

Electronic Communications Use and Retention

This policy applies to the retention, storage, and destruction of electronic information and records within LEARN and does not supersede any state or federal laws, or any other LEARN policies regarding confidentiality, information dissemination, or standards of conduct. Generally, electronic information should be used only for legitimate LEARN business.

Electronic communications is transmittal of a communication between two or more computers or electronic devices, whether or not the message is converted to hard copy format, whether or not the message is viewed upon receipt or stored for later retrieval, and whether or not the transmittal is through a local, LEARN or global computer network.

Electronic communications, including records made with other software and sent in e-mail, which are sent or received by the LEARN Board of Directors (the "Board") or LEARN employees, pertaining to the business of the schools may be subject to public disclosure and inspection as public records under the Connecticut Freedom of Information Act and discovery in litigation as evidence in support of a claim. The LEARN Executive Director (the "Executive Director") or his/her designee shall be responsible for implementing administrative regulations concerning the placing of a "hold" on electronic and paper records that may reasonably be anticipated to be subject of discovery in the course of litigation.

Use of electronic mail should conform to the same standards of judgment, propriety and ethics as other forms of school business-related communications.

LEARN is obligated to respect and, where necessary, to protect confidential data. The Board recognizes technical and legal limitations may restrict LEARN's ability to protect confidentiality. Electronic communication is recognized as similar to a paper document for legal purposes. The Board understands it may be legally compelled to disclose electronic information including business or personal use of e-mail to community members in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act. Such information will be disclosed to governmental authorities or, in the context of litigation, to other third parties. E-mail may also contain information that should be retained in the official records of the LEARN.

Electronic communication on LEARN computers or electronic communication systems shall be retained only as long as necessary. The same record retention policy that applies to paper records applies to electronically stored information, including e-mail communications. Therefore, like paper records, the content and function of an electronic record, including e-mail communications, determines the retention period for that document and will be retained in accordance with the Management and Retention Guide for State and Municipal Government Agencies (General Letter 98-1) administered by the Connecticut State Library, Public Records Administrator.

In addition to the Board's retention guidelines, all LEARN employees have a duty to preserve all paper records and electronic information, including records and electronic information that might otherwise be deleted or destroyed, that relate to any matter that is currently in litigation or may be anticipated to involve litigation. The Executive Director or his/her designee shall develop administrative regulations to preserve such records and electronically stored information that could potentially be related to any matter currently in litigation or which may be anticipated to result in future litigation.

The responsible authority for the maintenance and security of records shall be the Executive Director or his/her designee. The Executive Director shall designate a Records Custodian who will be responsible for implementation of LEARN policies and administrative regulations pertaining to the preservation of paper records and electronically stored information, including e-mails and to respond to requests to inspect electronic mail pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act.

When security of certain financial, student, and other confidential information must be maintained, employees shall take appropriate security measures such as the use of personal identification passwords and/or encryption codes. Employees shall safeguard the confidentiality of passwords and codes and shall take

reasonable steps to ensure that computer terminals do not become available for unauthorized use.

Users are responsible for appropriate access to and use of electronic mail systems. Illegal or improper use of the electronic mail systems, including, but not limited to, pornography, obscenity, harassment, solicitation, gambling and violating copyright or intellectual property rights are prohibited.

Use of the electronic mail systems for which LEARN will incur an expense without written permission of a supervisor is prohibited.

Violation of this policy shall constitute just cause for appropriate disciplinary action.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

The Freedom of Information Act.

[1-15](#) Application for copies of public records.

[1-200](#) Definitions.

[1-210](#) to [1-213](#) Access to public records.

[1-211](#) Access to computer stored records.

[1-214](#) Public contracts as part of public records.

[1-225](#) to [1-240](#) Meetings of public agencies.

[7-109](#) Destruction of documents.

[10-15b](#) Access of parent or guardians to student's records.

[10-154a](#) Professional communications between teacher or nurse & student.

[10-209](#) Records not to be public.

[10-221](#) Boards of education to prescribe rules.

[11-8a](#) Retention, destruction and transfer of documents.

[11-8b](#) Transfer or disposal of public records. State Library Board to adopt regulations.

[31-48d](#) Employers engaged in electronic monitoring required to give prior notice to employees.

[46b-56](#) (e) Access to Records of Minors.

Connecticut Public Records Administration Schedule V Disposition of Education Records (Revised 1983).

General Letters 98-1, 96-2 and 2001-1 of the Public Records Administrator Record Retention Schedules Towns, Municipalities, and Boards of Education.

Federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (section 438 of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended, added by section 513 of P.L. 93-568, codified at 20 U.S.C.1232g.).

Department of Education 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (May 9, 1980 45 FR 30802) regs. implementing FERPA enacted as part of 438 of General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C.

1232g) parent and student privacy and other rights with respect to educational records, as amended 11/21/96.

Rules 34 and 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (2006 Amendments).

USA Patriot Act of 2001, PL 107-56, 115 Stat. 272, Sec 507, 18 U.S.C. §2332b(g)(5)(B) and 2331.