



| Course Name: 12th Grade ADVANCED COMPOSITION ELA 2022-2023 | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|------------|
| Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Aug 5- Oct 6 Oct 7-Jan 5 (43 Days) (42 Days) | | 7-Jan 5 | Quarter 3 Jan 6 - March 15 (44 days) | | Quarter 4 March 16 - May 19 (30 days to complete prior to testing) | |
| Unit 1: | Unit 2 | Unit 3 | | Unit 4 | | Unit 5 |
| Duration: 43 Days (Assessments Included) | Duration: 42 Days (Assessments Included) | Duration: 44 (Assessments In | - | Duration: 30 D (Assessments Inclu | • | N/A |
| Priority Standards: Reading Literary ELAGSE11-12RL1: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. ELAGSE11-12RL2: Determine two or more themes or central ideas of | Priority Standards: Reading Informational ELAGSE11-12RI1: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves | Reading Informational ELAGSE11-12RI1: Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. ELAGSE11-12RI2: Readin ELAGSE ELAGSE11-12RI2: Readin ELAGSE ELAGSE11-12RI2: Readin ELAGSE ELAGSE11-12RI2: Determining at textual of | | Priority Standards: Reading Informatice ELAGSE11-12RI1: strong and thorough textual evidence to s analysis of what the says explicitly as we inferences drawn fro text, including determ where the text leaves matters uncertain. ELAGSE11-12RI2: Determine two or me central ideas of a text | conal conal conal conal conal conal conal contact cont | <u>N/A</u> |





text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RL3:

Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

ELAGSE11-12RL4:

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of

matters uncertain. **ELAGSE11-12RI2:**

Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI3:

Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI4:

Determine the

central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI3:

Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI4:

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI3:

Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI4:

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a





specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.)

ELAGSE11-12RL5:

Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

ELAGSE11-12RL6:

Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

ELAGSE11-12RI5:

Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

ELAGSE11-12RI5:

Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

ELAGSE11-12RI6:

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI7:

Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of

text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

ELAGSE11-12RI5:

Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

ELAGSE11-12RI6:

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI7:

Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented indifferent media or





[⊱]Calhoun County Schools [∠] Pacing Guide

text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).

ELAGSE11-12RL7:

Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare as well as one play by an American

ELAGSE11-12RL9:

Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early twentiethcentury foundational works (of American Literature, British Literature, World Literature, or Multicultural Literature), including how two or more texts from the

ELAGSE11-12RI6:

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RI7:

Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented indifferent media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

information presented indifferent media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

ELAGSE11-12RI8:

Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and argumentsin works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses.)

ELAGSE11-12RI9:

Analyze foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance

formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

ELAGSE11-12RI8:

Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and argumentsin works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses.)

ELAGSE11-12RI9:

Analyze foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the





same period treat similar themes or topics.

Writing:

ELAGSE11-12W1: Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence

evidence. a. Introduce precise. knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. **b.** Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of

ELAGSE11-12RI8:

Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and argumentsin works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses.)

ELAGSE11-12RI9:

Analyze foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The

(including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features. For British Literature, American Literature, and Multicultural Literature use comparable documents of historical significance.

Reading Literary ELAGSE11-12RL1: Cite

strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters Preamble to the
Constitution, the Bill of
Rights, and Lincoln's
Second Inaugural Address)
for their themes, purposes,
and rhetorical features. For
British Literature,
American Literature, and
Multicultural Literature
use comparable documents
of historical significance.

Writing:

ELAGSE11-12W3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a





both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims

d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. **e.** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports

the argument presented.

ELAGSE11-12W3: Write

Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features. For British Literature. American Literature. and Multicultural Literature use comparable documents of historical significance. Writing:

ELAGSE11-12W2:

Write informative/explanat ory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly

uncertain.

ELAGSE11-12RL2:

Determine two or more themes or central ideas of text and analyze their development over the course of the text. including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.

ELAGSE11-12RL3:

Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).

ELAGSE11-12RL4:

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they

narrator and/or characters: create a smooth progression of experiences or events

- **b.** Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- **c.** Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- **d.** Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.





narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
 b. Use narrative
- techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

 c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence

and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. **a.** Introduce a topic: organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. **b.** Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts. extended definitions.

are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.)

ELAGSE11-12RL5:

Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the parrative





| events so that they build on |
|---------------------------------|
| one another to create a |
| coherent whole and build |
| toward a particular tone |
| and outcome (e.g., a sense |
| of mystery, suspense, |
| growth, or resolution). |
| d. Use precise words and |
| phrases, telling details, and |
| sensory language to |
| convey a vivid picture of |
| the experiences, events, |
| setting, and/or characters. |
| e. Provide a conclusion |
| that follows from and |
| reflects on what is |
| experienced, observed, or |
| resolved over the course of |
| the narrative. |
| EL ACCE11 12W0. Draw |

ELAGSE11-12W9: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. **a.** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to

concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. **c.** Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. **d.** Use precise language.

domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

e. Establish and

ELAGSE11-12RL6:

Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).

ELAGSE11-12RL7:

Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare as well as one play by an American **ELAGSE11-12RL9:**

Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenthand early twentiethcentury





literature (e.g.,
"Demonstrate knowledge
of eighteenth-, nineteenthand
early-twentieth-century
foundational works of
American literature,
including how two or more
texts from the same period
treat similar themes or
topics").

b. Apply grades 11–12
Reading standards to
literary nonfiction (e.g.,
"Delineate and evaluate
the reasoning in seminal
U.S. texts, including the
application of
constitutional principles
and use of legal reasoning
[e.g., in U.S. Supreme
Court Case majority
opinions and dissents) and
the premises, purposes,
and arguments in works of
public advocacy (e.g., The

maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. **f.** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

ELAGSE11-12W3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured

foundational works (of American Literature, British Literature, World Literature, or Multicultural Literature), including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.

Writing:

ELAGSE11-12W1: Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s),





| Federalist, presidential | event sequences. | counterclaims, reasons, |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| addresses]"). | a. Engage and orient | and evidence. |
| | the reader by setting | b. Develop claim(s) and |
| | out a problem, | counterclaims fairly and |
| | situation, or | thoroughly, supplying the |
| | observation and its | most relevant evidence for |
| | significance, | each while pointing out |
| | establishing one or | the strengths and |
| | multiple point(s) of | limitations of both in a |
| | view, and introducing | manner that anticipates |
| | a narrator and/or | the audience's knowledge |
| | characters; create a | level, concerns, values, |
| | smooth progression | and possible biases. c. Use |
| | of experiences or | words, phrases, and |
| | events. | clauses as well as varied |
| | b. Use narrative | syntax to link the major |
| | techniques, such as | sections of the text, create |
| | dialogue, pacing, | cohesion, and clarify the |
| | description, | relationships between |
| | reflection, and | claim(s) and reasons, |
| | multiple plot lines, to | between reasons and |
| | develop experiences, | evidence, and between |
| | events, and/or | claim(s) and |
| | characters. | counterclaims. |
| | c. Use a variety of | d. Establish and maintain |
| | techniques to | a formal style and |
| | | |





Calhoun County Schools ^E Pacing Guide

| sequence events so |
|-----------------------------|
| that they build on one |
| another to create a |
| coherent whole and |
| build toward a |
| particular tone and |
| outcome (e.g., a |
| sense of mystery, |
| suspense, growth, or |
| resolution). |
| d. Use precise words |
| and phrases, telling |
| details, and sensory |
| language to convey a |
| vivid picture of the |
| experiences, events, |
| setting, and/or |
| characters. |
| e. Provide a |
| conclusion that |
| follows from and |
| reflects on what is |
| experienced, |
| observed, or resolved |
| over the course of the |
| narrative. |
| |

objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. **ELAGSE11-12W3:** Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. **a.** Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth





| ELAGSE11-12W9: Draw evidence from | progression of experiences or events. | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| literary or | b. Use narrative | |
| informational texts to | techniques, such as | |
| support analysis, | dialogue, pacing, | |
| reflection, and | description, reflection, | |
| research. | and multiple plot lines, to | |
| a. Apply grades | develop experiences, | |
| 11–12 Reading | events, and/or characters. | |
| standards to literature | c. Use a variety of | |
| (e.g., "Demonstrate | techniques to sequence | |
| knowledge of | events so that they build | |
| eighteenth-, | on one another to create a | |
| nineteenth- and | coherent whole and build | |
| early-twentieth-centu | toward a particular tone | |
| ry foundational | and outcome (e.g., a sense | |
| works of American | of mystery, suspense, | |
| literature, including | growth, or resolution). | |
| how two or more | d. Use precise words and | |
| texts from the same | phrases, telling details, | |
| period treat similar | and sensory language to | |
| themes or topics"). | convey a vivid picture of | |
| b. Apply grades | the experiences, events, | |
| 11–12 Reading | setting, and/or characters. | |
| standards to literary | e. Provide a conclusion | |
| nonfiction (e.g., | that follows from and | |





Calhoun County Schools ^E Pacing Guide

| "Delineate and |
|-----------------------|
| evaluate the |
| reasoning in semina |
| U.S. texts, including |
| the application of |
| constitutional |
| principles and use o |
| legal reasoning [e.g. |
| in U.S. Supreme |
| Court Case majority |
| opinions and |
| dissents) and the |
| premises, purposes, |
| and arguments in |
| works of public |
| advocacy (e.g., The |
| Federalist, |
| presidential |
| addresses]"). |
| |

reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative. ELAGSE11-12W9: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. **a.** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenthand early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). **b.** Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate





the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").

Midterm:

USATestPrep

9 Weeks Assessment:

- Beacon
- Unit 1 Novel (Reading Comprehension/ Writing Assessment)

Midterm:

WriteScore

9 Weeks Assessment:

- Beacon
- Unit 2 Novel (Reading Comprehension/ Writing Assessment)

Midterm:

WriteScore

9 Weeks Assessment:

- Beacon
- Unit 3 Novel
 (Reading
 Comprehension/
 Writing Assessment)

Midterm:

USATestPrep

9 Weeks Assessment:

- Beacon
- Unit 4 Novel (Reading Comprehension/ Writing Assessment)





Spiral Standards

| Unit 1 | Unit 2 | Unit 3 | Unit 4 |
|--|---|---|--|
| Reading Informational 1-9 Writing 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 Language 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 | Reading Literary 1-9 Writing 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 Language 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 | Writing 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 Language 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 | Reading Informational 1-9 Writing 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 Language 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 |