# ook for the signs

DANGER KEFD

SLOW

- The child may have unexplained:
- bruises, welts, cuts or other injuries
- broken bones
- burns

# A child experiencing physical abuse may: - seem withdrawn or depressed

- seem afraid to go home or may run away
- shy away from physical contact
- be aggressive
- wear inappropriate clothing to hide injuries

# gns of Sexual Abuse

## The child may have:

- torn, stained or bloody underwear
- trouble walking or sitting
- pain or itching in genital area
- a sexually transmitted disease

## A child experiencing sexual abuse may:

- have unusual knowledge of sex or act seductively
- fear a particular person
- seem withdrawn or depressed
- gain or lose weight suddenly
- shy away from physical contact
- run away from home

# ans of Nealect

## The child may have:

- unattended medical needs
- little or no supervision at home
- poor hygiene
- appear underweight

## A child experiencing neglect may:

- be frequently tired or hungry
- steal food
- appear overly needy for adult attention



Florida Statute 1006.061 - Pursuant to Chapter 39, all employees and agents of the district school board have an affirmative duty to report all actual or suspected cases of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect: have immunity from liability if they report such cases in good faith; and have a duty to comply with child protective investigations and all other provisions of law relating to child abuse, bandonment, and neglect.

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Serious abuse usually involves a combination of factors. While a single sign may not be significant, a pattern of physical or behavioral signs is a serious indicator and should be reported.

Show that you understand and believe what the child tells you. Encourage, but don't pressure him/her to talk. Ask open ended questions.

Tell the child he/she did the right thing by coming to you. Stress that he/she is not to blame. Let the child know that you want to help.

This can frighten the child or prevent him/her from telling you more. Do not talk negitively about the suspected abuser in front or the child.

Document your conversation as soon as you can. If possible, write down the child's exact words.

Never assume someone else will report the abuse. The sooner it's reported, the sooner the child and their family can be helped.

# WHO MUST REPORT ABUSE?

Doctors Nurses Social Workers

**Police Officers** Child Care Workers Any Witnesses

Any/All School Personnel

Call or Report it online at: http://www.dcf.state.fl.us/abuse/report/