

p. 137 (19) A particle moves along a line so that its position at any time $t \geq 0$ is given by the function $s(t) = t^2 - 3t + 2$ where s is measured in meters and t is measured in seconds.

a) Find the displacement during the first 5 seconds.

$$\downarrow$$

$$\Delta y \text{ or } \Delta s$$

b) Find the average velocity during the first 5 seconds.

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{slope}$$

c) Find the instantaneous velocity when $t = 4$.

$$\downarrow$$

$$s'(t)$$

d) Find the acceleration of the particle when $t = 4$.

$$s''(t) = v'(t)$$

e) At what values of t does the particle change direction?

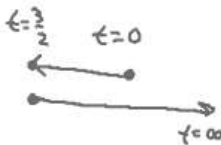
$$v(t) = 0$$

$$2t - 3 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{3}{2} \text{ sec}$$

$$s(t) = t^2 - 3t + 2$$

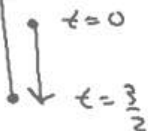
$$v(t) = 2t - 3$$



f) Describe the particles motion

$(0, \frac{3}{2})$	$v(1) = -1 < 0$	moving left/down
$(\frac{3}{2}, \infty)$	$v(2) = 1 > 0$	moving right/up

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a) Find the body's velocity, speed, and acceleration at time t .

b) Find the the body's velocity, speed, and acceleration at time $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$

position

Part a

15. $s(t) = 2\sin t + 3\cos t$

$$v(t) = 2\cos t - 3\sin t$$

$$a(t) = -2\sin t - 3\cos t$$

$$\text{speed} = |v(t)|$$

$$= |2\cos t - 3\sin t|$$

Part B

$$v(\pi/4) = 2\cos(\pi/4) - 3\sin(\pi/4)$$
$$= 2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - 3\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$a(\pi/4) = -2\sin(\pi/4) - 3\cos(\pi/4)$$
$$= -2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - 3\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$\text{speed} = \left| \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \right|$$