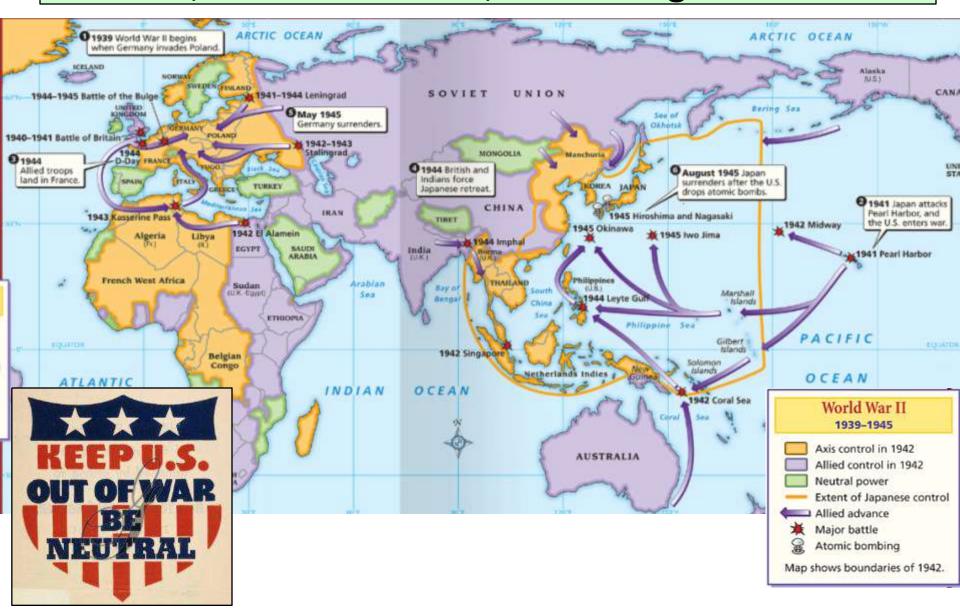
- Essential Question:
  - –What was the U.S. response to the outbreak of World War II?

- CPUSH Agenda for Unit 11.2:
  - "America's Response to the Outbreak of World War II" notes and activity

## From 1939 to 1941, the United States remained neutral, but not isolated, from the global conflict



In the years before the outbreak of WWII, Americans were afraid that the rise of dictators would

Congress passed a series of Neutrality Acts (1935-1937) that, in case of a war, made it illegal for companies to sell



President Franklin Roosevelt wanted a more active response to stop dictators, but failed to convince world leaders to "quarantine" aggressor nations in 1937



When the war started, Congress amended the Neutrality Acts and allowed U.S. companies to sell weapons to the Allies on a "cash and carry"

Allied nations could buy U.S.-made war goods but had to pay in cash and had to transport goods on their own ships

The cash-and-carry policy allowed the USA to aid the Allies while remaining neutral and avoid the causes of American entry into the first world war

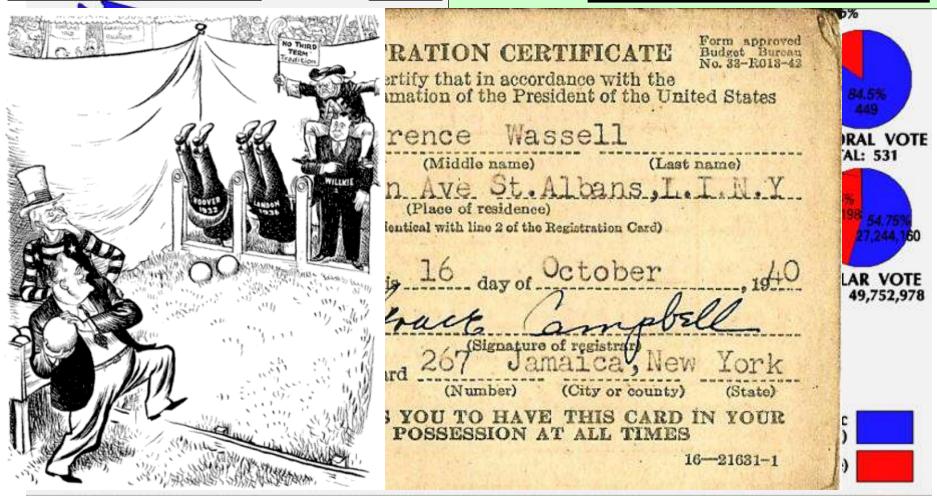
Remember Germany's unrestricted submarine warfare?



## In 1940, Franklin Roosevelt was elected to an unprecedented third term as president

He campaigned on a platform of neutrality but with "preparedness"

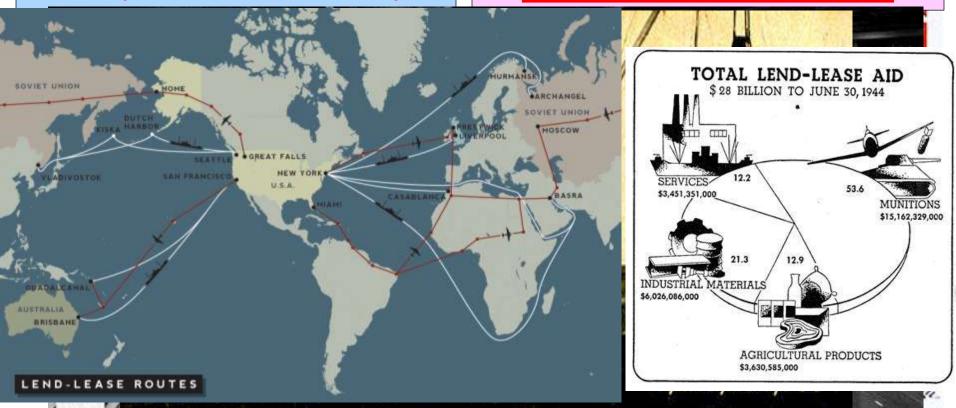
FDR prepared for possible entry into the war by calling for the first peacetime draft



### The USA responded with the Lend-Lease Act in 1941

The Lend-Lease Act allowed the USA to send war supplies to Allied nations and transport war-related goods to Europe on armed ships

The Lend-Lease Act was used throughout WWII, transformed the USA into an "arsenal of democracy," and helped end the depression in America



Roosevelt and British Prime Minister Churchill secretly drafted the <u>Atlantic Charter</u> which planned a war strategy if the USA entered the war and a post-war United Nations





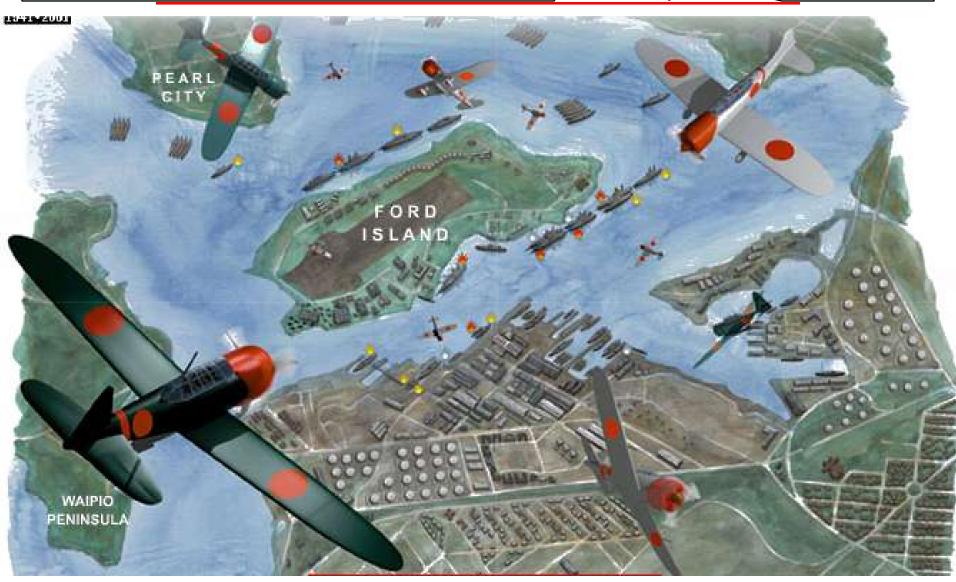
#### The USA tried to stop Japanese aggression in Asia



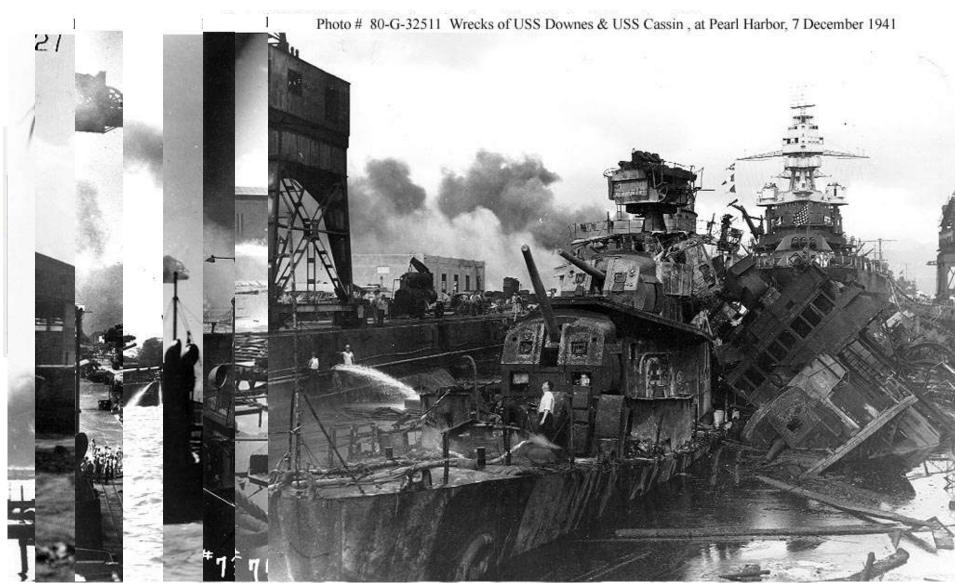
## Hideki Tojo sent an envoy to negotiate a resolution, but secretly plotted to attack the United States



# On December 7, 1941 the Japanese military led a surprise attack on the U.S. naval base at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii

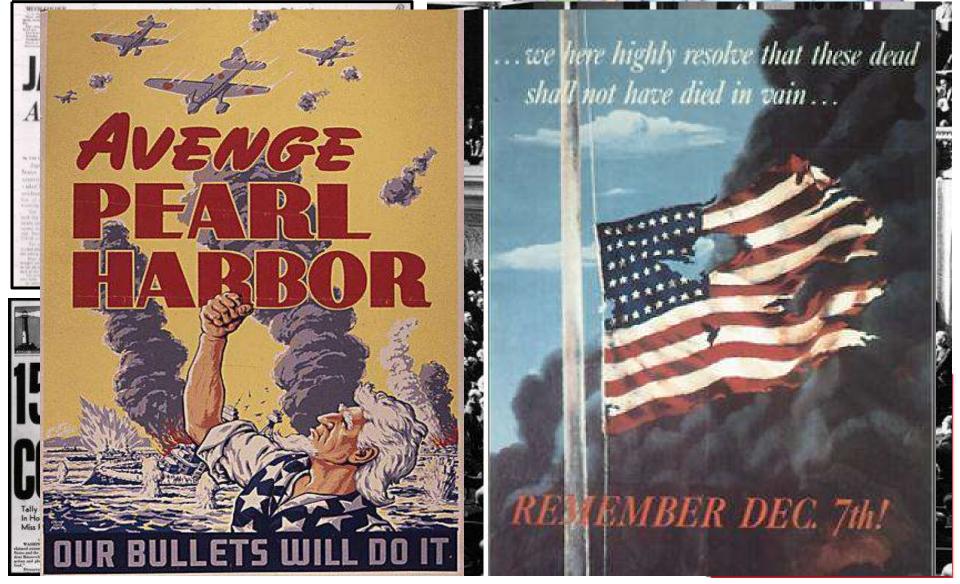


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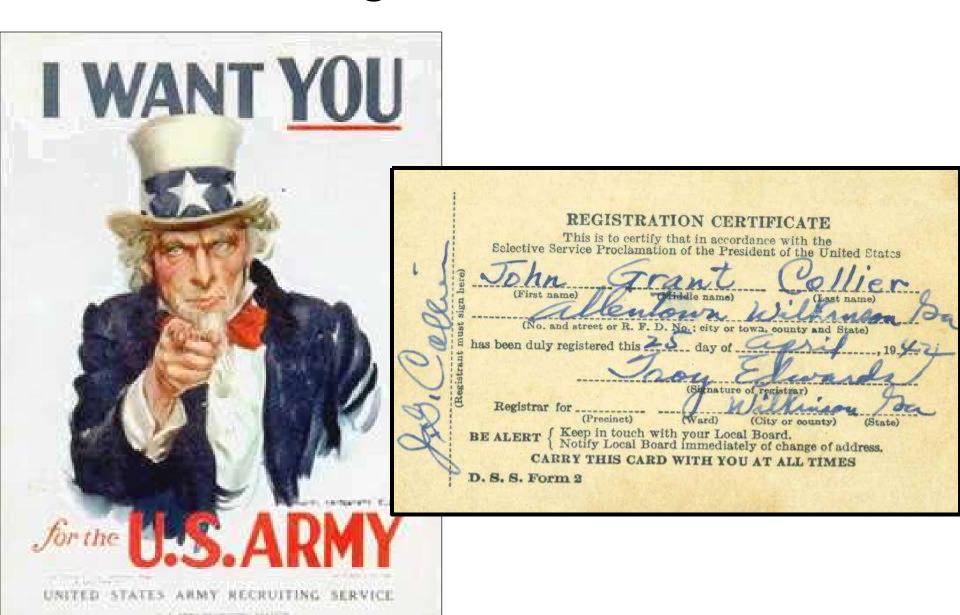
In addition to Hawaii, the Japanese attacked U.S. naval bases at Guam and Wake Island

After the Japanese attacks, Congress declared war on Japan



- Essential Question:
  - -How did World War II transform the American home front?
- The American Homefront

### Mobilizing Soldiers: The Draft



- AND TOWN OF PRINTE



### WWII propaganda: was directed by the





## WWII propaganda: was directed by the Office of War Information

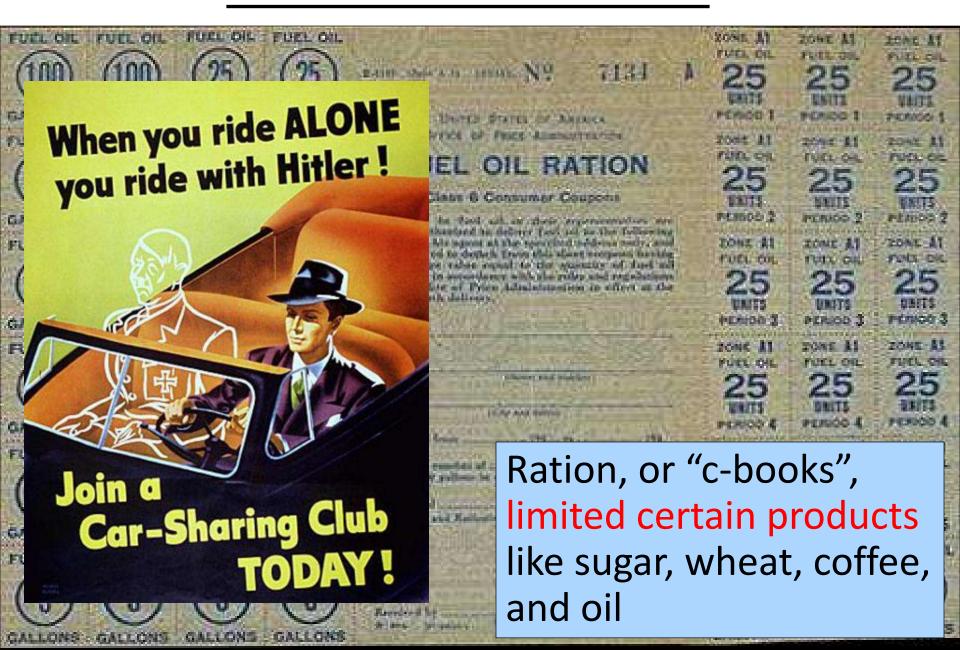






WWII by the WATCHING

### Wartime Ration Books



### Victory Gardens

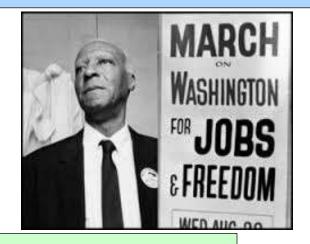




### African Americans fought in the military and at home



The war led to factory jobs & increased the Great Migration of blacks in the North & west coast



Civil rights leader A Philip Randolph forced FDR to offer equal pay for black

### African Americans fought in the military and at home

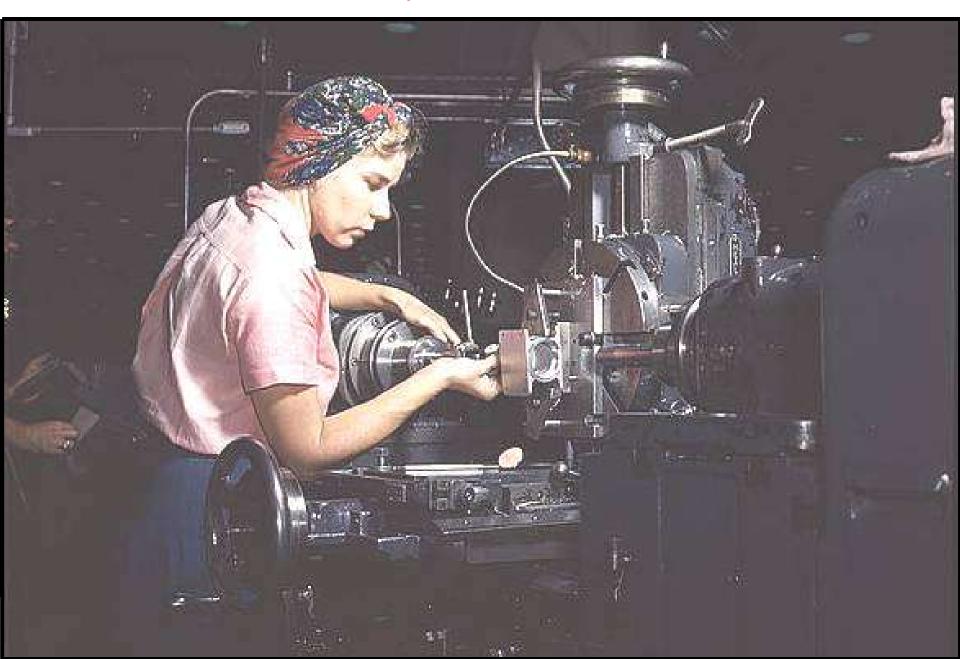
More than 1 million black soldiers served in segregated units







### "Rosie, the Riveter"



### Women's Army Corps (WACs)





Japanese-Americans and some Italian and German-Americans moved to internment camps away from the coast

**Executive Order** 9066 signed by FDR allowed "exclusion zones" to be create

WESTERN DEFENSE COMMAND AND FOURTH ARMY WARTIME CIVIL CONTROL ADMINISTRATION Presidio of San Francisco, California April 1, 1942

### INSTRUCTIONS TO ALL PERSONS OF **JAPANESE**

ANCESTRY

Living in the Following Area:

All that portion of the City and Counts of San Francisco, State of California, Joing proceedly world the north-outh line established by Jandpero Serra Books and Works-ter Avenue, and Minstorith, breme, and hing procedly north-of the cast-need kine established by California Street, to the intersection of Market Street, and these on Merket Street.

All Japanese persons, both aften and nomalies, will be exacusted from the above designated near by 1200-cities, neon Tuesday, April 7, 1942.

No Japanese person will be permitted to enter or leave the above described area after 200 a. so. Ti.

1912, without obtaining special second control of the control of the

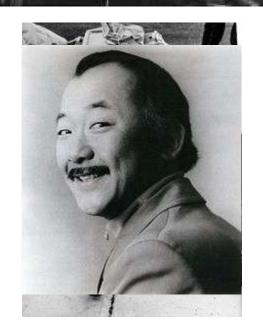
"Any or all persons may be excluded" or moved to assembly centers

NOT

Headquar Western Defense and Fourth

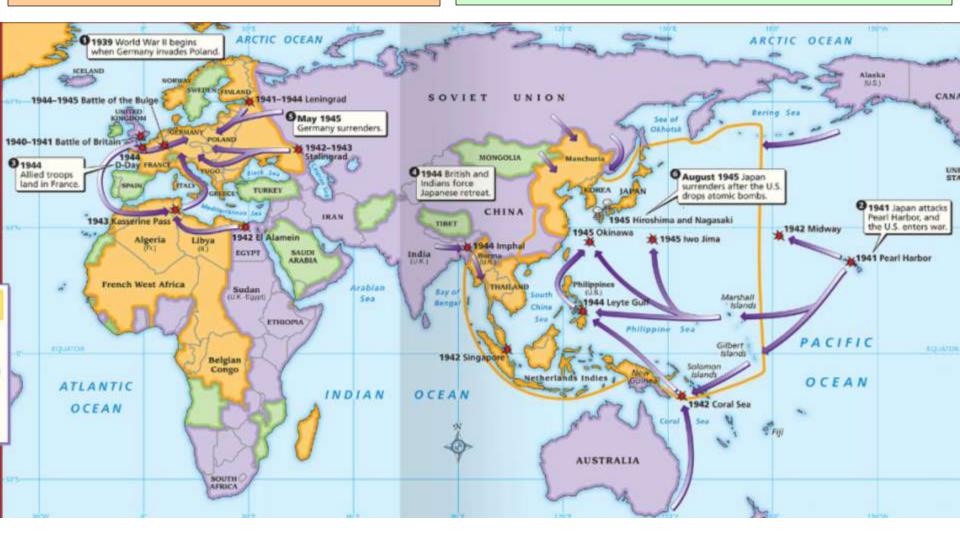
> Presidio of San Francisco April 1, 1942 Rolling

Exclusion C



When America entered World War II, the U.S. had to fight a two-front war in Europe and Asia...

Despite the attack by Japan, FDR viewed Germany as the immediate threat and began preparing for war





Closure Activity: What, if anything, should the **United States have** done differently in response to growing international threats from 1939 to 1941? Be ready to explain

your answers