SHEFFIELD CITY SCHOOLS ANAPHYLAXIS PREPAREDNESS PROGRAM

Background:

In response to Act # 2014-405 by the State Legislature, the Sheffield City School System recognizes the growing concern with severe life-threatening allergic reactions (anaphylaxis), especially with regard to food items. Other common causes of anaphylaxis include allergies to latex, medications, and insect stings.

Pathophysiology and treatment:

Anaphylaxis can affect almost any part of the body and cause various symptoms, including breathing difficulties and a drop in blood pressure or shock, which are potentially fatal.

Medications to treat anaphylaxis include:

- Epinephrine
- Antihistamines

Treatment of anaphylaxis is centered on treating the rapidly progressing effects of the histamine release in the body with epinephrine. The allergen should also be removed immediately.

Creating an Allergen-Safe School Environment:

The Sheffield City School System supports the three levels of prevention through its methods of creating an allergen-safe environment:

- Primary prevention (Level I) promotes health and protects against threats through anaphylaxis awareness and training.
- Secondary prevention (Level II) detects and treats problems early, as in a first –time reaction at school
 with staff or students. Early treatment of anaphylaxis saves lives.
- Tertiary prevention (Level III)-
 - Protects a student from exposure to offending allergens as the most important way to prevent lifethreatening anaphylaxis.
 - Involves the school personnel, medical provider and parent/guardian in a collaborative effort to develop a management plan for an individual student.
 - Educates the entire school community about life-threatening allergies.

RESPONSIBILITIES

School District Superintendent

- Provides leadership and designates school district resources to implement the school district's approach to managing severe allergies.
- Promotes the dissemination of anaphylaxis allergy-related procedures to all school staff, families, and the community.
- Assures each school has a team who is responsible for allergy management.
- Is familiar with federal and state laws, including regulations, and policies relevant to the obligations of schools to students with severe allergies and assures these practices follow these laws and policies.
- Supports professional development on anaphylaxis for all employees.

School Administrator (Principal or Assistant Principal)

- Coordinates implementation of a comprehensive Anaphylaxis Allergy Program in conjunction with the school nurse.
- Promotes the communication of the procedures for managing severe allergies to all school staff, substitute teachers, classroom volunteers and families.
- Shares information about students with severe allergies with all staff members who need to know, provided the
 exchange of information occurs in accordance with FERPA and any other federal and state laws which protect the
 confidentiality or privacy of student information.
- Supports professional development on anaphylaxis for employees.

School Nurse

- RN School Nurse takes the lead in planning and implementing the school's Anaphylaxis Allergy Management Prevention Plan.
- Supports partnerships among school staff and the parents and doctors (e.g., pediatricians or allergists) of students with severe allergies.
- Assures students with severe allergies are identified and shares such information with other staff who need to
 know in accordance with FERPA and any other federal and state laws which protect the confidentiality or privacy
 of student information.
- Develops an Individual Health Care Plan and Emergency Care Plan for each student with a severe allergy and shares it with appropriate staff.
- Keeps the medical provider-ordered Epinephrine in a secure place; regularly inspects the expiration date on all stored epinephrine auto-injectors.
- Annually trains staff members on the use of epinephrine auto-injector and in the recognition of the signs and symptoms of food allergy reactions and anaphylaxis.
- Assures food service staff are aware of the actions which must be taken as written in the Emergency Care Plan if a food allergy emergency occurs in the cafeteria.
- Assures staff plan for the needs of students with food/latex/insect allergies during class field trips and during other extracurricular activities.
- Works with other school staff and parents to create a safe environment for students with severe allergies.

Food Service Staff

- Identifies, with the assistance of school nurse, students with severe allergies in a way which does not compromise students' privacy or confidentiality rights.
- Has a current dietary order from a licensed medical provider, and other relevant medical information which are needed to make meal accommodations for students with food allergies.
- Follows procedures to prevent allergic reactions and cross-contact of potential food allergens during food preparation and service.
- Manages food substitutions for students with food allergies.
- Undergoes annual training to recognize and understand the following:
 - Signs and symptoms of allergic reactions and how they are communicated by students.
 - How to read food labels and identify allergens.
 - Proper use of an epinephrine auto-injector.
 - Ways to deal with emergencies in the school which are consistent with the student's Emergency Care Plan.
 - FERPA, USDA, and other federal and state laws which protect the privacy and confidentiality of information regarding specific students' food allergies and food allergy disabilities.
 - Policies on bullying and discrimination against all students, including those with food allergies.

Transportation Staff

- Receives information from the school nurse on Emergency Care Plans for managing students with severe allergies who are transported to or from school.
- Completes annual training on recognizing and understanding the following:
 - Signs and symptoms of severe allergy and how they are communicated by students.
 - Response to a severe allergy emergency while transporting children to and from school.
 - Proper use of an epinephrine auto-injector
 - Ways to deal with emergencies which are consistent with a student's Emergency Care Plan or transportation emergency protocol.
 - FERPA, USDA, and other federal and state laws which protect the privacy and confidentiality of student information regarding specific students' food allergies and food allergy disabilities.
 - Policies which prohibit discrimination and bullying against all students, including those with food/latex/insect allergies.

Teachers and Other Staff Members

- Receives Emergency Care Plan from the RN School Nurse for identified students and understands the essential
 actions to manage severe allergy reactions, including when meals or snacks are served in the classroom, on field
 trips, or during extracurricular activities.
- Works with parents, the school nurse, and other appropriate school personnel to determine whether any classroom modifications are needed.

- Shares information and responsibilities with substitute teachers and other adults who regularly help in the classroom.
- Undergoes training on the recognition and understanding of the following:
 - o Signs and symptoms of severe allergies and how they are manifested in and communicated by students.
 - How to read food labels and identify allergens.
 - Proper use of an epinephrine auto-injector.
 - Ways to respond to food allergy emergencies which are consistent with a student's Emergency Care Plan.
 - When and how to call Emergency Medical System (911) and parents.

ACTION STEPS FOR ANAPHYLAXIS MANAGEMENT

- Provide necessary precautions and general training for staff in transportation, classrooms, the cafeteria, or the gymnasium by the RN school nurse;
- Train (by the RN school nurse) all adults in supervisory roles in the recognition and emergency management of a specific medical condition for specific students;
- RN School Nurse will develop Individual Health Care Plans (IHP), Emergency Care Plans (ECP), 504 Plans, or Individualized Educational Plans (IEP) as indicated;
- Follow established emergency medical protocols for nursing staff;
- Follow specific orders from medical providers regarding the care of specific students with severe life-threatening conditions:
- Allow self-directed students as assessed by the RN school nurse to carry life-saving medication with prior approval by the medical provider; and
- Assure appropriate and reasonable building accommodations are in place within a reasonable degree of medical certainty.

Student Demographics and Health History
1. School District:Name of School:
2. Age: Type of Person: Student [Staff [Visitor [Gender: M [F [Ethnicity: Spanish/Hispanic/Latino: Yes [No [
3. Race: American Indian/Alaskan Native African American Asian Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander White Other
4. History of allergy: Yes No Unknown If known, specify type of allergy:
If yes, was allergy action plan available? Yes 🔲 No 🗌 Unknown 🗍 History of anaphylaxis: Yes 🔲 No 🗍 Unknown 🗍
Previous epinephrine use: Yes No Unknown Diagnosis/History of asthma: Yes No Unknown
School Plans and Medical Orders
5. Individual Health Care Plan (IHCP) in place? Yes No Unknown
6. Written school district policy on management of life-threatening allergies in place? Yes No Unknown
7. Does the student have a student specific order for epinephrine? Yes No Unknown
8. Expiration date of epinephrine Unknown
Epinephrine Administration Incident Reporting
9. Date/Time of occurrence:Vital signs; BP/ Temp Pulse Respiration
10. If known, specify trigger which precipitated this allergic episode:
Food Insect Sting Exercise Medication Latex Other Unknown
If food was a trigger, please specify which food
Please check: Ingested Touched Inhaled Other specify
11. Did reaction begin prior to school? Yes No Unknown
12. Location where symptoms developed:
Classroom Cafeteria Health Office Playground Bus Other specify
13. How did exposure occur?
14. Symptoms: (Check all that apply) Respiratory
For Office Use: Original report to School Nurse on campus where incident occurred; School Nurse will forward a copy to Health Services at CO
16. Location of epinephrine storage: Health Office Other specify
17. Epinephrine administered by: RN Self Other Epinephrine was student-prescribed or school stock If epinephrine was self-administered by a student at school or a school-sponsored function, was the student formally trained? Yes If known, date of training No Did the student follow school protocols to notify school personnel and activate EMS? Yes No NA

If epinephrine was administered by other, please specify
18. Time elapsed between onset of symptoms and communication of symptoms:
19. Time elapsed between communication of symptoms and administration of epinephrine:minutes Parent notified of epinephrine administration: (time)
20. Was a second epinephrine dose required? Yes No Unknown
If yes, was dose administered at the school prior to arrival of EMS? Yes No Unknown
Approximate time between the first and second dose
Biphasic reaction: Yes No Don't know
Disposition
21. EMS notified at: (time) Transferred to ER: Yes No Unknown
If yes, transferred via ambulance Parent/Guardian Other Discharged after hours Parent: At school Will come to school Will meet student at hospital Other:
22. Hospitalized: Yes 🔲 If yes, discharged after days No 🗍 Name of hospital:
23. Student/Staff/Visitor outcome:
If first occurrence of allergic reaction:
a. Was the individual prescribed an epinephrine auto injector in the ER? Yes No Don't know
b. If yes, who provided epinephrine auto injector training? ER PCP School Nurse Other Don't
c. Did the ER refer the individual to PCP and/or allergist for follow-up? Yes \(\bigcap \) No \(\bigcap \) Don't know \(\bigcap \) School Follow-up
24. Did a debriefing meeting occur? Yes No Did family notify prescribing MD? Yes No Unknown
25. Recommendation for changes: Protocol change Policy change Educational change Information sharing None
27. Form completed by: Date:
(please print) Title:Phone number: ()Ext.:Email :
For Office Use: Original report to School Nurse on campus where incident occurred; School nurse will forward a copy to Lead Nurse

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Date of Training	Person Being Trained: Print Name & Title	Did they verbalize/ demonstrate	Signature of Nurse	Signature of Person Trained
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