### CENTINELA VALLEY Union High School District



"Dedicated to Academic Excellence and Achievement for All Students"

> 14901 South Inglewood Avenue Lawndale, CA 90260 (310) 263-3200 www.centinela.K12.ca.us

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The statistical information disclosed in this report is obtained from the California Department of Education and the Centinela Valley Union High School District. At the time of publishing, this report met all SARC-related state and federal requirements, using the most current data available. Data for the instructional materials section was acquired in October 2008 and school facilities information was acquired in September 2008.

## HAWTHORNE HIGH SCHOO



Accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges Governor's Trophy Recipient for 2007-08 SPARC

4859 West El Segundo Blvd., Hawthorne, CA 90250 (310) 263-4400

Dr. Mark Newell, Principal

### School Accountability Report Card

2007-08 School Activity Published in November 2008

### PRINCIPAL'S MESSAGE

Welcome to Hawthorne High School! The purpose of this School Accountability Report Card is to provide parents and the community with information about academic achievements, adequacy of instructional materials, status of campus facilities, student safety practices, qualifications of professional staff, and progress in meeting state standards. This report is provided in accordance with Proposition 98; every school in the state of California is required to publish this report annually.

We have made a commitment to provide the best educational program possible for our students. The excellent quality of our program is a reflection of our highly committed staff. Our school provides a welcoming, stimulating environment where students are actively involved in learning academics through a standards-based curriculum. We hold both staff and students accountable for their work, as we provide educational programs that meet or exceed state standards. Using assessment data to drive curricular programs, teachers analyze this information to develop effective instructional strategies and differentiated instruction that enable our students to reach proficiency. Collaborative efforts among administration, teaching staff, and parents will ensure students thrive in an environment that fosters emotional and academic success

### **DISTRICT PROFILE**

Centinela Valley Union High School District is located next to the 405 freeway in the city of Lawndale, approximately 20 miles southwest of the city of Los Angeles. During the 2007-08 school year, the district's three comprehensive high schools and continuation school served a total of 7,495 students in grades 9-12 residing in the cities of Hawthorne, Lawndale, and Lennox.

### DISTRICT VISION

The Centinela Valley Union High School District is committed to providing an educational environment in which all students succeed. Students will be prepared to meet the challenges of higher education and the future demands of a modern technological society.

### School Profile

During the 2007-08 school year, Hawthorne High School served 2,885 students in grades 9-12. Student enrollment included 10% receiving special education services, 27.3% qualifying for English learner support, and 70% qualifying for free or reduced-price meals. Hawthorne High School offers a comprehensive standards-based curriculum, preparing students for their post-secondary education opportunities and entrance into the workforce.

### SCHOOL MISSION

Hawthorne High School is committed to working collaboratively to provide a dynamic academic program which will empower our students to successfully meet the challenges of any four year college or university they wish to attend.

### Percentage of Students by Ethnicity 2007-08 Enrollment: 2,885

African-Amer.	12.7%
Amer. Indian or Alaskan Native	0.2%
Caucasian	3.6%
Asian	2.0%
Filipino	1.0%
Hispanic or Latino	77.9%
Pacific Islander	1.6%
Multiple or No Response	1.0%

### PARENT INVOLVEMENT

Parents are encouraged to get involved in Hawthorne High School's learning community by volunteering their time, attending school events, or sharing in the decision-making process. The school welcomes assistance:

- · In the classroom and Parent Center
- · Chaperoning field trips, dances, and college visits
- · With special projects, mailers, test prep activities
- With athletics

Parent representation is an integral component of the School Site Council, English Learner Advisory Council, Superintendent's Advisory Committee, Booster Club, Title I Parent Advisory Council, and Student Support Personnel Team. Each of these groups is responsible for leading and evaluating the school's progress to provide a safe and effective learning environment. Parents seeking more information about becoming an active member in the school community may contact the parent liaison located in the Parent Center at (310) 263-4457.

Hawthorne High School provides a broad range of activities and events to support the learning process in and beyond the classroom environment. Throughout the year, staff encourage parents to attend:

- · Back to School Night · Family Counseling
- Family Mediation
  - Open House Student Performances
- Parent Education Workshops
- Fundraising
- Title I Parent Meetings Renaissance Program
- Parent Conferences
- UCLA Tutoring
- Monthly Parent Meetings

Nights

Subject-Based Family

### School News

All school-to-home communication is provided in both English and Spanish. Through routine correspondence and special announcements, parents are kept informed on school news, student activities, schedules, policy changes, and class curriculum updates in the following formats:

- · ConnectEd (mass communication telephone system)
- E-mail
- · Monthly calendars
- · Quarterly school newsletters
- · School website and marquee
- Support Personnel Accountability Report Card (SPARC)

### STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

To obtain accurate and valid measures of educational progress, Hawthorne High School offers students multiple opportunities to demonstrate mastery in each of the core subject areas. Multiple assessments of student achievement are analyzed to monitor student progress and to evaluate the effectiveness of the instructional program. These assessments include teacher tests, classroom observation, report card grades, CAHSEE results, benchmark assessments, and results of standardized tests.

### **ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESS**

The Federal No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) requires that all students perform at or above the proficient level on the state's standards-based assessment by the year 2014. Meeting Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) milestones helps determine whether students are reaching proficiency level targets set by NCLB. AYP requires annual evaluation and reporting of the academic progress of all students and defined student subgroups.

For the 2007-08 AYP cycle, high schools must achieve a 33.4% or higher proficiency rate in English/Language Arts and 32.2% or higher proficiency rate in math on the California High School Exit Exam (grade 10 results only). Additional criteria contributing to whether or not a high school demonstrates AYP include achieving a 95% or above participation rate on the CAHSEE, obtaining an API growth score of 620 or higher or increasing the API growth by one point, and obtaining a graduation rate of 83%.

Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)
Results Reported by Indicator and
Compared to District Performance
2007-08

Did the school and district meet or exceed 2008 AYP performance criteria in each of the areas listed below?

AYP Indicator	Hawthorne High	CVUHSD
Overall School Results	No	No
Participation Rate		
English-Language Arts	Yes	Yes
Math	Yes	Yes
Percent Proficient (CST Exam)		
English-Language Arts	No	No
Math	No	No
API	Yes	Yes
Graduation Rate	No	Yes

The AYP table in this report illustrates the school's progress in meeting 2007-08 AYP target rates. More information on AYP can be found on the California Department of Education's (CDE) website www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/ and the U.S. Department of Education's website www.ed.gov/nclb/ accountability/.

### CALIFORNIA ENGLISH LANGUAGE

### DEVELOPMENT TEST

State law requires schools to give the California English Language Development Test (CELDT) to students in grades kindergarten through twelve whose home language is not English. The test identifies the student's proficiency level of understanding of the English language, monitors their progress in learning English if placed in the English Learner program, and helps determine if they have achieved proficiency in the English language.

### STANDARDIZED STATE ASSESSMENTS

Students at Hawthorne High School participate in California's STAR examination each year. The mandatory STAR Program (Standardized Testing and Reporting) is a set of assessments that evaluates student proficiency in core subject areas and compares student results with other students in the state who took the same test. The STAR is comprised of a series of six components, which include the California Standards Tests (CST), Aprenda 3, California Alternative Performance Assessment (CAPA), and California Modified Assessment (CMA).

The CST aids in determining the level of individual proficiency required by the state. The CMA was introduced

as part of the STAR in 2008; this assessment is administered in lieu of the CST to third, fourth, and fifth grade students who had an individualized education program. CAPA is administered to students with significant disabilities who were not able to take the CST or CMA with accommodations or modifications. The Aprenda 3 measures academic proficiency of Spanish-speaking students in their native language. For more information on the STAR Program, please visit http://star.cde.ca.gov/.

### CALIFORNIA STANDARDS TEST

California Standards Tests assess student performance on the California Academic Content Standards adopted by the State Board of Education. Performance standards identify the level of student mastery of the content standards tested. The state target for every student is to score at the Advanced or Proficient level. Students scoring at the Far Below Basic, Below Basic, and Basic levels may receive differentiated instruction through school intervention programs designed to increase student proficiency levels to meet grade level standards. All school districts in the State of California are required to report their CST results in comparison to the state average.

The CST tables in this report illustrate the percentage of students achieving Proficient and Advanced levels. Results are shown only for subgroups with ten students or more taking the exam. Detailed results by grade level for each student group can be obtained from the California Department of Education's website http://star.cde.ca.gov.

### PHYSICAL FITNESS

In the spring of each year, Hawthorne High School is required by the state to administer a physical fitness test to all students in the ninth grade. The physical fitness test measures each student's ability to complete six fitness tasks in six major areas. Students that either meet or exceed the standards in all six fitness areas are considered to be physically fit or in the "healthy fitness zone." Upon completion of the 2007-08 fitness exam, 34.9% of ninth grade students tested scored in the "healthy fitness zone". Comparative district and state results can be found at the CDE's website http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/.

### CALIFORNIA HIGH SCHOOL EXIT EXAM

The California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE) is a statemandated test given to 10-12 grade students to measure student proficiency in math and language arts. The CAHSEE helps identify students who are not developing skills that are essential for life after high school and encourages schools to give these students the attention and resources needed to help them achieve these skills during their high school years. Students must pass the language arts and math components of the examination to be eligible for a high school diploma. The test is initially given to students in the tenth grade. Students are given numerous chances to pass the test during their sophomore, junior, and senior years; 69% of Hawthorne High School's tenth grade students who took the test in 2007-08 passed the math portion of the exam and 68% passed the language arts portion of the exam. Proficiency scores from the test are used as a determination of Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) as noted in the AYP section of this report. Detailed information about the CAHSEE can be found at www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/hs/.

### **ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE INDEX**

The state Academic Performance Index (API) was launched by the California Department of Education in 1999 to measure the performance and progress of schools based on STAR and CAHSEE testing results. (Note: CAHSEE is

California Standards Test Results All Students Percentage of Students Scoring at Proficient & Advanced Levels									
	Hav	Hawthorne High CVUHSD California							
	05-06	06-07	07-08	05-06	06-07	07-08	05-06	06-07	07-08
English-Language Arts	22	22	23	21	22	24	42	43	46
Math	8	9	8	11	10	10	40	40	43
Science	22	22	25	19	19	22	35	38	46
History	16	16	21	16	16	20	33	33	36

Only grades 9-11 take the Science and History portions of this exam.

### California Standards Test Results Numerically Significant Ethnic Subgroups Percentage of Students Scoring at Proficient & Advanced Levels 2007-08

### Hawthorne High

	African- Amer.	Amer. Indian or Alaskan Native	Asian	Filipino	Hispanic or Latino	Pacific Islander	Caucasian
English-Language Arts	18	*	36	32	23	27	42
Math	3	*	8	8	8	12	12
Science	23	*	47	*	24	42	35
History	14	*	19	14	22	14	24

\*Less than 10 students were tested; to protect confidentiality, these results are not disclosed. In cases where a % is not provided, no students were tested in the subgroup or subject area.

# California Standards Test Results Other Numerically Significant Subgroups Percentage of Students Scoring at Proficient & Advanced Levels 2007-08

horne	

	Male	Female	English Learners	Economically Disadvantaged	Students with Disabilities	Migrant Education
English-Language Arts	21	26	7	21	1	
Math	8	7	3	7	0	
Science	27	22	10	23	0	
History	22	20	8			

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	Hav	wthorne H	igh		CVUHSD			California	
	05-06	06-07	07-08	05-06	06-07	07-08	05-06	06-07	07-08
English	35.1	27.3	33.0	31.1	28.1	33.2	51.1	48.6	52.9
Mathematics	30.6	32.8	32.7	32.2	34.1	32.6	46.8	49.9	51.3

Three levels of performance are set: Advanced, Proficient, and Not Proficient. A score of proficient is different than the passsing score for the graduation requirement. Students must achieve a scaled score of 350 on each portion to pass the exam. Students scoring above a scaled score of 380 qualify for placement in the "proficient or above" category.

California High School Exit Exam Percentage of Students Scoring in Each Performance Level 2007-08							
		English			Math		
	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced	
All Students	67.0	30.4	2.5	67.3	25.6	7.1	
Male	72.3	25.6	2.1	67.2	25.5	7.3	
Female	60.3	36.6	3.1	67.5	25.7	6.8	
African American	60.0	37.8	2.2	67.4	22.8	9.8	
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Asian	53.8	46.2	0	30.8	53.8	15.4	
Filipino	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Hispanic or Latino	69.3	29.0	1.8	69.6	24.1	6.3	
Pacific Islander	*	*	*	54.5	36.4	9.1	
White (not Hispanic)	47.8	34.8	17.4	42.9	42.9	14.3	
English Learners	76.1	23.0	0.9	71.7	22.9	5.4	
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	70.0	28.6	1.5	68.6	25.1	6.3	
Students Receiving Migrant Education	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Students with Disabilities	98.3	1.7	0	98.3	1.7	0	

<sup>\*</sup>To maintain confidentiality, scores are not disclosed when less than 10 students are tested

Academic Performance Index (API) Three-Year Performance Comparison					
			API Rank		
		2005	2006	2007	
Statewide Rank		2	2	2	
Similar Schools Rank		6	7	2	
	2008 API		ease/Decrease in	API	
Results	Score	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	
Schoolwide - All Students	630	14	-10	23	
Ethnic Subgroups:					
African-Amer.	620	-8	6	32	
Hispanic or Latino	622	21	-11	21	
Other Subgroups:					
Economically Disadvantaged	622	15	-13	25	
English Learners	601	22	-26	36	
Students with Disabilities	428	5	32	-28	

the California High School Exit Exam administered to students in grades 10-12 as part of the state's graduation requirements.) The API is used to develop annual schoolwide performance growth targets for future academic improvement. The API measures academic performance and growth of California's schools based on a numeric scale ranging from a low 200 to a high 1000. Academic growth is measured by subtracting the base year API from the growth API. API growth scores are based upon the results of state standardized tests. Schools that do not meet or exceed their growth targets and are ranked in the bottom half of the statewide distribution may qualify for intervention program funding. Each annual API reporting cycle includes two reports: a base report, which is released after the first of the calendar year, and a growth report, which is released after school starts in the fall. These reports are based on APIs calculated in exactly the same fashion with the same indicators but using test results from two different years.

The API table in this report highlights Hawthorne High School's progress over the past three years. To maintain confidentiality, results are reported for numerically significant subgroups only. Numerically significant subgroups are comprised of 1) at least 100 students with valid test scores or 2) at least 50 valid scores comprising at least 15% of the valid test scores.

### No CHILD LEFT BEHIND (NCLB)

The No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act is part of the Federal Title I funding program designed to support additional staffing and programs to meet the needs of low-income, low achieving students, and other designated students with special needs. Schools may apply, based upon their student demographics, for one of two types of Title I funding: Title I Schoolwide or Title I Targeted Assistance. Title I Schoolwide schools use federal funds for schoolwide improvement of student achievement. Title I Targeted Assistance schools use federal funds to help those students who meet specific program criteria. In 2007-08, Hawthorne High School qualified for Targeted Assistance funding and is therefore required to comply with program mandates.

Any school receiving Title I funds is required to comply with respective program testing and reporting activities, achieve specific levels of student proficiency, and monitor school progress towards meeting established goals.

California Adequate Yearly Progress calculations determine whether a Title I school has met performance goals. Schools not meeting specific AYP criteria enter Program Improvement, a monitoring system and curriculum enhancement program designed to help schools increase student proficiency levels. More information about Title I and Program Improvement can be located on the CDE's website http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

Title I Program Improvement (PI) Status						
	Hawthorne High	CVUHSD				
PI Status	In PI	In PI				
First Year of PI Implementation	1999-2000	2004-05				
Year in PI	Year 5	Year 3				
No. of Schools Currently in PI		4				
Percent of Schools Currently Identified for PI		80.0 %				

### SCHOOL FACILITIES & SAFETY

### FACILITIES PROFILE

Hawthorne High School provides a safe, clean environment for learning through proper facilities maintenance and campus supervision. Original school buildings were constructed circa 1950. Monthly safety inspections and ongoing maintenance ensures school facilities are kept safe, in good working condition, and provide adequate space for students and staff.

2007-08 Campus Improvement Projects

· Renovation of gym

A recent inspection of school facilities identified a series of projects that need to be completed. An application has been submitted to appropriate state agencies to acquire funding for:

- Replacement of current heating/ventilation/air conditioning system
- Replacement of roof system
- Upgrade of campus electrical systems
- Installation of new polyethylene pipe and fitting systems
- Upgrade of current sewage and domestic water pipe system with PVC piping system
- · Upgrade of catch basis on storm drainage system
- · Replacement of sump pump and discharge system
- · Replacement of cracked/lifting paving/asphalt

Campus Description						
Year Built	circa 1950					
Acreage	36 ac					
	Qty.					
# of Permanent Classrooms	115					
# of Portable Classrooms	9					
# of Restrooms (student use)	2 sets					
Cafeteria	1					
Career Center	1					
Computer Lab	3					
Gym	2					
Library	1					
Outdoor Stage	1					
Parent Center	1					
Sports Stadium	1					
Staff Lounge	1					

### **SUPERVISION & SAFETY**

All staff share in the supervision of students throughout the day. As students arrive on campus each morning, all administrators are stationed at strategic locations to monitor student activities. During the lunch period, all administrators share supervision of students in the cafeteria and central common area. Counselors circulate throughout the campus during lunch to increase individual student support and accessibility. When students are dismissed at the end of the day, the deans and campus security staff monitor exit areas, student pick-up areas, and bus loading areas to ensure students leave campus in a safe and orderly manner. To maintain a safe and secure environment, all parents and visitors are required to check in at the security booth located at the main school entrance, obtain and wear a visitor's badge, and then return to the security booth upon departure.

### SCHOOL SITE SAFETY PLAN

The Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) was developed for Hawthorne High School in collaboration with local agencies and the district office to fulfill Senate Bill 187 requirements. Components of this plan include child abuse reporting procedures, teacher notification of dangerous pupil

procedures, disaster response procedures, procedures for safe arrival and departure from school, sexual harassment policy, and dress code policy. The school's most current safety plan was reviewed and updated in June 2008; the CSSP was later shared with school staff in September 2008.

Parents may view Hawthorne School's newly developed crisis plan on the school's website. Through the collaborative efforts of the local fire department, police department, and school administrators, comprehensive plans and procedures were developed to ensure the safety of students and staff during an emergency situation or disaster.

### FACILITIES MAINTENANCE

School custodial staff and the district's maintenance department work together to ensure classrooms and campus grounds are well-maintained and kept safe and functioning for students, staff, and visitors. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) employs an electronic (web-based) work order system enabling school staff to communicate unscheduled maintenance needs, urgent repairs, or special projects. Most of Hawthorne High School's repairs and maintenance projects are performed by the school's day custodians. Emergency situations are immediately resolved either by the school

custodian or district maintenance staff, based upon the nature of the situation.

A team of day and evening custodians are assigned to Hawthorne High School for routine maintenance, daily custodial duties, and special events preparations. Principal Mark Newell and the custodians communicate daily regarding campus cleaning needs and safety concerns. The day custodians are responsible for setting up the cafeteria for meals and activities, keeping restrooms clean and stocked, gymnasium cleaning, removing debris and emptying trash receptacles, and addressing minor repairs and maintenance issues. The day custodians check restrooms throughout the day as a proactive approach in keeping restrooms fully stocked, safe, and sanitary. Evening custodians are responsible for daily comprehensive cleaning of classrooms, office areas, library, career center, locker rooms, gymnasium, restrooms, and other areas as assigned.

School safety and cleanliness are the custodians' highest priority and strongly emphasized as a component of their daily routines. Custodians receive training from department supervisors and supply vendors regarding proper cleaning methods, use of chemicals, and use of equipment. The

			School Facility Good Repair Status
Item Inspected			Repair Status
Most Recent Inspection: September 9, 2008	poc	Fair Poor	Repair Needed and
Gas Leaks	ق √	<u>к</u> 8	Action Taken or Planned
Mechanical Systems	·		(16-1) exterior intake vent rusted.
Windows/Doors/Gates (interior and exterior)		✓	(Library) cracked window - data office. (23-5) door drags on concrete walkway. (21-1) six broken/cracked window panes. (21-3) four cracked window panes. (17-3, 19-1) cracked window pane. (20-6) rear door loose from hinges. (20-3) three cracked window panes. (18-1) loose rear door, difficult to operate, drags on concrete. Loose from hinges. (18-2) rear door rubs on jam. (18-3) rear door damaged, loose from hinge side. (16-5) three broken window panes. (16-6) five cracked window panes. (15-7) three cracked window panes. (15-1) broken and cracked window panes. (West Gym) one set of store room doors to not close properly, girls' restroom door hard to open/close. (10-1) door sticks, difficult to operate. (8C) door drags on plywood deck. (9-4) broken window. (8-1) door closer, unscrewed; broken window pane. (6-2) broken window pane; exit door rubs on jam. (Auditorium) cracked glass panel in foyer.
Interior Surfaces (walls, floors, and ceilings)		✓	(Library) missing ceiling tiles, stained ceiling tiles, loose/missing floor tiles. (22-1) damaged paint - windows. (22-2) peeling paint, windows. (22-4) open ceiling, missing tile, stained ceiling tile. (22-6) missing ceiling tile, open ceiling, loose ceiling tile. (Offices, 7-2, 11-1, 11-3, 23-6, 23-3, 23-10) stained ceiling tile. (19-3) rear door sticks, hard to operate. (20-6) stained and damaged ceiling tiles. (20-2) stained ceiling tiles, peeling paint on windows. (17-5) one loose ceiling tile. (16-2) missing, loose ceiling tiles in store room 2' x 10' section; missing, loose ceiling tiles in room. (13-1) missing ceiling tiles. (13-2) missing, loose ceiling tiles. (11-6) damaged, stained ceiling tiles. (10-1) loose ceiling tile. (10-3) loose ceiling tile. (8D) stained, damaged ceiling tiles. (8B) stained ceiling tiles, loose ceiling tiles, old carpeting. (8C) stained, loose ceiling tiles. (7-5) loose ceiling tile.
Hazardous Materials (interior and exterior)	✓		(22-6) damaged eaves, rear of room - wood. (21-1) peeling paint exterior, drip edge. (18-5) chemicals not properly stored. (Girls' RR - West) damaged peeling fascia paint. (16-2) aerosols. (16-4) chemicals not properly stored or secured. (16-6) pesticides, "Hot Shot!". (16-2A) aerosol. (Boys' RR, East Gym) aerosol and cleaners. (Boys' RR - East) damaged, peeling paint - fascia. (8-4) aerosols, pesticide. (6-2) aerosols, chemicals not secured.
Structural Damage	✓		(21-B) damaged siding, damaged fascia. (20-3) damaged concrete floor at entry. (20-2) damaged concrete by entrances, trip hazard. (16-2) damaged concrete, rear entrance. (16-6) damaged floor by door, trip hazard. (14-3) damaged fascia and eave vents. (8B) damaged plywood ramp, loose, trip hazards, damaged skirting. (8C) loose plywood ramp surface. (Girls' RR - East) dry rot to fascia. (4-3) damaged fascia - corner of building.
Fire Safety		✓	(23-10, 11-6) elevator permits expired '07. (16-1) elevator not in use, shut down in need of repairs. (3-3, 15-1) fire extinguisher not mounted. (Girls' Locker Athletic, 23-3) missing fire extinguishers. (East Gym) three exit signs missing or damaged. (11-7) plug in air freshener, old decorations attached to sprinkler heads. (8-3) exit door blocked. (3-6) elevator not in service, need of repairs.
Electrical (interior and exterior)		✓	(22-1) loose light cover, one light not working. (22-4, 18-2) extension cord permanent use. (23-5, 20-4) TV on cart unsecure. (21-2) loose, uncovered electrical outlet, TV on cart unsecured, one light not working. (21-8) broken electrical outlet, cracked outlet cover, exposed wires, exterior. (19-1) two lights not working, extension cords in permanent use. (19-3) two lights not working, extension cords in permanent use. (19-3) two lights not working, extension cords in permanent use. (19-3) two lights not working, extension cords in permanent use. (18-5) broken outlet covers. one light cover missing, one light not working. (17-4) three lights not working. (17-3) one light not working. (16-2) one light not working, loose data wall track, loose electrical outlet. (16-1) light not working in supply room. (16-4) cords/wires trip hazards. (15-2A) one light not working. (Boys' Locker) four lights not working. (East Gym) some lights missing grills/covers. (13-1) two lights not working. (10-1) one light not working. (10-3) some lights not working; TV on buckets, unsecured. (8B) broken outlet cover (9-2) plug strips linked. (7-2) loose, hanging light cover. (7-5) broken switch plate cover, one light not working. (8-3, 5-2) some lights not working. (8-4) data cord, trip hazard. (4 1) exposed wires in ceiling boxes. (4-3) broken electrical outlet. (2-1) extension cord permanent use, cords over door. (3-1) TV on cart unsecured. (Auditorium) missing light bulbs and cover in foyer.
Pest/Vermin Infestation	<b>✓</b>		(Girls' RR - West) bird droppings, exterior corner. (17-D) bird droppings rear exterior. (16-1) pigeon dropping exterior.
Olaha / District Francisco / Colonia	,		
Sinks/Drinking Fountains (inside and outside)	•		(18-5) rust colored water in faucets. (Boys' RR - West) three loose sinks from wall. (17-4) exterior hose bib leaking. (16-5) exterior fountain, low pressure. (East Gym) missing panel, bottom of fountain.
Restrooms	✓		(Boys' RR - East Gym) damaged partitions, trash receptacle pulled out of wall. (Girls' RR - East Gym) no paper towels.
Sewer	✓		
Playground/School Grounds	✓		(21-B) asphalt damage, tree roots. (18-1) damaged, uneven asphalt, rear of room, concrete drain - trip hazard. (18-3) ivy growth in through windows. (16-2) standing water, exterior rear. (16-1) damaged asphalt, trip hazard. (13-2) concrete trip hazard, walkway. (6-3) concrete uneven, trip hazard; mud, pooling water on grass area. (Auditorium) missing tread tiles, trip hazards.
Roofs	✓		
Overall Cleanliness		✓	(16-2) store room excessive clutter, messy. (16-1) damaged, rusted downspout. (16-1, 16-4) supply room, excessive clutter. (3-3, 16-5) unsecured overhead storage. (East Gym) trash under bleachers. (Girls' RR - East Gym) graffiti. (9-4) overhead storage.
			Overall Summary of School Facility Good Repair Status
	Exe	mplary	Good Fair Poor
Overall Summary			✓
The school is maintained in good repair with a n	umber	of non-ci	itical deficiencies noted. These deficiencies are isolated, and/or resulting from minor wear and tear, and/or in the process of being

district provides appropriate equipment and supplies to maintain a clean, healthy environment.

Every morning before school begins, the day custodians and campus security staff inspect facilities for safety hazards, graffiti, and other conditions that require removal prior to students and staff entering school grounds. On an annual basis, schools are required by the state to perform a comprehensive inspection and report those findings to the school community. The most recent inspection for Hawthorne High School took place on September 9, 2008. The School Facility Good Repair Status table (page 4) illustrated in this report identifies the state-required inspection areas and discloses the operational status in each of those areas. During the 2007-08 school year, 100% of restrooms were fully operational and available to students at all times.

### **DEFERRED MAINTENANCE**

Centinela Valley Union High School District participates in the State School Deferred Maintenance Program which provides dollar-for-dollar matching funds to assist school districts with major repairs or replacement of existing school building components. Deferred maintenance projects generally include roofing, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical systems, interior/exterior painting, and floor systems. During the 2007-08 school year, Hawthorne High School received \$17,575 of deferred maintenance funds for painting, plumbing, and electrical upkeep.

### Classroom Environment

### DISCIPLINE & CLIMATE FOR LEARNING

All staff believe that a safe learning environment is an effective learning environment. Behavior management practices and discipline policies are based upon the Hawthorne High School Cougar Code of Conduct and the district's discipline matrix.

At the beginning of the school year, school rules, district policies, and academic expectations are outlined in the student handbook, discussed at assemblies, and reinforced in classroom orientations and during advisory period. School staff reinforce behavior expectations and consequences for poor behavior throughout the year at student assemblies and during advisory period.

Progressive discipline begins in the classroom when students are disruptive or demonstrating poor citizenship. The behavior improvement process involves the student, teacher, parent, and administrators. Students continuing to have difficulty with their behavior are referred to one of the deans of students or associate principals for further intervention measures, taking into consideration past behavior trends. In some cases, students may be referred to the Guidance Room in lieu of a school or classroom suspension for a quiet, support environment to reflect upon conduct, complete assignments, or refocus behavior accordingly. Misbehavior is not tolerated and is dealt with firmly, consistently, and fairly to the extent necessary to ensure a safe and positive learning environment in the classroom and on campus.

Suspensions & Expulsions				
		lawthorne Hig		
	05-06	06-07	07-08	
Suspensions (#)	413	413	517	
Suspensions (%)	14.12%	15.08%	17.92%	
Expulsions (#)	36	20	20	
Expulsions (%)	1.23%	0.73%	0.69%	
		CVUHSD		
	05-06	06-07	07-08	
Suspensions (#)	1282	1486	2106	
Suspensions (%)	16.18%	20.04%	28.12%	
Expulsions (#)	71	46	74	
Expulsions (%)	0.90%	0.62%	0.99%	

This table illustrates the total cases (not number of days) of suspensions and expulsions, and includes students with multiple instances of suspension. For example, a student suspended in one month for two days and then suspended a month later for three days is counted as two cases of suspension.

#### STUDENT RECOGNITION

All staff embrace the opportunity to recognize and reward students for being good citizens, outstanding academic effort, demonstrating good sportsmanship, and following school rules. Students have many opportunities to earn the following awards and honors:

- AP Honors
- · Athlete of the Month (one per department)
- · Dean's List Honors
- Honor Roll
- · Principal's Honor Roll
- Renaissance Awards/Privileges
- · Student of the Month (one per department)

### EXTRACURRICULAR & ENRICHMENT ACTIVITIES

Students are provided a variety of avenues to explore their personal interests and talents while developing their academic and physical fitness outside the classroom environment. Hawthorne High School sponsors many clubs, leadership training opportunities, college prep courses, and interscholastic athletic programs.

#### **D**ROPOUTS

Hawthorne High School's teachers and administrative staff are skilled in and have developed ways to detect the early identification of students exhibiting the warning signs and/or behavioral traits that typically lead to dropping out of school. A total of 144 dropouts were recorded for the 2006-07 school year.

Behavioral and academic intervention strategies provide the support and motivation some students require to earn their diploma. Counseling, tutoring, mentoring, Advisory Period, parent conferences, and school transfers are available to resolve issues for those students having difficultly with subject area content or social interactions. UCLA students in the Pier-Xinachtli program are on campus twice a week after school to provide peer advising/ mentoring as well as homework assistance.

In 2006, Assembly Bill 1802 provided the means for Hawthorne High School (and other high schools in the state) to receive supplemental funds to increase counseling resources for students who have not passed the CAHSEE and/or who are at risk of not graduating. Hawthorne High's counselors meet with each student to develop a four-year high school plan, discuss credit recovery strategies if needed, and involve parents accordingly to help students stay focused on their academic objectives.

In the following Dropout & Graduation Rates table, 2006-07 data are most current information available since state certification/release dates for dropout data occur too late for inclusion in this report. 2006-07 was the first year that dropout rates were derived from actual student-level data reported to the state by the school district. For the 2004-05 and 2005-06 school years, dropout rates were calculated using the one-year rate formula: adjusted grades 9-12 dropouts/grades 9-12 enrollment)\*100. Detailed information about dropout rates and graduation rates can be found on the DataQuest Web page at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/.

Dropout & Graduation Rates				
	Hawthorne High			
	04-05	05-06	06-07	
Dropout Rate (%)	6.6	3.9	7.0	
Graduation Rate (%)	69.0	66.7	65.3	
	CVUHSD			
	04-05	05-06	06-07	
Dropout Rate (%)	5.8	4.5	5.6	
Graduation Rate (%)	67.5	66.7	74.3	
		California		
	04-05	05-06	06-07	
Dropout Rate (%)	3.1	3.5	4.4	
Graduation Rate (%)	85.0	83.0	79.5	

Alternative methods of acquiring a diploma are available through the district's continuation school for those students who have been unsuccessful in the comprehensive high school environment or have exhausted their opportunities to remain at Hawthorne High School. The following table illustrates the percentage of students who graduated from Hawthorne High School having met both CAHSEE exam requirements and district graduation requirements.

Percentage of Students Passing CAHSEE & Meeting District Graduation Requirements* 2006-07**				
Hawthorne High CVUHSD California				
59.7% 62.5% 80.5%				
Graduation Rate Formula:				

Graduation Rate Formula: # of Graduates divided by CBEDS 12th Grade Enrollment

\*The state requires disaggregated data for numerically significant subgroups to be disclosed; however, the statistical data necessary to provide disaggregated results were not collected by the state and are not available for disclosure at the time this report was published.

### \*\*Most current information available.

Teaching Load Distribution

The Teaching Load Distribution table in this report illustrates the distribution of class sizes by grade level, the average class size, and the number of classes that contain 1-20 students, 21-32 students, and 33 or more students.

Stadonto, 21 02 Stado	into, and c	0 01 11101	o otaaonto	
Teaching Load Distribution Departmentalized Instruction				
	2005-06			
	Avg. Class	Numb	er of Class	rooms
Subject	Size	1-20	21-32	33+
English	23.8	81	16	41
Math	28.2	21	30	32
Science	32.5	6	11	50
Social Science	32.0	6	19	48
	2006-07			
	Avg.			
	Class	Numb	er of Class	rooms
Subject	Size	1-20	21-32	33+
English	24.3	68	44	23
Math	28.1	33	18	35
Science	31.1	7	19	36
Social Science	27.9	16	34	25
		200	7-08	
	Avg.			
	Class	Class Number of Classrooms		rooms
Subject	Size	1-20	21-32	33+
English	25.7	70	13	43
Math	29.1	34	11	45
Science	34.1	6	11	46
Social Science	32.3	6	16	45

### **C**URRICULUM & INSTRUCTION

### STAFF DEVELOPMENT

All curriculum and instructional improvement activities at Centinela Valley Union High School District are aligned to the California State Content Standards and Frameworks. Staff development is selected and identified based upon student assessment results, state content standards, and professional development staff surveys. The district's Professional Development Steering Committee, Professional Development Instructional Development Coach, and Educational Services Department staff work as a team to

identify areas of need and deliver innovative training programs to support the district's efforts to increase student performance levels

All supplemental staff development activities at Hawthorne High School are focused on increasing student learning and proficiency. Twice a month, site-based training is held after school on early release collaboration days. During the 2007-08 school year, training activities concentrated on 1) analyzing data to improve instruction and student achievement and 2) action plans related to the WASC (Western Association of School and Colleges) accreditation.

Centinela Valley Union High School District offers supplemental training and support for new and ongoing program implementation. Training activities take place throughout the school year and generally focus on curriculum, teaching strategies, and methodologies. During the 2007-08 school year, instructional staff were offered the following workshops:

- · Action Learning Benchmarks
- English Learners Teaching Strategies
- Math Articulation
- Pupil Services: Counseling & Home Studies
- Read 180 Curriculum and Instructional Strategies
- Special Education
- Studio 9/10 (reading intervention program)
- SB 472 Training (math and reading)

New teachers and teachers not yet fully credentialed are supported by peer coaching and extensive staff development. Centinela Valley Union High School District's new teacher programs include BTSA and the Initial Teacher Series, which includes once-weekly professional development workshops held over an eight-week period. The BTSA Induction Program (Beginning Teacher Support and Assessment) is a state-approved program that offers comprehensive support and training for new teachers with a preliminary credential; after successful completion of the two-year BTSA training, teachers may apply for their clear teaching credential. All program participants are assigned to a Support Provider (mentor teacher) for individualized support and quidance.

The New Teacher Summer Institute is held over a two-week period (before the school year starts) for teachers who are new to the district. Sessions focus on foundational items such as the California Standards for the Teaching Profession, district policies, classroom management, curriculum, and district/site procedures. Training activities are led by the district's Instructional Coaches and National Board Certified Teachers.

To support veteran teachers as well as new teachers to the district, Centinela Valley Union High School District offers Peer Assistance and Review (PAR) which is easily defined as teachers helping teachers. Experienced and knowledgeable veteran teachers, referred to as Consulting Teachers, provide ongoing assistance to teachers who need to improve their instructional skills, classroom management strategies, subject knowledge, and/or related aspects of their teaching performance.

Centinela Valley Union High School District recently initiated its new Staff Mentoring Program. Eight highly qualified experienced teachers work with assigned teachers who are new to the district. Mentoring and support is provided in the teacher's assigned subject area of teaching.

Staff members are encouraged to attend professional workshops offered by the district, professional organizations, or the county office of education. Substitute teachers are invited to attend an annual orientation to better serve the students of the district. Instructional aides are invited to one district-sponsored staff development day to gain insight and understanding of the current curriculum. Classified support staff may receive additional job-related training from vendors, department supervisors, and district representatives.

### SCHOOL LEADERSHIP

Leadership is a responsibility shared among the school administration, school staff, and parents. Principal Mark Newell is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the school and overall instructional program. The principal and three associate principals work closely as a collaborative body to fulfill the many responsibilities associated with running a comprehensive high school while taking responsibility for designated areas.

Hawthorne High School's leadership team is comprised of the principal, associate principals, department chairpersons, counselors, and the project facilitator. The team meets monthly as a collaborative decision-making body to address schoolwide curriculum, operational concerns, and staff development programs. Team members serve as a liaison to respective department teams.

The School Site Council (SSC) is comprised of the principal, teachers, project facilitator, classified staff, parents, and students. The SSC meets monthly to assist in the decision-making process as well as take an advisory role in evaluating school programs, services for underachieving students, and progress in meeting school goals. Team members serve as a liaison between the school and community and are responsible for approving the annual budget, school site plan, and school safety plan.

### Instructional Materials

All textbooks used in the core curriculum throughout Centinela Valley Union High School District are aligned to the California Content Standards and Frameworks. Instructional materials for core content areas are approved by the district's Board of Education. The district follows the State Board of Education's six-year adoption cycle for core content materials and the eight-year cycle for textbook adoptions in foreign language, visual and performing arts, and health.

District Adopted Textbooks			
Subject & Year Adopted			
Math			
2008	Holt, Rinehart Winston; Algebra 1 Interactions		
2008	McDougal Littell: Algebra I Mastery Mathematics		
2005	McDougal Littell; Algebra I		
2005	McDougal Littell; Algebra II		
2005	McDougal Littell; Geometry		
Language Arts			
2004	Hampton Brown; Highpoint		
2008	Hampton Brown; Edge		

2008	Hampton Brown; Edge
2005	McDougal Littell; The Language of Literat
ience	
2005	Prentice Hall; Biology
2005	Prentice Hall; Prentice Hall Chemistry
0007	Desertion Halls Fouth Onlaws

2007 Prentice Hall; Earth Science
 2005 McDougal Littell; Perspectives on Health
 2005 Prentice Hall; Conceptual Physical Science

### Social Science

2008	Magruders: American Government
2006	Thomson Learning; Contemporary Economics
2006	McDougal Littell; The Americans
2005	McDougal Littell; Modern World History - Patterns
	of Interaction

### Foreign Language

2006	Glencoe McGraw Hill; Buen Viaje!
2008	Holt, Rinehart Winston; Nuevas Vistas
2008	Holt, Rinehart Winston; Allez, Viens!

On October 14, 2008, the Centinela Valley Union High School District's Board of Education held a public hearing to certify the extent to which textbooks and instructional materials have been provided to students. The Board of Education adopted the Resolution No. 08-09/006 which certifies as required by Education Code §60119 that (1) sufficient textbooks and instructional materials have been provided to each student, including English learners, that are aligned to the academic content standards and consistent with the cycles and context of the curriculum frameworks in the following subjects: history/ social science, mathematics, reading/language arts, and science, (2) sufficient textbooks or instructional materials were provided to each pupil enrolled in foreign language or health classes, (3) laboratory equipment was available for science laboratory classes offered in grades 9-12, inclusive, and (4) for students in grades 9-12, the instructional materials were adopted by the local governing board following district review of the materials and their alignment with state content standards as required by CCR, Title 5, Section 9531.

In addition to the core subject areas, districts are required to disclose in their SARCs the sufficiency of instructional materials used for its visual/performing arts curricula. During

the 2008-09 school year, Centinela Valley Union High School District provided all students enrolled in a visual/performing arts class with their own textbook or supplemental materials to use in class and to take home. These materials comply with the state's content standards and curriculum frameworks.

#### Specialized Instruction

All curriculum and instruction is aligned to the California State Content Standards and Frameworks approved by the State Board of Education. Every child receives a rigorous, well-balanced standards-aligned curriculum. Hawthorne High School structures its course offerings so that all students receive instruction appropriate to their learning level. To ensure the success of every student, teachers use a variety of instructional techniques using research-based instructional materials and strategies.

### SPECIAL EDUCATION

Special education students are mainstreamed into the general education classroom based upon their IEP (Individual Education Plan) and provided instruction in the least restrictive environment. A team of special education teachers and special education aides provide both full-day and full-period support for all core subject areas. Resource specialist staff provide in-class and full-period support. Each student is provided instruction based upon their IEP, which is reviewed and updated annually by the school's IEP teams. The IEP ensures students with disabilities have equal access to core curriculum and educational opportunities and is designed to coordinate specially-designed instruction based upon individual academic, social, and/or behavioral needs.

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

Students identified as English Learners (EL) through the CELDT exam and home language survey are placed in a classroom with a teacher who has been certified to teach English learners. Teachers use differentiated instruction and SDAIE (Specially-Designed Academic Instruction In English) strategies to maximize student understanding of lesson content and concepts in core classes to accommodate the limitations of English learners. Beginning level English learners may be placed in an ELD (English Language Development) class in lieu of an elective and as a supplement to their core language arts class. ELD lessons focus on developing listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills as quickly as possible, enabling students to successfully participate in the regular education program. As students gain a better understanding of the English language, they may be placed in a Transitional ELD or Advanced ELD class to receive instruction specially designed to meet current language and learning levels.

Under the direction of the classroom teachers, bilingual aides provide in-class support in the students' areas of need. Teachers use the *HighPoint* curricula for both ELD and reading intervention activities. As students increase fluency, progress is measured through classroom performance and CELDT results. Instruction is subsequently adjusted to meet the current learning needs of each student.

### AT RISK INTERVENTIONS

Hawthorne High School offers unique programs to support students not meeting grade level proficiency standards. Intervention and remediation programs are provided during school hours as part of the core curriculum and after school. Analyzing and identifying students who need additional academic assistance is a top priority among school administration, counselors, teachers, and special education staff. Teachers use student assessment results, intervention assessments, attendance records, report card grades, CAHSEE results, and classroom performance on end-of-unit tests to evaluate student progress and identify students performing below grade level proficiency standards in reading, language arts, and math.

The Student Success Team is comprised of school administrators, teachers, and parents who work together to identify individualized intervention strategies for and monitor progress of students having difficulty with academic or social development. Identified students are then placed in a supplemental program that fits their academic needs and learning levels. Intervention strategies include:

- · Advisory Period enrichment/intervention activities
- AVID (Advancement via Individual Determination)
- · Before and After-School Tutoring
- · CAHSEE Prep Classes (math and language arts)

- · English and Math Computer Lab
- Free Tutoring (Title I)
- Math Essentials
- · Pier-Xinachtli Tutoring (UCLA students)
- Read 180
- · Studio (reading program)
- Summer Bridge Academy

### Professional Staff

### SUPPORT SERVICES STAFF

Hawthorne High School's non-teaching support services staff is a specialized team of experts who, through close collaboration, is instrumental in improving student attendance and achievement through the identification, referral, and remediation of health and/or emotional concerns.

Counselors & Support Personnel (Nonteaching Professional Staff) 2007-08			
No. of Staff FTE			
Counselors	8 8.0		
District Nurse	As needed		
District Psychologist	1 1.0		
Health Technician 1 1.0			

FTE = Full-Time Equivalent
Counselor to Student Ratio: 1:361

### **TEACHER ASSIGNMENT**

Hawthorne High School recruits and employs the most qualified credentialed teachers. For the 2007-08 school year, the school employed 101 fully credentialed teachers.

The Federal No Child Left Behind Act requires that all teachers in core subject areas meet certain requirements in order to be considered as "NCLB Compliant". Minimum qualifications include: possession of a bachelor's degree, possession of an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated competence in core academic subjects.

In the table below which identifies the number of classrooms taught and not taught by NCLB compliant teachers, high poverty schools are those schools in the highest quartile for student participation defined by the free and reduced price

meal program. Low poverty schools are those schools that are in the lowest quartile of program participation.

### **TEACHER EVALUATIONS**

School and district administration believe that regular and comprehensive evaluations can help instructional staff improve their teaching skills and raise students' levels of achievement, as well as hold staff accountable for their performance. Evaluation procedures are outlined in the district's collective bargaining agreement and based upon the STULL Performance Evaluation which reflects upon the teacher evaluation criteria of the California Commission on Teacher Credentialing.

Probationary/temporary teachers are formally evaluated once a year; permanent teachers are evaluated once every two years. Evaluations are conducted by the principal and assistant principals who have been trained and certified for competency to perform teacher evaluations.

### SUBSTITUTE TEACHERS

Hawthorne High School occasionally experiences difficulty in obtaining a qualified substitute teacher to fill in for an absent teacher. If this situation should occur, teachers share the responsibility and cover the absent teacher's class during their prep period.

The district makes every effort to select the most qualified substitute teacher for the respective day's assignment. During the 2007-08 school year, Centinela Valley Union High School District's pool of substitutes was comprised of 44 teachers; the majority of which are aspiring teachers proven to be effective in the high school environment. Applicants seeking a position as a substitute must have passed the CBEST (California Basic Educational Skills Test), possess a bachelor's degree, and hold a 30-Day Emergency Permit.

### College & Work Readiness

### **COLLEGE PREPARATION COURSES**

Students meet with their counselor annually to review progress in meeting personal goals and graduation requirements. Students are encouraged to take required courses if they plan on attending a four-year college or university. The following table in this report illustrates the proportion of courses taken and successfully completed in relation to the number of course enrollments (sum of total enrollment in all classes).

#### **Teacher Credentials & Assignments** Hawthorne High 06-07 05-06 06-07 07-08 08-09 05-06 07-08 08-09 Total Teachers 125 120 338 346 328 126 Teachers with Full Credential 93 102 101 251 264 261 32 Teachers without Full Credential 24 19 87 82 67 Teachers in Alternative Routes to Certification 24 19 10 59 54 35 Pre-Internship 2 0 8 8 4 Teachers with Emergency Permits 9 17 20 27 Teachers with Waivers 2 0 0 2 0 0 Teachers Teaching Outside Subject Area 2 0 0 4 5 2 Other Misassignments of Certificated Staff 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 7 10 18 19 44 Teacher Misassignments for English Learners 5 14 15 7 10 18 14 19 44 16 Teacher Misassignments - Total 5 9 2 21 12 8 Teacher Vacancies

Percentage of Core Classes:				
	Not Taugh Taught by NCLB-NCLB- Compliant Complia Teachers Teacher			
	2007-08			
Hawthorne High District Totals	99.4%	0.6%		
All Schools High-Poverty Sch. Low-Poverty Sch.	99.8%	0.2%		

Teacher Education Levels 2007-08			
	Hawthorne High	CVUHSD	
Doctorate	1.7%	0.9%	
Master's Degree plus 30 or more semester hours	24.2%	20.7%	
Master's Degree	20.0%	24.7%	
Bachelor's Degree plus 30 or more semester hours	36.7%	33.8%	
Bachelor's Degree Less than a Bachelor's Degree	16.7% 0.7%	19.5% 0.4%	

### \*Enrollment In and Completion of UC/CSU-Required Courses 2006-07

Students Enrolled in UC/CSU Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission

Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission

41.5

### University of California Admission Requirements

\*Most current data available.

Admission requirements for the University of California (UC) follow guidelines set forth in the Master Plan, which requires that the top one-eighth of the state's high school graduates, as well as those transfer students who have successfully completed specified college work, be eligible for admission to the UC. These requirements are designed to ensure that all eligible students are adequately prepared for University-level work. For general admissions requirements please visit the University of California Web site at http://www.universityofcalifornia.edu/admissions/general.html.

#### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Admission requirements for the California State University (CSU) use three factors to determine eligibility. They are specific high school courses; grades in specified courses and test scores; and graduation from high school. Some campuses have higher standards for particular majors or students who live outside the local campus area. Because of the number of students who apply, a few campuses have higher standards (supplementary admission criteria) for all applicants. Most CSU campuses utilize local admission guarantee policies for students who graduate or transfer from high schools and colleges that are historically served by a CSU campus in that region. For general admissions requirements please visit the California State University Web site at http://www.calstate.edu/admission/.

### ADVANCED PLACEMENT

Advanced placement (AP) programs give students an opportunity to take college-level courses and exams while still in high school. Students who receive a 3, 4, or 5 on their final AP exams qualify for college credit at most of the nation's colleges.

Advanced Placement Courses Offered & Student Participation 2007-08			
		% of Students in AP Courses	
Art	1	2.18%	
Science	2	1.97%	
English	2	2.39%	
Foreign Language	2	4.36%	
Math	1	0.66%	
Social Science 4 8.41%			
All Courses	12	19.97%	

### WORKFORCE PREPARATION

Hawthorne High School's career technical education programs, career academies, and regional occupational programs offer a wide range of opportunities for students to get a head start on their future. All career education courses comply with state-adopted content standards and integrated into the student's four-year academic plan as elective courses. Individual student assessment of work readiness skills takes place through end-of-course exams, course-required projects, and on-the-job/classroom observation. Community partnerships and course instructors provide feedback on student progress following an established schedule based on program type.

Regional Occupational Programs (ROP) are offered off campus through the Southern California Regional Occupational Center (SCROC). A variety of ROP courses are available to help prepare high school students (16 years and older) for entry-level employment, upgrading current job skills, or obtaining more advanced levels of education. The Career Technical Education Program table in this report shows the total number

of students enrolled in Hawthorne High School's vocational education courses. For more information on career technical programs, contact the high school's career center, SCROC's website www.scroc.com, or the state's career technical website at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ci/ct/

# Career Technical Education (CTE) Program Participation 2007-08

Total Number of Students Participating in CTE Programs 2,122

Percentage of Students Completing CTE Program and 67.39% Earning a High School Diploma

CTE Courses Sequenced or Articulated Between the School and Institutions of Postsecondary Education

\*Articulated Courses: Drafting IA/1B and Metal 2A/2B Articulation agreements are with El Camino Community College

### **Vocational Education Courses**

Computer Operations/Computer Science

Computer Services Technology

Computer-aided Drafting/Design

Computer Numerical Control

Drafting

Fashion Textiles & Apparel

Food & Beveral Production & Preparation

Food & Nutrition

Metal Fabrication Robotics

Video Production

Woodworking

### Job Shadowing/Internships/Work Experience (Courses Offered in Partnership with Northrup Grumman)

Engineering Manufacturing

Robotics

### Career Academys

Engineering Academy

### **Career Technical Education Course Pathways**

Engineering Architect Fashion Merchandising Carpenter Food Management Graphic Artist Computer Aided Designer Interior Designer Computer Repair Machinist Construction Networking Draftsman Special Effects Fashion Designer Welder

### **DISTRICT EXPENDITURES**

### SALARY & BUDGET COMPARISON

State law requires comparative salary and budget information to be reported to the general public. For comparison purposes, the State Department of Education has provided average salary data from school districts having similar average daily attendance throughout the state.

### **EXPENDITURES PER STUDENT**

For the 2006-07 school year, Centinela Valley Union High School District spent an average of \$8,658 of total general funds to educate each student (based on 2006-07 audited financial statements). The table in this report 1) compares the school's per pupil expenditures from unrestricted (basic) and restricted (supplemental) sources with other schools in the district and throughout the state, and 2) compares the average teacher salary at the school site with average teacher salaries at the district and state levels. Detailed information regarding salaries can be found at the CDE website at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/ and http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ss/. (The figures shown in the table below reflect the direct cost of educational services, per ADA, excluding food services, facilities acquisition and construction, and certain other expenditures.)

Salary Comparison 2006-07						
	CVUHSD	State Average of Districts in Same Category				
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$40,682	\$41,367				
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$67,495	\$66,967				
Highest Teacher Salary Average Principal Salaries:	\$85,720	\$85,877				
High School	\$124,403	\$123,438				
Superintendent Salary	\$158,840	\$185,780				
Percentage of General Fund Expenditures For:						
Teacher Salaries	36.0%	37.1%				
Administrative Salaries	5.8%	5.1%				

Current Expense of Education per Pupil 2006-07							
	Dollars Spent per Student						
Expenditures Per Pupil	Hawthorne High	CVUHSD	% Difference - School and District	State Average for Districts of Same Size & Type	% Difference - School Site and State		
Total Restricted and Unrestricted	\$8,107	\$7,759	104.5%	N/A	N/A		
Restricted (Supplemental)	\$2,514	\$2,336	107.6%	N/A	N/A		
Unrestricted (Basic)	\$5,593	\$5,423	103.1%	\$5,300	105.5%		
Average Teacher Salary	\$49,556	\$59,887	82.7%	\$65,574	75.6%		

In addition to general fund state funding, Centinela Valley Union High School District receives state and federal categorical funding for special programs. For the 2006-07 school year, the district received approximately \$3,038 per student in federal, state, and local aid for the following categorical, special education, and support programs:

- · Arts and Music Block Grant
- Arts, Music, and Physical Education Supplies and Equipment
- CA High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE)
- Career Technical Education Equipment and Supplies
- California Peer Assistance & Review Program for Teacher (CPARP)
- · Department of Rehabilitation
- Discretionary Block Grant
- · Economic Impact Aid (EIA)
- Gifted & Talented Education (GATE)
- High Priority School Grants Program
- High School Reform Grant
- Instructional Materials, Library Materials and Education Technology

- Partnership Academies Program
- Pupil Retention Block Grant
- Professional Development Block Grant
- Regional Occupation Center and ProgramsSchool and Library Improvement Block Grant
- School Safety & Violence Prevention, Grades 8-12
- Special Education
- Staff Development
- Supplemental School Counseling Program
- Targeted Instructional Improvement Block Grant
- Teacher Recruitment/Incentives
- $\bullet$  Title I, II, III, IV, V
- Vocational Programs

### **SARC DATA & ACCESS**

### DATAQUES

DataQuest is an online data tool located at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/ that contains additional information about Hawthorne High School and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. DataQuest provides reports for school accountability including but not limited to API, AYP, STAR results, enrollment, and staffing.

### Public Internet Access Location

Parents may access Hawthorne High School's SARC and access the internet on campus at the school library or Parent Center or at any of the county's public libraries. The closest public library to Hawthorne High School is the Hawthorne Public Library located at 12700 Grevillea Avenue, Hawthorne, CA 90250-4396. Phone (310) 697-8193.

Hawthorne Public Library Open to the Public: Sun. & Mon. - Closed Tue. & Wed. - 11:00 - 8:00 Thur. 10:00 - 6:00 Fri. & Sat. 10:00 - 5:00

Number of Computers Available: 32

Printers Available: Yes

Hawthorne School Library
Open to Parents: contact the
school office for availability
Number of Computers Available: 20
Printers Available: Yes

Hawthorne Parent Center Open to Parents: 7:30 - 4:00,

Mon. - Fri.

Computers Available: 5 Printers Available: Yes