




Area of Triangles

Lesson # 8



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Let's use what we
know about
parallelograms to find
the area of triangles.

Today's Goals

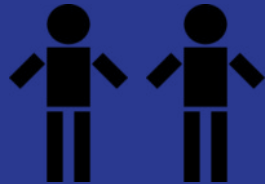
- I can use what I know about parallelograms to reason about the area of triangles.



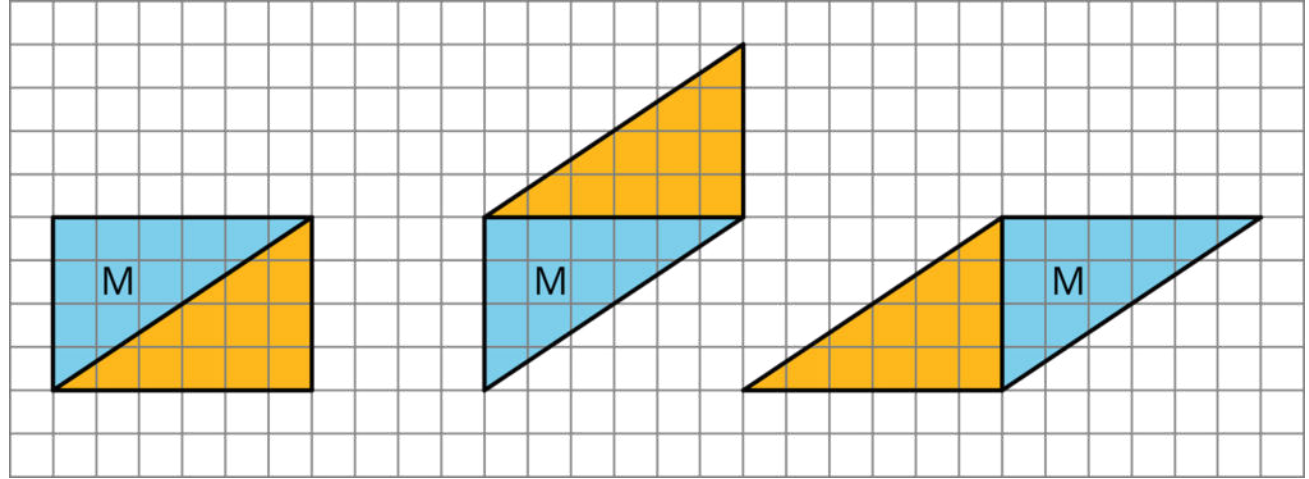
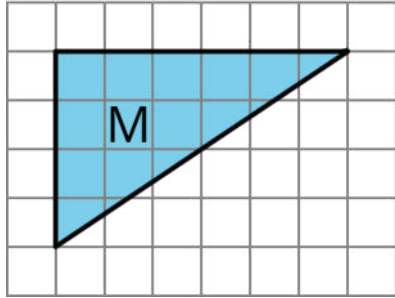
Composing Parallelograms

Warm Up 8.1

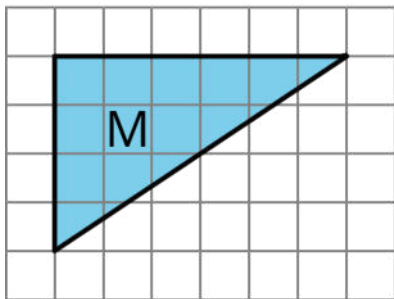
- Notice & Wonder
- Think Pair Share



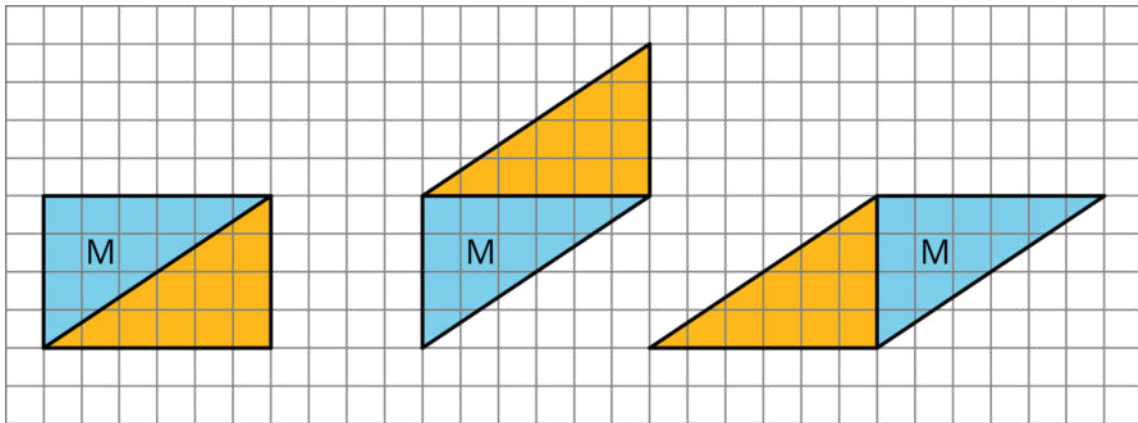
What Do You Notice? What Do You Wonder?



Here is Triangle M.



Han made a copy of Triangle M and composed three different parallelograms using the original M and the copy, as shown here.



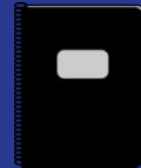
For each parallelogram Han composed, identify a base and a corresponding height, and write the measurements on the drawing.

Find the area of each parallelogram Han composed. Show your reasoning.

More Triangles

Activity 8.2

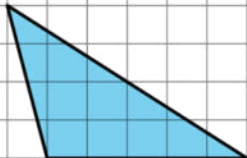
- Anticipate, Monitor, Select, Sequence, Connect



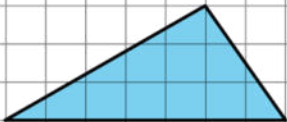
A



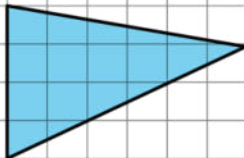
C



B



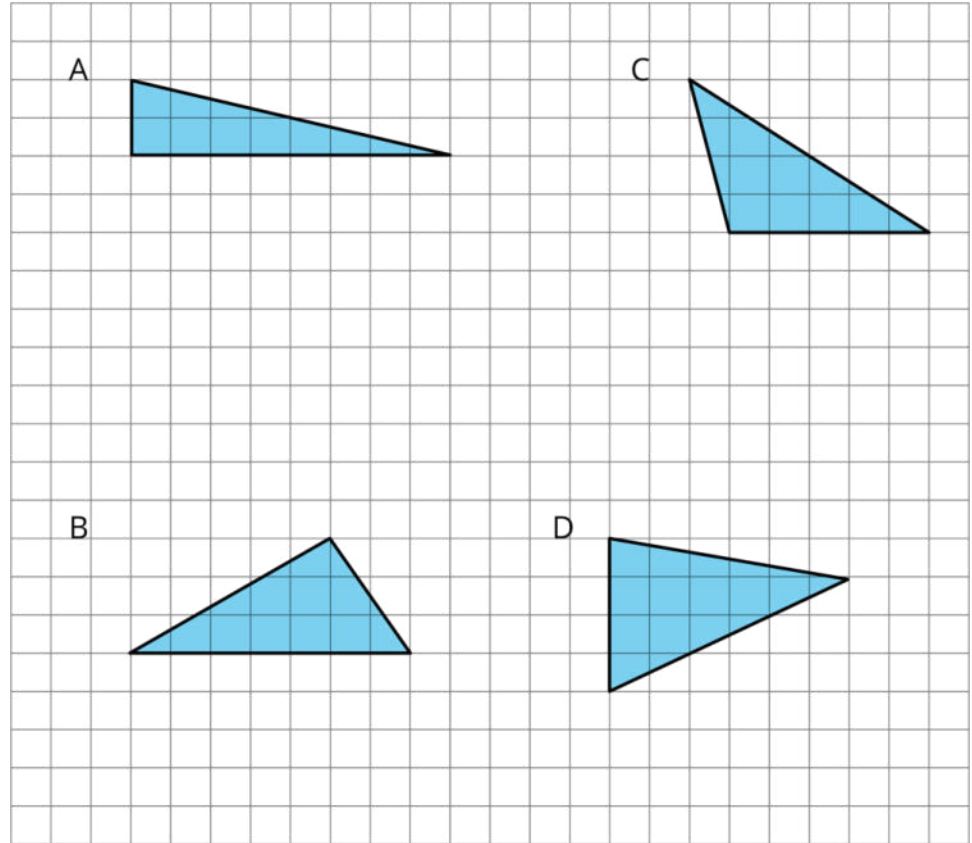
D



Find the areas of at least two triangles. Explain or show your reasoning.

Let's Share Our Work

**LET'S TACO
BOUT IT**



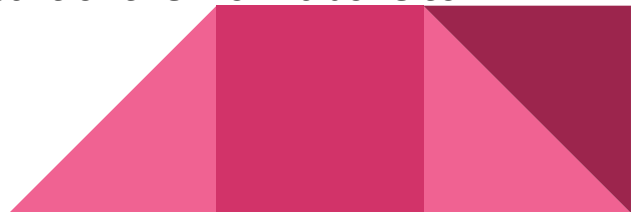
Decomposing a Parallelogram

Optional Activity 8.3



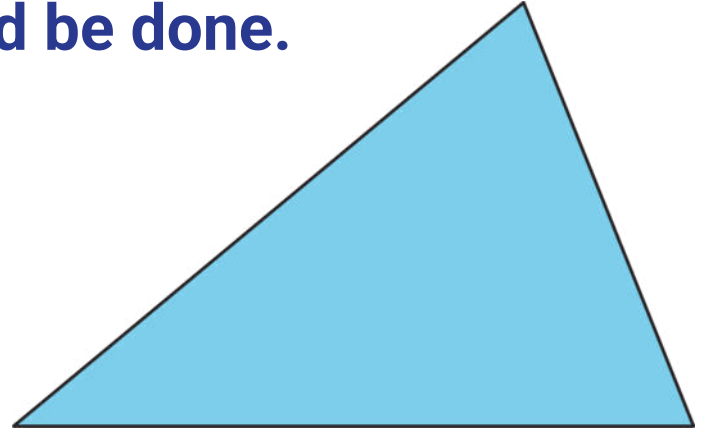
Decomposing a Parallelogram

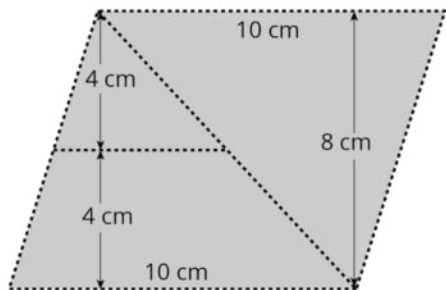
1. Your teacher will give you two copies of a parallelogram. Glue or tape *one* copy of your parallelogram here and find its area. Show your reasoning.
2. Decompose the second copy of your parallelogram by cutting along the dotted lines. Take *only* the small triangle and the trapezoid, and rearrange these two pieces into a different parallelogram. Glue or tape the newly composed parallelogram on your paper.
3. Find the area of the new parallelogram you composed. Show your reasoning.
4. What do you notice about the relationship between the area of this new parallelogram and the original one?
5. How do you think the area of the large triangle compares to that of the new parallelogram: Is it larger, the same, or smaller? Why is that?
6. Glue or tape the remaining large triangle below. Use any part of the work above to help you find its area. Show your reasoning.



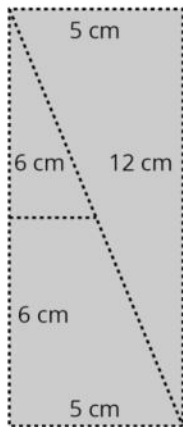
Are you ready for more?

Can you decompose this triangle and rearrange its parts to form a rectangle? Describe how it could be done.

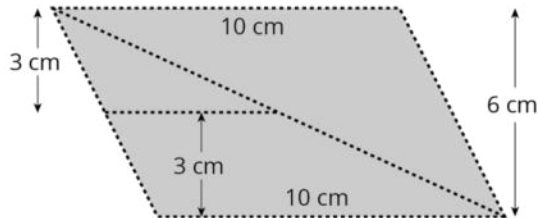




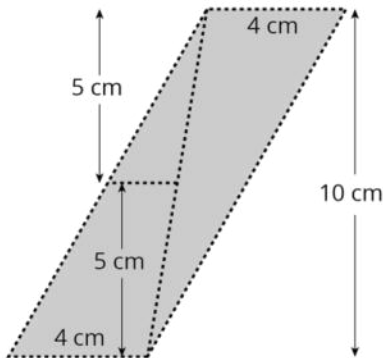
A



B



C



D

How many possible parallelograms can be created from each set of trapezoid and triangle?


Do they all yield the same area? Why or why not?

How does the area of the new parallelogram relate to the area of the original parallelogram?

Can the area of the large triangle be determined? How?

Lesson Synthesis





What can we say about the area
of a triangle and that of a
parallelogram with the same
height?

In the 2nd Activity, we cut along a line that goes through the midpoints of two sides and rearranged the pieces into a parallelogram. What did we notice about the area and the height of the resulting parallelogram?



How might we start finding the area of any triangle, in general?

Today's Goals

- I can use what I know about parallelograms to reason about the area of triangles.



An Area of 14

Cool Down 8.4

