Grade 7 Science		
Essential		
Standard		
	From Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Processes	
MS-LS1-6	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of	
	photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.	
MS-LS 1-7	Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical	
	reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy	
	as this matter moves through an organism.	
Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics		
MS-LS 2-2	Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among	
	organisms across multiple ecosystems.	
MS-LS 2-3	Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among	
	living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.	
	Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to	
MS-LS2-4	physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations.	
Matter and its Interactions		
	Develop models to describe the atomic composition of simple molecules and	
IVIS-PS 1-1	extended structures	
	Analyze and interpret data on the properties of substances before and after	
IVIS-PS1-2	the substances interact to determine if a chemical reaction has occurred.	
MS-PS1-4	Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion,	
	temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or	
	removed.	
	Develop and use a model to describe how the total number of atoms does	
INI2-521-2	not change in a chemical reaction and thus mass is conserved.	
Earth's Systems		
MS_FSS2_1	Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of	
IVIS-ESSZ-1	energy that drives this process.	
MS-ESS2-2	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes	
	have changed Earth's surface at varying time and spatial scales.	
MS-ESS2-3	Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental	
	shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions.	

#### Chino Valley Unified School District

Grade 8 Science		
Essential		
<u>Standard</u>		
	Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	
	Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations)	
MS-LS3-1.	located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial,	
	or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism	
Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity		
MS-LS4-1.	Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the	
	existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life forms throughout the history of	
	life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past.	
MS-LS4-2.	Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and	
	differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to	
	infer evolutionary relationships.	
	Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of	
MS-LS4-4.	traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and	
	reproducing in a specific environment.	
	Earth's Place in the Universe	
MS_ESS1_1	Develop and use a model of the Earth-sun-moon system to describe the cyclic	
IVIS-ESSI-1.	patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the sun and moon, and seasons.	
MS-FSS1-2	Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within	
1013-E331-2.	galaxies and the solar system.	
	Earth and Human Activity	
MS-FSS3-4	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human	
IVI3-E335-4.	population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.	
Motion and Stability: Forces and Interaction		
	Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of	
1013-7-32-1.	two colliding objects.	
MC-DC2-2	Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion	
IVIS-PS2-2.	depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.	
	Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that	
MS-PS2-4.	gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting	
	objects.	
Energy		
MS-PS3-1.	Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of	
	kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object.	
Waves and their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer		
MS-PS4-1.	Use mathematical representations to describe a simple model for waves that	
	includes how the amplitude of a wave is related to the energy in a wave.	

#### Chino Valley Unified School District

Biology and the Living Earth		
<b>Essential</b>		
<u>Standard</u>		
	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes	
	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA	
HS-LS1-1	determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life	
	through systems of specialized cells.	
HS-LS1-2	Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting	
	systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.	
	Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for how carbon, hydrogen,	
HS-LS1-6	and oxygen from sugar molecules may combine with other elements to form amino	
	acids and/or other large carbon-based molecules.	
	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	
	Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on	
HS-LS2-2	evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of	
	different scales.	
HS-LS2-3	Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for the cycling of matter	
	and flow of energy in aerobic and anaerobic conditions.	
	Develop a model to illustrate the role of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in	
HS-LS2-5	the cycling of carbon among the biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and	
	geosphere.	
	Heredity: inneritance and variation of Traits	
HS-LS3-1	Ask questions to clarify relationships about the role of DNA and chromosomes in	
	Coung the instructions for characteristic traits passed from parents to onspring.	
	result from: (1) new genetic combinations through molecies (2) viable errors	
П <b>3-L</b> 35-2.	ecurring during replication, and/or (2) mutations caused by environmental factors	
	Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity	
	Construct an evaluation based on evidence that the process of evolution primarily	
	results from four factors: (1) the notential for a species to increase in number. (2)	
HS-I S4-2	the heritable genetic variation of individuals in a species due to mutation and sexual	
115 25 1 2.	reproduction (3) competition for limited resources and (4) the proliferation of	
	those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment.	
	Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms	
HS-LS4-3	with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms	
	lacking this trait.	
Earth and Human Activity		
HS-ESS3-4	Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities	
	on natural systems.	
HS-ESS3–5	Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an	
	evidence-based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and	
	associated future impacts to Earth systems.	

#### Chino Valley Unified School District

Chemistry in the Earth System		
<b>Essential</b>		
<u>Standard</u>		
Matter and Its Interactions		
HS-PS1-1.	Use the periodic table as a model to predict the relative properties of elements	
	based on the patterns of electrons in the outermost energy level of atoms.	
	Construct and revise an explanation for the outcome of a simple chemical reaction	
HS-PS1-2.	based on the outermost electron states of atoms, trends in the periodic table, and	
	knowledge of the patterns of chemical properties.	
	Plan and conduct an investigation to gather evidence to compare the structure of	
HS-PS1-3.	substances at the bulk scale to infer the strength of electrical forces between	
	particles.	
HS-PS1-4.	Develop a model to illustrate that the release or absorption of energy from a	
	chemical reaction system depends upon the changes in total bond energy.	
	Apply scientific principles and evidence to provide an explanation about the effects	
HS-PS1-5.	of changing the temperature or concentration of the reacting particles on the rate	
	at which a reaction occurs.	
	Refine the design of a chemical system by specifying a change in conditions that	
пэ-Рэт-о.	would produce increased amounts of products at equilibrium.	
	Use mathematical representations to support the claim that atoms, and therefore	
115-F31-7.	mass, are conserved during a chemical reaction.	
	Energy	
HS_DS3_7	Develop and use models to illustrate that energy at the macroscopic scale can be	
пэ-Рээ-2.	accounted for as either motions of particles or energy stored in fields	
	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that the transfer of thermal	
	energy when two components of different temperature are combined within a	
115-1 55-4.	closed system results in a more uniform energy distribution among the components	
	in the system (second law of thermodynamics).	
Earth's Systems		
HS-FSS2-2	Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can	
113-L332-2	create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth's systems.	
HS-ESS2-3	Develop a model based on evidence of Earth's interior to describe the cycling of	
	matter by thermal convection	
Earth and Human Activity		
HS-ESS3–5	Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an	
	evidence-based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and	
	associated future impacts to Earth systems.	