October 25, 2017

ESL Parent Meeting



- Third Grade Reading Law
- ESL Program Information—What to Expect
- Parent/Teacher Conferences at West Maple
- Report Cards and ESL Progress Reports
- Opportunities to get involved at West Maple, eNews, ESL Website
- Things you can do at home to help your child with English
- Time to connect with other ESL parents/ Questions

Third Grade Reading Law

- Our students are making good progress
- We know it takes years to read at grade level in second language
- We know having another language/s is an asset



What the law says we must do:

- IRIP: Individualized Reading Improvement Plan
- We must complete an IRIP for each student in grades K-3 who is reading below grade level on Fountas and Pinnell and/or NWEA
- We must present these plans to you in a meeting with the classroom teacher
 - We will set up a meeting before conferences, but
 - You may choose to receive the IRIP at conferences

IRIP: Individualized Reading Improvement Plan

The IRIP will show you:

- What your child can do in reading in English
- How your child is being supported by ESL staff
- How your child is being supported by their classroom teacher
- Recommendations for home:
 - Reading and discussing books in native language
 - Building oral language in English through activities your children love
 - Reading in English

What the law says:

- - from any consequences
- Students who have been in U.S. schools for fewer than 3 years can ask for an exemption
 - We will help you with this if necessary.

No worries—we are here to help



Why ESL Centers?



Goals

- To develop English language proficiency by providing instruction for up to 120 minutes daily;
- To provide orientation and basic survival skills for American culture and schools;
- To build oral language, which is vital in order to read;
- To provide appropriate instruction at the appropriate level;
- To enhance ELs' self-esteem.

ESL Centers

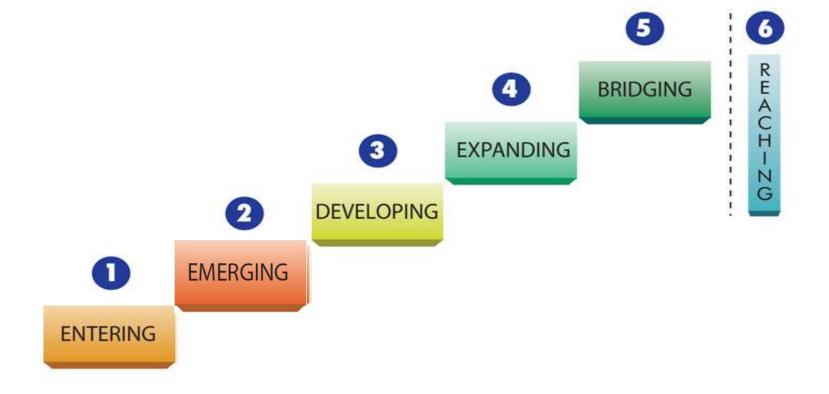
Four blocks of instruction:

- Oral language
- Word work
- Guided Reading
- Writing



(Listening and vocabulary included in all four areas)

Levels of English Language Proficiency



WIDA Can Do Statements

- Show what English Learners (ELs) CAN do at their current English Level.
- Show the natural progression through which your child will move as he/she becomes more proficient.
- Usually children will move to higher levels in speaking/listening quicker than in reading/writing.
- The best thing you can do to support your child's progression from one level to the next is to read good-fit books with them.



Can Do Descriptors: Grade Level Cluster PreK-K

For the given level of English language proficiency and with visual, graphic, or interactive support through Level 4, English language learners can process or produce the **language** needed to:

	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
LISTENING	 Match oral language to classroom and everyday objects Point to stated pictures in context Respond non-verbally to oral commands or statements (e.g., through physical movement) Find familiar people and places named orally 	 Sort pictures or objects according to oral instructions Match pictures, objects or movements to oral descriptions Follow one-step oral directions (e.g., "stand up"; "sit down") Identify simple patterns described orally Respond with gestures to songs, chants, or stories modeled by teachers 	 Follow two-step oral directions, one step at a time Draw pictures in response to oral instructions Respond non-verbally to confirm or deny facts (e.g., thumbs up, thumbs down) Act out songs and stories using gestures 	 Find pictures that match oral descriptions Follow oral directions and compare with visual or nonverbal models (e.g., "Draw a circle under the line.") Distinguish between what happens first and next in oral activities or readings Role play in response to stories read aloud 	 Order pictures of events according to sequential language Arrange objects or pictures according to descriptive oral discourse Identify pictures/realia associated with grade-level academic concepts from oral descriptions Make patterns from real objects or pictures based on detailed oral descriptions
SPEAKING	 Identify people or objects in illustrated short stories Repeat words, simple phases Answer yes/no questions about personal information Name classroom and everyday objects 	 Restate some facts from illustrated short stories Describe pictures, classroom objects or familiar people using simple phrases Answer questions with one or two words (e.g., "Where is Sonia?") Complete phrases in rhymes, songs, and chants 	 Retell short narrative stories through pictures Repeat sentences from rhymes and patterned stories Make predictions (e.g. "What will happen next?") Answer explicit questions from stories read aloud (e.g., who, what, or where) 	 Retell narrative stories through pictures with emerging detail Sing repetitive songs and chants independently Compare attributes of real objects (e.g., size, shape, color) Indicate spatial relations of real-life objects using phrases or short sentences 	 Tell original stories with emerging detail Explain situations (e.g., involving feelings) Offer personal opinions Express likes, dislikes, or preferences with reasons

WIDA CONSORTIUM

Can Do Descriptors: Grade Level Cluster 1-2

For the given level of English language proficiency and with visual, graphic, or interactive support through Level 4, English language learners can process or produce the **language** needed to:

	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
READING	 Identify symbols, icons, and environmental print Connect print to visuals Match real-life familiar objects to labels Follow directions using diagrams or pictures 	 Search for pictures associated with word patterns Identify and interpret pre- taught labeled diagrams Match voice to print by pointing to icons, letters, or illustrated words Sort words into word families 	 Make text-to-self connections with prompting Select titles to match a series of pictures Sort illustrated content words into categories Match phrases and sentences to pictures 	 Put words in order to form sentences Identify basic elements of fictional stories (e.g., title, setting, characters) Follow sentence-level directions Distinguish between general and specific language (e.g., flower v. rose) in context 	 Begin using features of non-fiction text to aid comprehension Use learning strategies (e.g., context clues) Identify main ideas Match figurative language to illustrations (e.g., "as big as a house") Create a related series of
WRITING	 Copy written language Use first language (L1, when L1 is a medium of instruction) to help form words in English Communicate through drawings Label familiar objects or pictures 	 Provide information using graphic organizers Generate lists of words/ phrases from banks or walls Complete modeled sentence starters (e.g., "I like") Describe people, places, or objects from illustrated examples and models 	 Engage in prewriting strategies (e.g., use of graphic organizers) Form simple sentences using word/phrase banks Participate in interactive journal writing Give content-based information using visuals or graphics 	 Produce original sentences Create messages for social purposes (e.g., get well cards) Compose journal entries about personal experiences Use classroom resources (e.g., picture dictionaries) to compose sentences 	 Create a related series of sentences in response to prompts Produce content-related sentences Compose stories Explain processes or procedures using connected sentences



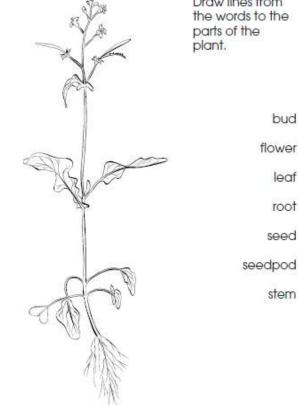
Can Do Descriptors: Grade Level Cluster 3-5

For the given level of English language proficiency and with visual, graphic, or interactive support through Level 4, English language learners can process or produce the **language** needed to:

	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging
READING	 Match icons or diagrams with words/concepts Identify cognates from first language, as applicable Make sound/symbol/word relations Match illustrated words/ phrases in differing contexts (e.g., on the board, in a book) 	 Identify facts and explicit messages from illustrated text Find changes to root words in context Identify elements of story grammar (e.g., characters, setting) Follow visually supported written directions (e.g., "Draw a star in the sky.") 	 Interpret information or data from charts and graphs Identify main ideas and some details Sequence events in stories or content-based processes Use context clues and illustrations to determine meaning of words/phrases 	 Classify features of various genres of text (e.g., "and they lived happily ever after"—fairy tales) Match graphic organizers to different texts (e.g., compare/contrast with Venn diagram) Find details that support main ideas Differentiate between fact and opinion in narrative and expository text 	 Summarize information from multiple related sources Answer analytical questions about grade-level text Identify, explain, and give examples of figures of speech Draw conclusions from explicit and implicit text at or near grade level
WRITING	 Label objects, pictures, or diagrams from word/phrase banks Communicate ideas by drawing Copy words, phrases, and short sentences Answer oral questions with single words 	 Make lists from labels or with peers Complete/produce sentences from word/ phrase banks or walls Fill in graphic organizers, charts, and tables Make comparisons using real-life or visually- supported materials 	 Produce simple expository or narrative text String related sentences together Compare/contrast content- based information Describe events, people, processes, procedures 	 Take notes using graphic organizers Summarize content-based information Author multiple forms of writing (e.g., expository, narrative, persuasive) from models Explain strategies or use of information in solving problems 	 Produce extended responses of original text approaching grade level Apply content-based information to new contexts Connect or integrate personal experiences with literature/content Create grade-level stories or reports

Entering Student

He CAN draw a picture of each plant structure and its function.
 He CAN label a familiar diagram used in class.







Developing Student

- She CAN write simple sentences about plant structures and their function using a word/phrase bank to assist with content vocabulary.
- She CAN use a visual as a support in her explanation about plant structures and functions of the pank

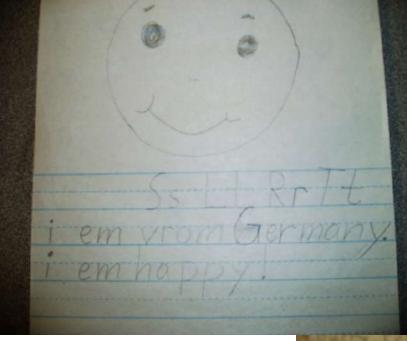
functions.

WORD BANK
Stem
Flower
Root
Seed
Leaf
Seedpod

PHRASE BANK Produces fruit/seeds Grows into new plants Captures sunlight to make food Transports nutrients and water Protects seeds when they travel

Expanding/Bridging Student

- He CAN explain the structures and functions of flowering plants by writing about his classroom plant or by describing the life cycle of a plant.
- He CAN do this by producing original sentences.



student's writing samples

dirly Day the dary with black Sing Shept no the Ago a start :" In that doe the Ki dog has a bath an the and the gerents 2400 4.101 * iche

Top: September

Bottom: January

ESL Progress Reports

- ESL Progress Report for all Entering and Emerging students (levels 1-2)—students who receive services up to 120 minutes/day
- Benchmarks in four domains: listening, speaking, reading, and writing
- Report cards and progress reports will go home right before conferences.

Birmingham Public Schools Academic Quality Descriptors for Standards

Students will not receive letter grades on their report cards. They will receive quality descriptors.

BELOW	WORKING TOWARDS
-Not yet meeting grade level expectations	-Meets some grade level expectations
-Seldom meets quality work requirements -Needs more support to develop understanding and skills -Requires extended time, instruction, and practice	 Meets some quality work requirements Demonstrates some understanding and skills Requires extra time, instruction, and practice
MEETING MOST	MASTERING
-Meets most grade level expectations -Meets most quality work requirements	-Meets grade level expectations -Meets all quality work requirements

Parent-Teacher Conferences November 20th and 21st

- Monday, November 20th and Tuesday, November 21st, from 1 – 4 p.m. and 5 – 8 p.m.
- You will receive notification via email to sign up on Sign-Up Genius at 4 p.m. today
- You may sign up to see classroom teacher and ESL teachers (or any other teacher)
- 5th grade meets in cafeteria, and you wait in line for each teacher and each subject area
- Unified Arts teachers (PE, Music, Art, Spanish) meet by the cafeteria or in their room.
- For ESL, two families sign up for each 30-minute time slot
- Classroom teachers usually have 10 or 20-minute time slots

How to get involved at West Maple

Bb West Maple Elementary X R > How to tak		
	ate This Site 🔍	Sign In Search Q
WEST MAP	PLE ELEMENTARY positively impact their world.	Contact Us Enrollment Calendar Menus Transportatio
Home Our School - Teachers -	Programs & Activities - Media C	Centei PTA

Sign-up for the eNews

Scroll to the bottom of the Birmingham homepage.



West Maple ESL Website

- https://www.birmingham.k12.mi.us/domain/1
 - 310
 - Program Description
 - Parent Meeting Dates
 - Digital resources
 - Links to Family Resources, Including Adult English Classes

What can I do with my child at home? (Levels 1-2)

- Oral language development greatly affects literacy development
- Enroll students in fun activities that they enjoy: dance, sports, art, drama, and so much more
- Even play dates with English speakers means that your child is acquiring English
- Books that are "too easy" also help with English acquisition
- Know that acquiring a second language takes time

What can I do with my child at home? (Levels 1-2)

- Visit the board book section of the library
 - Flip books are fun for guessing games
 - Your child can act out vocabulary that they learn from picture and board books
- Read the take home books from ESL. When you send them back, we will send more.
- Listen to your child read books on Kids A-Z.
- Play Games! (Colors, numbers, days of the week, feelings, opposites, adjectives, prepositions, shapes, action verbs, words from books you are reading at home
 - I-Spy: <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Play-the-I-Spy-Game</u>
 - Charades: <u>http://fun.familyeducation.com/activity/37075.html</u>
 - Hang man (sleep man): <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Play-Hangman</u>
 - Go Fish: <u>http://www.dltk-kids.com/games/go-fish.htm</u>
 - Pictionary: <u>http://www.group-games.com/ice-breakers/homemade-pictionary-game.html</u>

What can I do with my child at home? (Levels 3-5)

- Keep in mind that strong reading skills and vocabulary in a first language transfer to strong reading skills and vocabulary in a second language.
 - Encourage your child to continue reading in his/her native language.
 - Ask your child to teach you about what they learned in any of their subjects. They should teach you in their strongest language!
- Read with and to your child. Children are never too old for picture books.
- Don't stress about the homework! If you are doing more of the homework than your child is doing, stop doing it and write a short note about the difficulty to your child's teacher.

ESL Homework

Book folders

- Return as often as you would like
- Word Sorts
 - May go home for practice throughout the year

Questions?

Email us

- Becky Gilbert at rgilbert@Birmingham.k12.mi.us
- Kalyn Wulatin at <u>kwulatin@Birmingham.k12.mi.us</u>