from DOE. In the case of TTS, DOE will activate this accommodation in TIDE once approval has been granted.



# Text-to-speech:

Text and graphics are read aloud to the student via embedded text-to-speech technology. The student is able to control the speed as well as raise or lower the volume of the voice via a volume control.



# **Appendix F: Alternate Assessment Forms**

Appendix F-1: DeSSA-Alternate Participation Guidelines

Appendix F-2: ACCESS-Alt Participation Guidelines

Appendix F-3: ACCESS-Alt Participation Criteria Decision Tree

Appendix F-4: Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary Participation Guidelines

Appendix F-5: Learner Characteristics Inventory



# **Appendix F-1: DeSSA-Alternate Participation Guidelines**

| Student Name:  | Date of Birth:   | School:   |
|--|--|---|
| document this decision on t  | is sufficient information to support ALL of the<br>he student's current IEP and sign below. Stu<br>AT general education assessments, with/with   | idents who do not meet all of the criteria will   |
|  | e after the beginning of the DeSSA-Alt windo<br>or the remainder of the school year.   | w, the student will continue to participate in  |
|  | Criterion #1: Evidence of Significant Inte   | llectual Disabilities   |
| Agree Disagree   | A disability or multiple disabilities that signif adaptive behavior.**   | icantly impact intellectual functioning and   |
|  | Criterion #2: Intensity of Instruction   |   |
| Agree Disagree   | Student requires specialized direct instruction and transfer skills to school, home, work, are   | on and/or a wide range of supports to acquire and community environments.   |
|  | Criterion #3: Curricular Outcomes  |   |
| Agree Disagree   | in order to access the Delaware Content S  | nstruction with less complex and depth of skills and articulated by the Dynamic dent will be awarded a Diploma of Alternate |
|  | Criterion #4: Exclusions   |   |
| Agree Disagree   | The decision to include the student in the D   | ESSA-Alt is NOT based on the following:   |
| 1. existence of an IEP; 2. specific categorical label; 3. educational placement or setting; 4. English language learner status; 5. socio-economic or cultural differences; Indicate which content areas this applies to: □ English Language Arts □ Mathematics □ Science |  |   |
| assessment will lead to a D are less complex than the E this diploma may or not be  IEP team members: My signal assessment will lead to a D are less complex than the E  | Is below signifies that I understand that continuous of Alternate Achievement Standards. Delaware Content Standards assessed in the accepted by colleges and technical/trade schapture below indicates that I agree with the achievement standards, because ALL four contents. | The standards assessed in the DeSSA-Alt DeSSA general assessments, therefore oolsdecision to participate in the DESSA-Alt,  |
|  | (Parent/Guardian(s))   | (Date)  |
|  | (Student)  | (Date)  |
|  | Constant   | (= 2.5.2)   |
| (Administrator/designee) (Date)  |  |   |
| (Teacher) (Date)   |  |   |
| (Ot  | ner – please specify name and position)  | (Date)  |
| (Ot  | ner – please specify name and position)  | (Date)  |



# **Appendix F-2: ACCESS-Alt Participation Guidelines**

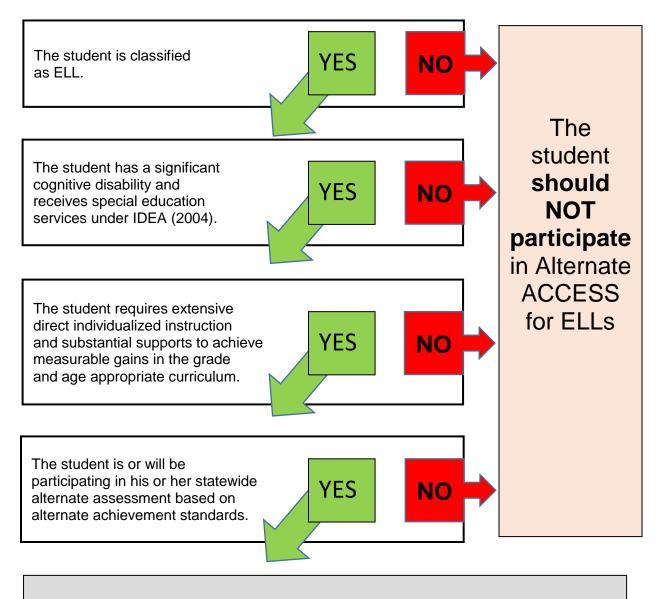
- IEP teams decide whether students who are classified as English Learners with significant cognitive disabilities participate in the Alternate ACCESS for ELLS.
- The following criteria were developed to help IEP teams determine whether the Alternate ACCESS for ELLs is an appropriate test for students
- All of the following participation criteria must be met to administer the Alternate ACCESS for ELLs to a student.

| Participation Criteria   | Yes | No | Explanation of Yes or No Response |
|--|-----|----|-----------------------------------|
| The student is classified as an ELL  |     |    |                                   |
| The student has a significant cognitive disability and receives special education services under IDEA (2004).  |     |    |                                   |
| The student requires extensive direct individualized instruction and substantial supports to achieve measurable gains in the grade and age appropriate curriculum. |     |    |                                   |
| The student is or will be participating in his/her statewide alternate assessment based on alternate academic achievement standards.                               |     |    |                                   |

<sup>\*\*</sup>For more information, please visit: http: <a href="www.wida.us/assessment/alternateaccess.aspx">www.wida.us/assessment/alternateaccess.aspx</a>



Appendix F-3: Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Participation Criteria Decision Tree



The student **is eligible** to participate in Alternate ACCESS for ELLs

Check with your state education agency for your state's specific participation criteria for Alternate ACCESS for ELLs.



# Appendix F-4: Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary Participation Guidelines

| Student Name: | Date of Birth:    |
|---------------|-------------------|
| School:       | IEP Meeting Date: |

If it is determined that there is sufficient information to support ALL of the following criteria, the IEP team should document this decision on the student's current IEP and sign below. Students who do not meet the required criteria of the Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary (DCPS) will participate in the DeSSA-Alternate assessment or the general assessment, with or without accommodations.

The achievement of students in the DCPS is based on alternate achievement standards. Students who participate in the DCPS are working on the same *Delaware Content Standards* as their peers; however, they are working on these standards in less complex ways.

NOTE: If a decision is made for the student to participate in the DCPS after the beginning of the winter test window, the student will continue to participate in the DeSSA-Alt or the general assessment for the remainder of the school year.

\*\*\* Any student who participates in the DCPS must also take one testlet in each content area of the DeSSA-Alt assigned to their grade level.

|  |  | T   |
|--|--|---|
| Participation Criteria   | Participation Criteria Descriptors   | Sources of Evidence (check if used)   |
| Criterion #1: Meets Criteria for the DeSSA- Alt  ☐ Student meets criteria ☐ Student does not meet criteria | IEP team agrees that the student meets all criteria to participate in the DeSSA-Alt  | <ul><li>☑ DeSSA-Alt Participation Criteria have been reviewed and discussed with the IEP Team.</li><li>Date completed</li></ul>   |
| Criterion #2: Complexity of Communication Needs  ☐ Student meets criteria ☐ Student does not meet criteria | The student's selected mode of communication requires interpretation by others, or the student does not currently have a consistent and reliable mode of communication that is understood by others. | Evidence must be shown in at least one area:  Speech/Language Evaluation Results (date)  Speech/Lang Goals (date of latest progress report reviewed)  Needs/Annual Goals section from IEP (date of IEP)  Other (date)   |
| Criterion #3: Student responses  ☐ Student meets criteria ☐ Student does not meet criteria                 | Student does not appear engaged or does not reliably use a communication system that is understood by others.  | Evidence must be shown in at least one area:  Teacher survey/observations (date completed)  Related IEP annual goals/progress updates (date completed)  Psychoeducational evaluation (date completed)  Deaf/blind services report, DVI services report (date completed)  Other (date) |





|  | T .  | T   |
|--|--|---|
| Participation Criteria   | Participation Criteria Descriptors   | Sources of Evidence (check if used)   |
| Criterion #4: Stimuli responses  □ Student meets criteria □ Student does not meet criteria                   | The student primarily shows response to stimuli that are internal (hungry, sleepy, uncomfortable, etc.) or related to immediate environment (specific to activity or an item)              | Evidence must be shown in at least one area:  Teacher survey/observational data (date completed)  Related IEP annual goals/progress updates (date completed)  Psychoeducational evaluation (date completed)  Deaf/blind services report, DVI services report (date completed) |
|  |  | ☐ Other (date)  |
| Criterion #5A: Communication Matrix  ☐ YES (Agree) ☐ NO (Disagree) ☐ Matrix not yet administered²            | Communication Matrix: The team reviewed the results and it shows that the student is consistently in lower levels of the matrix.   | Date Matrix completed  Date reviewed  Communication Level   |
| Criterion #5B: Learner Characteristics Inventory  ☐ YES ☐ NO   | LCI: Learner Characteristics Inventory has been reviewed and discussed with the IEP Team.  | Date LCI completed  Date LCI reviewed   |
| Criterion #6A: Previous results state assessments  ☐ YES (Agree) ☐ NO (Disagree) ☐ ALT1 Not yet administered | DeSSA-Alt: The results provided limited information and the team feels is the results are not valid. Student consistently received a Performance Level 1.                                  | Date completed  Date reviewed  For the DeSSA-Alt, the student should have used any AAC (low or high tech) or other means of communication that is typical for the student during daily instruction in order to determine the results to be considered valid.                  |
| Criterion #6B: Results of DCPS  ☐ YES (Agree) ☐ NO (Disagree) ☐ Portfolio not yet administered               | DCPS Results: The results have been reviewed and discussed with the IEP team, and showed that the student is appropriately placed in this assessment. (Not Applicable until 2017-2018 SY.) | Date reviewed   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not yet administered only applies to students who are being considered for the first time for the DCPS. If eligible for DCSP, the Communication Matrix must be complete before the administration window opens.



| Participation in DCPS is not based on the following:  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 9. anticipated disruptive behavior;   |  |  |  |  |
| 10. anticipated emotional duress;   |  |  |  |  |
| 11. student's reading level;  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. administrator decision  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. impact of test score on accountability  |  |  |  |  |
| system; or  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. the expectation that the student will not   |  |  |  |  |
| perform well on the general assessment  |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ Evidence shows that the decision for participation in the DCPS was not based on the above list.   |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ The IEP team understands that the student must still take one testlet in each content area of the |  |  |  |  |
| DeSSA-Alt assigned to their grade level.  |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ The IEP team understands that if a student has not completed 2 observations and 2 content area    |  |  |  |  |
| testlets by February 15, 2019, that student will be moved to the DeSSA-Alt. All DCPS scores will be |  |  |  |  |
| invalidated.  |  |  |  |  |
| (Grade 10 students need to have 2 observations and 1 science testlet completed by February          |  |  |  |  |
| . , ,   |  |  |  |  |
| i<br>E  |  |  |  |  |

### **IEP Team members Statement of Assurance**

Our decision was based on multiple pieces of evidence that, when taken together, demonstrated that the DCPS was the most appropriate assessment for this student; this his/her academic instruction will be based on the Delaware Content Standards; and that any additional implications of the decision were discussed thoroughly.

| My signature below indicates that I agree with the decision for<br>Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary. |            | to participate in the                     |            |
|--|------------|---|------------|
| (Parent/Guardian)  | (date)     | (Speech Language Therapist/Pathologist)   | <br>(date) |
| (Parent/Guardian)  | (date)     | (Other- please speficy name and position) | (date)     |
| (Student, if attending)  | (date)     | (Other- please speficy name and position) | <br>(date) |
| (Administrator/Designee)   | <br>(date) | (Other- please speficy name and position) | (date)     |
| (Teacher)  | <br>(date) | (Other- please speficy name and position) | <br>(date) |



# **Appendix F-5: Learner Characteristics Inventory**

These directions guide you through completing the Learner Characteristics Inventory (LCI).

#### Instructions

Collect the following data for the Learner Characteristics Inventory (LCI).

Questions 1-12 require a single response that best describes the student. Question 13 asks for optional additional information regarding the student's learning characteristics.

Questions 14-27 relate to assistive technology devices used by the student on the DeSSA Assessments. If you select "Yes" for question 14, continue to questions 15-27 to indicate any device(s) the student will use on the assessment.

If you select "No" for question 14, no responses are required for questions 15-27.

Any question left unanswered indicates the student will not use the device(s).

You must complete this Learner Characteristics Inventory (LCI) document for IEP team discussion in conjunction with the DCPS Guidelines (re: criterion #5B).

### **Student Placement Questionnaire**

| 1. | Classroom Setting (select the best description)  |
|----|--|
|    | Special school   |
|    | Regular school, self-contained classroom for almost all activities   |
|    | Regular school, self-contained classroom except for homeroom, lunch, and "specials"  |
|    | Self-contained (children go to some general education academic classes but return to special education (61% or more of school day in special education classes)  |
|    | Resource room (e.g., children come for services and then go back to their general education classroom (at least 40% of the school day in general education classes)                                      |
|    | Inclusive/Collaborative – students based in general education classes, special education services delivered in the general education class (at least 80% of the school day in general education classes) |



# LEARNER CHARACTERISTICS INVENTORY (LCI) continued

2. Augmentative Communication System (select the best description)

|    | es y<br>eech | vour student use an augmentative communication system in addition to or in place of oral n?   |
|----|--------------|---|
|    |              | No  |
|    |              | Yes; uses only one symbol or sign at a time and is able to use only a few symbols in total to express simple or early intents (e.g., drink, eat, toilet, greeting, preferred activity, refusal).                                      |
|    |              | Yes; can combine two symbols together to express broader intents such as social content, answer simple questions, etc. (e.g., expresses greetings, peer names, social exchanges, personal interests).                                 |
|    |              | Yes; uses mostly iconic symbols (clear representations) or signs together in sequence to express functional intents, extensive social interactions, academic content, and to respond consistently to answer questions.                |
|    |              | Yes; uses multiple abstract symbols, signs, or print in sentences or phrases on the augmentative communication system to express a variety of academic, social, and self-initiated interactions.                                      |
| 3. | •            | eech Language as a Related Service (select the best description of the extent to<br>sich the student is receiving speech/language as a related service)   |
|    |              | Direct services for communication/language therapy (pull-out)   |
|    |              | Direct services integrated into student's routine/classroom-collaboration   |
|    |              | Consultation services only  |
|    |              | Student does not currently receive speech language as a related service   |
| 4. | Ex           | pressive Communication (select one answer that best describes your student)   |
|    |              | Uses symbolic language to communicate: Student uses verbal or written words, signs, Braille, or language-based augmentative systems to request, initiate, and respond to questions, describe things or events, and express refusal.   |
|    |              | Uses intentional communication, but not at a symbolic language level: Student uses understandable communication through such modes as gestures, pictures, objects/textures, points, etc., to clearly express a variety of intentions. |
|    |              | Student communicates primarily through cries, facial expressions, change in muscle tone, etc., but no clear use of objects/textures, regularized gestures, pictures, signs, etc., to communicate.                                     |



## LEARNER CHARACTERISTICS INVENTORY (LCI) continued

# 5. Receptive Language (select the best description)

- a) Independently follows 1-2 step directions presented through words (e.g., words may be spoken, signed, printed, or any combination) and does NOT need additional cues.
- b) Requires additional cues (e.g., gestures, pictures, objects, or demonstrations/models) to follow 1 2 step directions.
- c) Alerts to sensory input from another person (auditory, visual, touch, movement) BUT requires actual physical assistance to follow simple directions.
- d) Uncertain response to sensory stimuli (e.g., sound/voice; sight/gesture; touch; movement; smell).

### 6. Vision (select the best description)

- a) Vision within normal limits.
- b) Corrected vision within normal limits
- c) Low vision; uses vision for some activities of daily living
- d) No functional use of vision for activities of daily living, or unable to determine functional use of vision.

# 7. Hearing (select the best description)

- a) Hearing within normal limits.
- b) Corrected hearing loss within normal limits.
- c) Hearing loss aided, but still with a significant loss.
- d) Profound loss, even with aids.
- e) Unable to determine functional use of hearing.

### 8. Motor (select the best description)

- a) No significant motor dysfunction that requires adaptations.
- b) Requires adaptations to support motor functioning (e.g., walker, adapted utensils, and/or keyboard).
- c) Uses wheelchair, positioning equipment, and/or assistive devices for most activities.
- d) Needs personal assistance for most/all motor activities.



# LEARNER CHARACTERISTICS INVENTORY (LCI) continued

### 9. Engagement (select the best description)

- a) Initiates and sustains social interactions.
- b) Responds with social interactions, but does not initiate or sustain social interactions.
- c) Alerts to others.
- d) Does not alert to others.

## 10. Health Issues/Attendance (select the best description)

- a) Attends at least 90% of school days.
- b) Attends approximately 75% of school days; absences primarily due to health issues
- Attends approximately 50% or less of school days; absences primarily due to health issues.
- d) Receives Homebound Instruction due to health issues.
- e) Highly irregular attendance or homebound instruction due to issues other than health.

### 11. Reading (select the best description)

- a) Reads fluently with critical understanding in print or Braille (e.g., to differentiate fact/opinion, point of view, emotional response, etc.).
- b) Reads fluently with basic (literal) understanding from paragraphs/short passages with narrative/informational texts in print or Braille.
- c) Reads basic sight words, simple sentences, directions, bullets, and/or lists in print or
- d) Braille
- e) Aware of text/Braille, follows directionality, makes letter distinctions, or tells a story from the pictures that is not linked to the text.
- f) No observable awareness of print or Braille.

#### **12.** Mathematics (select the best description)

- a) Applies computational procedures to solve real-life or routine word problems from a variety of contexts.
- b) Does computational procedures with or without a calculator.
- c) Counts with 1:1 correspondence to at least 10, and/or makes numbered sets of items.
- d) Counts by rote to 5.
- e) No observable awareness or use of number



# LEARNER CHARACTERISTICS INVENTORY (LCI) continued

| <ol><li>Teacher Comments: Please share any additional information you would like for us to<br/>know about the learning characteristics of this student. Thank you for your time and<br/>honest answers.</li></ol> |       |  |
|---|-------|--|
|   |       |  |
|   |       |  |
|   |       |  |
|   |       |  |
| 15. Alternate computer input/access devices: keyboards including alternate keyboar  |       |  |
| layout, mouse, joystick, touch screen   | u     |  |
| □ Yes   |       |  |
| □ No  |       |  |
| 16. Portable electronic word processors, with or without voice output.  |       |  |
| □ Yes   |       |  |
| □ No  |       |  |
| 17. Alternate pointing system   |       |  |
| □ Yes   |       |  |
| □ No  |       |  |
| <b>18.</b> Augmentative communication devices, including a range of low and high tech, including talking switches and sign language   | )     |  |
| □ Yes   |       |  |
| □ No  |       |  |
| 19. Symbols of all types (e.g., objects, tactile, raised line drawings, photos, black/wh color, line drawings)  | ite & |  |
| □ Yes   |       |  |
| □ No  |       |  |
|   |       |  |



# LEARNER CHARACTERISTICS INVENTORY (LCI) continued

| 20. | Pa  | rtner assisted scanning   |
|-----|-----|---|
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 21. | Ca  | Iculator, all types   |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 22. | Ey  | e gaze board  |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 23. | Со  | lored overlays, visual screens or other visual supports                         |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 24. | Ма  | gnification devices/enlarged materials, including computer screen magnification |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 25. | Sw  | ritches   |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 26. | Bra | aille   |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |
| 27. | Otl | her   |
|     |     | Yes   |
|     |     | No  |



# APPENDIX G: SAT AND DESSA ACCOMMODATION PROCESS AND CROSSWALK

Appendix G-1: SAT Accommodations Request Process

Appendix G-2: SAT and DeSSA Accommodations Crosswalk - Delaware



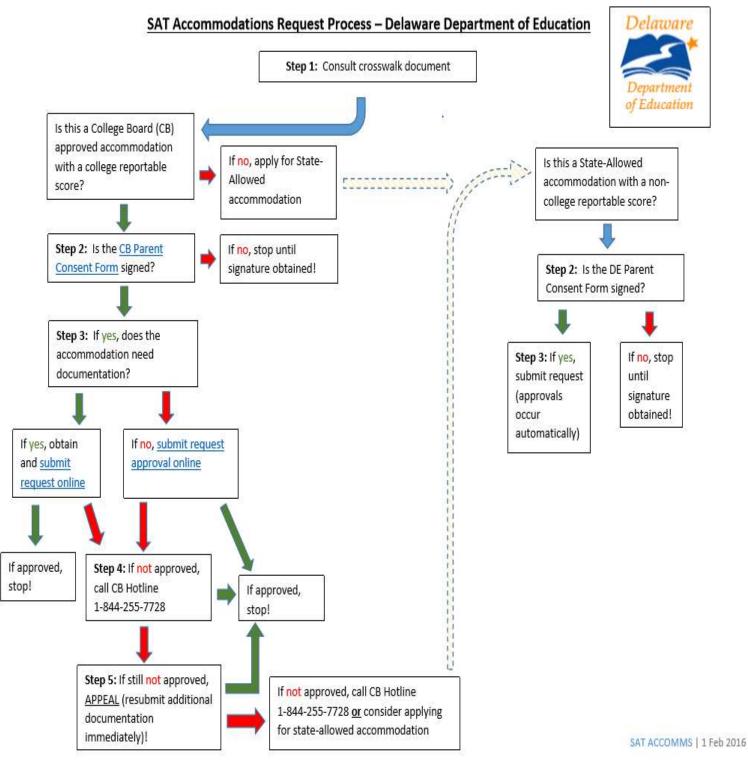
Appendix G-3 College Board Consent Form for Accommodations.pdf



Appendix G-4 College Board Student Eligibility Form.pdf



**Appendix G-1: SAT Accommodations Request Process** 





#### Appendix G-2: SAT and DeSSA Accommodations Crosswalk - Delaware

#### Directions for use:

This document is meant to assist schools with understanding how the supports and accommodations that a student has available for the DeSSA ELA/Literacy and DeSSA Mathematics assessments align to those as part of the SAT. At times, the DeSSA Support/Accommodation is the closest match available to the SAT Accommodation. This document is meant as a guide and teams may need to discuss for students which accommodations or supports are appropriate based on the student's IEP, 504 Plan, or EL Plan.

At times, there is no equivalent support available for DeSSA as it may not exist as a support or it is considered part of a Universal Feature. If there is no equivalent, the IEP, 504 plan or EL plan may assist with decision about which accommodations are appropriate and needed. All request for accommodations must be submitted to The College Board (CB) the process for requesting and receiving approval for testing accommodations begins with the school submission of the request online through the SSD Online Disability Accommodation Management System. In most cases, accommodations will be automatically approved by CB without the need for additional documentation. However, CB may sometimes require additional submission of information.

#### **College Reportable and DE Specific Accommodations:**

To receive a college reportable score, the accommodation used by a student must be submitted to and approved by CB. The lists included in this document are not inclusive of all accommodations, and a school may submit accommodations not listed for CB decision about whether the accommodation can be approved and which category the accommodation would fit into (similar to DE system for Unique Accommodations).

Included in the crosswalk is also a category labeled DE Specific Accommodations. These are accommodations that are used for accountability purposes only and would not be college reportable. This would mean if a student asked CB to send their scores to a college, and the student used accommodations that were within this list, CB would not send their scores.

There are two ways that an accommodation could result in a non-college reportable (accountability only) score:

- The accommodation is included in the table below labeled DE Specific Accommodations
- The school applied for an accommodation that is considered College Reportable, but CB did not approve the request for the accommodation based on the evidence submitted. IF the school, after discussions with the parent and student, decided to still provide the accommodation, the score from that test would then be considered non-college reportable

If a student takes the SAT with DE Specific Accommodations (accountability only and non-college reportable) and then later takes the SAT only with accommodations that are College Reportable, then the student may request the scores from the SAT scores from the later test be submitted to colleges.



# **SAT Accommodations Crosswalk**

|                  | College Reportable Accommodations  | Delaware State-Allowed Accommodations For State Accountability  |
|------------------|--|---|
| Students with    | Used for accountability and college admission  | Used for accountability purposes only   |
| Disabilities     | Extended time     Extra breaks, extended breaks or breaks as needed - Time of day     Limited timed testing     Modified setting (home, hospital, other)     Noise buffers     Preferential seating     Small group or one-on-one     Separate setting (within school)     Text-to-speech (computer, MP3, human reader)     Augmentative/alternative communication devices - Speech-to-text     Auditory amplification/FM system     Braille     Braille writer     Large print     Use of computer     Specialized calculator/talking calculator     Zoom/magnification     Arithmetic tables     Scribe     Color overlays     Special adaptive writing tools or desks     Additional paper to record answers     American Sign Language (directions)     Signed Exact English (test content and directions)  Note: Not all accommodations are included. A school may apply for any accommodation that is not listed | American Sign Language – test content     American Sign Language – student responses  If an accommodation from the College Reportable list is not approved by college board for a student, the IEP or 504 team may decide that they want to continue to use the accommodation as non-college reportable (accountability purposes only). The school may re-apply for an accommodation that was not approved. |
| English Learners | Used for accountability and college admission  | Used for accountability purposes only   |
|                  | <ul> <li>Translated written test directions (Albanian, Arabic, Bengali, Chinese, Gujarati, Haitian-Creole, Hindi, Polish, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish, Urdu, Vietnamese)</li> <li>Translated test directions where a printed resource is not available (requires school to provide a native language reader)</li> <li>Approved word-to-word bilingual glossaries (given with the professional judgment of the educators at the school)</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Bilingual dictionaries not on the approved glossary list</li> <li>Extended time; there is a study underway to examine this policy</li> </ul>   |



## College Board Approved Word-to-Word Dictionaries/Bilingual

#### **Glossaries for SAT**

In an effort to make the SAT Suite of Assessments more accessible for all students, English Learner (EL) students will have access to approved word-for-word dictionaries/bilingual glossaries. We recommend students be familiar with the dictionary or glossary in advance of testing. However, students will not be able to bring them on test day. School staff must plan to collect the books in advance of test day so they can check them for any writing and/or inserts that are inappropriate. On test day, the supervisor will distribute the books to students with their test materials and collect them after testing.

The following list of dictionaries or glossaries have been reviewed and approved for use by the College Board for the SAT, PSAT™ 10, and PSAT™ 8/9 assessments in Spring 2018. Schools may allow students to use any one of these supports during their testing. The use does not require a pre-approval from College Board and will result in scholarship and/or college-reportable scores.

See <a href="https://collegereadiness.collegeboard.org/pdf/sat-sd-college-board-approved-glossaries.pdf">https://collegereadiness.collegeboard.org/pdf/sat-sd-college-board-approved-glossaries.pdf</a> for ISBN Numbers.

| Arabic Word-to-                         | Bengali Word-to-   | Bosnian-   | Burmese Word to  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Word® Bilingual                         | Word® Bilingual  | English/English-Bosnian  | Word® Bilingual  |
| Dictionary                              | Dictionary   | Concise Dictionary   | Dictionary   |
| Chinese Word-to-                        | English-French/French-   | French Word-to-Word®   | German Word to   |
| Word® Bilingual                         | English Word-to-   | Bilingual Dictionary   | Word® Bilingual  |
| Dictionary                              | Word® Dictionary   |  | Dictionary   |
| Haitian Creole-                         | English Haitian Creole   | Haitian Word-to-Word®  | Hindi Word-to-Word®  |
| English/English-                        | Haitian Creole English   | Bilingual Dictionary   | Bilingual Dictionary   |
| Haitian Creole                          | Word-to-Word   |  |  |
| Concise Dictionary                      | (Second Edition)   |  |  |
|   | Dictionary   |  |  |
| Italian Word-to-                        | Japanese Word to   | Korean Word to Word®   | Nepali Word to Word®   |
| Word® Bilingual                         | Word® Bilingual  | Bilingual Dictionary   | Bilingual Dictionary   |
| Dictionary                              | Dictionary   |  |  |
| Polish-                                 | Polish Word-to-Word®   | English-   | Portuguese Word-to-  |
| English/English-                        | Bilingual Dictionary   | Portuguese/Portuguese-   | Word® Bilingual  |
| Polish Practical                        |  | English Word-to-Word   | Dictionary   |
| Dictionary                              |  | Dictionary   |  |
| Romanian Word to                        | Russian Word-to-   | Somali Word-to-Word®   | Random House   |
| Word® Bilingual                         | Word® Bilingual  | Bilingual Dictionary   | Webster's Handy  |
| Dictionary                              | Dictionary   | ,  | Spanish Dictionary   |
| Spanish Word-to-                        | Swahili Word to Word®  | Tuttle Pocket  | Tuttle Mini Vietnamese   |
| Word® Bilingual                         | Bilingual Dictionary   | Vietnamese Dictionary  | Dictionary   |
| Dictionary                              | · ·  | , and the second | ,  |
| •                                       |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
| , | Word® Bilingual Dictionary Chinese Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary Haitian Creole- English/English- Haitian Creole Concise Dictionary  Italian Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary Polish- English/English- Polish Practical Dictionary  Romanian Word to Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Spanish Word-to- Word® Bilingual | Word® Bilingual Dictionary Chinese Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary English-French/French- English Word-to- Word® Dictionary Haitian Creole- English/English- Haitian Creole Concise Dictionary Italian Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary Polish- English/English- Polish Practical Dictionary Romanian Word to Word® Bilingual Dictionary Spanish Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary  | Word® Bilingual Dictionary Chinese Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary English Word-to- Word® Dictionary Haitian Creole- English Haitian Creole English/English- Haitian Creole Concise Dictionary  Italian Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Italian Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Polish- English/English- Polish Word-to-Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Polish Practical Dictionary  Romanian Word to Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Romanian Word to Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Romanian Word to Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Spanish Word-to- Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Swahili Word to Word® Bilingual Dictionary  Tuttle Pocket Vietnamese Dictionary |



| <b>TIMING</b> (College Reportable if approved by CB) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans |   |                        |   |  |
|---|---|------------------------|---|--|
| SAT Accommodation   | Notes   |                        |   |  |
| Extended Time (50%, 100%, more than 100%)   | Extended assessment time  | No equivalent          | DeSSA is an untimed test. Documentation needed for more than 100%. At times documentation may be needed for 100% or less than 100%. |  |
| Extra Breaks,<br>Extended Breaks or<br>Breaks as Needed                                   | Frequent supervised breaks  | Breaks/Frequent breaks |   |  |
| Late Start  | Administration of the assessment at a time most beneficial to the student, with appropriate supervision | Time of Day            |   |  |
| Limited Timed Testing   | Limited time per day<br>testing/multiple day<br>testing   | No equivalent          | For DeSSA this is allowable as part of universal design.  |  |

|   | SETTING (College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans  |                                 |   |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| SAT Accommodation                                   | SAT Description  | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation | Notes   |  |  |
| Home/Hospital Setting                               | Administration of the assessment in an alternate education setting (out of school) with appropriate supervision (e.g., Homebound, medical care facility) | Homebound                       | Students are administered paper-pencil form on all DeSSA Assessments except DeSSA-Alt.  |  |  |
| Home/Hospital<br>Setting; Other<br>Modified Setting | Administration of the assessment in an alternate or modified setting (out of school) with appropriate supervision.                                       | Homebound/Other<br>Setting      | Students are administered paper-pencil form on all DeSSA Assessments except DeSSA-Alt. For an alternate/modified setting, there would have to be an application to make it a test site. |  |  |



| SETTING (College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans |  |   |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| SAT Accommodation   | SAT Description  | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation                               | Notes  |  |
| Other Modified Setting  | Use of accommodated seating, special lighting, or furniture  | Modified Lighting<br>Specialized<br>Equipment or<br>Furniture | Type of seating should be specified in request   |  |
| Other   | Able to move, stand or pace during assessment in a manner where others' work cannot be seen and is not distracting to others   | No equivalent   |  |  |
| Other   | Use of concentration aids (e.g., stress balls, T-stools, background music or noise buffers)  | 4.11 Noise Buffers  | Requested aid should be specified in request     |  |
| Preferential Seating  | Placement of student where he/she is most comfortable (e.g., front of room) or placement of student near proctor.  | Specified area or seats                                       |  |  |
| Small Group or One-to-<br>One                                     | Administration of the assessment individually or in a small group  | Separate Setting<br>Small Group                               |  |  |
| Small group, One-to-<br>One, or Other Modified<br>Setting         | Administration of the assessment in an alternate education setting (in school) with appropriate supervision (e.g., bilingual/English setting, special education setting, distraction free space) | 4.07 Separate Setting   | College Reportable, if student has a disability. |  |



|   | PRESENTATION  (College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| SAT Accommodation   | SAT Description  | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation          | Notes  |  |
| Assistive Technology and Assistive Technology Compatible Format | Use of screen<br>reader/text-to-speech on<br>Reading assessment  | Text-to-speech                           |  |  |
| Assistive<br>Technology   | Use of augmentative/alternative communication devices, e.g., picture/symbol communication boards, speech generating devices  | 6.02 Alternative<br>Response             | Requests considered individually based on documentation submitted. Reportability dependent on nature of device required. |  |
| Assistive<br>Technology   | Use of computers with alternative access for an alternative response mode, e.g., switches, alternative keyboards, eye-gaze motion sensors, voice recognition software, head or mouth pointer, specialized trackballs or mice | 6.02 Alternative<br>Response             |  |  |
| Assistive<br>Technology   | Use of speech to text word processor for responses to Reading and Writing  | 6.08 Speech to text                      |  |  |
| Auditory<br>Amplification / FM<br>System                        | Use of auditory amplification devices or special sound systems   | No equivalent                            | This is considered a<br>Universal<br>Support   |  |
| Braille   | Use of Braille versions of assessment  | 101 Braille or<br>Refreshable<br>Braille |  |  |
| Large Print (14 point, 20 point or greater than 20 point)       | Use of large print versions of the assessment  | Print Size or Computer<br>Enlargement    |  |  |



|   | PRESENTATION  (College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| SAT Accommodation   | SAT Description   | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation                         | Notes   |  |
| Braille Writer  | Use of Braillewriter or<br>electronic Braillewriter for<br>Reading and Writing with the<br>following features disabled:<br>spell check, thesaurus,<br>grammar check | No equivalent   |   |  |
| Computer  | Use of computer or word processor for Reading, Writing with the following features disabled: spell check, thesaurus, grammar check                                  | No equivalent   | DeSSA is given on the computer  |  |
| Calculator  | Use of calculator/talking calculator (four-function calculator) on non-calculator sections of the mathematics assessment.   | 6.03 Calculator   | Four-function calculators only for non-<br>calculator sections. Talking calculators<br>for calculator permitted sections can be<br>requested under Assistive Technology |  |
| Magnifying Machine  | Use of visual aids (e.g., closed circuit television, magnification devices)   | Zoom, 4.04<br>Magnification                             | Devices cannot be connected to internet or be able to record images   |  |
| MP 3 Audio Test<br>Form, Assistive<br>Technology<br>Compatible Test<br>Form | Use of audio versions of assessment in English  | Text-to-speech,<br>Human Reader, 4.05,<br>4.13 and 6.06 |   |  |
| Other   | Teacher provides visual, auditory or physical cues to student to begin, maintain, or finish task.   | No equivalent   | Student cannot be cued to move on to next question. Student may be advised of amount of time remaining.   |  |
| Other   | Use of arithmetic tables  | 6.04 Multiplication<br>Table                            | Tables for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division (no formulas) are reportable.   |  |
| Other   | Use of non-skid surface that will not damage the answer document or scanning equipment  | No equivalent   |   |  |
| Other   | Use of an abacus  | Abacus (6.01)   |   |  |



|   | PRESENTATION  (College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans  |  |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| SAT Accommodation   | SAT Description  | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation                                  | Notes   |  |  |
| Other (or Scribe)   | Use of a page turner   | 4.06 and part of 6.07<br>Scribe                                  | If student is approved for a scribe, scribe may turn pages. Otherwise, can be approved under "Other".         |  |  |
| Other Modified Setting  | Use of alternative Writing position (e.g., desk easel, student standing up)  | Separate Setting   |   |  |  |
| Other<br>Reading/Seeing   | Use of acetate colored shield, highlighters, highlighter tape, page flags, and reading guides on test booklets                                   | 4.02 Color Text (Printed)<br>4.03 Color Overlays<br>Highlighters |   |  |  |
| Other Record Answers  | Use of special adaptive<br>Writing tools such as pencil<br>grip or larger pencil   | No equivalent  | No lined or graph paper for reportable scores   |  |  |
| Other Record Answers  | Use of additional paper, for recording answers   | No equivalent  | Students are allowed to write in test booklets – therefore scratch paper would not be needed during the test. |  |  |
| Reader  | Reading aloud the<br>Reading, Writing, and<br>Mathematics assessments<br>using a reader script.  | Read aloud<br>4.05 4.13 and 6.06                                 | Must be read in a 1:1 setting   |  |  |
| Record Answers in Test<br>Book (if writing answers).<br>Writer/Scribe (if pointing) | Student points to answers or writes directly in assessment booklet (transferred to document by teacher) or large block (non-bubble) answer sheet | Alternate Response<br>Options<br>4.06 and 6.07 Scribe            |   |  |  |
| Sign Language<br>Interpreter for Oral<br>Instructions                               | Directions provided using<br>sign language –<br>American Sign Language<br>(ASL) or Signed Exact<br>English (SEE)                                 | American Sign Language<br>(ASL)                                  |   |  |  |



| PRESENTATION (College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans |  |   |       |  |
|--|--|---|-------|--|
| SAT Accommodation  | SAT Description  | DeSSA<br>Support/Accommodation                        | Notes |  |
| Writer/Scribe  | Student responds orally (e.g., student tells assessment administrator which answer they are selecting) | Scribe<br>4.06 and 6.07 Scribe                        |       |  |
| Writer/Scribe  | Use of a scribe for constructed response items for Writing   | Alternate Response<br>Options<br>4.06 and 6.07 Scribe |       |  |

| DE Specific Accommodations (For Accountability Only: Non-College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans |  |                                    |  |
|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| SAT Accommodation   | SAT Description  | DeSSA<br>Support/<br>Accommodation | Notes  |
| Other   | Sign the Reading, Writing, and<br>Mathematics Assessments –<br>Signed<br>Exact English (SEE) | American Sign Language<br>(ASL)    | Non-college reportable if ASL is used for signing test questions (oral directions only are reportable)  Signed Exact English may be approved for signing test, with reportable scores, if student has both a reading and hearing impairment. |
| State Allowed<br>Accommodation  | Sign the Reading and<br>Writing Assessments -<br>ASL   | American Sign Language (ASL)       | Non-college reportable   |
| State Allowed<br>Accommodation  | Student responds in ASL for Reading and Writing or Mathematics                               | American Sign Language (ASL)       | Non-college reportable   |
| Other recording answers   | Student responds in sign language for Reading and Writing (Signed Exact English Only)        | American Sign Language<br>(ASL)    | American Sign Language is not college reportable Signed Exact English is college reportable.   |
| Student responds in ASL<br>for Mathematics - State<br>Allowed - Non-college<br>reportable                         | State Allowed Accommodation  | American Sign Language (ASL)       | Non-college reportable   |



#### **DE Specific Accommodations**

(For Accountability Only: Non-College Reportable) for Students with IEPs and 504 plans

| SAT Accommodation   | SAT Description         | DeSSA<br>Support/<br>Accommodation | Notes   |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Student responds in<br>Signed Exact English for<br>Mathematics, | Other recording answers | American Sign Language<br>(ASL)    | American Sign<br>Language is not college reportable |
|   |                         |                                    | Signed Exact English is college reportable.         |

NOTE: All accommodations supported as College Reportable scores can be supported as a State-Allowed accommodation if team determines student needs the accommodation and it is not approved by Office of Assessment

| English Learners – Pilot Program (College Reportable) |  |                                 |       |  |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| SAT Supports  | SAT Description  | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation | Notes |  |  |  |
| Translation of Instructions                           | Reading all assessment directions in student's native language (on the fly translation)  | Translated Test Directions      |       |  |  |  |
| Translation of Instructions                           | Printed test directions in<br>student's native language.<br>(Albanian, Arabic, Bengali,<br>Chinese, Gujarati, Haitian-<br>Creole, Hindi, Polish,<br>Portuguese, Russian,<br>Spanish, Urdu, Vietnamese) | Translated Test Directions      |       |  |  |  |

| DE Specific Accommodations (For Accountability Only: Non-College Reportable) for Students who are English Learners |                 |                                 |       |  |  |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------|--|--|
| SAT Accommodation  | SAT Description | DeSSA Support/<br>Accommodation | Notes |  |  |
| Extended Time (50%,  |                 |                                 |       |  |  |



# **APPENDIX H: ACRONYMS**



### **Appendix H: Acronyms**

AAC Device: Augmentative alternative communication device

ACCESS: Assessing Comprehension and Communication in English State-to-State

ARS: Assessment Request System

ASL: American Sign Language

AYP: Adequate Yearly Progress

DeSSA-Alt: Delaware System of Student Assessments-Alternate

DCPS: Delaware Communication Portfolio Summary

DEI: Data Entry Interface

DLM: Dynamic Learning Maps (alternate assessment- DeSSA-Alt)

DOE: Department of Education

EL: English Learner

ESL: English as a Second Language

FEP: Fully English Proficient

GLE: Grade-Level Expectation

IDEA: Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act

IEP: Individualized Education Program

PAN Pearson Access Network

SBAC: DeSSA Balanced Assessment Consortium

STC: State Test Coordinator

SwD: Student with Disabilities

SwD/EL: Student with Disabilities/English Learner

TA: Test Administrator

TIDE: Test Information Distribution Engine

TTS: Text-to-Speech



# **CHANGES/UPDATES LOG**

- 1. 11/5/2018 Further clarification on DeSSA Science and Social Studies descriptions for Human Scribe and Scribe
- 1/23/2019 Revised Appendix E-4 WIDA to add domains and a checkbox for IEP mandate;
   Revised Appendix B-4 to reflect how the accommodations are presented online in the WIDA AMS system
- 1/24/2019 Revised eligibility of supports: Added Gen Ed Students with Supports to the Print-On Demand Level 3 Accessibility Feature
- 4. 2/7/2019 Revised Appendix A-1: Added checkboxes for accessibility supports not available to input in TIDE. Supports are marked with an "★"
- 2/7/2019 Revised Appendix A-1: Added a Level 2 Designated Support Human Read Aloud to Section B: DeSSA Science and Social Studies – does not need DOE Approval
   Revised Appendix A-2: Added description for the Human Read Aloud Designated nonembedded support
- 6. 2/8/2019 Added Appendix G-3: College Board Consent for Accommodations as a PDF file with a clickable link
  Added Appendix G-4: College Board Student Eligibility form as a PDF file with a clickable link
- 7. 2/25/2019 Revised Appendix A-1 and Appendix A-2: Section B: Changed Spanish and Translation of Key Terms to a Level 2 Designated Support. Added Human Interpreter Native Language and Visual Communication, Unique Accommodation, Medical Device to the supports. Updated the Descriptions to reflect additions/changes.

Revised Appendix E-2 – added other content areas as well as provisions for English Learners on the DeSSA-Alt

Creation of Appendix D-8 – Scribe Guidance for ACCESS 2.0 – taken directly from the WIDA supplement

- 8. 2/26/2019 Revised Appendix B-1 to add a checkbox for Human Interpreter for our DeSSA-Alt students who need Native Language Human Interpreter.
  - Revised Appendix B-2 to add the Human Interpreter description.
- 9. 2/28/2019 Creation of Appendix A-1 HS for High School students only to receive DeSSA Accommodations

Revised Appendix E-4 as there was confusion with Scribe request. Scribe as Unique Accommodation is only for Injured students