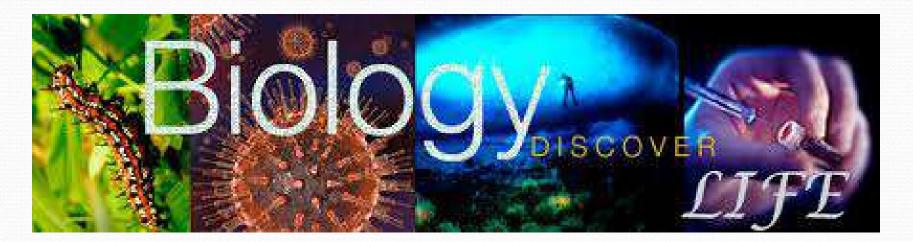
Chapter 1 The Science of Life

Course:

Concepts in Biology

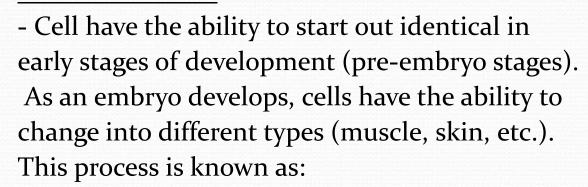
Section 1-1 Themes of Biology

- Unifying themes in biology allow biologists to study
- Biology ______(<u>organisms</u>).
 - Includes the study of single cells to the global interactions of millions of organisms!



- **2.** _____
- **3.** _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6.

- 1. Cell Structure and Function:
- The cell is the______.
- All organisms are made of _____.
- All cells come from _____ cells.
- Organisms can be _____or





[&]quot;different".



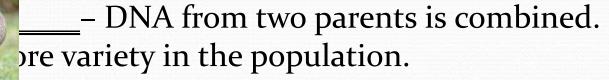


- 2. Stability and Homeostasis:
- Homeostasis (equilibrium) refers to the stable internal conditions all organisms strive to maintain
- Examples of items humans want to keep stable blood pressure, blood sugar levels, body temperature, heart rate......

 HOMEOSTASIS

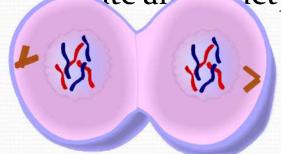
3. Reproduction and Inheritance:

= REPRODUCTION.



_- Involves only 1 organism. The cell splits

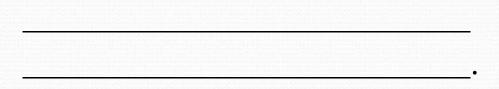
each new cell is an exact copy of the original. Does not
 create appropriety in population.



3. (Continued) Reproduction and Inheritance:

Here	ditary information is contained
in	= Deoxyribonucleic Acid.

- Gene =			





4. Evolution:				
- Theory of Evolution =				
This	explains why	y organ	isms	
look and behave the way they do	Э.			
- Natural Selection - Organisms with				e
better able to This lead	ds to the idea	of "Su	rvival	
of the Fittest". This can lead to	changes in a	popula	tion	
over time = Evolution.	HOMERSAPIEN	50		No.
	MONKIIS EATALOIIS CHIMPUS IMBECH IS	APES STIPPIDIES	NEADDERSLOB	HOMERSAPIEN

- 5. Interdependence of Organisms:
- <u>Ecology</u> = The study of _____

- Ecosystem = An environmental community in which its boundaries are set.
- Human impact (i.e.. Global warming, pollution, etc.) must be considered in the ecosystem.



- 6. Matter, Energy, Organization:
- A constant supply of energy is needed to maintain the highly organized structure of organisms.
- <u>Photosynthesis</u> supplies almost all of the energy for life on earth.

- <u>Autotrophs</u> - ______. Exs.) green plants, cyanobacteria.

- <u>Heterotrophs</u> – ______.Exs.) animals, humans.

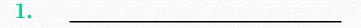
Section 1-2: Characteristics of Life

- 1. Cells all living things are made of cells.
- 2. Organization all organisms take natural materials and organize them in a complex way.
- <u>3. Energy Use</u> all living things use energy = <u>Metabolism</u>.
- 4. <u>Homeostasis</u> all living things maintain stable internal conditions.
- Growth all living things grow from cell division and cell enlargement.
- 6. Reproduction essential for the continuation of the species.



Section 1-3 Scientific Method

The Scientific Method is a logical problem solving system that scientists are expected to use as they conduct research. This same method also has very practical use in everyday life.



- 2.
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____

