**Essential Question:** 

- -What was the Renaissance?
- -What factors led to the rise of the Renaissance?

**Do Cul**estion: Read the "Big Picture" on the Unit 6 **Organizer & answer these questions?** – What was "reborn" during the Renaissance? Name the important Renaissance artists -Why were Luther, Calvin, and Henry VIII important during the Renaissance era?

Western Europe emerged from the Middle Ages during an era known as the



What changed during the Middle Ages that gave rise to the Renaissance?

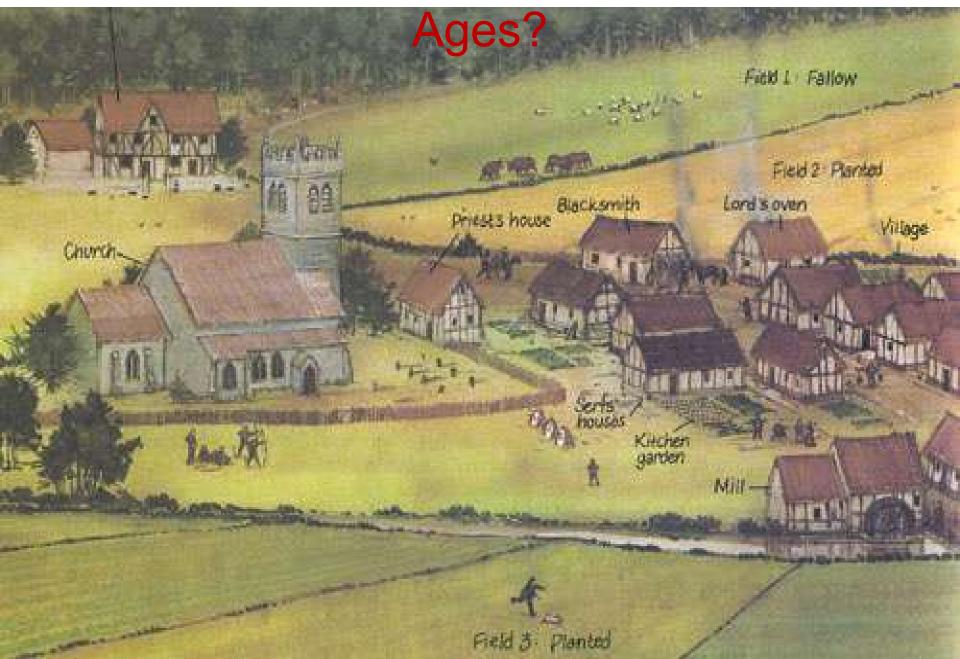
#### Trade & Cities?

Government?

**Religion?** 

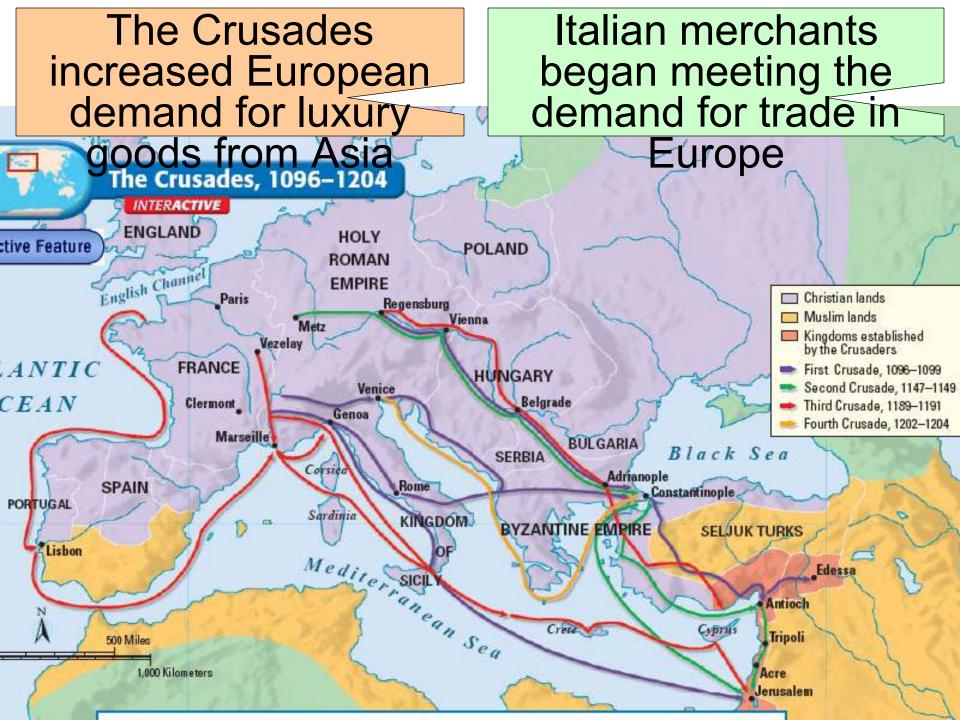
Human Potential?

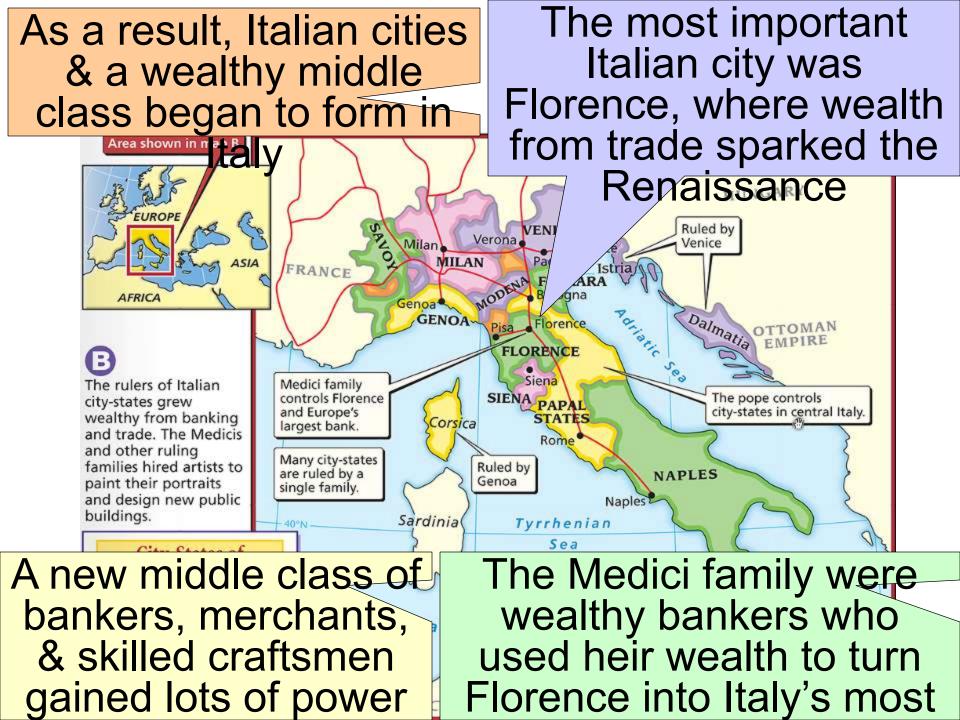
#### What was trade like during the Middle



#### What were things like in the Renaissance?







What changed during the Middle Ages that gave rise to the Renaissance?

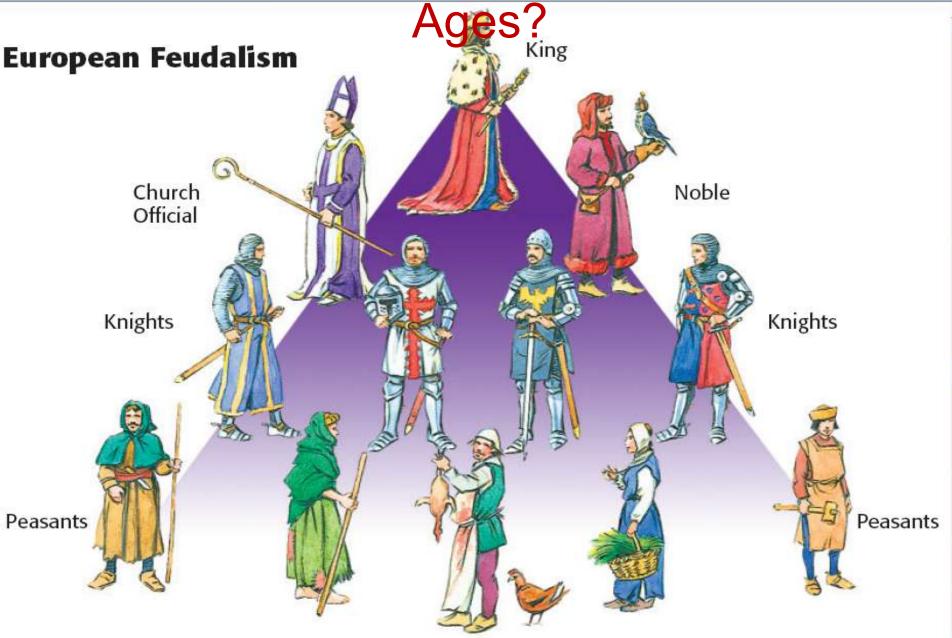
#### Trade & Cities?

#### **Government?**

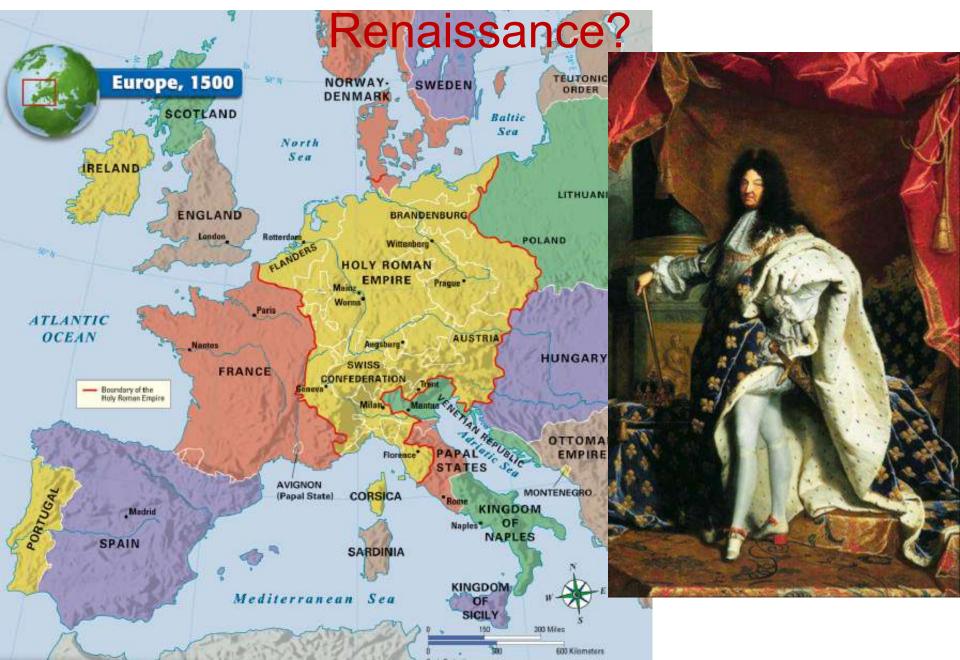
### **Religion?**

#### Human Potential?

#### What was government like in the Middle



#### What was government like in the



#### Kings were able to tax merchants & use their wealth to build armies & strong nations which hurt the power of the feudal lords

From 1337 to 1453, England & France began a conflict called the Hundred Years During the war, nationalism increased as people became loyal to their king & nation, rather than their lord



### During the Hundred Years War, new military weapons decreased the power of feudal lords &

The discovery of Chinese gunpowder led to the development of cannons which helped armies penetrate castles



#### The invention of the longbow allowed soldiers to shoot accurately up to 300 yards which decreased the importance of knights on

#### History in Depth

#### The Longbow

The longbow was cheap, easy to carry, and deadly. It was powerful enough to penetrate armor, thus reducing the impact of mounted cavalry. Bowmen could fire so fast that the longbow has been called the "machine gun of the Middle Ages."

The longbow was as tall as a man, or taller. A sixfoot-tall man might have a bow up to six and a half feet tall. English archers usually carried a case with extra bowstrings and a sheaf of 24 arrows. The arrows were about 27 inches long and balanced in flight by feathers.



▲ The arrows were absolutely fatal when shot within 100 yards. The average archer could fire 12 to 15 arrows per minute and hit a man at 200 yards away. What changed during the Middle Ages that gave rise to the Renaissance?

#### Trade & Cities?

#### Government?

### **Religion**?

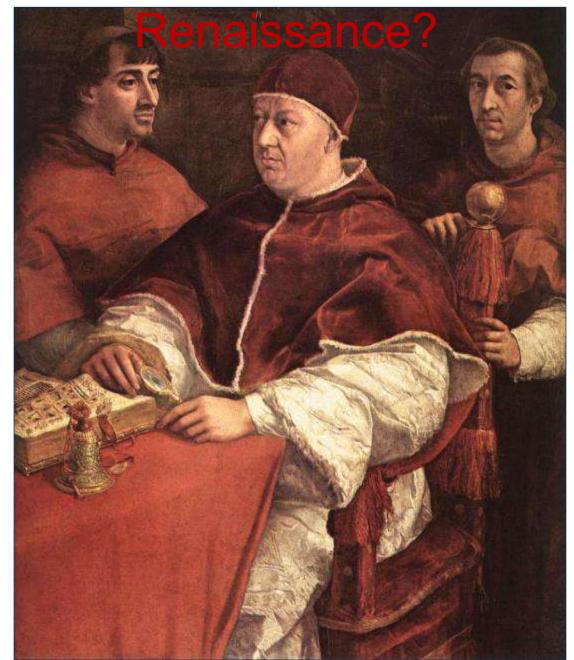
#### **Human Potential?**

#### What was religion like in the Middle Ages?

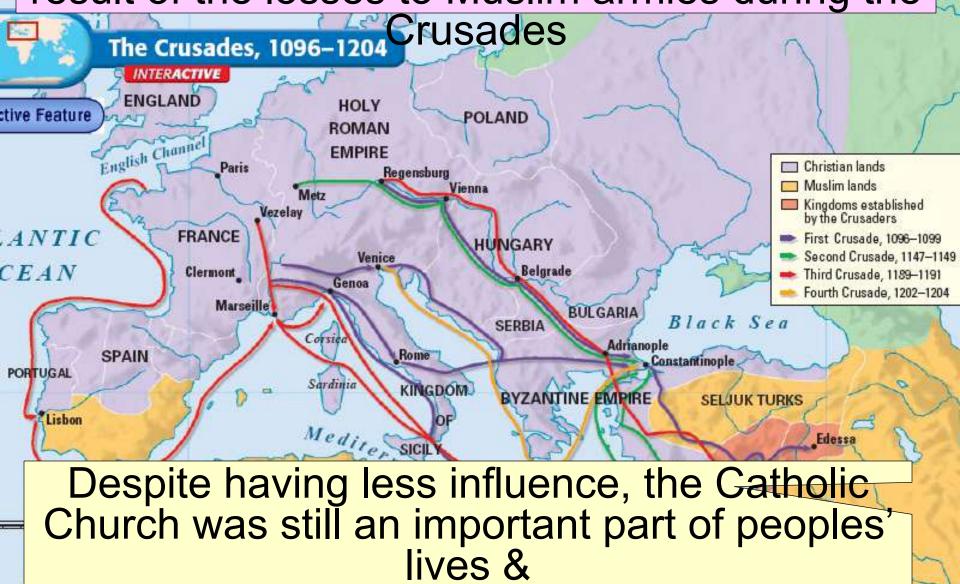


Peter the Hermit Kneels Before Pope Urban II

#### What was religion like during the



# In the late Middle Ages, the Pope & the Catholic Church lost some of its influence as a result of the losses to Muslim armies during the



What changed during the Middle Ages that gave rise to the Renaissance?

#### Trade & Cities?

#### Government?

### **Religion?**

#### **Human Potential?**

# What were common people expected to do during the Middle Ages?



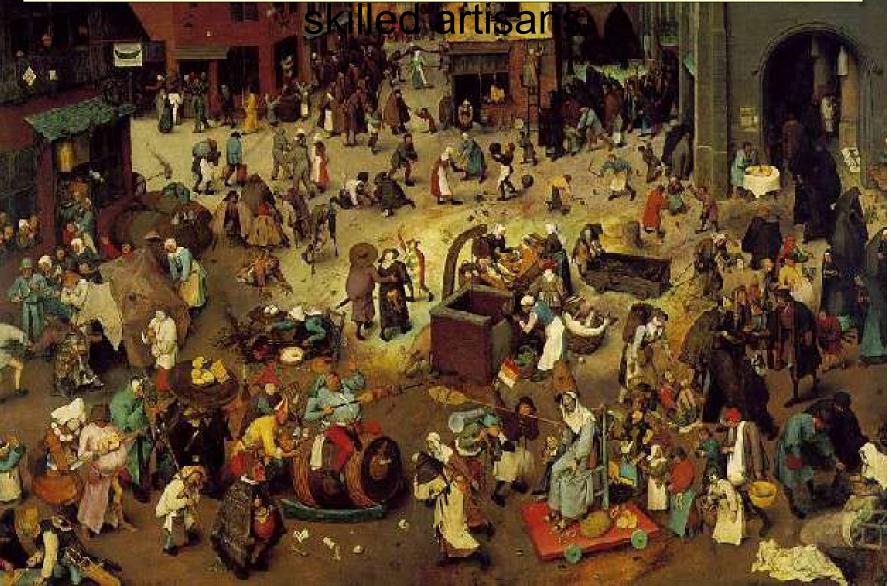
## What was expected of people during the Renaissance?





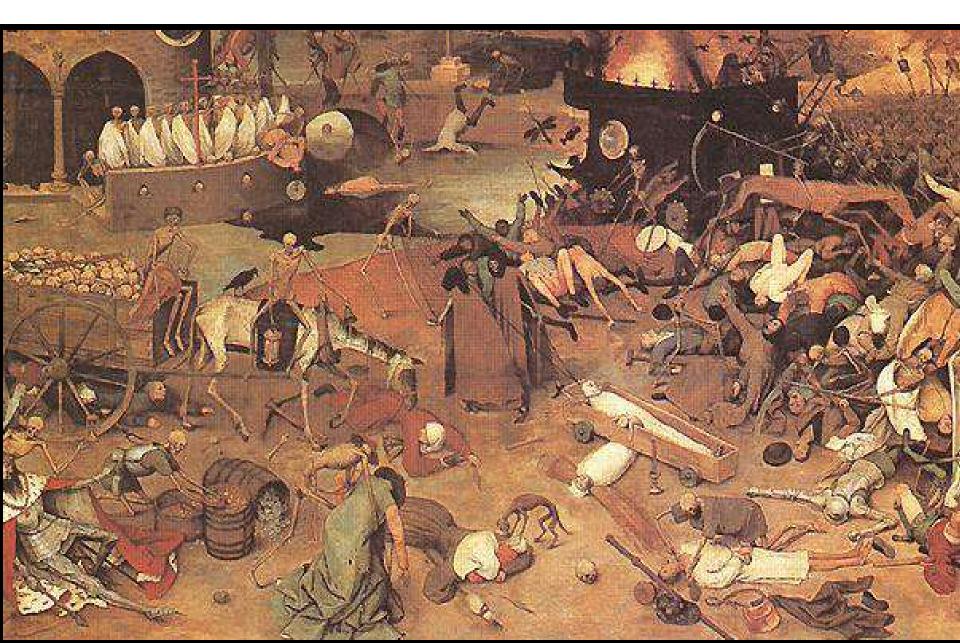
During the Middle Ages, peasants did not own land & had no options other than remaining loyal to a feudal lord & work within the manorial

#### The rise of trade during the Renaissance gave people options to leave the manor & move to cities to serve as merchants or





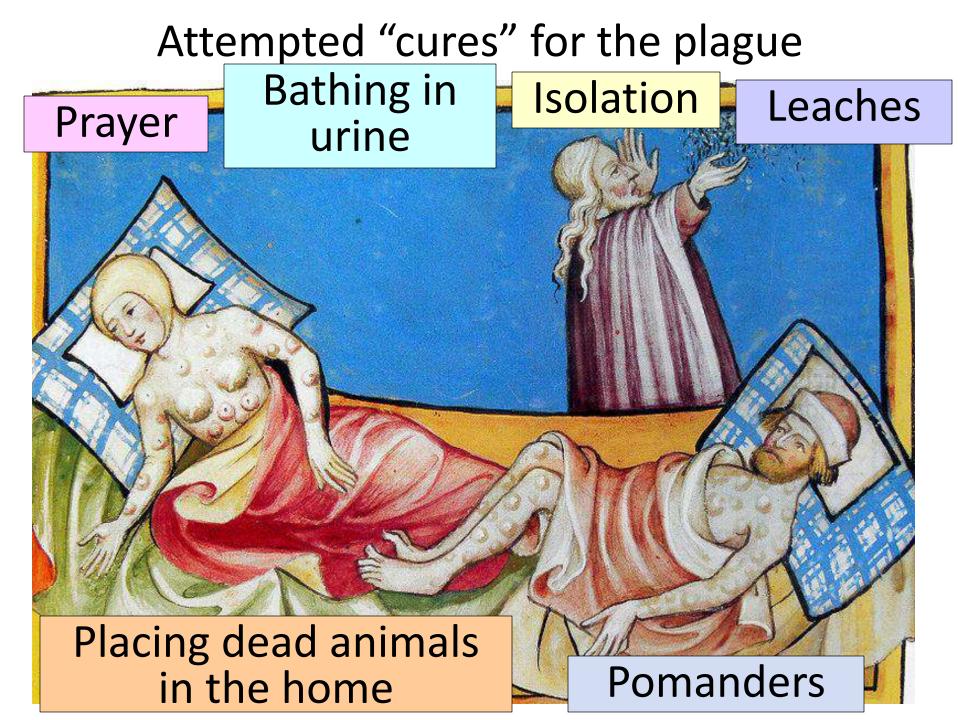
#### **Tthe Black Death**



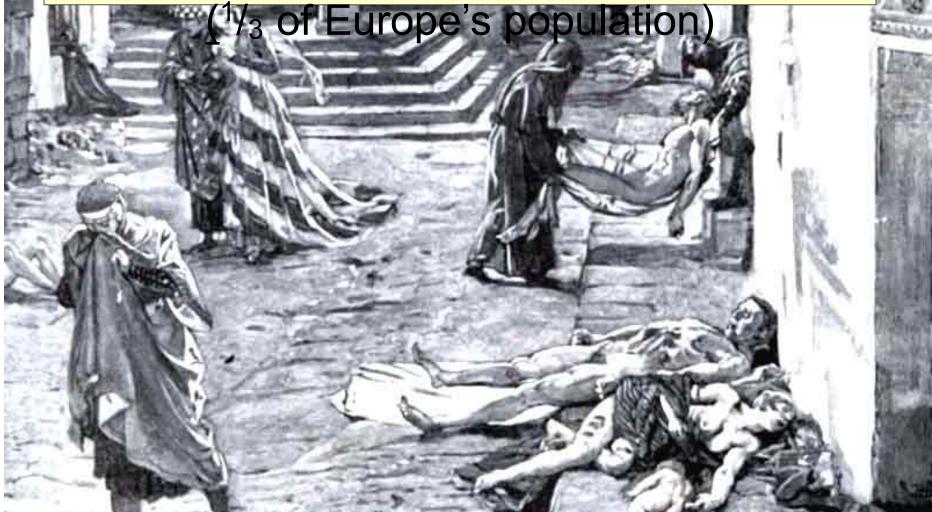


#### Symptoms of **Bubonic plague** Systemic: -Fever Central: -Headache -Malaise -Bleeding Gastric: -Nausea -Vomiting Joints: -Pain -Ache

Lymph nodes: -Swelling (buboes) -Pus exudation

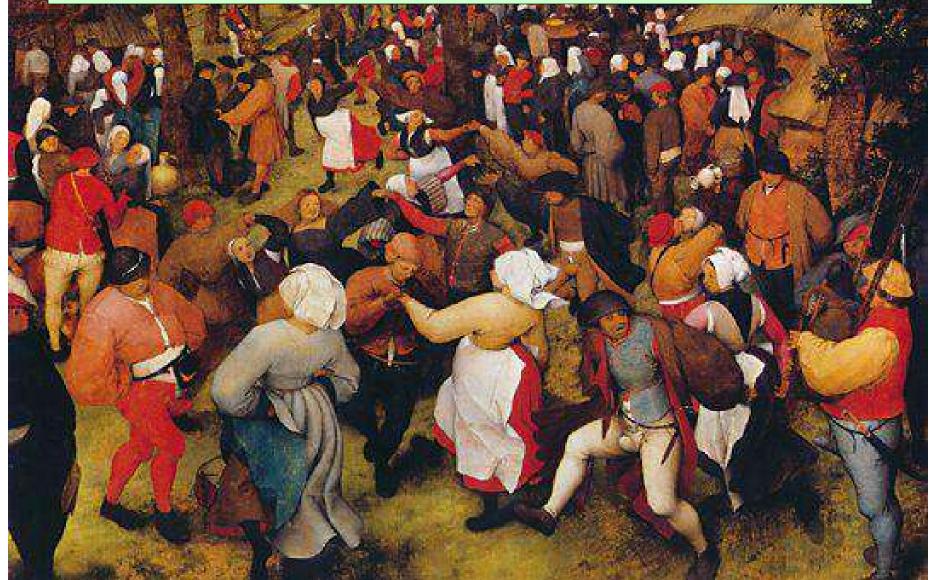


## The plague killed 25 million people in 5 years



The plague caused a labor shortage; those that survived could demand higher wages & more

#### During the Renaissance, people had more options than ever before which led to a belief that people can accomplish anything



# Individuals became the center of attention during the Renaissance

#### Social status was based on wealth & ability, not birthright

A new way of thinking began during the Renaissance called

Humanists studied the "classical" ideas of Greece & Rome & believed that education could make the world a better place

# What was expected of men & women in the Renaissance?

The "ideal man" was well educated, smart, can dance, write poetry, & play music; (called a

"Pongiesonco Man" The "ideal woman" should have the same qualities as men but should not seek fame or political power (Renaissance women were better educated but had fewer rights than medieval women)



#### **Closure Activity: Visual Metaphor**

On your notes, complete the visual metaphor Use the word bank to label each aspect of the image

