Accel Math 6/7 - Probability Study Guide

True/False

Indicate whether the statement is true or false.

Answer each questions with True or False

- 1. The closer the probablity of an event is to 1, the less likely it is to happen.
- _____ 2. If the probability is equal to zero, that means it can never happen.
- _____ 3. The probability of dependent events means that the result of the first event affects the probability of the second event.
- 4. A tree diagram is a helpful tool to determine the number of outcomes in a sample space.
- _____ 5. The fundamental counting principle helps determine the number of outcomes..

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

For each situation, make a tree diagram to show the sample space. Then give the total number of outcomes.

 6.	tossing a nickel and tossing a quarter	r	
	a. 2	с.	6
	b. 4	d.	8
 7.	picking a number from 1 to 4 and ch	oosing the cold	or red, green, or yellow
	a. 6	с.	12
	b. 9	d.	24

Use the Counting Principle to find the number of possible outcomes.

- 8. Isabelle has a choice of 2 colors of pants, 3 colors of shirts, and 2 kinds of shoes. How many different outfits can she wear?
 - a. 4
 c. 7

 b. 13
 d. 12

Find the number of possible outcomes for the situation.

- 9. Christmas sweatshirts come in three sizes and six colors.
 - 18 outcomes 24 outcomes a. c. 9 outcomes 36 outcomes b. d. 10. A number cube is rolled three times. 36 outcomes 18 outcomes a. c. 216 outcomes 66 outcomes d. b. 11. A number cube is rolled and a number card is drawn from cards numbered 1-14. 146 outcomes c. 84 outcomes a.
 - b. 14 outcomes d. 20 outcomes

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 12.	A one-topping pizza comes in three sizes with thin or thick crust and a choice of seven toppings.			
	a. 12 outcomes	c.	36 outcomes	
	b. 21 outcomes	d.	42 outcomes	
 13.	A quiz has six true-false questions.			
	a. 64 outcomes	c.	26 outcomes	
	b. 12 outcomes	d.	62 outcomes	
 14.	There are three answer choices for each of 6 m	nultip	le choice questions.	
	a. 243 outcomes	c.	36 outcomes	
	b. 729 outcomes	d.	18 outcomes	
 15.	A new car is available with standard or automa exterior colors.	atic t	ransmission, two or four doors, and is available in 10	
	a. 40 outcomes	c.	104 outcomes	
	b. 14 outcomes	d.	44 outcomes	

A jar contains 5 blue marbles, 8 red marbles, 4 white marbles, and 3 purple marbles. Suppose you pick a marble at random without looking. Find the probability of each event. Write your answer as a fraction in simplest form.

 16.	P(red)		
	a. $\frac{3}{5}$	c.	$\frac{3}{10}$
	b. $\frac{8}{20}$	d.	$\frac{2}{5}$
 17.	<i>P</i> (blue)		
	a. $\frac{1}{3}$	c.	$\frac{5}{20}$
	b. $\frac{1}{4}$	d.	$\frac{3}{4}$
 18.	<i>P</i> (red or white)		
	a. $\frac{3}{5}$	c.	$\frac{12}{20}$
	b. $\frac{2}{5}$	d.	$\frac{1}{5}$
 19.	<i>P</i> (blue or purple)		
	a. $\frac{1}{4}$	c.	$\frac{1}{5}$
	b. $\frac{2}{5}$	d.	$\frac{8}{20}$
 20.	<i>P</i> (not white)		
	a. $\frac{1}{5}$	c.	$\frac{4}{5}$
	b. $\frac{3}{5}$	d.	$\frac{3}{4}$



The spinner above is used in a game. What is the probability of the following events?

21.	<i>P</i> (odd).		
	a. $\frac{1}{2}$	c.	1
	b. $\frac{1}{6}$	d.	0
22.	<i>P</i> (a prime number).		
	a. 1	c.	0
	b. $\frac{1}{6}$	d.	$\frac{1}{2}$
23.	<i>P</i> (5).		
	a. 1	c.	0
	b. $\frac{5}{8}$	d.	$\frac{1}{8}$
24.	<i>P</i> (not 1).		
	a. $\frac{7}{8}$	c.	$\frac{1}{8}$
	b. 0	d.	1
		-	

_ 25. A bean bag is tossed randomly on the square below. Write P(green or red) as a fraction, a decimal, and a percent.

Red	Blue	Blue	Red
White	Blue	Green	White
White	Green	Green	White
Red	Blue	Blue	Red

a.
$$\frac{7}{20}$$
, 0.35, 35%

b. $\frac{7}{16}$, 0.4375, 43.75%

- c. $\frac{7}{16}$, 0.4375, 4.375% d. $\frac{11}{16}$, 0.6875, 68.75%

26. A bean bag is tossed randomly on the square below. Write P(not white) as a fraction, a decimal, and a percent.

Red	Blue	Blue	Red
White	Blue	Green	White
White	Green	Green	White
Red	Blue	Blue	Red

a.	$\frac{3}{4}, 0.75, 7.5\%$	c.	$\frac{3}{4}, 0.75, 75\%$
b.	$\frac{1}{2}$, 0.5, 50%	d.	$\frac{3}{5}$, 0.6, 60%

Glenn surveyed 40 of his classmates to determine their favorite cafeteria food. The results of his survey are shown in the table.

Favorite Food	Number of Students
Meatloaf	4
Tacos	5
Hamburgers	9
Pizza	18
Fish	4

27. What is the probability of meatloaf being a student's favorite cafeteria food?

a.	$\frac{1}{9}$				c.	$\frac{3}{25}$
b.	$\frac{1}{10}$				d.	$\frac{4}{40}$
-						

28. Suppose there are 200 students in the cafeteria during lunch. How many students would you expect to choose hamburgers as their favorite cafeteria food?

a.	50	c.	45
b.	9	d.	36

_____ 29. What is the probability of pizza being a student's favorite cafeteria food?

a.	$\frac{18}{40}$	c.	$\frac{3}{10}$
b.	$\frac{5}{8}$	d.	$\frac{9}{20}$

- _____ 30. Suppose there are 200 students in the cafeteria during lunch. How many students would you expect to choose pizza as their favorite cafeteria food?
 - a. 90c. 18b. 104d. 72

- _ 31. A number cube is rolled 50 times. A 1 was rolled 10 times, a 2 was rolled 8 times, a 3 was rolled 6 times, a 4 was rolled 9 times, a 5 was rolled 8 times, and a 6 was rolled 9 times. What is the experimental probability of rolling a 6?
 - a. $\frac{1}{6}$ c. $\frac{9}{50}$

 b. $\frac{4}{25}$ d. $\frac{3}{25}$
 - 32. Two coins are tossed 50 times. The results are recorded in the following table.

Tails	Occurrence
0	5
1	38
2	7

What is the experimental probability of two tails?

- a. $\frac{7}{50}$ c. $\frac{1}{10}$

 b. $\frac{19}{25}$ d. 1
- 33. Fill'er Up is having a promotion in which customers win a free 10 gallons of gas if there is a printed on their receipt. Thus far, 50 of the first 80 customers have not won free gas. What is the experimental probability of winning 10 gallons of gas?

0	5	0	3
a.	8	ι.	13
b.	$\frac{3}{8}$	d.	$\frac{1}{5}$

_ 34. At the annual Science Club Festival, 12 of the first 90 participants in throwing a baseball through a tire game won first prize, 22 won second prize, and 32 won third prize. What is the experimental probability of not winning any of the three prizes?

a.
$$\frac{4}{15}$$
 c. $\frac{16}{45}$

 b. $\frac{11}{15}$
 d. $\frac{17}{45}$

35. A number cube is rolled 100 times. The results are recorded in the following table.

Number	Occurrence	
1	14	
2	22	
3	15	
4	13	
5	20	
6	16	

What is the experimental probability of rolling a number greater than 4?

a.
$$\frac{9}{25}$$
 c. $\frac{51}{100}$

 b. $\frac{13}{100}$
 d. $\frac{1}{2}$

36. A number cube is tossed and the spinner below is spun. Find *P*(greater than 4 and A).



37. A number cube is tossed and the spinner below is spun. Find *P*(odd and A).



38. A number cube is tossed and the spinner below is spun. Find P(even and B).



 39.	One bag contains 7 red chips and 5 yellow chips. Another bag contains 5 red chips and 2 yellow chips. A chip is drawn from each bag. What is the probability that both chips are yellow?				
	a. $\frac{25}{84}$ c. $\frac{1}{2}$				
	$b = \frac{5}{2}$ d =	5			
40	$\frac{1}{12}$	12			
 40.	what is the probability of tossing 4 coins and getting $\frac{1}{2}$				
	a. $\frac{16}{16}$ c. $\frac{1}{2}$	32			
	b. $\frac{1}{8}$ d. $\frac{1}{2}$				
	Find the probability of the event.				
 41.	If four coins are tossed, what is the probability of get	ting four heads?			
	a. $\frac{1}{16}$ c. $\frac{1}{16}$	<u>1</u> 15			
	b. $\frac{1}{8}$ d. 1	l			
 42.	If four coins are tossed, what is the probability of get	ting three heads and one tail?			
	a. $\frac{3}{16}$ c. $\frac{1}{16}$	<u>4</u> 15			
	b. $\frac{1}{4}$ d. ()			
 43.	An 6-sided die is rolled four times. What is the proba	bility of rolling a six on all four rolls?			
	a. $\frac{1}{648}$ c. $\frac{1}{648}$	<u>1</u> 324			
	b. $\frac{1}{1300}$ d. $\frac{1}{1300}$	1 296			
 44.	An 6-sided die is rolled two times. What is the probab	bility of rolling a six on both rolls?			
	a. $\frac{1}{36}$ c. $\frac{1}{36}$	1 18			
	b. $\frac{1}{32}$ d. $\frac{1}{32}$	<u>1</u> 2			
 45.	A coin is tossed and a card is drawn from a standard	deck of 52 cards. What is the probability of tossing			
	heads and drawing a queen of hearts?				
	a. $\frac{1}{104}$ c. $\frac{1}{104}$	1 108			
	b. $\frac{1}{52}$ d. $\frac{1}{52}$	<u>1</u> 21			
 46.	A coin is tossed and a card is drawn from a standard	deck of 52 cards. What is the probability of tossing			
	heads and drawing a diamond?	13			
	a. $\frac{1}{52}$ c. $\frac{1}{10}$				
	b. $\frac{1}{8}$ d. $\frac{1}{2}$	<u>3</u> 26			

A number cube is rolled and the spinner below is spun. Find the probability.



There are 6 blue marbles, 7 black marbles, 4 orange marbles, and 3 green marbles in a bag. Once a marble is drawn, <i>it is replaced. Find the probability of the outcome.

52.	a black then a blue marble				
	a.	$\frac{3}{25}$	c.	1	
	b.	$\frac{21}{200}$	d.	$\frac{1}{3}$	
53.	a bl	ue marble, an orange marble, and then a gro	een n	narble	
	a.	0	c.	$\frac{6}{35}$	
	b.	$\frac{9}{1000}$	d.	$\frac{3}{500}$	
54.	an c	brange then a green marble			
	a.	$\frac{3}{100}$	c.	$\frac{3}{25}$	
	b.	0	d.	$\frac{1}{40}$	

 55.	two orange marbles in a row		
	a. $\frac{2}{25}$	c.	$\frac{1}{25}$
	b. 1	d.	$\frac{2}{5}$
56	two black marbles in a row		5
 50.	$a_{1} = \frac{21}{2}$	C.	7
	200 h - 0	4	20 49
	B. 0	a.	400
	Determine if each event is INDEPENDENT or	DE	PENDENT
 57.	Rolling two number cubes		
	a. Independent Events	b.	Dependent Events
 58.	Selecting playing cards from a deck without re	plac	ing
		1	
50	a. Independent Events Rolling a number cube flipping a coin pickin	D.	Dependent Events
 59.	Koning a number cube, mpping a com, picking	gau	aiu
	a. Independent Events	b.	Dependent Events
 60.	Lining up 3 monkeys in Mrs. Jones' room		
	a. Independent Events	b.	Dependent Events
 61.	Selecting two red skittles from a bag, if you ea	t the	m as you select
	a. Independent Events	b.	Dependent Events
60	Mr. Donietti needa two studenta to help him		-r
 62.	12 boys. He randomly chooses one student second student from those still seated.	who	b comes to the front of the room. He then chooses a
	a. Independent Events	b.	Dependent Events
	There are 7 yellow, 6 blue, 9 red, and 3 green replaced. Find each probability.	ribb	ons in a drawer. Once a ribbon is selected, it is not
 63.	<i>P</i> (2 red ribbons)		
	a. $\frac{3}{25}$	c.	<u>72</u> 625

b. $\frac{81}{625}$ d. $\frac{27}{200}$ 64. P(2 green ribbons) a. $\frac{9}{625}$ c. $\frac{3}{200}$ b. $\frac{6}{625}$ d. $\frac{1}{100}$

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_ 65.

<i>P</i> (a yellow ribbon and then a blue ribbon)						
a.	<u>7</u> 100	c.	$\frac{7}{120}$			
b.	$\frac{42}{625}$	d.	$\frac{7}{125}$			

There are 2 green marbles, 4 blue marbles, 1 red marble, and 8 yellow marbles in a bag. Once a marble is drawn, it is <u>NOT replaced</u>. Find the probability of the outcome.

 66.	two green marbles in a row					
	a. $\frac{1}{105}$	c.	$\frac{2}{225}$			
	b. $\frac{4}{225}$	d.	$\frac{3}{29}$			
 67.	two yellow marbles in a row					
	a. $\frac{64}{225}$	c.	$\frac{56}{225}$			
	b. $\frac{4}{15}$	d.	$\frac{15}{29}$			
 68.	a blue marble then a green marble					
	a. $\frac{8}{225}$	c.	$\frac{4}{105}$			
	b. $\frac{1}{35}$	d.	$\frac{6}{29}$			
 69.	a yellow marble then a red marble					
	a. $\frac{8}{225}$	c.	$\frac{9}{29}$			
	b. $\frac{3}{70}$	d.	$\frac{4}{105}$			
 70.	two red marbles in a row					
	a. 0	c.	$\frac{1}{29}$			
	b. $\frac{1}{15}$	d.	$\frac{1}{225}$			

A card is drawn from a deck of cards numbered one through twenty. The card is <u>NOT replaced</u> and another card is drawn. Find the probability of the outcome.

_____ 71. a prime number is drawn and then a composite number

	a. $\frac{4}{19}$	c.	$\frac{19}{39}$
	b. $\frac{22}{95}$	d.	$\frac{11}{50}$
72.	two prime numbers are drawn in a row		
	a. $\frac{16}{95}$	c.	$\frac{14}{95}$
	b. $\frac{5}{13}$	d.	$\frac{4}{25}$
73.	two even numbers are drawn in a row		
	a. $\frac{109}{380}$	c.	$\frac{1}{4}$
	b. $\frac{19}{39}$	d.	$\frac{9}{38}$

74.	an even number and then an odd number					
	a.	<u>5</u> 19	c.	$\frac{1}{4}$		
	b.	<u>20</u> <u>39</u>	d.	$\frac{5}{14}$		

_____ 75. a number greater than 8 and then a number less than 5

 a. $\frac{16}{39}$ c. $\frac{3}{25}$

 b. $\frac{12}{95}$ d. $\frac{9}{95}$

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Accel Math 6/7 -Probability Study Guide Answer Section

TRUE/FALSE

- 1. ANS: F
- 2. ANS: T
- 3. ANS: T
- 4. ANS: T
- 5. ANS: T

MULTIPLE CHOICE

6.	ANS:	В	STA:	7.15
7.	ANS:	С	STA:	7.15
8.	ANS:	D		
9.	ANS:	А		
10.	ANS:	В		
11.	ANS:	С		
12.	ANS:	D		
13.	ANS:	А		
14.	ANS:	В		
15.	ANS:	А		
16.	ANS:	D		
17.	ANS:	В		
18.	ANS:	А		
19.	ANS:	В		
20.	ANS:	С		
21.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
22.	ANS:	D	STA:	8.12
23.	ANS:	D	STA:	8.12
24.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
25.	ANS:	В	STA:	8.12
26.	ANS:	С	STA:	8.12
27.	ANS:	В	STA:	7.14 7.18
28.	ANS:	С	STA:	7.14 7.18
29.	ANS:	D	STA:	7.14 7.18
30.	ANS:	А	STA:	7.14 7.18
31.	ANS:	С	STA:	8.12
32.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
33.	ANS:	В	STA:	8.12
34.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
35.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
36.	ANS:	D	STA:	8.12

37.	ANS:	С	STA:	8.12
38.	ANS:	В	STA:	8.12
39.	ANS:	D	STA:	8.12
40.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
41.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.11
42.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.11
43.	ANS:	D	STA:	VA 8.11
44.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.11
45.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.11
46.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.11
47.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.11
48.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.11
49.	ANS:	С	STA:	VA 8.11
50.	ANS:	D	STA:	VA 8.11
51.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.11
52.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.11
53.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.11
54.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.11
55.	ANS:	С	STA:	VA 8.11
56.	ANS:	D	STA:	VA 8.11
57.	ANS:	А		
58.	ANS:	В		
59.	ANS:	А		
60.	ANS:	В		
61.	ANS:	В		
62.	ANS:	В		
63.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
64.	ANS:	D	STA:	8.12
65.	ANS:	А	STA:	8.12
66.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
67.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
68.	ANS:	С	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
69.	ANS:	D	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
70.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
71.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
72.	ANS:	С	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
73.	ANS:	D	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
74.	ANS:	А	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11
75.	ANS:	В	STA:	VA 8.17 VA 8.11