

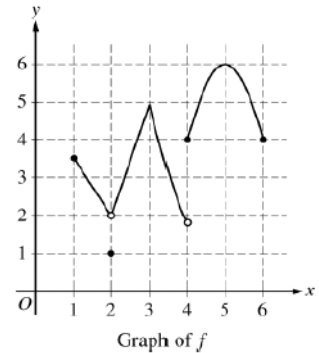
**AP Calculus – Multiple Choice**  
**Limits / Continuity/ Differentiability**

**Post Exam Set #4**

**No Calculator – You will have just under 2 minutes per question.**

1.) The graph of the function  $f$  is shown. Which of the following statements is false? [#5]

(A) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$ exists	(B) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$ exists
(C) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x)$ exists	(D) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} f(x)$ exists
(E) The function $f$ is continuous at $x = 3$ .	



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x+1}{x-2} & \text{for } x \neq 2 \\ k & \text{for } x = 2 \end{cases}$$

2.) Let  $f$  be the function defined above. For what value of  $k$  is  $f$  continuous at  $x = 2$ ? [#9]

(A) 0	(B) 1	(C) 2	(D) 3	(E) 5
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3.) Let  $f$  be the function defined by  $f(x) = \sqrt{|x-2|}$  for all  $x$ . Which of the following statements is true? [#11]

(A) $f$ is continuous but not differentiable at $x = 2$ .
(B) $f$ is differentiable at $x = 2$ .
(C) $f$ is not continuous at $x = 2$ .
(D) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) \neq 0$
(E) $x = 2$ is a vertical asymptote of the graph of $f$ .

4.)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(4+h) - \ln 4}{h} =$   
 [#18]

a.) 0	b.) $\frac{1}{4}$	c.) 1	d.) $e$	e.) nonexistent
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5.) Let  $f(x) = 2x + 1^3$  and let  $g$  be the inverse function of  $f$ . Given that  $f(0) = 1$ , what is the value of  $g'(1)$ ? [#20]

(A) $-\frac{2}{27}$	(B) $\frac{1}{54}$	(C) $\frac{1}{27}$	(D) $\frac{1}{6}$	(E) 6
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6.) The line  $y = 5$  is a horizontal asymptote to the graph of which of the following functions? [#21]

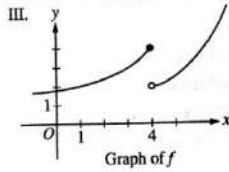
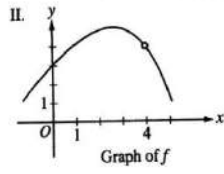
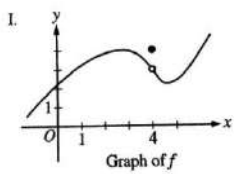
(A) $y = \frac{\sin(5x)}{x}$	(B) $y = 5x$	(E) $y = \frac{20x^2 - x}{1 + 4x^2}$
(C) $y = \frac{1}{x-5}$	(D) $y = \frac{5x}{1-x}$	

7.) Let  $f$  be a function that is continuous on the closed interval  $[2, 4]$  with  $f(2) = 10$  and  $f(4) = 20$ . Which of the following is guaranteed by the Intermediate Value Theorem? [#77]

(A) $f(x) = 13$ has at least one solution in the open interval $(2, 4)$ .
(B) $f(3) = 15$
(C) $f$ attains a maximum on the open interval $(2, 4)$ .
(D) $f'(x) = 5$ has at least one solution in the open interval $(2, 4)$ .

(E)  $f'(x) > 0$  for all  $x$  in the open interval  $(2, 4)$ .

**Practice Problems**



1.) For which of the following does

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x)$  exist? (2003-79)

- (A) I only (B) II only (C) III only  
(D) I and II only (E) I and III only

2.)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 4}{4x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1} =$  (2003-6)

- (A) 4 (B) 1 (C)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (D) 0 (E) -1

3.) For  $x \geq 0$ , the horizontal line  $y = 2$  is an asymptote for the graph of the function  $f$ . Which of the following statements must be true? (2003-3)

(A) $f(x) = 2$	(B) $f(x) \neq 2$ for all $x \geq 0$
(C) $f(x)$ is undefined	(D) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \infty$
(E) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 2$	

4.) Let  $f$  be a differentiable function with  $f(2) = 3$  and  $f'(2) = -5$ , and let  $g$  be the function defined by  $g(x) = x f(x)$ . Which of the following is an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $g$  at the point where  $x = 2$ ?

(A) $y = 3x$	(B) $y - 3 = -5(x - 2)$
(C) $y - 6 = -5(x - 2)$	(D) $y - 6 = -7(x - 2)$
(E) $y - 6 = -10(x - 2)$	

(2003-89)

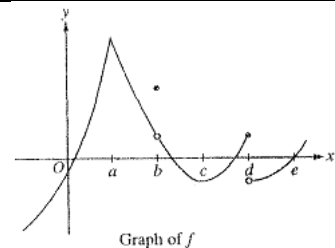
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 2 & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ 4x - 7 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

5.) Let  $f$  be the function given above. Which of the following statements are true about  $f$ ?

- I.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$  exists.  
II.  $f$  is continuous at  $x = 3$ .  
III.  $f$  is differentiable at  $x = 3$ .

- (A) None (B) I only (C) II only  
(D) I and II only (E) I, II, and III

(2003-20)



6.) The graph of a function  $f$  is shown above. At which value of  $x$  is  $f$  continuous, but not differentiable?

- (A) a (B) b (C) c (D) d (E) e

(2003-13)