Unit E - Linear Systems: Points In Common

Overview

In this unit students will use previously learned skills in graphing equations and extend those to graph systems of equations and graph inequalities and graph systems of inequalities. Students will model using systems of equations or inequalities. Students will also solve systems of equations using substitution or elimination. Students will be encouraged to analyze a system before solving it to determine the most efficient method to use to solve the system.

21st Century Capacities: Synthesizing, Product Creation

Stage 1 - Desired Results			
ESTABLISHED GOALS/ STANDARDS	Transfer:		
MP4 Model with MathematicsMP5 Use appropriate tools strategicallyMP6 Attend to precisionMP7 Look for and make use of structure	 Students will be able to independently use their learning in new situations to Demonstrate fluency with math facts, computation and concepts. (synthesizing) Use appropriate strategies to make reaching solutions more efficient, accessible and accurate. Justify reasoning using clear and appropriate mathematical language. (product creation) 		
A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more			
quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales.	Meaning:		
	UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will understand that:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: Students will explore & address these recurring questions:	
 A.CED.3 Represent constraints by equations or inequalities, and by systems of equations and/or inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or non-viable options in a modeling context. 8.EE.8 Analyze and solve pairs of simultaneous linear equations. a. Understand that solutions to a system of two linear equations in two variables. 	 Effective problem solvers work to make sense of the problem before trying to solve it. Linear relationships can have more or less than one solution. 	A. How do we make decisions based on multiple constraints?B. What are the advantages and disadvantages of each method of solving a system of linear equations?C. What does the solution tell me?	
system of two finear equations in two variables			

correspond to points of intersection of their	Acquisition:	
graphs, because points of intersection satisfy both equations simultaneously. b. Solve systems of two linear equations in two variables algebraically.	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
and estimate solutions by graphing the equations. Solve simple cases by inspection.	 How to apply systems of equations to solve problems How to apply systems of inequalities to solve problems 	 Solving systems of equations by graphing Solving systems of equations by substitution, Solving systems of equations by
A.REI.5 Prove that, given a system of two equations in two variables, replacing one equation by the sum of that equation and a multiple of the other produces a system with the same solutions.	3. Vocabulary: system, consistent (independent, dependent), inconsistent,	 elimination 4. Modeling using a system of equations 5. Graphing inequalities with two variables 6. Graphing systems of inequalities
A.REI.6 Solve systems of linear equations exactly and approximately (e.g., with graphs), focusing on pairs of linear equations in two variables		
A.REI.11 Explain why the x-coordinates of the points where the graphs of the equations $y = f(x)$ and $y = g(x)$ intersect are the solutions of the equation $f(x) = g(x)$; find the solutions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations.		
A.REI.12 Graph the solutions to a linear inequality in two variables as a half-plane (excluding the boundary in the case of a strict inequality), and graph the solution set to a system of linear inequalities in two variables as the intersection of the corresponding half-planes.		