



Hunter Benante Resource Teacher for the Gifted Thomas Jefferson Middle School

Before we start

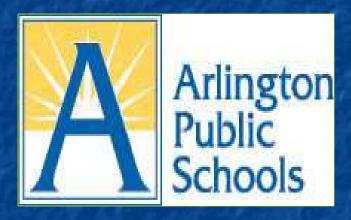
- If I do not address your question during the presentation, please email or call me. Please include your name, your child's name (if applicable), your contact information, and the best time for me to reach you.
- Hunter.benante@apsva.us
- **(703) 228-2249**

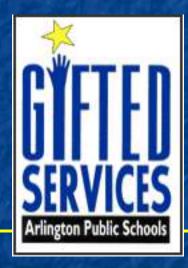
Objectives

- Explain the role of the Resource Teacher for the Gifted (RTG) within a Professional Learning Community (PLC).
- Provide an overview of gifted services at Thomas Jefferson Middle School.
- Provide an overview of the identification process for Gifted Services in Arlington Public Schools.



Supporting the needs of high potential learners





THE NAGC recommends that every school provide:

THE NAGC recommends that every school provide:

- access to curricular resources designed for gifted learners
- systematic and substantial professional development for all teachers
 - needs of gifted learners
 - differentiation in general
 - flexible grouping approaches
- resource specialists who can support the classroom teacher
 - in assessing gifted learner differences
 - making adjustments to the curriculum
 - and implementing advanced curriculum and strategies

Virginia Gifted Regulations — APS Local Plan 2017 - 2021

Virginia Department of Education regulations state that each school district must develop a plan to identify and provide services to those students who have learning needs beyond the regular instructional program.

https://www.apsva.us/wp-content/uploads/2015/04/2017 2022-Gifted-Services-Local-Plan.pdf

Shared Responsibility for Daily Differentiation for Gifted Learners

District Responsibility - Developing Policies and Programs

Leadership & Commitment to Excellence

> Defensible Identification

Services & Curriculum

Stakeholder Support

Evaluation of Program Effectiveness Building Responsibility - Leadership in Implementation

Fidelity of Services

Support for Differentiation

In Depth Training in Gifted Education

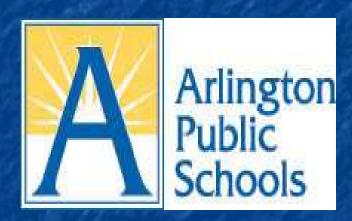
Assessing Teacher Effectiveness Cluster Teacher
Classroom Responsibility

Collaboration with RTG

Differentiating Instruction Monitoring Achievement

Curriculum for Gifted Learners

Part 1: Professional Learning Communities





Professional Learning Communities

Four Key Questions Focus Us on Learning

- 1. What is it we expect our students to learn?
- 2. How will we know when they have learned it?
- 3. How will we provide time and support when they don't learn it?
- 4. How will we extend learning when they already know it or learn it quickly?

My roles within a PLC

The primary role of the RTG is to increase teachers' capacity to infuse gifted pedagogy into the general education classroom.

This capacity includes the ability to implement curriculum designed for high-ability learners

Role of the RTG

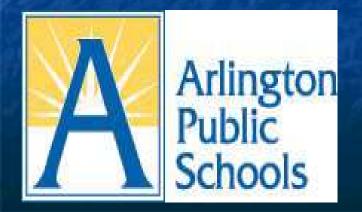
- Promote and model procedures, strategies, and techniques to support gifted students
- Work collaboratively with cluster teachers to plan and deliver instruction
- Provide curricular resources in order to differentiate content for gifted students

- Lead PD and/or inform staff about gifted education training opportunities
- Advocate for underrepresented populations to include 2e, ESOL/HILT, children from poverty
- Facilitate the gifted identification process

 APS Local Plan for the Gifted 2012-2017

Gifted Services in 6-8 classrooms

- Collaborative Cluster Model
- Cluster Teacher is primary deliverer of differentiation with support from RTG





Classroom Support (Grades 6-8)

- Collaborate with grade-level teams to plan and/or implement advanced content
 - Socratic seminar
- Utilize collaborative teaching methods to provide support for differentiating instruction
 - Experimental design
- Working with teachers to find and nurture underrepresented populations
 - Working with Minority Achievement Coordinator
 - Focus on 2 X10







Arlington Public Schools

K-12 Critical and Creative Thinking Models & Strategies

Critical Thinking Teaching Models

- Concept Development Model (Change, Patterns, Systems, Perspective, Cause/Effect)
- · Future Problem Solving
- · Jacob's Ladder
- Paul's Reasoning Model
- Problem-Based Learning
- Project-Based Learning
- Research Model
- Socratic Seminar
- William and Mary Teaching Models (Vocabulary & Literature Web, Persuasive Writing, Analyzing a Historical Situation)

Creative Thinking Models

- Creative Problem Solving (CPS)
- SCAMPER

Categories of Thinking Strategies

Decisions and Outcomes

- · Habits of Mind
- PMI
- Visualization

Making Connections

- Analogies
- Encapsulation
- FFOE (Fluency, Flexibility, Originality, Elaboration)
- · Mind-Mapping
- Synectics

Point of View (Different Perspectives)

- Debates
- deBono's Hats
- RAFT
- Socratic Seminar/Junior Great Books
- Structured Academic Controversy

Questioning

- · Question Formulation Technique (QFT)
- · Levels of Questioning
- · Revised Bloom's Taxonomy

Advanced-Content Resources

- William and Mary Literature Units
- Socratic Seminar
- Jacob's Ladder Reading Comprehension Program
- Schoolwide Enrichment Model-Reading (SEM-R) Framework
- Best of the Continental Math League

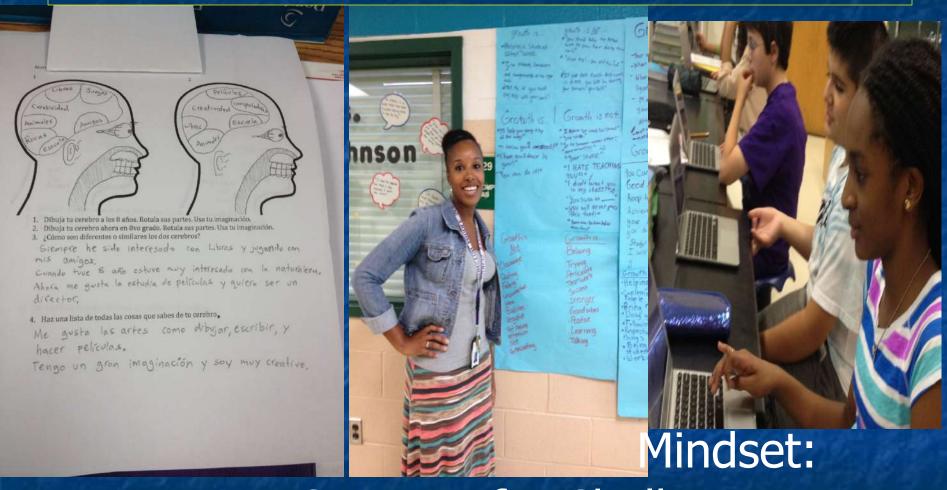
- Experimental Design
- William and Mary Problem-Based Science Units
- William and Mary Social Studies Units
- History Alive!
- The DBQ Project
- Primary Source Documents (Library of Congress)

Collaborative Teaching

- Collaborative Teaching may involve:
 - Whole group team teaching with classroom teacher
 - Small group teaching in classroom, coordinated and coplanned with classroom teacher
 - Co-planning with classroom teacher to support differentiation on days when gifted resource teacher is not in the classroom
 - Flexible grouping, which may be determined by
 - Needs of students and/or the classroom teacher
 - Difficulty of unit/topic

Examples of What Collaboration Might Look Like ...

Planning with Teachers: Collaborative Book Studies

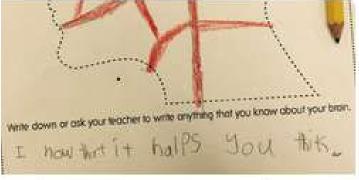


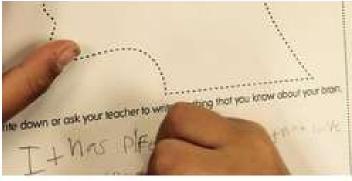
Increasing Capacity for Challenge: Resilience & Autonomous Learners

Planning with Teachers

Collaborative Book Studies: Mindset in the Classroom

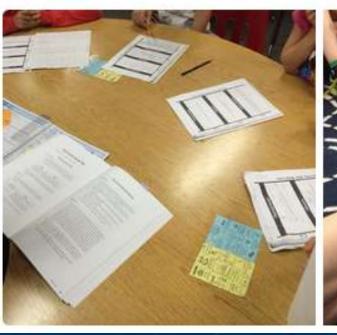






Modeling for teachers

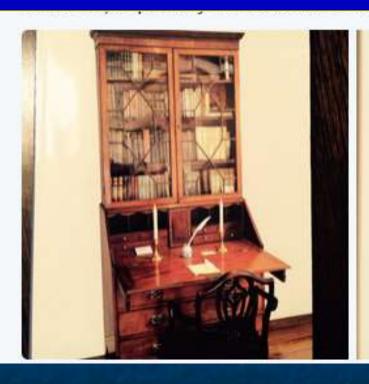
Curriculum for Advanced Learners: Jacob's Ladder & Levels of Questioning





Supporting the Goals of Teachers

Planning for Vocabulary Development Aligned with LA Standards



Lcountenance

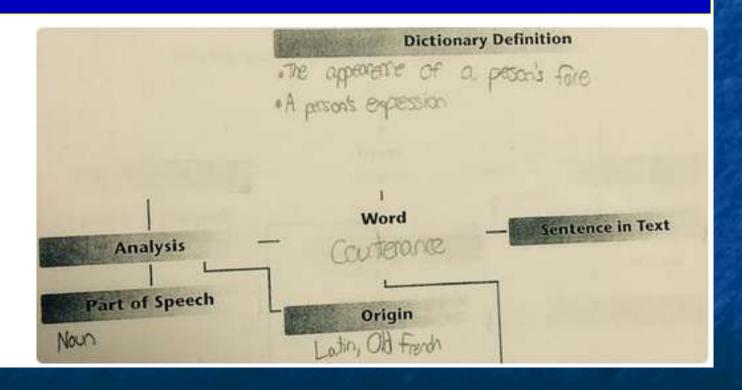
Among the most classic of the classic words, the modern English noun countenance comes through Middle English and Old French from the Latin verb cowisere, to hold. The countenance is the face, and especially the human coments of the face. In a person's countenance we may see sadness, anger, love, or doubt. We see the person, not just the physiognomy or facial physiology.

The noun countenance has been used by Tom Morrison and Endern Welty, by George Orwell and F. Scott Fitzgerald, by Joseph Heller and Harper Lee, and by tood-maker Kenneth Grahams. Robert Louis Stevenson used it, Harriet Beecher Surver used it. Swift, Defoe, Milton, and Shakespeare used it. We find countenance in Ethan Frome, in Peter Pan, in Lord Jim, and in The Mayor of Casterbridge. We find it in Ralph Ellison's Invisible Man and in Mary Shelley's Frankesistein. We find it in Jane Eyre. And in Franko: And in Biolden. Countenance appears in seemingly every book of note in English and American literature for four hundred years.

Countenance is ubiquitous, and it is ubiquitous because it in our best word for the visible self, the individuality that shows in our faces. It is a word of high humanity, and upon

Parallel Teaching

William & Mary Teaching Model: Vocabulary Web



Connecting to Content

Advanced Content DBQs: Primary Source Analysis: President McKinley



Collaborative Teaching

Advanced Content and Process: Socratic Seminar

Fich questions should lead to rich discussions about your book.

Remember, rich discussions questions will encourage more indepth answers. If your question can be answered in just a few words, it's probably not a rich question.

At least one of your questions should use one of the rich questioning strategies listed below:

- Adjective or Noun List: Choose a variety (approximately 3)
 of adjectives, nouns, or short phrases that can all apply to
 the text Keep the list parallel don't mix nouns and
 adjectives.
 - a. Ex Do you think Jack from "Jack and the Beanstalk" is best described as clever, heroic, villainous, or deceitful.
- 2 Panking: Use nouns, phrases, or titles to rank your ideas in

RTGs as Advocates for Historically Underserved Populations

- Twice Exceptional (2e)
- English Learners
- High Ability, Low Income Students
- Underachieving Students

Arlington Tiered System of Support (ATSS)

ATSS is a system within collaborative learning teams (CLT) for meeting the needs of all students

Uses data to identify students who are in need of remediation or extensions

PLC question #4: How will we extend learning when they already know it or learn it quickly?

About ATSS

helps each student reach success in academics, behavior and social emotional well-being through a systemwide framework that provides additional resources and supports.

There are three tiers of instruction and support: Tier 1 (Core), Tier 2, and Tier 3.

TIER 1

TIER 2

TIER 3

Questions that guide each team:

1

What do we expect the student to know or be able to do?

2

How do we know the student has learned it?

3

What do we do if the student has not learned it?

4

What do we do if the student knows it?

2e Wrap Around Support



Accommodations

Differentiation

Social-Emotional Support

TWICE EXCEPTIONAL NEEDS

Self-Determination Early Identification & Intervention

Executive Functioning Support

2e at Our School

- Examples of successful collaboration with teachers
- Success story supporting a 2e learner
- Structure of how teachers support students together at

ESOL/HILT Support

- Similar to 2e with wrap around support
- RTG works collaboratively with general education teacher and ESOL/HILT teacher to find and nurture students
 - Building Background Knowledge
 - Access to Grade Level Content
 - Opportunities for Critical & Creative Thinking

ESOL/HILT at Our School

- Examples of successful collaboration with teachers
- Specific examples of how gifted services supported a HILT learner
- Structure of how teachers support students together at

Ongoing Communication

- Parent information night and identification power point on website
- Collaborative effort between cluster teachers and RTGs
 - Ongoing communication in the form of CLT meetings, individual meetings, email, special project meetings
 - Each quarter grade level CLTs share information with the RTG about differentiated, expanded, and enriched curriculum in their subject area. The RTG compiles it into a chart to send to parents through school email.
- Conference Days Can join cluster teacher for meetings
- Other Meetings based on requests

Getting Connected: APS Gifted Services



APS Gifted Services Website www.apsva.us/giftedservices
Sign up for @APSGifted





Contact Information

, Resource Teacher for the Gifted

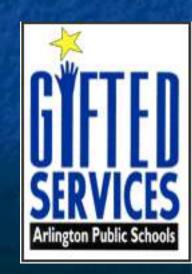
Email:

Phone:

Cheryl McCullough, Supervisor, Gifted Services

Email: cheryl.mccullough@apsva.us

Phone: 703-228-6159



Gifted Services Advisory Committee (GSAC)

Arlington Public School's Parent Advocacy Group

■Part of Advisory Council of Instruction https://www.apsva.us/aci/gifted-services/

■Monthly meetings (1st Wednesday: 6:30 – 8:00 PM followed by ACI meeting 8:00 - 9:00 PM)

If interested in serving on this committee, please contact Dan Corcoran, danjcorcoraniii@gmail.com





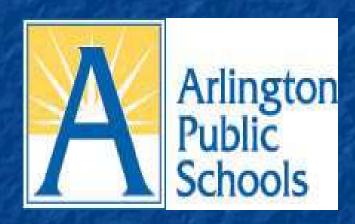
Parent Resources

Virginia Association for the Gifted (VAG) http://www.vagifted.org

- National Association for the Gifted (NAGC) http://nagc.org
- Supporting Emotional Needs of the Gifted (SENG)
 http://sengifted.org

Questions

Part 3: The Gifted Identification Process





Gifted Services: Areas of Identification

- Specific Academic Aptitude (Grades K-12)
 - English
 - Mathematics
 - Science
 - Social Studies
- Visual or Performing Arts (Grades 3-12)
 - Visual Art
 - Vocal Music
 - Instrumental Music (instruments taught in APS)

Screening for Gifted Services

- Each year, the total population is screened by school staff to create a pool of candidates based on students' need for gifted services.
- Students may be referred for services by their classroom teacher, school personnel, parents/guardians, community leaders, or other students until April 1st of the current school year
- Once a student is referred for services, the RTG works to create a portfolio with four main components for a holistic case study approach.

1. Nationally-normed assessments

- Grade 2 students, and new-to-APS 3rd graders, take the Naglieri Nonverbal Ability Test (NNAT-2)
- Grade 4 students, and new-to-APS 5th graders, take the Cognitive Abilities Test (CogAT)
- Other tests may be included such as the WISC, Kaufman-Brief Intelligence Test (KBIT)

2. School-based Achievement

- County Level: SOLs, Interactive Achievement Tests and SRI
- School Level: Ongoing formative and summative assessments
- Individual Level: Honors or distinctions (ex. VJAS, History Day, Continental Math League, Reflections Contest, etc).

3. Student Behaviors/Characteristics

- Local screening committee completes a Gifted Behavior Commentary (GBC)
 - Documents gifted characteristics and behaviors observed in a variety of settings across four categories
- Parent Information Sheet
 - Documents gifted characteristics and behaviors observed in a variety of settings across four categories
 - Provides an opportunity for parents to share examples that the school team may not have had an opportunity to observe during the school day

Gifted Behaviors Commentary (GBC)

Exceptional ability to learn

- Is highly reflective and/or sensitive to his/her environment
- Readily learns and adapts to new cultures
- Is acquiring language at a rapid pace

Exceptional application of knowledge

- Uses and interprets advanced symbol systems in academics, visual arts, and/or performing arts
- Acts as an interpreter and/or facilitator to help others
- Communicates learned concepts through role playing and/or detailed artwork

Exceptional creative/ productivethinking

- Expresses ideas, feelings, experiences, and/or beliefs in original ways
- Perceives and manipulates patterns, colors, and/or symbols

Exceptional motivation to succeed

- Meets exceptional personal and/or academic challenges
- Exhibits a strong sense of loyalty and responsibility
 - Demonstrates exceptional ability to adapt to new experiences

4. Demonstrated Performance

- Distinguished levels of performances when working with advanced content.
- Examples may include:
 - ■Interpretive responses within William and Mary Language Arts units
 - ■Analysis of Primary Source Documents DBQs
 - Responses to Experimental Design lessons
 - Responses to Critical and Creative Thinking lessons

Visual and Performing Arts (VPA)

- Referrals for Visual/Performing Arts begin in Grade 3
 - Gifted Behavior Commentary (Art and Music Teacher Observations of Artistic Behaviors)
 - Student Products provided by art/music teachers
 - Parent Information Form

Art Differentiation

Visual Arts:

- Differentiation takes place in the art classes
 - analyzing their work with more in-depth questions
 - working with more/different materials
- Open-ended projects that allow for students to demonstrate their creativity and abilities

Music Differentiation

Music:

- Differentiation takes place in the music classes
- Open-ended projects that allow for students to demonstrate their creativity and abilities
- Additional Opportunities https://www.apsva.us/arts-education-overview/honors-band-orchestra-and-chorus/
- Junior Honors Orchestra (grades 4 6) & Honors Orchestra (grades 7-8)
- Elementary Honors Chorus (Grade 5) & Honors Chorus (grades 6-8)
- Junior Honors Band (grades 4 6) & Honors Band (grades 7-8)
- Honors Band
- Honors Orchestra

Identification Decisions

- At the end of the referral process (90 instructional days), a local screening committee meets to review the student's portfolio and make determines about eligibility.
- Identification decisions are sent to parents or guardians by letter within 10 school days of the Identification Committee meeting.

Gifted Services Identification Process Outlined on APS Gifted Services web page

If students are found eligible

 Identified gifted students in grades 2-5 are cluster grouped* into classrooms with intellectual peers

*typically or the upcoming school year

- RTG plans with and supports the classroom teachers
 using extension activities and projects for students who
 have already mastered grade-level content
 - Note: Support may look different in the various grade levels depending on teacher and student needs

If students are not found eligible

- An appeal is available to families following the eligibility process
 - Appeals begin at the school level with the principal
 - A second level of appeal is countywide Gifted Services Administrative Appeals Committee

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Sign up for





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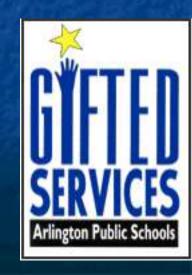
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Questions