

Introduction

Thoughts or feelings in language are often conveyed through expressions; however, mathematical ideas are conveyed through algebraic expressions.

Algebraic expressions are mathematical statements that include numbers, operations, and variables to represent a number or quantity.

Variables are letters used to represent values or unknown quantities that can change or vary. One example of an algebraic expression is $3x - 4$. Notice the variable, x .



Key Concepts

- Expressions are made up of **terms**. A term is a **number**, a **variable**, or the product of a number and variable(s). An **addition** or **subtraction** sign separates each term of an expression.
- In the expression $4x^2 + 3x + 7$, there are 3 terms: **$4x^2$** , **$3x$** , and **7** .
- The **factors** of each term are the numbers or expressions that when multiplied produce a given product. In the example above, the factors of $4x^2$ are **4** and **x^2** . The factors of $3x$ are **3** and **x** .



Key Concepts, *continued*

- 4 is also known as the **coefficient** of the term $4x^2$. A coefficient is the number multiplied by a variable in an algebraic expression. The coefficient of $3x$ is 3.
- The term $4x^2$ also has an **exponent**. Exponents indicate the number of times a factor is being **multiplied** by itself. In this term, **2** is the exponent and indicates that x is multiplied by itself 2 times.
- Terms that do not contain a variable are called **constants** because the quantity does not change. In this example, **7** is a constant.



Key Concepts, *continued*

Expression	$4x^2 + 3x + 7$		
Terms	$4x^2$	$3x$	7
Factors	4 and x^2	3 and x	
Coefficients	4	3	
Constants			7



Key Concepts, *continued*

- Terms with the same variable raised to the same exponent are called **like terms**. In the example $5x + 3x - 9$, $5x$ and $3x$ are like terms. Like terms can be combined following the **order of operations** by evaluating grouping symbols, evaluating exponents, completing multiplication and division, and completing addition and subtraction from left to right. In this example, the sum of $5x$ and $3x$ is **$8x$** .



Common Errors/Misconceptions

- incorrectly following the order of operations
- incorrectly identifying like terms
- incorrectly combining terms involving subtraction



Example 2

2 times a number plus 5 is 27.

1. Translate the verbal expression into an algebraic expression.
2. Identify all terms
3. Identify the factors.
4. Identify all coefficients.
5. Identify any constants.



Example 2

2 times a number plus 5 is 27.

Expression	
Terms	
Factors	
Coefficients	
Constants	



Guided Practice

Example 2

A smartphone is on sale for 25% off its list price. The sale price of the smartphone is \$149.25. What expression can be used to represent the list price of the smartphone? Identify each term, coefficient, constant, and factor of the expression described.



Guided Practice: **Example 2, continued**

1. Translate the verbal expression into an algebraic expression.

Let x represent the unknown list price. Describe the situation. The list price is found by adding the discounted amount to the sale price:

sale price + discount amount

The discount amount is found by multiplying the discount percent by the unknown list price. The expression that represents the list price of the smartphone is $149.25 + 0.25x$.



Guided Practice: **Example 2, continued**

2. Identify all terms.

There are two terms described in the expression: the sale price of \$149.25, and the discount of 25% off the list price, or 149.25 and $0.25x$.



Guided Practice: **Example 2, continued**

3. Identify the factors.

$0.25x$ is the product of the factors 0.25 and x .



Guided Practice: **Example 2, continued**

4. **Identify all coefficients.**

0.25 is multiplied by the variable, x ; therefore, 0.25 is a coefficient.



Guided Practice: **Example 2, continued**

5. **Identify any constants.**

The number that does not change in the expression is 149.25; therefore, 149.25 is a constant.



Guided Practice: **Example 2, continued**

Expression	
Terms	
Factors	
Coefficients	
Constants	



Guided Practice

Example 3

Helen purchased 3 books from an online bookstore and received a 20% discount. The shipping cost was \$10 and was not discounted. Write an expression that can be used to represent the total amount Helen paid for 3 books plus the shipping cost. Identify each term, coefficient, constant, and factor of the expression described.



Guided Practice: **Example 3, continued**

1. Translate the verbal expression into an algebraic expression.

Let x represent the unknown price. The expression used to represent the total amount Helen paid for the 3 books plus shipping is $3x - 0.20(3x) + 10$.



Guided Practice: **Example 3, continued**

2. **Simplify the expression.**

The expression can be simplified by following the order of operations and combining like terms.

$$3x - 0.20(3x) + 10$$

Multiply 0.20 and 3x.

$$3x - 0.60x + 10$$

Combine like terms:
3x and $-0.60x$.

$$2.4x + 10$$



Guided Practice: **Example 3, continued**

3. Identify all terms.

There are two terms in the described expression: the product of 2.4 and x , and the shipping charge of \$10: $2.4x$ and 10.



Guided Practice: **Example 3, continued**

4. **Identify the factors.**

$2.4x$ is the product of the factors 2.4 and x .



Guided Practice: **Example 3, *continued***

5. Identify all coefficients.

2.4 is multiplied by the variable, x ; therefore, 2.4 is a coefficient.



Guided Practice: **Example 3, continued**

6. **Identify any constants.**

The number that does not change in the expression is 10; therefore, 10 is a constant.



Guided Practice: **Example 3, continued**

Expression		
Terms		
Factors		
Coefficients		
Constants		

