uncoll	advantage of the direct write-off method is that the lectible accounts expense may not be recorded in the	A) True	B) False	
1) A	fiscal period as the revenue from the sale. In accounts receivable turnover rate of 12.0 times a considered acceptable for a business selling on terms of n/30.	A) True	B) False	
ir	an accounts receivable turnover ratio of 9.2 ndicates that accounts receivable are being ollected in 9.2 days.	A) True	B) False	
th	The decrease in the value of a plant asset because of the removal of the natural resource is called epletion.	A) True	B) False	
p	When using a special journal, the journalizing and osting processes are much more complicated than when using the general journal.	A) True	B) False	
	The Statement of Retained Earnings account is repared before the Income Statement.	A) True	B) False	
fi	A Balance Sheet will show the business owner the inal balances of all the permanent accounts as of a ertain date.	A) True	B) False	
7) T	The Work Sheet is a financial statement.	A) True	B) False	
ir	n a partnership, each partner maintains a separate apital account and a separate withdrawal account in accordance with the standards of accounting rinciples.	A) True	B) False	
	an example of a contra account is Sales Discounts.	A) True	B) False	
a	When a sales discount is granted, the liability count Sales Tax Payable must be decreased to effect the change in sales tax liability.	A) True	B) False	
	egally, a partnership must be formed with a ritten agreement.	A) True	B) False	
	One partner cannot bind a partnership in a contract vithout the approval of other partners.	A) True	B) False	
	The amount by which allowances to partners exceed et income is called a deficit.	A) True	B) False	
	Assets that will be used for a number of years in the peration of a business are called plant assets.	A) True	B) False	
	The amount of total current assets less total current abilities is called working capital.	A) True	B) False	
CI	ratio that shows the numeric relationship of urrent assets to current liabilities is called current atio.	A) True	B) False	

17) A ratio that shows the numeric relationship of quick assets to current liabilities is called the acid-test ratio.	A) True	B) False		
18) On monthly departmental statements of gross profit, the ending merchandise inventory for one month is the beginning merchandise inventory for the following month.	A) True	B) False		
19) Using fractions based on the years of a plant asset's useful life is called declining balance method of figuring depreciation.	A) True	B) False		
20) Figuring estimated annual depreciation based on the amount of production expected from a plant asset is called the production-unit method of figuring depreciation.	A) True	B) False		
21) To determine cash received from customers for the cash flow statement using the direct method, a decrease in accounts receivable is added to sales.	A) True	B) False		
22) A ledger that is summarized in a single general ledger account is a/an	A. general ledger	B. subsidiary ledger	C. accounts receivable ledger	D. accounts payable ledger
23) A listing of vendor accounts, account balances, and total amount due all vendors is a	A. schedule of accounts payable	B. schedule of accounts receivable	C. schedule of vendors	D. schedule of creditors
24) A ledger that contains all accounts needed to prepare financial statements is a	A. general ledger	B. subsidiary ledger	C. income statement ledger	D. balance sheet ledger
25) The account debited when a customer returns merchandise is	A. the appropriate departmental sales account	B. Account Receivable	C. Accounts Payable	D. Sales Returns and Allowances
26) Individual amounts in the Accounts Receivable Debit column of a departmental sales journal are	A. posted often	B. posted only at the end of the month	C. posted only as part of the column	D. not posted
27) If \$4,900.00 is paid for a purchase of \$5,000 less a discount of \$100, the amount written in the check register's Voucher's Payable Debit column is	A. \$5,000	B. \$5,100	C. \$4,900	D. None of these
28) The number of times the average amount of accounts receivable is collected during a specified period is the	A. accounts turnover equity	B. accounts receivable turnover ratio	C. turnover ratio	D. average turnover rate
29) When 10,000 shares of \$10 par-value common stock are issued at \$14 per share, Paid-In Capital in Excess Par, Common Stock is credited for	A. \$140,000	B. \$40,000	C. \$100,000	D. None of the above
30) A journal in which the accountant first records transactions is called a	A. book of original entry	B. ledger	C. General Ledger	D. A and C

31) The accountant for XYZ Widgets failed to post a \$100 debit to the Postage account. The effect of this error will be that	A. the account balance will be overstated.	B. the trial balance will not balance.	C. the error will overstate the debits listed in the journal.	D. the total debits in the trial balance will be larger that the total credits.
32) South Telecommunications received invoice Number 483, dated December 13 from Gatlin Brothers in the amount of \$1,430.70 plus 5% sales tax. Terms of the invoice were 2/10, n/30. On December 15, South American Telecommunications returned damaged goods included on the invoice in the amount of \$150 and Credit Memorandum was issued. The entry to account for the return for merchandise would be	A. Debit Cash, Credit Purchases.	B. Debit Cash, Sales Tax Payable; Credit Purchases Returns.	C. Debit Purchases Returns and Allowances, Sales Tax Payable; Credit Cash.	D. Debit Accounts Payable/Gatlin Brothers; Credit Purchases Returns and Allowances.
33) XYZ Company issued 5,000 shares of \$10 par common stock at \$12.50 per share. What amount will be credited to the Paid-in Capital (excess of par) account?	A. \$12,500	B. \$50,000	C. \$62,500	D. None of the above as the account is an inappropriate account to credit.
34) In closing accounts, an Income Summary account is used by the accountant to	A. adjust the ledger account.	B. close the capital account.	C. adjust the capital account.	D. correct the retained earnings account.
Questions 36 and 37 are based on a company's cost acco	ounting system. Select the ac	ccounts to debit and credit.		
35) Purchased production materials for cash.	A. Work in progress inventory, Cash	B. Factory overhead, Cash	C. Raw materials inventory, Cash	D. Cash, Raw materials inventory
36) Transferred completed products from the production department to the finished goods department.	A. Cash, Sales	B. Factory overhead, Finished goods inventory	C. Work in progress inventory, Finished goods inventory	D. Finished goods inventory, Work in progress inventory
37) When current assets exceed current liabilities, payments to creditors on the last day of the month will	A. increase capital	B. decrease current ratio	C. increase current ratio	D. have no effect
38) The is used to determine the liquidity ratio of a business.	A. Income Statement	B. Work Sheet	C. Statement of Owner's Equity	D. Balance Sheet
39) All of the information needed to journalize the closing entries is found in the	A. Balance Sheet section of the work sheet.	B. Income Statement section of the work sheet.	C. General Journal.	D. Trial Balance section of the work sheet.
40) When a corporation issued preferred stock to its stockholders, the result will be	A. a decrease of preferred stock outstanding.	B. an increase of preferred stock outstanding.	C. an increase of preferred stock authorized. D. both an increase and decrease of preferred stock outstanding.	
41) The total of beginning inventory plus purchases represents the	A. gross profit on sales.	B. merchandise available for sale.	C. cost of goods sold.	D. book value of the accounts receivable.

42) On what statement and in what section will the Budgetary Fund Balance be reported?	A. Statement of Revenues & Expense section	B. Balance Sheet & Assets	C. Neither A or B	
43) On what statement and in what section will Reserve for Encumbrances—Prior Year be reported?	A. Balance Sheet and Fund Equity	B. Balance Sheet and Assets	C. Statement of Revenues and Revenues	
44) Credit card sales are recorded in the	A. sales journal	B. cash receipts journal	C. accounts receivable journal	D. cash payments journal
45) Using the price of merchandise purchased first to calculate the cost of merchandise sold first is the	A. FIFO method	B. LIFO method	C. weighted–average method	D. estimated method
46) Responsibility accounting traces revenues, costs, and expenses to	A. the accounting department.	B. the income statement.	C. each employee.	D. individual managers who are responsible for making decisions about those revenues, costs and expenses.
47) Revenues for a governmental organization are recorded when they	A. become measurable and available	B. are received in cash	C. are budgeted	D. are deposited
ITEMS 49 and 50 are based on the following data:	und uvundore			
In preparing its bank reconciliation on December 31, 1999, A	ABC has available the follow	ring data:		
Balance on bank statement, 12/31/99	\$37,075			
Deposit in transit, 12/31/99	(750	5,200		
Outstanding checks, 12/31/99 Amount erroneously credited by bank to account, 12/17	6,750 /99 300			
Bank service charges for December	50			
48) ABC's adjusted cash in bank balance on December 31, 1999 is	A. \$35,525.00	B. \$35,225.00	C. \$35,175.00	D. \$36,050.00
49) A debit to cash is required to adjust the general ledger for .	A. \$0	B. \$50	C. \$300	D. \$6,750
50) Individual taxpayers whose itemized deductions exceed their standard deduction must file which IRS Form in order to take advantage of itemizing?	A. 1040EX	B. 1040A	C. 1040	D. Both B & C
51) A student, who is being claimed by his/her parents on their income tax return, may avoid withholding tax during the tax year by filing	A. W2	B. W4	C. W4N	D. Schedule A
52) An FBLA member will always get their refund faster by filing	A. 1040EZ	B. Tele Tax	C. 1040A	D. 1040
53) When a taxpayer itemizes deductions, they must use	A. Schedule A	B. Schedule B	C. Schedule D	D. Schedule E

54) An annuitation of annutising multiple accountants	A. AICPA	B. FASB	C. NAA	D. SEC
54) An organization of practicing public accountants (CPA's) is the	A. AICPA	B. FASB	C. NAA	
55) A type of business that commonly uses a departmental accounting system is a	A. toy store	B. car wash	C. department store	D. flower shop
56) The Certificate in Management Accounting (CMA) is granted	A. only to public accountants	B. to persons with required education and experience.	C. by the National Association of Accountants.	D. All of these
57) Accumulated Depreciation appears on the	A. balance sheet in the current assets section.	B. balance sheet in the fixed assets section.	C. balance sheet in the long-term liabilities section.	D. Income statement as an operating expense.
58) A purchase on account is considered to be a/an	A. cash transaction	B. credit transaction	C. pre-paid transaction	D. expense transaction
59) Which one of the following statements is true?	A. Interest received on state and municipal bonds must be included in taxable income.	B. MACRS is a method to calculate depreciation and may be an advantage to a business for tax purposes.	C. Federal law does not require each employer to withhold FICA taxes from each employee's wages; it only requires that the employer furnish a W2 annually for income tax purposes.	D. None of the above
60) MACRS is a method to calculate depreciation. This statement is	A. true, and may be an advantage to a business for tax purposes.	B. true, but MACRS has no impact on a business's tax situation.	C. false, as MACRS is not a method to calculate depreciation.	D. None of the above are correct.
61) Generally, the accountant will prepare financial statements in a specific order. Which of the following is the best order to follow?	A. Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Statement of Owner's Equity	B. Statement of Owner's Equity, Income Statement, Balance Sheet	C. Income Statement, Statement of Owner's Equity, Balance Sheet	D. Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Owner's Equity
62) On a business' departmental merchandising work sheet, indirect expenses should be extended to	A. an Adjustments column.	B. a Balance Sheet column.	C. the appropriate Departmental Margin Statement column.	D. an Income Statement column.
63) A business that prepares departmental margin statements has separate departmental accounts for	A. direct and indirect expenses.	B. purchases and direct expenses.	C. sales and indirect expenses.	D. merchandise inventory and net income.
64) A business that prepares departmental margin	A. one income	B. two income summary	C. three income	D. five income
statements for two departments should have	summary account.	accounts.	summary accounts.	summary accounts.
65) When a corporation accepts assets other than cash in exchange for its stock, the journal entry is	A. debit the assets fair market value, credit	B. debit the stock, credit the assets fair market	C. debit the assets book value, credit the stock.	D. Stock should never be issued for non-cash
(C) When a 4: 11 a 42 a a 11.	stock.	value.	C Distant B 11	assets.
66) When a dividend is paid in cash, the accounts debited and credited are	A. Dividends Received	B. Cash and Dividends	C. Dividends Payable	D. Common Stock
debited and credited are	and Dividends Payable.	Payable.	and Cash.	and Cash.

67) Based on the following information, what is the rate earned on average total assets for the year?	A. 8%	B. 72%	C. 11.6%	D. 12.63%
Net income after federal income tax \$ 222,300 January 1 total assets 1,759,700 December 31 total assets 2,067,000				
68) On December 31, 1999, insurance costs, incurred but unpaid, were not recorded. If these insurance costs were related to work in progress, what would be the effect of the omission on accrued liabilities and retained earnings on the balance sheet?	A. No effect on Accrued Liabilities; No effect on Retained Earnings	B. No effect on Accrued Liabilities; Overstated Retained Earnings	c. Understated Accrued Liabilities; No effect on Retained Earnings	D. Understated Accrued Liabilities; Overstated Retained Earnings
69) XYZ Inc. pays all employees on a biweekly basis. Overtime pay, however is paid on the next biweekly period. The company accrues salaries expense only at its December 31 year end. Data relating to salaries earned in December 1999 is as follows:	A. \$22,500	B. \$49,200	C. \$45,000	D. \$26,700
Last payroll was paid on 12/26/99, for the two-week ended 12/26/99. Overtime pay earned in the two-week period 12/26/99 was \$4,200. Remaining workdays in 1999 were December 29, and 31, on which there was no overtime.				
The recurring biweekly salaries total \$75,000. Assuming a five-day work week, XYZ, Inc., should record a liability on December 31 for accrued salaries of				
Questions 71 through 79 are based on analyzing whethe		ly		
have a debit or credit transaction. Use "A" for Debit and 70) Certificates of Deposit	A. Debit	B. Credit		
71) Grants Receivable	A. Debit	B. Credit		
72) Purchase Returns and Allowances	A. Debit	B. Credit		
73) Gain on Plant Assets	A. Debit	B. Credit		
74) Capital Stock	A. Debit	B. Credit		
75) Accumulated Depreciation Store Equipment	A. Debit	B. Credit		
76) Prepaid Insurance	A. Debit	B. Credit		
77) Finished Goods	A. Debit	B. Credit		
78) Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	A. Debit	B. Credit		

A. \$24,000	B. \$33,000	C. \$30,000	D. None of the above
A. \$20,000	B. \$10,000	C. \$40,000	D. \$50,000
A. Debit to Estimated	B. Debits to		
	Estimated Revenues.		
	R Dabit Cash Cradit	C Debit Treasury	D. None of the above
*	1		D. None of the above
•		-	D. None of the above
		1	D. I tolle of the doove
			D. N Cal
A. Debit Bonds Payable.	B. Debit Bonds	C. Debit Bond Sinking	1 D. None of the above
A. Debit Bonds Payable, Credit Cash	Payable, Credit Bond	C. Debit Bond Sinking Fund, Credit Bonds	D. None of the above
	A. \$20,000 A. \$20,000 A. Debit to Estimated Revenues and Credits to Appropriations and Budgetary Fund Balance. Sactions: A. Debit Cash, Credit Capital Stock A. Debit Bonds Payable, Credit Cash	A. \$20,000 B. \$10,000 A. \$20,000 B. \$10,000 Appropriations and Appropriations and Budgetary Fund Budgetary Fund Balance and Credit to Estimated Revenues. B. Debit Cash, Credit Cash, Credit Treasury Stock A. Debit Bonds Payable, Credit Cash B. Debit Bond Sinking Fund, Credit Cash	A. \$20,000 B. \$10,000 C. \$40,000 A. \$20,000 A. Debit to Estimated Revenues and Credits to Appropriations and Budgetary Fund Balance. Balance and Credit to Estimated Revenues. Balance Balance C. Debit Treasury Stock, Credit Cash C. Debit Cash, Credit Cash

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APPLICATION PROBLEM

The XYZ Company has been looking for new investors who will be able to bring new capital to the business to finance an expansion of the business. A potential new partner has expressed an interest in joining the company, but has several questions she would like to have answered before committing to the investment. As the controller of XYZ Company, you have been asked to find the answers to the following questions.

In making your calculations, use the following information:

Accounts Receivable, December 31	\$ 60,640.00
Merchandise Inventory, January 1	\$106,250.00
Merchandise Inventory, December 31	\$ 91,080.00
Capital, January 1	\$149,870.00
Purchases	\$152,940.00
Sales	\$201,600.00
Capital on Worksheet	\$155,870.00
Total Expenses	\$ 41,360.00
Additional Investment	\$ 6000.00
Drawing Account	\$ 8000.00

85) What is the cost of merchandise sold by the company during the previous year?	A. \$137,770	B. \$168,110	C. \$165,040	D. \$ 15,170
86) What was the gross profit for the company last year?	A. \$ 33,490	B. \$ 63,830	C. \$ 35,560	D. \$145,070
87) What was the net income or net loss for the company last year?	A. \$22,470	B. (\$7,870)	C. (\$4,800)	D. \$95,710
88) What was the total value of capital held in the company at the end of the year?	A. \$170,340	B. \$143,070	C. \$251,580	D. \$140,000
89) If the new partner wants to own 1/3 of the new company, how much does she need to invest? Assume that capital is owned in proportion to any investments made.	A. \$ 85,170	B. \$ 70,000	C. \$ 71,535	D. \$125,790