

Physical Science Pacing Guide 2022-23

<u>Unit Name</u>	<u>New GSE Standards</u>	<u>Learning Targets</u>	<u>Days to teach unit</u>
Intro to Physical Science	All standards	LT0.1 -I can make inferences about my science teacher based on his classroom.	2-3 days
Unit 1 Matter	<p>SPS5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to compare and contrast the phases of matter as they relate to atomic and molecular motion.</p> <p>a. Ask questions to compare and contrast models depicting the particle arrangement and motion in solids, liquids, gases, and plasmas.</p> <p>b. Plan and carry out investigations to identify the relationships among temperature, pressure, volume, and density of gases in closed systems.</p>	<p>LT1- I can describe the difference between physical and chemical properties.</p> <p>LT2- I can describe the difference between physical and chemical changes.</p> <p>LT3- I can describe the 6 changes of state (<i>melting, sublimation, vaporization, condensation, deposition, and freezing</i>) in terms of what happens to the energy and spacing of the particles.</p> <p>LT4- I can find the melting and boiling points on a change of state graph.</p>	6-8 days
Unit 2 Atoms and The Periodic Table	<p>SPS1. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information from the Periodic Table to explain the relative properties of elements based on patterns of atomic structure.</p> <p>a. Develop and use models to compare and contrast the structure of atoms, ions and isotopes. (Clarification statement: Properties include atomic number, atomic mass and the location and charge of subatomic particles.)</p> <p>b. Analyze and interpret data to determine trends of the</p>	<p>LT1: I can describe how elements are arranged on the periodic table.</p> <p>LT2: I can explain why elements in the same group share similar properties.</p> <p>LT3: I can calculate the particles of an element's atoms (protons, neutrons, and electrons) using a periodic table.</p>	10 days

	<p>following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of valence electrons • Types of ions formed by main group elements • Location and properties of metals, nonmetals, and metalloids • Phases at room temperature <p>c. Use the Periodic Table as a model to predict the above properties of main group elements.</p>	<p>LT4: I can calculate the average atomic mass of an element.</p>	
<p>Unit 3 Bonding</p>	<p>SPS2. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain how atoms bond to form stable compounds.</p> <p>a. Analyze and interpret data to predict properties of ionic and covalent compounds. (Clarification statement: Properties are limited to types of bonds formed, elemental composition, melting point, boiling point, and conductivity.)</p> <p>b. Develop and use models to predict formulas for stable, binary ionic compounds based on balance of charges.</p> <p>c. Use the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) nomenclature for translating between chemical names and chemical formulas. (Clarification statement: Limited to binary covalent and binary ionic, containing main group elements, compounds but excludes polyatomic ions.)</p>	<p>LT1: I can describe chemical bonding.</p> <p>LT2: I can identify the number of valence electrons in an atom.</p> <p>LT3: I can describe the properties associated with ionic, covalent, and metallic bonds.</p>	<p>4-5 days</p>
<p>Unit 4 Chemical Reactions and Law of Conservation of Mass</p>	<p>SPS3. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to support the Law of Conservation of Matter.</p> <p>a. Plan and carry out investigations to generate evidence supporting the claim that mass is conserved during a chemical reaction. (Clarification statement: Limited to synthesis, decomposition, single replacement, and double replacement reactions.)</p> <p>b. Develop and use a model of a chemical equation to illustrate how the total number of atoms is conserved during a chemical reaction. (Clarification statement: Limited to chemical equations that</p>	<p>LT1: I can compare and contrast endothermic and exothermic reactions.</p> <p>LT2: I can describe the factors that affect a chemical reaction.</p> <p>LT3: I can identify the parts (<i>coefficients, subscripts, products, reactants, and yields</i>) of a chemical equation.</p>	<p>5-7 days</p>

	include binary ionic and covalent compounds and will not include equations containing polyatomic ions.)		
Unit 5 Solutions, Acids and Bases	<p>SPS6. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain the properties of solutions.</p> <p>a. Develop and use models to explain the properties (solute/solvent, conductivity, and concentration) of solutions.</p> <p>b. Plan and carry out investigations to determine how temperature, surface area, and agitation affect the rate solutes dissolve in a specific solvent.</p> <p>c. Analyze and interpret data from a solubility curve to determine the effect of temperature on solubility.</p> <p>d. Obtain and communicate information to explain the relationship between the structure and properties (e.g., pH, and color change in the presence of an indicator) of acids and bases. (Clarification statement: Limited to only the structure of simple acids and bases (e.g., HCl and NaOH) that demonstrates the presence of an H⁺ or OH⁻.)</p> <p>e. Plan and carry out investigations to detect patterns in order to classify common household substances as acidic, basic, or neutral.</p>	<p>LT1: I can read and interpret solubility curves.</p> <p>LT2: I can distinguish the difference between an Acid and a Base</p>	7-10 days
Unit 6 Force and Motion	<p>SPS8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain the relationships among force, mass, and motion.</p> <p>a. Plan and carry out an investigation to analyze the motion of an object using mathematical and graphical models. (Clarification statement: Mathematical and graphical models could include distance, displacement, speed, velocity, time and acceleration.)</p> <p>b. Construct an explanation based on experimental evidence to support the claims presented in Newton's three laws of motion. (Clarification statement: Evidence could demonstrate relationships among force, mass, velocity, and acceleration.)</p> <p>c. Analyze and interpret data to identify the relationship between mass and gravitational force for falling objects.</p> <p>d. Use mathematics and computational thinking to identify the relationships between work, mechanical advantage, and simple</p>	<p>LTG1: I can calculate the average speed and acceleration.</p> <p>LTG2: I can compare balanced and unbalanced forces.</p> <p>LTG3: I can state and apply Newton's Laws of Motion to real life situations.</p>	8-11 days

	machines.		
Unit 7 Energy, Work and Simple Machines	<p>SPS7. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain transformations and flow of energy within a system.</p> <p>a. Construct explanations for energy transformations within a system. (Clarification statement: Types of energy to be addressed include chemical, mechanical, electromagnetic, light, sound, thermal, electrical, and nuclear.)</p> <p>b. Plan and carry out investigations to describe how molecular motion relates to thermal energy changes in terms of conduction, convection, and radiation.</p> <p>c. Analyze and interpret specific heat data to justify the selection of a material for a practical application (e.g., insulators and cooking vessels).</p> <p>d. Analyze and interpret data to explain the flow of energy during phase changes using heating/cooling curves.</p> <p>SPS8. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain the relationships among force, mass, and motion.</p> <p>d. Use mathematics and computational thinking to identify the relationships between work, mechanical advantage, and simple machines.</p>	<p>LT1: I can show transformation of potential and kinetic energy</p> <p>LT2: I can describe how different forms of energy can be transferred</p> <p>LT3: I can identify all the different types of simple machines.</p>	5-7 days
Unit 8 Electricity and Magnetism	<p>SPS10. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain the properties of and relationships between electricity and magnetism.</p> <p>a. Use mathematical and computational thinking to support a claim regarding relationships among voltage, current, and resistance.</p> <p>b. Develop and use models to illustrate and explain the conventional flow (direct and alternating) of current and the flow of electrons in simple series and parallel circuits. (Clarification</p>	<p>LT1: I can calculate (Resistance, Voltage, Amperage) using Ohm's Law.</p> <p>LT2: I can give examples of conductors and insulators.</p> <p>LT3: I can tell the difference between a series and a parallel circuit.</p> <p>LT4: I can describe how magnetic poles interact.</p>	5-9 day

	<p>statement: Advantages and disadvantages of series and parallel circuits should be addressed.)</p> <p>c. Plan and carry out investigations to determine the relationship between magnetism and the movement of electrical charge. (Clarification statement: Investigations could include electromagnets, simple motors, and generators.)</p>		
Unit 9 Waves	<p>SPS9. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain the properties of waves.</p> <p>a. Analyze and interpret data to identify the relationships among wavelength, frequency, and energy in electromagnetic waves and amplitude and energy in mechanical waves.</p> <p>b. Ask questions to compare and contrast the characteristics of electromagnetic and mechanical waves.</p> <p>c. Develop models based on experimental evidence that illustrate the phenomena of reflection, refraction, interference, and diffraction.</p> <p>d. Analyze and interpret data to explain how different media affect the speed of sound and light waves.</p> <p>e. Develop and use models to explain the changes in sound waves associated with the Doppler Effect.</p>	<p>LT1- I can tell the difference between transverse and longitudinal waves.</p> <p>LT2- I can describe properties of waves (Wavelength, Frequency, Amplitude, and Period).</p> <p>LT3- I can tell the difference between reflection and refraction</p>	10 days
REVIEW	All Standards		5 days
Final	All Standards		1 day