lediev	al Music Test #2 Name:Date:			
	(Each question is 4 points each. 1 point is removed for each spelling error.)			
1.	Much of the medieval attitude towards music was derived from classical antiquity, taken from who? The Greeks and the Romans			
2.	The Greek word for music "mousiké" comes directly from the word for the nine daughters of Zeus who inspire the creation of the arts. What were they called? The Muses			
3.	Early Christians rejected almost everything that was Roman and therefore pagan. However, the idea that music transmit and emphasizes a message to God was put forth by what early influential Christian leader and philosopher? Saint Augustine			
4.	Early chant for centuries was credited to 6 th century Pope Gregory I and was called Gregorian chant. We now know thi incorrect. What is a more sensible name for this type of music? Plain Chant			
5.	What is the singing style that sounds like an organ called? organum			
6.	What do we call one long note that sustains while other melodies are played over it? Drone			
7.	Who do we credit for founding the origins of our modern system of written music? Guido D'Arezzo			
8.	By having the ability to write multiple lines of music, composers were able to write what important musical concept? Harmony			
9.	Who was the first composer to notate rhythm in church music and who also pioneered the answer to #8? Perotin			
10.	Name the type of traveling musicians who originated in Muslim Spain, but became extremely popular throughout Mediev Europe? Troubadours			
11.	Notes that are a 4 th or 5 th apart from one another are considered "Perfect" and therefore Godly. Why were thirds not considered perfect? Thirds can be major or minor			
12.	In what language was all church music written and sung? Latin			
13.	What was the most technologically advanced instrument by the 16 th century? The pipe organ			
14.	Josquin des Prez is considered an influential and important composer because of what innovation? He made the words matter.			
15.	What type of music was secular and popular and began to erode the exclusive popularity of church music? Folk music			

Do all of the essays by writing a complete paragraph (No less than three complete sentences!) Make your answers clear and accurate. Use your own words. Use the back of your paper for your answer. Your score will be determined by the CONTENT of your answer. (10 points each. Spelling counts.)

- A. Medieval times are also called the "Dark Ages". What made them dark? What is one theory for why this happened?
- **B.** What were some (at least three) medieval instruments unique to that time? Tell me about them.
- C. How did technology affect the development of music through the Middle Ages?

Medieva	l Music Test #2	Name:	Date:		
(1	(Each question is 4 points each. 1 point is removed for each spelling error.)				
1	. Much of the me	edieval attitude towards music	was derived from classical antiquity, taken from who?		
2		l for music "mousiké" comes d ation of the arts. What were t	irectly from the word for the nine daughters of Zeus who hey called?		
3	-		as Roman and therefore pagan. However, the idea that music ut forth by what early influential Christian leader and philosopher?		
4	•	nturies was credited to 6 th centul t is a more sensible name for this	ry Pope Gregory I and was called Gregorian chant. We now know th type of music?		
5	. What is the singir	ng style that sounds like an organ	called?		
6	. What do we call o	one long note that sustains while	other melodies are played over it?		
7	. Who do we credit	t for founding the origins of our n	nodern system of written music?		
8	. By having the abil	lity to write multiple lines of mus	c, composers were able to write what important musical concept?		
9	. Who was the first	composer to notate rhythm in c	nurch music and who also pioneered the answer to #8?		
1	Name the type of Medieval Europe	_	ed in Muslim Spain, but became extremely popular throughout		
1	 Notes that are a 4 considered perfect 		are considered "Perfect" and therefore Godly. Why were thirds not		
1	2. In what language	was all church music written and	sung?		

- **13.** What was the most technologically advanced instrument by the 16th century?
- 14. Josquin des Prez is considered an influential and important composer because of what innovation?
- 15. What type of music was secular and popular and began to erode the exclusive popularity of church music?

Do all of the essays by writing a complete paragraph (No less than three complete sentences!) Make your answers clear and accurate. Use your own words. Use the back of your paper for your answer. Your score will be determined by the CONTENT of your answer. (10 points each. Spelling counts.)

- A. Medieval times are also called the "Dark Ages". What made them dark? What is one theory for why this happened?
- **B.** What were some (at least three) medieval instruments unique to that time? Tell me about them.
- C. How did technology affect the development of music through the Middle Ages?