

**READING AND NOTE-TAKING****OUTLINE AND TAKE NOTES**

Use the Section Map below to outline and take notes as you read Section 1. Read the section first and then complete the Section Map.

*P. 290-297*

What is the title of the section? _____ _____ _____ _____	
Explain the meaning of this section title. _____ _____ _____	
How was Rome's geographic location beneficial? _____ _____ _____	Describe what the map in Lesson 1.1 shows. What does this map tell about the geography of Rome? _____ _____ _____
Summarize the legend of the founding of Rome. _____ _____ _____	Who were the early Romans? _____ _____ _____ _____
What is the difference between a patrician and a plebian? Describe their relationship in Roman society. _____ _____ _____ _____	

**UNIT 4**

**CHAPTER 11 SECTION 1**  
**Early Rome** *continued*

*p. 290-291*



Define the word <i>republic</i> . _____ _____ _____ _____	What were the Twelve Tables? _____ _____ _____
Describe the structure of the Roman government. _____ _____ _____ _____	
Who was Cicero? _____ _____ _____ _____	How does the painting in Lesson 1.4 relate to the text? _____ _____ _____
What was the Forum? What activities took place there? _____ _____ _____ _____	
What are the Key Vocabulary words for this section? _____ _____ _____ _____	

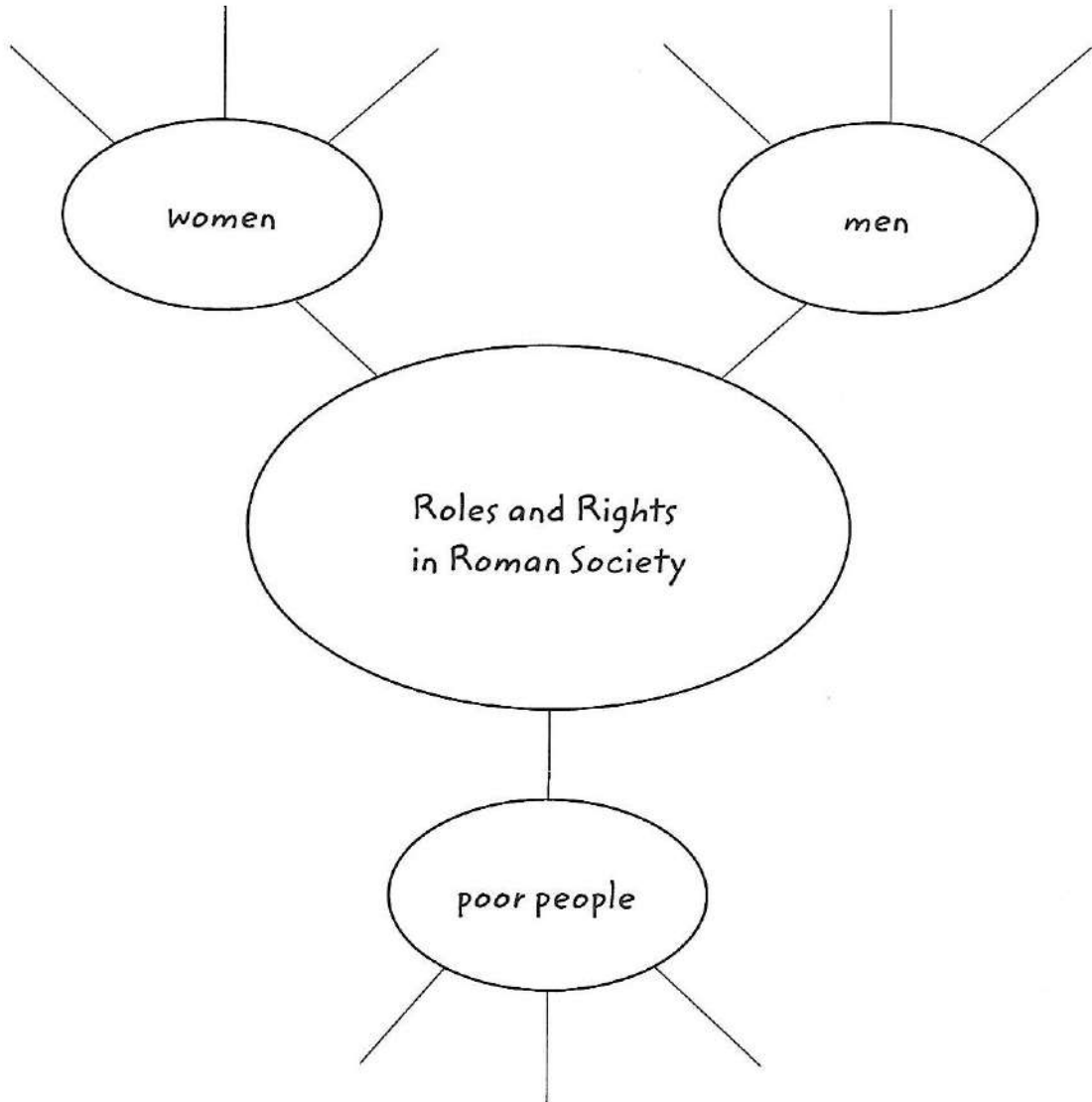
READING AND NOTE-TAKING

CATEGORIZE INFORMATION

Use this Concept Cluster to keep track of information about the lives and rights of different social groups in Roman society. Add more strands to the outside circles to record more details.

*p. 298, 300*

*had few rights;  
main job was to be a  
good wife and mother*



## READING AND NOTE-TAKING

SEQUENCE EVENTS

Fill in the Sequence Chart below as you read Section 3 to record information about four important Roman wars. Include when and why events occurred, which groups were involved, and the outcome.

*The First Punic War: The First Punic War broke out in 264 B.C. between Carthage and Rome over ownership of the island of Sicily. Carthage's strong navy defeated Rome early on, but Rome responded by building a stronger navy. Rome then defeated Carthage repeatedly and took control of Sicily, Sardinia, and Corsica.*

*Second Punic War*

*3rd Punic War*

*Macedonian Wars.*