



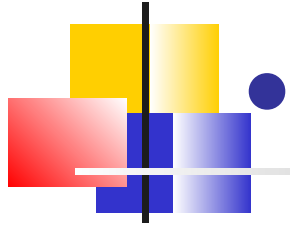
Akron-Canton
Section

Steps to Prepare a Science Fair Project and Data Analysis



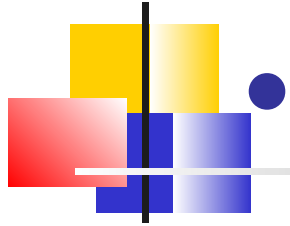
■ **Wadsworth High School**

■ **February 5, 2008**



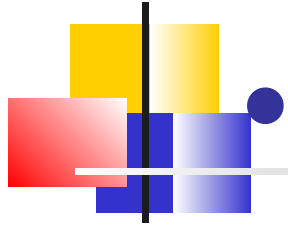
Select a Topic

- ⑩ A science fair project is an experiment you do to find an answer to a question.
- ⑩ It is not showing what you already know about something.



Gather Background Info

- ⑩ Look for information about your topic area in:
 - ⑩ Books
 - ⑩ Magazines
 - ⑩ Internet
 - ⑩ People
 - ⑩ Companies
- ⑩ Keep a record of where you got your information. Start a Journal NOW



Scientific Method

- ⑩ State the purpose of your experiment.
- ⑩ Select a variable (something you will change or vary) that will help you find your answer.
- ⑩ State your hypothesis – your guess about what the answer will be.
- ⑩ Decide on and describe how you will change the variable you have selected.
- ⑩ Decide on and describe how you will measure your results.



- Run Controlled Experiment and Record Data

- ⑩ Perform the experiment as described in the previous step.
- ⑩ Decide on what data you will collect (in god we trust, all others must bring measurement data). Record the data at the time of collection.
- ⑩ Make sure that only the variable you've selected to test actually changes; try to keep everything else the same.
- ⑩ Always replicate your experiment to ensure that the data collected is repeatable.
- ⑩ Keep notes in one place (In the Journal).
- ⑩ Write down everything you can think of, that you may need later.



Example of data collection

Trial	Experiment 1	Experiment 2	Experiment 3
1	5.02	5.05	5.06
2	5.09	5.06	5.06
3	5.02	5.04	5.06
4	5.02	5.10	5.00
5	5.04	5.03	5.03
Average	5.037	5.058	5.044
Standard Deviation	0.029	0.026	0.026

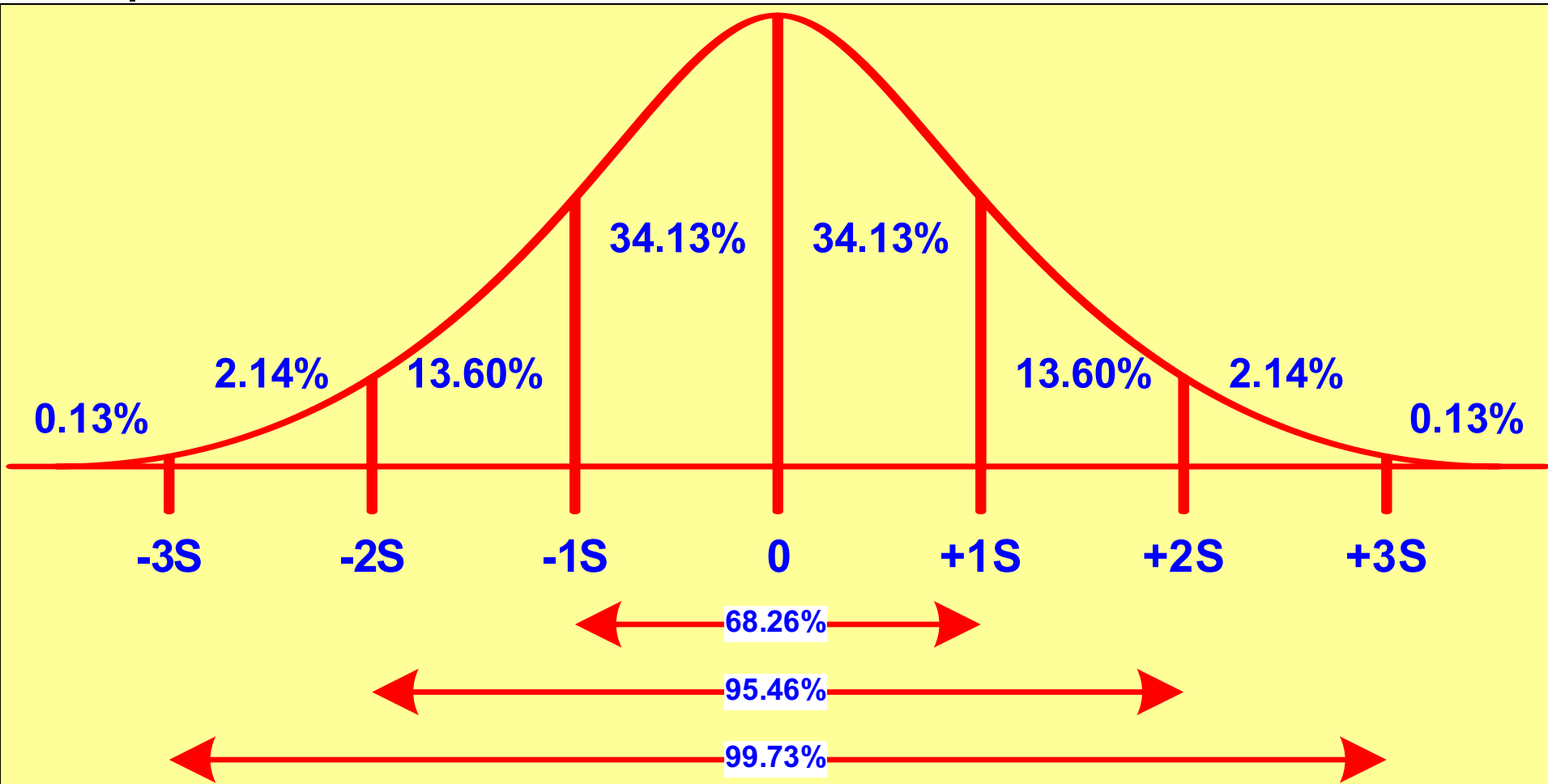
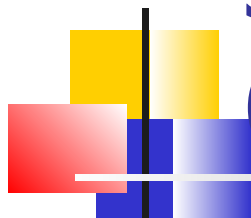
- 1. Power of averaging.**
- 2. Replication of experimental data.**
- 3. Simple Statistics.**



Simple Statistics: (Sample Standard Deviation)

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{i=n} (\bar{x} - x_i)^2}{n - 1}}$$

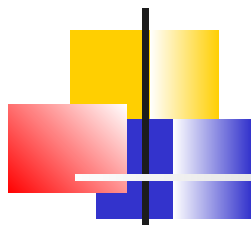
Simple Statistics: (Sample Standard Deviation)



Areas Under the Normal Curve

z - Table

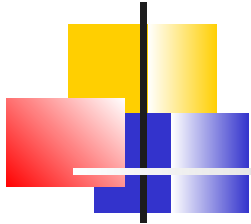
z	0	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0	0.00000	0.00399	0.00798	0.01197	0.01595	0.01994	0.02392	0.02790	0.03188	0.03586
0.1	0.03983	0.04380	0.04776	0.05172	0.05567	0.05962	0.06356	0.06749	0.07142	0.07535
0.2	0.07926	0.08317	0.08706	0.09095	0.09483	0.09871	0.10257	0.10642	0.11026	0.11409
0.3	0.11791	0.12172	0.12552	0.12930	0.13307	0.13683	0.14058	0.14431	0.14803	0.15173
0.4	0.15542	0.15910	0.16276	0.16640	0.17003	0.17364	0.17724	0.18082	0.18439	0.18793
0.5	0.19146	0.19497	0.19847	0.20194	0.20540	0.20884	0.21226	0.21566	0.21904	0.22240
0.6	0.22575	0.22907	0.23237	0.23565	0.23891	0.24215	0.24537	0.24857	0.25175	0.25490
0.7	0.25804	0.26115	0.26424	0.26730	0.27035	0.27337	0.27637	0.27935	0.28230	0.28524
0.8	0.28814	0.29103	0.29389	0.29673	0.29955	0.30234	0.30511	0.30785	0.31057	0.31327
0.9	0.31594	0.31859	0.32121	0.32381	0.32639	0.32894	0.33147	0.33398	0.33646	0.33891
1	0.34134	0.34375	0.34614	0.34849	0.35083	0.35314	0.35543	0.35769	0.35993	0.36214
1.1	0.36433	0.36650	0.36864	0.37076	0.37286	0.37493	0.37698	0.37900	0.38100	0.38298
1.2	0.38493	0.38686	0.38877	0.39065	0.39251	0.39435	0.39617	0.39796	0.39973	0.40147
1.3	0.40320	0.40490	0.40658	0.40824	0.40988	0.41149	0.41309	0.41466	0.41621	0.41774
1.4	0.41924	0.42073	0.42220	0.42364	0.42507	0.42647	0.42785	0.42922	0.43056	0.43189
1.5	0.43319	0.43448	0.43574	0.43699	0.43822	0.43943	0.44062	0.44179	0.44295	0.44408
1.6	0.44520	0.44630	0.44738	0.44845	0.44950	0.45053	0.45154	0.45254	0.45352	0.45449
1.7	0.45543	0.45637	0.45728	0.45818	0.45907	0.45994	0.46080	0.46164	0.46246	0.46327
1.8	0.46407	0.46485	0.46562	0.46638	0.46712	0.46784	0.46856	0.46926	0.46995	0.47062
1.9	0.47128	0.47193	0.47257	0.47320	0.47381	0.47441	0.47500	0.47558	0.47615	0.47670
2	0.47725	0.47778	0.47831	0.47882	0.47932	0.47982	0.48030	0.48077	0.48124	0.48169
2.1	0.48214	0.48257	0.48300	0.48341	0.48382	0.48422	0.48461	0.48500	0.48537	0.48574
2.2	0.48610	0.48645	0.48679	0.48713	0.48745	0.48778	0.48809	0.48840	0.48870	0.48899
2.3	0.48928	0.48956	0.48983	0.49010	0.49036	0.49061	0.49086	0.49111	0.49134	0.49158
2.4	0.49180	0.49202	0.49224	0.49245	0.49266	0.49286	0.49305	0.49324	0.49343	0.49361
2.5	0.49379	0.49396	0.49413	0.49430	0.49446	0.49461	0.49477	0.49492	0.49506	0.49520
2.6	0.49534	0.49547	0.49560	0.49573	0.49585	0.49598	0.49609	0.49621	0.49632	0.49643
2.7	0.49653	0.49664	0.49674	0.49683	0.49693	0.49702	0.49711	0.49720	0.49728	0.49736
2.8	0.49744	0.49752	0.49760	0.49767	0.49774	0.49781	0.49788	0.49795	0.49801	0.49807
2.9	0.49813	0.49819	0.49825	0.49831	0.49836	0.49841	0.49846	0.49851	0.49856	0.49861
3	0.49865	0.49869	0.49874	0.49878	0.49882	0.49886	0.49889	0.49893	0.49896	0.49900



**Simple
Statistics:
(z-Table)**

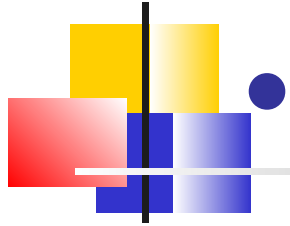
$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

Simple Statistics: (Student's t-Table)



$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{s / \sqrt{n}}$$

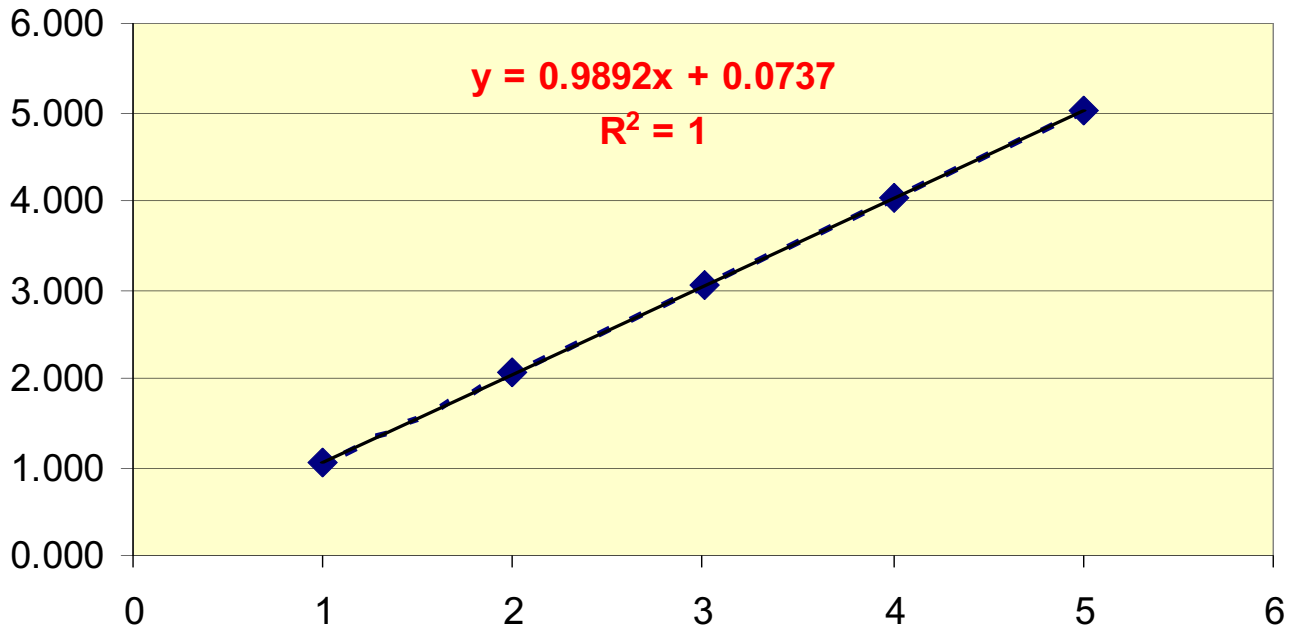
		Student's t Distribution				
One -Tail Probability	0.1	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	
Two-Tail Probability	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.02	0.01	
Degrees of Freedom						
1	3.07768	6.31375	12.70620	31.82052	63.65674	
2	1.88562	2.91999	4.30265	6.96456	9.92484	
3	1.63774	2.35336	3.18245	4.54070	5.84091	
4	1.53321	2.13185	2.77645	3.74695	4.60409	
5	1.47588	2.01505	2.57058	3.36493	4.03214	
6	1.43976	1.94318	2.44691	3.14267	3.70743	
7	1.41492	1.89458	2.36462	2.99795	3.49948	
8	1.39682	1.85955	2.30600	2.89646	3.35539	
9	1.38303	1.83311	2.26216	2.82144	3.24984	
10	1.37218	1.81246	2.22814	2.76377	3.16927	
11	1.36343	1.79588	2.20099	2.71808	3.10581	
12	1.35622	1.78229	2.17881	2.68100	3.05454	
13	1.35017	1.77093	2.16037	2.65031	3.01228	
14	1.34503	1.76131	2.14479	2.62449	2.97684	
15	1.34061	1.75305	2.13145	2.60248	2.94671	
16	1.33676	1.74588	2.11991	2.58349	2.92078	
17	1.33338	1.73961	2.10982	2.56693	2.89823	
18	1.33039	1.73406	2.10092	2.55238	2.87844	
19	1.32773	1.72913	2.09302	2.53948	2.86093	
20	1.32534	1.72472	2.08596	2.52798	2.84534	
21	1.32319	1.72074	2.07961	2.51765	2.83136	
22	1.32124	1.71714	2.07387	2.50832	2.81876	
23	1.31946	1.71387	2.06866	2.49987	2.80734	
24	1.31784	1.71088	2.06390	2.49216	2.79694	
25	1.31635	1.70814	2.05954	2.48511	2.78744	
26	1.31497	1.70562	2.05553	2.47863	2.77871	
27	1.31370	1.70329	2.05183	2.47266	2.77068	
28	1.31253	1.70113	2.04841	2.46714	2.76326	
29	1.31143	1.69913	2.04523	2.46202	2.75639	
30	1.31042	1.69726	2.04227	2.45726	2.75000	
40	1.30308	1.68385	2.02108	2.42326	2.70446	
60	1.29582	1.67065	2.00030	2.39012	2.66028	
120	1.28865	1.65765	1.97993	2.35782	2.61742	



Graphs and Charts

- ⑩ What happened?
- ⑩ Answer that question, then put the results in graphs or charts (a picture is worth a thousand words).
- ⑩ Think of what presentation format will be easiest to explain and provide a clear communication of the results.
- ⑩ Consider using comparative line graphs, bar charts, pie charts, and tables of data.

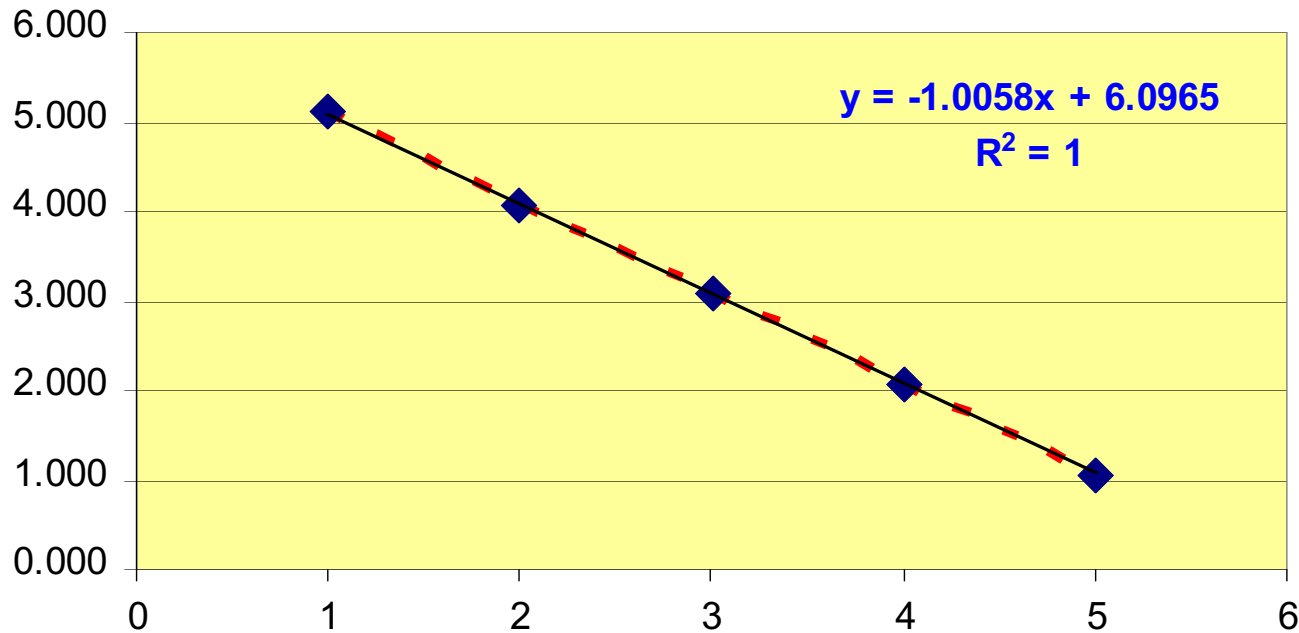
Example of Chart showing Direct Correlation (Regression Analysis)



- - ◆ - - Series 1
— Linear (Series 1)

X	Y
5	5.019
4	4.027
3	3.046
2	2.056
1	1.059

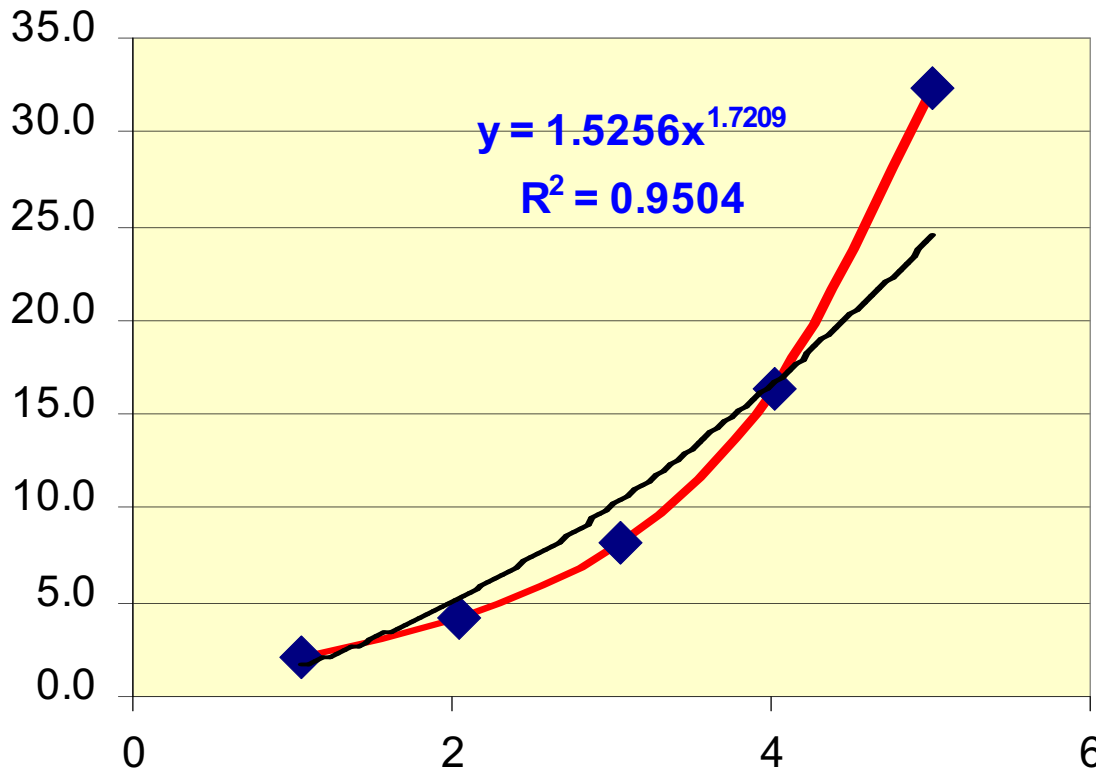
Example of Chart showing Indirect Correlation (Regression Analysis)



—◆— Series 1
—— Linear (Series 1)

X	Y
1	5.098
2	4.072
3	3.079
4	2.080
5	1.065

Example of Chart showing Non-linear relationship (Regression Analysis)



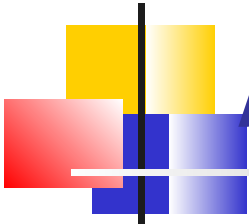
Series 1
Power (Series 1)

X	Y
5	32.4
4	16.3
3	8.3
2	4.2
1	2.1



ANOVA TEST

- Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) test to compare if two means are the same.



ANOVA TEST

n	Test A	Test B
1	1.00002	0.9996
2	0.99998	0.9998
3	1.00003	1.0000
4	0.99997	1.0003
5	1.00002	1.0000
6	1.00001	1.0001
7	1.00004	1.0005
8	1.00001	1.0000
9	1.00004	0.9995
10	0.99999	1.0001
Sum	10.00011355	9.999974474
Mean	1.000011355	0.999997447
Standard Deviation	2.31741E-05	0.000285133
Variance	5.37039E-10	8.1301E-08



ANOVA TEST

SUMMARY

<i>Groups</i>	<i>Count</i>	<i>Sum</i>	<i>Average</i>	<i>Variance</i>
Test A	10	10.00011355	1.000011355	5.37039E-10
Test B	10	9.999974474	0.999997447	8.1301E-08

ANOVA

<i>Source of Variation</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>df</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>F crit</i>
Between Groups	9.67166E-10	1	9.67166E-10	0.023636081	0.879525	4.413873
Within Groups	7.36543E-07	18	4.0919E-08			
Total	7.3751E-07	19				

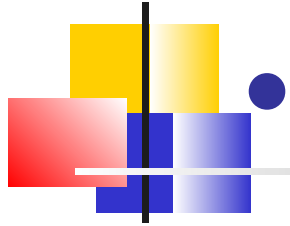
F-Table

The F-Distribution (P = 0.05)

Degrees of
Freedom for
Denominator

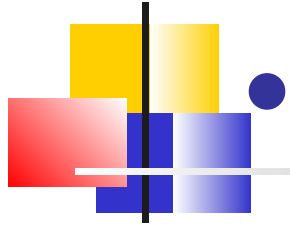
Degrees of Freedom for Numerator (df1)

(df2)	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30
1	161.448	199.500	215.707	224.583	230.162	241.882	245.950	248.013	249.260	250.095
2	18.513	19.000	19.164	19.247	19.296	19.396	19.429	19.446	19.456	19.462
3	10.128	9.552	9.277	9.117	9.013	8.786	8.703	8.660	8.634	8.617
4	7.709	6.944	6.591	6.388	6.256	5.964	5.858	5.803	5.769	5.746
5	6.608	5.786	5.409	5.192	5.050	4.735	4.619	4.558	4.521	4.496
6	5.987	5.143	4.757	4.534	4.387	4.060	3.938	3.874	3.835	3.808
7	5.591	4.737	4.347	4.120	3.972	3.637	3.511	3.445	3.404	3.376
8	5.318	4.459	4.066	3.838	3.687	3.347	3.218	3.150	3.108	3.079
9	5.117	4.256	3.863	3.633	3.482	3.137	3.006	2.936	2.893	2.864
10	4.965	4.103	3.708	3.478	3.326	2.978	2.845	2.774	2.730	2.700
11	4.844	3.982	3.587	3.357	3.204	2.854	2.719	2.646	2.601	2.570
12	4.747	3.885	3.490	3.259	3.106	2.753	2.617	2.544	2.498	2.466
13	4.667	3.806	3.411	3.179	3.025	2.671	2.533	2.459	2.412	2.380
14	4.600	3.739	3.344	3.112	2.958	2.602	2.463	2.388	2.341	2.308
15	4.543	3.682	3.287	3.056	2.901	2.544	2.403	2.328	2.280	2.247
16	4.494	3.634	3.239	3.007	2.852	2.494	2.352	2.276	2.227	2.194
17	4.451	3.592	3.197	2.965	2.810	2.450	2.308	2.230	2.181	2.148
18	4.414	3.555	3.160	2.928	2.773	2.412	2.269	2.191	2.141	2.107
19	4.381	3.522	3.127	2.895	2.740	2.378	2.234	2.155	2.106	2.071
20	4.351	3.493	3.098	2.866	2.711	2.348	2.203	2.124	2.074	2.039
25	4.242	3.385	2.991	2.759	2.603	2.236	2.089	2.007	1.955	1.919
30	4.171	3.316	2.922	2.690	2.534	2.165	2.015	1.932	1.878	1.841
35	4.121	3.267	2.874	2.641	2.485	2.114	1.963	1.878	1.824	1.786
40	4.085	3.232	2.839	2.606	2.449	2.077	1.924	1.839	1.783	1.744
50	4.034	3.183	2.790	2.557	2.400	2.026	1.871	1.784	1.727	1.687
	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30



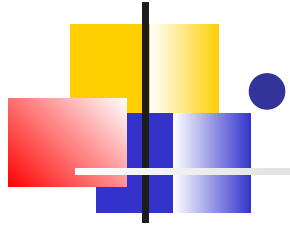
Construct an Exhibit Display

- ⑩ It has to be neat and appealing to the eye.
- ⑩ It does not have to be typed.
- ⑩ Make it fun, but be sure people will clearly understand what you did.
- ⑩ Show that you used the scientific method.
- ⑩ Display your conclusion clearly.



Construct an Exhibit Display

- ⑩ Develop a three sided exhibit which will sit on a table – include your chart and graph.
- ⑩ Put any experimental items of interest on the table top display.
- ⑩ Include some photographs of you conducting the experiment.
- ⑩ **Display your conclusion clearly.**
 - ⑩ E.g. Conclusion is that Lysol Hard Water Stain Cleaner is the second most expensive cleaner, but the best buy because it cleans better.



Write a Report

- ⑩ Tell the story of your project – tell what you did and exactly how you did it.
- ⑩ Include your references and bibliography.
- ⑩ Include a journal that shows where you gathered background information and data.



- Practice Presentation to Judges

- ⑩ Practice explaining your project so a parent, friend, grandparent, etc. This will help you be calm at the science fair.
- ⑩ The judges will be nice and will be interested in what you did and what you learned.



9. Important to the Judges

- Can you demonstrate knowledge of the scientific method?
- Will you be able to reasonably answer the question you are asking by your experiment?
- Will you be enthusiastic about the project?
- Will you be able to speak knowledgeably about the subject when you are done?
- Will your results make a visually appealing display?



10. Come to the Science Fair

⑩ Relax and have fun!!

⑩ See you there!!!!

***And GOOD LUCK on Saturday,
February 23, 2008.***



Akron-Canton
Section

Science Fair Award

- The Akron-Canton ASQ section has allocated a \$50 award for the Wadsworth Science Fair for the use of statistical and quality techniques in data analysis this year.
- A team of ASQ judges will come and judge for this award.
- Any student who wants to be considered for this award may submit their names in advance.
- We will collect the names on Saturday and judge those who applied first.
- If we cannot decide on a winner from this list, we will judge other projects and award it to the best qualified entry.
- The winner is invited to our May ASQ dinner meeting with their family and present their project to the ASQ members. The winner and their family will be our guests to a complimentary dinner and will be formally presented with the \$50 check at the meeting.

Bring the State Science Fair Trophy to Wadsworth

