# Warm Up

Order each set of numbers from least to greatest.

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**1.** 
$$10^4$$
,  $10^{-2}$ ,  $10^0$ ,  $10^{-1}$   
 $10^{-2}$ ,  $10^{-1}$ ,  $10^0$ ,  $10^4$ 

**2.** 
$$8^2$$
,  $8^{-2}$ ,  $8^3$ ,  $8^0$   
 $8^{-2}$ ,  $8^0$ ,  $8^2$ ,  $8^3$ 

**3.** 
$$2^3$$
,  $2^{-6}$ ,  $2^{-4}$ ,  $2^1$   
 $2^{-6}$ ,  $2^{-4}$ ,  $2^1$ ,  $2^3$ 

**Essential Question:** 

How can you use properties of exponents to simplify expressions?

Standards:

MGSE8.EE.1 Know and apply the properties of integer exponents to generate equivalent numerical expressions.

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**Scientific Notation** 

# Vocabulary

# scientific notation



An ordinary quarter contains about 97,700,000,000,000,000,000,000 atoms. The average size of an atom is about 0.00000003 centimeter across.

The length of these numbers in standard notation makes them awkward to work with.

Scientific notation is a shorthand way of writing such numbers. <u>Other Power Point</u>

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# Numbers written in <u>scientific notation</u> are written as two factors. One factor is a number greater than or equal to 1 and less than 10. The other factor is a power of 10.



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#### Topic 2- Scientific Notation

<u>Scientific notation</u>: a shorthand method to express very large or very small numbers.

Ex:  $3\ 400\ 000\ 000 = 3.4 \times 10^9$  $0.0000000576 = 5.76 \times 10^{-8}$ 

General Structure:

(decimal number between 1 and 10)  $\times$  (power of 10)

3.56 × 10<sup>7</sup> × 10

To convert a number from standard form to scientific notation:

- Move the decimal point as much as needed to obtain a decimal number between 1 and 10.
   Eg. 3562 = 3562.0 → 3.562
- The amount of places the decimal was moved becomes the exponent on the 10 Eg. Moved the decimal 3 places → 10<sup>3</sup>

3.  $3562 = 3.562 \times 10^3$  in scientific notation.

\*NOTE:

If the decimal point moves <u>left</u>, the exponent on the 10 is **positive**; if it moves <u>right</u> the exponent is **negative**.

Example: Convert 250 883 to scientific notation.

250 883 → 2.50883
 Moved decimal 5 times to left →10<sup>5</sup>
 So 2.50883 = 2.50883 × 10<sup>5</sup>

Practice: Write the following numbers in scientific notation.

- Move the decimal point as much as needed to obtain a decimal number between 1 and 10.
   Eg. 3562 = 3562.0 → 3.562
- The amount of places the decimal was moved becomes the exponent on the 10
   Eg. Moved the decimal 3 places → 10<sup>3</sup>

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3.  $3562 = 3.562 \times 10^3$  in scientific notation.

#### \*NOTE:

If the decimal point moves <u>left</u>, the exponent on the 10 is **positive**; if it moves <u>right</u> the exponent is **negative**.

Example: Convert 250 883 to scientific notation.

250 883 → 2.50883

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- 2. Moved decimal 5 times to left  $\rightarrow 10^5$
- 3. So  $2.50883 = 2.50883 \times 10^5$

Practice: Write the following numbers in scientific notation.

- 1. 8546 \_\_\_\_\_ × 10
- 2. 23 000 \_\_\_\_ × 10
- 3. 572.9 \_\_\_\_\_ × 10
- 4. 2 990 000 \_\_\_\_ × 10
- 5. 3418.06 \_\_\_\_\_ × 10
- 6. 0.0003 \_\_\_\_× 10



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7. 0.657 <mark>4</mark> 3	 × 10	
8. 0.0224	× 10	

To convert a number from scientific notation to standard form

1. CONVERSELY,

**positive** exponent  $\rightarrow$  move the decimal point to the <u>right</u>, **negative** exponent  $\rightarrow$  move the decimal point to the <u>left</u>.

Move the decimal from its current place, the *amount* and *direction* specified by the exponent on the 10.
 Eg. 2.31 × 10<sup>-3</sup> → 0.00231

Practice: Convert these numbers to standard form.

7. 0.657 <mark>43</mark>	 × 10
8. 0.0224	 × 10

To convert a number from scientific notation to standard form 1. CONVERSELY, **positive** exponent  $\rightarrow$  move the decimal point to the <u>right</u>, **negative** exponent  $\rightarrow$  move the decimal point to the <u>left</u>.

2. Move the decimal from its current place, the *amount* and *direction* specified by the exponent on the 10.

Eg.  $2.31 \times 10^{-3} \rightarrow 0.00231$ 

Practice: Convert these numbers to standard form.

1) $2 \times 10^3 =$	<u></u>
2) 2.331 x 10 <sup>5</sup> =	1 <del>40400-00-00-00-00-00-00</del> /
3) 5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> =	
4) 7.627 x $10^{-5} =$	1
5) $3.004 \times 10^3 =$	1 <del>112 </del>
6) 5.23 x $10^4 =$	
7) 5.062 x $10^2 =$	·

# Writing Math

# To write scientific notation for numbers already between 1 and 10, use a 0 exponent. $5.63 = 5.63 \times 10^{\circ}$ .



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• Workbook Pg. 73

**Scientific Notation** 

# Additional Example 1A: Translating Scientific Notation to Standard Notation Write the number in standard notation.

 $1.35 \times 10^5$  $1.35 \times 10^5$  $10^5 = 100,000$  $1.35 \times 100,000$ 135,000Think: Move the decimal

*Think: Move the decima right 5 places.* 

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#### **Helpful Hint**

 $\land \land \land \land \land \land \checkmark$ 

A positive exponent means move the decimal to the right, and a negative exponent means move the decimal to the left.

## Additional Example 1B: Translating Scientific Notation to Standard Notation Continued

Write the number in standard notation.

 $\textbf{2.7}\times\textbf{10}^{-3}$ 

$$2.7 \times 10^{-3}$$
  
 $2.7 \times \frac{1}{1000}$   
 $2.7 \div 1000$ 

$$10^{-3} = \frac{1}{1000}$$

Divide by the reciprocal.

*Think: Move the decimal left 3 places.* 

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0.002/

Additional Example 1C: Translating Scientific Notation to Standard Notation Continued

Write the number in standard notation. **2.01**  $\times$  **10**<sup>4</sup>

2.01 × 10<sup>4</sup>  $10^4 = 10,000$ 2.01 × 10,000 20,100 Think: Move the decimal right 4 places.

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# Check It Out: Example 1A

# Write the number in standard notation.

# $\textbf{2.87}\times\textbf{10^9}$

 $2.87 \times 10^9$   $10^9 = 1,000,000,000$ 

 $2.87 \times 1,000,000,000$ 

2,870,000,000

*Think: Move the decimal right 9 places.* 

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# Check It Out: Example 1B

# Write the number in standard notation.



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# Check It Out: Example 1C

# Write the number in standard notation.

# $\textbf{5.09}\times\textbf{10^8}$

 $5.09 \times 10^8$   $10^8 = 100,000,000$ 

# $5.09 \times 100,000,000$

509,000,000, Think: Move the decimal right 8 places.

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# Cut out from workbook pg. 70 and glue into notebook.

WRITING N	UMBERS IN	SCIENTIFIC NOTA	TION
For numbers greater than or equal to 10, use a positive exponent.		For numbers less than 1, use a negative exponent.	
$15,237 = 1.5237 \times 10^4$	The decimal moves 4 places.	$0.00396 = 3.96 \times 10^{-3}$	The decimal moves 3 places.

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## Additional Example 2: Translating Standard Notation to Scientific Notation Write 0.00709 in scientific notation.

0.00709Think: The decimal needs to move 3<br/>places to get a number between 1 and<br/>10.7.0910.

# 7.09 × 10 Set up scientific notation.

Think: The decimal needs to move left to change 7.09 to 0.00709, so the exponent will be negative.

So 0.00709 written in scientific notation is  $7.09 \times 10^{-3}$ .

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**Check**  $7.09 \times 10^{-3} = 7.09 \times 0.001 = 0.00709$ 

# **Check It Out: Example 2**

# Write 0.000811 in scientific notation.

- 0.000811
  8.11
  Think: The decimal needs to move 4 places to get a number between 1 and 10.
- 8.11 × 10 Set up scientific notation.

*Think: The decimal needs to move left to change* 8.11 to 0.000811, so the exponent will be negative.

So 0.000811 written in scientific notation is  $8.11 \times 10^{-4}$ . **Check**  $8.11 \times 10^{-4} = 8.11 \times 0.0001 = 0.000811$ 

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#### **Additional Example 3:** *Application*

A pencil is 18.7 cm long. If you were to lay 10,000 pencils end-to-end, how many millimeters long would they be? Write the answer in scientific notation.

1 centimeter = 10 millimeters

18.7 centimeters = 187 millimeters *Multiply by 10.* 

187 mm × 10,000

Find the total length.

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1,870,000 mm

Multiply.

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#### **Additional Example 3 Continued**

1.87 × 10

Set up scientific notation. Think: The decimal needs to move right to change 1.87 to 1,870,000, so the exponent will be positive. Think: The decimal needs to move 6 places.

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In scientific notation the 10,000 pencils would be  $1.87 \times 10^6$  mm long, laid end-to-end.

# **Check It Out: Example 3**

An oil rig can hoist 2,400,000 pounds with its main derrick. It distributes the weight evenly between 8 wire cables. What is the weight that each wire cable can hold? Write the answer in scientific notation.

Find the weight each cable is expected to hold by dividing the total weight by the number of cables.

2,400,000 pounds ÷ 8 cables = 300,000 pounds per cable

Each cable can hold 300,000 pounds.

Now write 300,000 pounds in scientific notation.

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#### **Check It Out: Example 3 Continued**

# 3.0 × 10

Set up scientific notation. Think: The decimal needs to move right to change 3.0 to 300,000, so the exponent will be positive.

*Think: The decimal needs to move 5 places.* 

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In scientific notation, each cable can hold  $3.0 \times 10^5$  pounds.

# **Additional Example 4: Life Science** *Application*

A certain cell has a diameter of approximately 4.11 x 10<sup>-5</sup> meters. A second cell has a diameter of 1.5 x 10<sup>-5</sup> meters. Which cell has a greater diameter?

 $4.11 \times 10^{-5}$  $1.5 \times 10^{-5}$  $10^{-5} = 10^{-5}$ Compare powers of 10.4.11 > 1.5Compare the values<br/>between 1 and 10.

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 $4.11 \times 10^{-5} > 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$ 

The first cell has a greater diameter.

# **Check It Out: Example 4**

A certain cell has a diameter of approximately 5 x 10<sup>-3</sup> meters. A second cell has a diameter of 5.11 x 10<sup>-3</sup> meters. Which cell has a greater diameter?

5 x 10<sup>-3</sup> 5.11 x 10<sup>-3</sup>

 $10^{-3} = 10^{-3}$  *Compare powers of 10.* 

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5 < 5.11</th>Compare the values<br/>between 1 and 10.

 $5 \times 10^{-3} < 5.11 \times 10^{-3}$ 

The second cell has a greater diameter.