St. Johns County School District 2015-2016 School Year

Course: 2002040

6th Grade Science

6/29/2015 Page **1** of **17**

Curriculum Map Terms & Use

Text: Pearson Interactive Science Course 1. Supplement with additional materials.

Quarter: Refers to the time period during which the standard(s) should be taught.

Unit/Organizing Strand: The overarching organizational structure used to group content and concepts within the curriculum map.

Florida Standards for Math & Literacy: Are to be incorporated into instruction, see notes in the map for suggestions. Best practice is to provide time for close reading and analytical writing, pushing students to evaluate/analyze information. Visit www.cpalms.org for correlation of CC standards to Science standards.

Essential Questions: If present, these serve to guide instruction & to push the student to higher levels of thinking. These questions should guide students to the heart of the content.

Benchmark: Refers to the benchmark classification system number: subject area, grade level, body of knowledge, big idea & benchmark are given in the benchmark. **Ex: SC.912.P.12.1**

Standard: The information that the student is expected to learn.

Comments: These are district clarifications, to guide you on some of the vague standards.

Misconception: These are taken from NAEP and can be used to guide instruction, these are commonly held misconceptions at MS level.

Highlighted item: DOE indicates that this content will be tested on the 8th grade FCAT 2.0 Science exam. . The benchmark clarification and/or content limits from the DOE are printed below the benchmark.

Remarks: Are Department of Education clarifications.

Resources/Activities: Are suggested. Teachers should preview all media. Best practice is to provide inquiry and/or follow up labs or activities, non-fiction text and/or enrichment activities for important and foundational topics for future learning. Visit www.cpalms.org for resources.

6/29/2015 Page **2** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Course: 6 th grade Science Quarter: 1 & throughout throughout curriculum				
Unit/Organizing Stra	nd:Language Arts Standards for Reading/Writing from Florida Standards: Speaking and Listening				
Benchmarks	Standards				
LAFS.6.SL.1.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, & teacher-led_ with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, & issues, building on others' ideas & expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.				
LAFS.6.SL.1.2	Interpret information presented in diverse media & formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.				
LAFS.6.SL.1.3	Delineate a speaker's argument & specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons & evidence from claims that are not.				
LAFS.6.SL.2.4	Present claims & findings, sequencing ideas logically & using pertinent descriptions, facts & details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, & clear pronunciation.				
LAFS.6.SL.2.5	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound & visual displays in presentations to clarify information.				
ELD.K12.ELL.SI.1 ELD.K12.ELL.SC.1	English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting. English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of Science.				

6/29/2015 Page **3** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Course: 6 th grade Science Quarter: 1 & throughout throughout curriculum				
Unit/Organizing Str	and: Language Arts Standards for Reading/Writing from Florida Standards: Reading in Science & Technical Subjects				
Benchmarks	Standards				
LAFS.68.RST.1.1	Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science & technical texts.				
LAFS.68.RST.1.2	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.				
LAFS.68.RST.1.3	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.				
LAFS.68.RST.2.4	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, & other domain-specific words & phrases as they're used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts & topics.				
LAFS.68.RST.2.5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole & to an understanding of the topic.				
LAFS.68.RST.2.6	Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text.				
LAFS.68.RST.3.7	Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).				
LAFS.68.RST.3.8	Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.				
LAFS.68.RST.3.9	Compare/contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.				

6/29/2015 Page **4** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Cou	ırse: 6 th grade Science	Quarter: the year	1 & throughout	Pacing: Integrate throughout curriculum
Unit/Organizing Stra Subjects	nd: Language Arts Standards f	or Reading/Writing from I	lorida Stand	dards : Writing in H	istory, Science and Technical
Benchmark	Standards				
LAFS.68.WHST.1.1	b. Support claim(s) with	out a topic or issue, acknot ganize the reasons & evi- logical reasoning & relev- topic or text, using credib & clauses to create cohes ns, & evidence. a formal style.	owledge & d dence logica ant, accurate e sources. sion & clarify	ally. e data & evidence to the relationships a	hat demonstrate an among claims(s),
LAFS.68.WHST.1.2	when useful to aid co b. Develop the topic with information & exampl c. Use appropriate & va d. Use precise & domain e. Establish & maintain	echnical processes. rly, previewing what is to appropriate to achieving mprehension. In relevant, well-chosen faces. ried transitions to create of	follow; organd purpose; incomession & control of the control of th	nize ideas, concept clude formatting, gr ns, concrete details clarify relationships or explain the topic.	es, & information into raphics, & multimedia s, quotations, or other among ideas & concepts
LAFS.68.WHST.2.4	Produce clear & coherent wr purpose, and audience.	ting in which the develop	ment, organi	ization, & style are	appropriate to task,

6/29/2015 Page **5** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter: 1 & throughout the year	Pacing:		
Unit/Organizing Stran Technical Subjects	d: Language Arts Standards for Reading/	Writing from Florida Standards	: Writing in History, Science and		
Benchmarks	Standards				
LAFS.68.WHST.2.5	With some guidance and support from peers & adults, develop & strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose & audience have been addressed.				
LAFS.68.WHST.2.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.				
LAFS.68.WHST.3.7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources & generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.				
LAFS.68.WHST.3.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print & digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility & accuracy of each source; & quote or paraphrase the data & conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism & following a standard format for citation.				
LAFS.68.WHST.3.9	Draw evidence from informational texts	to support analysis reflection, a	and research.		
LAFS.68.WHST.4.10	Write routinely over extended time frame single sitting or a day or two) for a range				

6/29/2015 Page **6** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Course: 6th grade Science	Quarter: 1 & throughout the year	Pacing:			
Unit/Organizing Str	and: Math Standards from the Florida	Standards: Statistics & probabilit	ty, Expressions & Equations			
Benchmarks	Standards					
MAFS.6.EE.3.9	Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between dependent & independent variables using graphs and tables and relate these to the equation. For example, in a problem involving motion at constant speed, list & graph ordered pairs of distances & times, and write the equation d=65t to represent the relationship between distance and time.					
MAFS.6.SP.2.4	Display numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms & box plots.					
MAFS.6.SP.2.5	,	under investigation, including hor of the center (median and/or median absolute deviation) as well as as from the overall pattern with reses of center & variability to the second	w it was measured & an) & variability s describing any overall eference to the context in			

6/29/2015 Page **7** of **17**

Course# 2002040		Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter: 1 & throughout the year	for "N	ng: approximately 3 wks. N" standards, including by & beginning rules.
Unit/Organizing Str	and:	The Practice of Science		•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
scientific investigatio	ns be repl		inferences? What is the scien	tific me	
Benchmarks	Standa	^r d			Resources/Activities
SC.6.N.1.1 FCAT Students will identify test variables and or outcome variables in a given scientific investigation. Students will interpret/analyze/evaluate data to make predictions/defend conclusions. Students will distinguish between an experiment & other types of scientific investigations where variables cannot be controlled. SC.6.N.1.2 FCAT	reference scientific or experence etc) collecters, to defend a Common process beginning data collecters.	a problem from the 6th grade curve materials to support scientific investigation of various types riments, identify variables (indepect & organize data, (qualitative ables & graphics, analyze inforcenclusions. ent: Teach lab safety and basines (observing, inferring, etc.), rong & throughout the year (ex. vollection and use (line and bar gressary to teach: metric convenedian, mode, significant figure	c understanding, plan & carry of such as systematic observation ob	ons in I	Resource: Media: Bozemanscience.com "Scientific Method" Mr. Edmonds Songs: "Scientific Method": http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WEXMB5wsl0w "The Variables Song" Help to teach independent/dependent variables: D
Students will differentiate between replication and repetition. Students will evaluate the use of repeated trials or replication in a scientific investigation. Students will compare methods and/or results obtained in a scientific investigation. SC.6.N.1.3	Explain investigate world with investigate investigate.	why scientific investigations shall the difference between an explation, & explain the relative berest. Explain that an investigation thout interference or manipulation that involves variables (in the cause-effect relationships.	eriment & other types of scient nefits & limitations of each. n is observing/studying the nati tion, an experiment is an	ural	R Y MIX Activity: Have students plan & create a "mock" experiment. They can write out the steps & predict an outcome, showing data collection. Science Fair is an optional activity-check with your chair.

6/29/2015 Page **8** of **17**

Course# 2002040		Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter: 1 & throughout the year	Pacing) :
Unit/Organizing St	trand:	The Practice of Science, C	naracteristics of Scientific K	nowledge	
Benchmarks	Standard	ds		Resources/Activities	
SC.6.N.1.4		compare & negotiate methods ions among groups of students			Activity: Students can talk to a
SC.6.N.1.5	_	ze that science involves creativents, but also in creating explan	, ,		shoulder partner about the reasons why results & methods
SC.6.N.2.1	Remarks individua pursues,	sh science from other activities s: Thought refers to any intelled l's subjective consciousness. So builds & organizes knowledge ions about the natural world.		might vary when testing a hypothesis. Then, each should write a brief paragraph with an explanation, based on the	
SC.6.N.2.3		ze that scientists who make cor mall kinds of backgrounds & p		conversation.	
NOTE: These concepts should be "folded" into the teaching of the N.1.1 standards, they are not stand alone.	Student Vocabul hypothe units of	ts should master: ary: qualitative, quantitative sis, types of variables (ex.: ir measure & how objects are it ting simple charts/graphs.	ndependent, control), bas		

6/29/2015 Page **9** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Course: 6 th grade Science Quart	er: 1	Pacing:					
Unit/Organizing Strand: Energy Transfer & Transformations, Forces & Changes in Motion								
	What is energy? What does the law of cor What affects the motion of an object?	servation of energy tell	us? How is motion observed,					
Benchmarks	Standards		Resources					
SC.6.P.11.1 Assessed as SC.7.P.11.2	Explore the Law of Conservation of Energy between potential & kinetic energy. Identify kinetic energy is transformed into potential Misconception : Energy can be created.	situations where	Simulations: http://phet.colorado.edu/ "Energy Forms and Changes", "Energy Skate					
SC.6.P.12.1 Assessed as SC.6.P.13.3	Measure & graph distance versus time for a constant speed. Interpret this relationship. Comment: NOT required to teach calculate	Park", "Forces and Motion"						
SC.6.P.13.1 FCAT Students will identify and/or describe types of forces & describe the relationship among distance, mass & gravitational force between any two objects. Students will differentiate between mass & weight. Also assesses SC.6.P.13.2.	Investigate & describe types of forces include forces acting at a distance, such as electric gravitational. Misconception: Energy can be transformed.	II, magnetic &						

6/29/2015 Page **10** of **17**

Course# 2002040	Course# 2002040		Science	Quarter:	1	Pacing:	
Unit/Organizing Stra		nergy Transfer & Tra					
Essential Question(
described, measured		s the motion of an ob	oject? Wha	at is a force?	How do some fo	rces act fr	
Benchmark	Standards						Resources
SC.6.P.13.2 Assessed as SC.6.P.13.1. Students will be able to differentiate between mass & weight.	force on ever objects have Comment: S the factors th	aw of Gravity by reco y other object & that and how far apart the students should unde at impact it. on: Gravity comes fr	the force deep are.	concept of g	now much mass th	е	Simulation: http://phet.colorado.edu/ "Gravity Force Lab" "Forces and Motion:
SC.6.P.13.3 FCAT Students will interpret &/or analyze graphs of distance & time for an object moving at constant speed. Also assesses SC.6.P.12.1.	speed, or dire						Basics"
SC.6.N.3.3	Give several	examples of scientific	c laws.				
SC.6.N.3.2		explain that a scienti conditions in the natu laws.					
	END OF	QUARTER 1					

6/29/2015 Page **11** of **17**

Course# 2002040		Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter:	2	Pacing:
Unit/Organizing Stran	nd: Forces	l and Changes in Motion,Ea	rth Patterns & S	Systems	<u> </u>
Essential Question(s) What are the biogeoch		ce of almost all energy on the pearth?	lanet? What are	the ways in which e	nergy (as heat) transfers?
Benchmarks	Standards				Resources/Activities
SC.6.E.7.4 Also assesses SC.6.E.7.2.E.7.3,E.7.6 &.E.7.9. Students will describe/explain how the cycling of water & global patterns influence local weather/climate. Students will describe the composition & structure of the atmosphere &/or how the atmosphere protects life & insulates the planet. SC.6.E.7.1 Assessed as SC.6.E.7.5.	atmosphere, & bio Differentiate amon which heat is trans	g radiation, conduction & conv sferred through Earth's system	vection, the three	mechanisms by	BozemanScience.com: "Biogeochemical Cycles"
SC.6.E.7.2 Assessed as SC.6.E.7.4. SC.6.E.7.8 SC.6.E.7.9	has an effect on w Comment: Teach clouds. Describe ways tha sun exposure. Describe how the	y how the cycling of water betweather patterns & climate. how clouds form but, not requet human beings protect thems composition & structure of the	lired that you tea	ch the types of dous weather &	
Assessed as SC.6.E.7.4.		h the layers of the atmosphere contains ozone layer, troposph			

6/29/2015 Page **12** of **17**

Course# 2002040		Course:	6 th grade Science	Quarter:	2	Pac	ing:
Unit/Organizing Stra				earth? How	does energy drive	chano	ges on our planet? What
is the source of all end					37	`	
Benchmarks	Standards						Resources/Activities
SC.6.E.7.5 FCAT Students will explain how energy provided by the sun influences global patterns of atmospheric movement. Items will NOT assess knowledge of Coriolis effect. SC.6.E.7.3 Assessed as SC.6.E.7.4. SC.6.E.7.6 Assessed as SC.6.E.7.4.	atmospher & land. Comment of wind, & Effect or the Describe hinfluence longer by the comment gulf stream teach: air predicting Differential Comment air masses	s: Students how land/se how global p cal weather in influence wasses and the weather te between This is ve	weather & climate. ry basic. Not neces novements, types o	e differences I the concept of necessary the latitudes. e jet stream & ms such as te midity & prece and ocean cu tways. Not types of front sary to teach	of global patterns to teach Coriolis cocean currents emperature, air ipitation. urrents such as the required that you is, storm formation		Have students write about how global patterns would be influenced if less radiant energy were able to reach Earth. They can predict the ecological/economic effects of this. Media: www.nbclearn.com "Modeling our Future Climate" Changing Planet: "Ocean Temperatures" Nova: "Clouds and Weather" http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/labs/video_popup/3/
OO.O.L.1.1	Investigate	how natura	al disasters have aff	ected humar	ı life in Florida.		21/

6/29/2015 Page **13** of **17**

Course# 2002	040	Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter: 2	Pacin	g:
Unit/Organizin	g Strand:	Earth Structures			
Essential Ques	stion(s): How	has/ is Earth's surface continua	ally changed by cons	tructive and destru	ictive forces?
Benchmarks	Standards				Resources/Activities
SC.6.E.6.1	down by ph Comments oxbow lake have basic deposition. Misconcep Water cann Recognize such as coa these landfo Comments erosion and	give examples of ways in which ysical & chemical weathering, as: Not necessary to get very sponders. It is students should understanding and be familiar white the students are a variety of differ astlines, dunes, rivers, mountainers as they apply to Florida. It is students should understand a deposition, keep it simple. This standard is annually as st.	erosion & deposition. becific (barrier beachestand what each proceed with examples of erosed and deposit it in a new ent landforms on Earns, glaciers, deltas & that these landforms	es, horn, arête, less is and sion and lew location. th's surface lakes & relate lakes are a result of	Activity: Have students research & briefly present a feature of Florida caused by weathering, erosion, or deposition. They should specify how the feature occurred and explain why this specifically occurred in Florida. They can then compare to
					another state with different features.
	END O	F QUARTER 2			

6/29/2015 Page **14** of **17**

Course# 2002040		Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter: 3	Pacing:				
Unit/Organizing Strand:	0	rganization & Development of L	l ∟iving Organisms					
Essential Question(s): What are characteristics of living things? How do plant cells differ from animal cells? How are living things								
organized? How do living things maintain homeostasis? What are the components of the cell theory? How does the structure of								
major organelles accommodate the function of the organelle?								
Benchmarks	Standard	ls			Resources/Activities			
SC.6.L.14.2 FCAT EXTREMELY important foundation for HS Biology. Students will be able to identify, describe/explain the components of cell theory. Students will describe how cells undergo similar processes to maintain homeostasis	theory): a all cells c				C Palms: Investigate Cell Theory: ID#40202 Biology4Kids.com: cells Media: Khanacademy.com:			
SC.6.N.2.2 FCAT Students will explain that scientific explanations are based on evidence, logic, predictions & identify instances in history of science in which scientific knowledge changed as a result of new evidence.	•	nat scientific knowledge is dura ence or interpretations are enco	ble because it is open to chang ountered.	e as	"Parts of a Cell". You Tube: Cell Theory Rap: http://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=UP_vX6ipOb4 Bozemanscience.com: "The Wacky History of			
SC.6.N.3.1	accepted individual	explanation of nature & is not	ory is a well-supported & widely simply a claim posed by an be able to explain the differenc		the Cell" "Cellular Organelles" "Classification of Life" You Tube: Cell Theory Clip:			
SC.6.N.3.4	Identify the benchma	ne role of models in the context rks.	of the 6 th grade science		https://www.youtube.com /watch?v=4OpBylwH9DU Simulation: For cells: http://www.cellsalive.com /cells/3dcell.htm			

6/29/2015 Page **15** of **17**

Have some time as you move towards end of the year? Consider a hands on cell project in class, with students labeling and understanding structure/function of all organelles and similarities/differences between plant and animal cells.

Course# 2002040	Course: 6th grade Science	Quarter: 3	Pacing:						
Unit/Organizing Strand: Diversity & Evolution of Living Organisms, Organization & Development of Living Organisms									
Essential Question(s): What characteristics do all living things share? How are living things organized? What are some of									
	the major structures of the human body?								
Benchmarks	Standards		Resources/Activities						
SC.6.L.14.3 Assessed as SC.6.L.14.2.	Recognize & explore how cells of all processes to maintain homeostasis, i food, getting rid of waste, & reproduc Misconception : Cells of living organ themselves, there are no single celled	Media: Homeostasis: https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=XZxuQo3yIII							
SC.6.L.14.4 FCAT EXTREMELY important foundation for HS Biology. Students will be required to compare/contrast organelles in plant/animal cells.	Compare & contrast the <u>structure & plant & animal cells</u> , including cell wa cytoplasm, chloroplasts, mitochondria Comment: Teach that the function of proteins for the cell.	II, cell membrane, nucleus, a & vacuoles.	Khanacademy.com: "Parts of a Cell". Bozemanscience.com: "The Wacky History of the Cell" "Cellular Organelles" "Classification of Life" Simulation: For cells:						
SC.6.L.15.1 FCAT	Analyze & describe how & why orgashared characteristics with emphasis combined with the concept of Domain Comment: It is not required that you individual types of organisms. It is no organism's scientific name. END OF QUARTER 3	on the Linnaean system ns. I teach specific characteristics of	http://www.cellsalive.com/ cells/3dcell.htm						

6/29/2015 Page **16** of **17**

Course# 2002040		Course: 6 th grade Science	Quarter:	4	Pacing:
		rsity & Evolution of Living Orga			
Essential Question(s the major structures o	•	•	gs share? Ho	ow are living thin	ngs organized? What are some of
Benchmarks	Standa	rds			Resources/Activities
SC.6.L.14.1 FCAT This standard is not taught again in MS. SC.6.L.14.5 FCAT Also assesses SC.6.L.14.6. Students will identify/describe how the major systems of the body interact to maintain homeostasis. Students will compare/contrast types of infectious agents that affect the human body. SC.6.L.14.6 Also assesses SC.6.L.14.5.	organis organ s Identify the hun excreto these s Commo organs Compa human Remari factors	re & contrast types of infectiou body, including viruses, bacter ks: Explain how body systems & infectious agents.	"Immune system" "Respiratory system" "Digestive system" You Tube: Amoeba sisters: "Human Body Systems: The 11 Champions", "Viruses: Viral Replication and the Mysterious Common Cold", "Bacteria: The Good, The Bad, the Kinda		
HE.6.C.1.3	Remar	environmental factors that affectors that affectors. Air & water quality, availabed hazards.			ed Gross". Nova: "Virus Wars" http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/
HE.6.C.1.5	infectio	how body systems are impactus agents. quarter 4	ed by heredita	ary factors &	nova/body/virus-wars.htm Activity: Create a flowchart that shows the flow from atoms to organisms. Research a fungal disease: athlete's foot.

6/29/2015 Page **17** of **17**