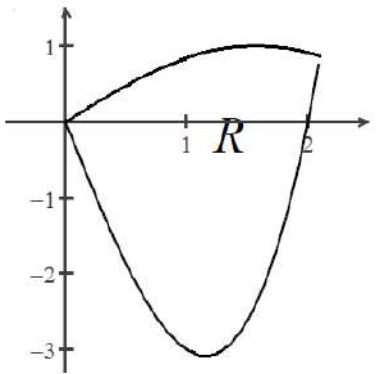
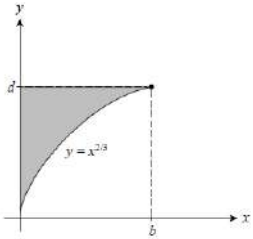
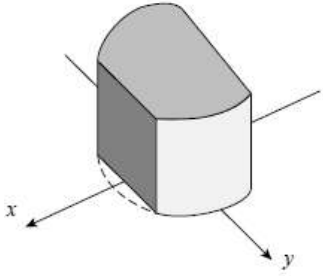
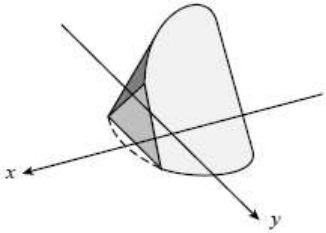
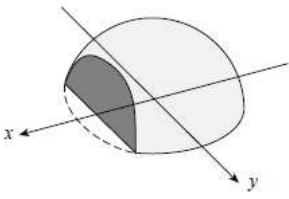


## AP Calculus - Area & Volumes - Practice #2

	<p>1.) Let <math>R</math> be the region bound by the graphs of <math>f(x) = \sin(x)</math> and <math>g(x) = x^3 - 4x</math> as shown in the figure above.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Find the area of <math>R</math></li> <li>Find the volume of the solid generated when the region <math>R</math> is revolved around the horizontal line <math>y = 2</math></li> <li>What is the greatest vertical distance between <math>f</math> and <math>g</math>? Justify your answer.</li> <li>The region <math>R</math> models the surface of a small pond. At all points in <math>R</math> at a distance <math>x</math> from the <math>y</math>-axis, the depth of the water is given by <math>h(x) = 3 - x</math>. Find the volume of water in the pond.</li> </ol>	
<p>2.) Find the volume of solid formed by revolving the region between <math>y = x^{\frac{2}{3}}</math> and <math>x = 0</math> and <math>y = 1.25147</math> about the <math>y</math>-axis.</p>		
<p>3.) A solid whose base is bounded by the circle <math>x^2 + y^2 = 4</math> is formed with cross sections taken perpendicular to the <math>x</math>-axis. Find the volume if the cross sections are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Squares.</li> <li>Equilateral triangles.</li> <li>Semicircles</li> <li>Isosceles right triangles</li> </ol>	 <p>a.)</p>	
<p>b.)</p> 	<p>c.)</p> 	<p>d.)</p> 