Lucile Erwin Middle School an IB World School

Subject: Visual Arts/ Level 1/Grade 6

Unit Length Weeks					
Unit Name	Ideation Exploration	Abstract Elements	Abstraction and Formation	Cultural Interpretation	Art Appreciation
Standard	Envision and Critique to Reflect	Observe and Learn to Comprehend	Invent and Discover to Create	Relate and Connect to Transfer	Observe and Learn to Comprehend
	St. 2.2	St. 1.1, 1.2	St. 3.2	St. 4.1, 4.2	St. 1.1, 1.3
Key Concepts	Communication is the exchange or transfer of signals, facts, ideas and symbols. It requires a sender, a message and an intended receiver. Communication involves the activity of conveying information or meaning. Effective communication requires a common "language" (which may be written, spoken or non-verbal). Communication is often regarded in the arts as a message between the artist and an audience, or between performers. Without intended communication the arts become solely self-expressive.	Change is a conversion, transformation, or movement from one form, state or value to another. Inquiry into the concept of change involves understanding and evaluating causes, processes and consequences. The arts may be a reflection of change, or an inspiration for change. Change may be considered as external to the arts or incorporated within an artwork. In the arts, change can also be termed as metamorphosis or transformation—a marked change, in appearance, form, nature or character.	Aesthetics deals with the characteristics, creation, meaning and perception of beauty and taste. The study of aesthetics develops skills for the critical appreciation and analysis of art, culture and nature. In the arts, the concept of aesthetics is perceived differently around the world and across cultures. Aesthetics does not only address the rules and principles of beauty but should also include cultural perspectives and perception through the senses.	Identity is the state or fact of being the same. It refers to the particular features that define individuals, groups, things, eras, places, symbols and styles. Identity can be observed, or it can be constructed, asserted, and shaped by external and internal influences. In the arts we often explore the self and self-discovery through the concept of identity; however, identity may also refer to the identity of a genre, style, movement, particular artist or place.	Aesthetics deals with the characteristics, creation, meaning and perception of beauty and taste. The study of aesthetics develops skills for the critical appreciation and analysis of art, culture and nature. In the arts, the concept of aesthetics is perceived differently around the world and across cultures. Aesthetics does not only address the rules and principles of beauty but should also include cultural perspectives and perception through the senses.
Related Concepts	Representation: The description, depiction, or portrayal of a person, group, place or item in a particular way or as being of a certain nature. An image or likeness. Expression: The representation of feelings and emotions, ideas, thoughts, beliefs, values and opinions in the process of visual or physical articulation. It can include signs, symbols, semiotics or any other imagery to capture the artist intention. It is something you do, create or play that shows what you think or feel. Expression facilitates the communication of an idea.	Composition: The intentional organization or contrast, balance, arrangement or awareness of the elements and principles of art for a particular purpose in the creation of art. These may include tension and release, repetition and variety, unison and harmony, sound and silence, theme and variation, and dynamics and energy. Style: A type of art characteristic of a group of people, person or period of time and belonging to a shared tradition or set of conventions. Art conforming to an established form.	Style: A type of art characteristic of a group of people, person or period of time and belonging to a shared tradition or set of conventions. Art conforming to an established form. Audience: An individual or group who receive and/or respond to arts. Addressing this concept includes examining strategies for engaging audience, different types of audiences and how the audience—artist relationship affects and influences the arts.	Interpretation: The understanding of experiences and events mainly through the reference frame of our own reality and contexts. The understanding of the meaning of an artist's creative work and artistic expressions. An artist's distinctive personal version expressed by stylistic individuality. Visual Culture: A field of study that generally includes some combination of cultural studies, art history, critical theory, philosophy, and anthropology, by focusing on aspects of culture that rely on visual images.	Presentation: The choice of medium, tool, and exhibition or performance space that contributes to audience understanding of the meaning or purpose of the art piece. Style: A type of art characteristic of a group of people, person or period of time and belonging to a shared tradition or set of conventions. Art conforming to an established form.
Global Context	Personal and Cultural Expression	Personal and Cultural Expression	Scientific and Technical Innovation	Fairness and Development	Personal and Cultural Expression
	What is the nature and purpose of creative expression?	What is the nature and purpose of creative expression?	How do we understand the world in which we live?	What are the consequences of our common humanity?	What is the nature and purpose of creative expression?

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	Students will explore:	Students will explore:	Students will explore:	Students will explore:	Students will explore:
	• the ways in which we discover and express	• the ways in which we discover and express	• the natural world and its laws	• rights and responsibilities	• the ways in which we discover and express
	ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and	ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and		a the relationship between communities	ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and
	values	values	the interaction between people and the natural world	• the relationship between communities	values
	• the ways in which we reflect on, extend and	• the ways in which we reflect on, extend		• sharing finite resources with other	• the ways in which we reflect on, extend
	enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the	and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of	 how humans use their understanding of scientific principles 	people and with other living things	and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic
	aesthetic	the aesthetic	sciencine principles	access to equal opportunities	the destriction
			• the impact of scientific and		
			technological advances on communities and environments	peace and conflict resolution	
			the impact of environments on human activity		
			how humans adapt environments to their needs		
Criterion objectives/strand	Criteria C	Criteria B	Criteria A	Criteria D	Criteria B
assessment task	Thinking Creatively	Developing Skills	Knowing and Understanding	Responding	Developing Skills
	i. identify an artistic intention	i. demonstrate the acquisition and	i. demonstrate awareness of the art form	i. identify connections between art	i. demonstrate the acquisition and
		development of the skills and techniques of	studied, including the use of appropriate	forms, art and context, or art and prior	development of the skills and techniques of
	ii. identify alternatives and perspectives	the art form studied	language	learning	the art form studied
	iii. demonstrate the exploration of ideas	ii. demonstrate the application of skills and	ii. demonstrate awareness of the	ii. recognize that the world contains	ii. demonstrate the application of skills and
		techniques to create, perform and/or present	relationship between the art form	inspiration or influence for art	techniques to create, perform and/or present
		art.	and its context	iii. evaluate certain elements of artwork.	art.
			iii. demonstrate awareness of the links		
			between the knowledge acquired and		
	Process Journal Cover		artwork created.		Themed, Mixed-Media Artwork
	Trocess southar cover	2D Abstract Design	Abstract Sculpture	Clay piece inspired by another culture	Themed, Mixed-Media Artwork
ATL Skill	Self-management Skills	Self-management Skills	Communication Skills	Research	Thinking Skills
	use appropriate strategies for organizing	• use appropriate strategies for organizing	• use a variety of speaking techniques	Information Literacy:	interpret data
	complex	complex	to communicate with a variety of	access information to be informed and	 Interpret data use brainstorming and visual diagrams to
	Information	Information	audiences	inform others	generate new ideas and inquiries
	understand and use sensory learning preferences (learning styles)	• understand and use sensory learning preferences (learning styles)	use appropriate forms of writing for different purposes and audiences.	make connections between various sources of information	create original works and ideas; use
	preferences (tearning styles)	preferences (tearning styles)	different purposes and audiences	present information in a variety of formats and platforms	existing works and ideas in new ways
LDC	No	No	No	Yes	No
Argumentative or				Paragraph	
Informational/Explanatory				1 aragraph	
Length of Writing					