

Mathematics Curriculum Guide

Plane Geometry ~ Senior Campus 2017-18



Paramount Unified School District

Plane Geometry (Senior) – Topic 2 Stage Three –Learning Experiences & Instruction

Educational Services

Topic 2: Coordinate Plane

				Transfer Goals					
 Demonstrate perseverance by making sense of a never-before-seen problem, developing a plan, and evaluating a strategy and solution. Effectively communicate orally, in writing, and using models (e.g., concrete, representational, abstract) for a given purpose and audience. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others using precise mathematical language. 									
 Essential Questions: How can you write the equation of a line? How can you determine if two lines are parallel or perpendicular? How can you find the midpoint of a line segment? How can you find the length of a line segment or the distance between two points in the coordinate plane? How can you use the diagonals of a quadrilateral to show that it is a rectangle? How can the Distance, Slope, and Midpoint Formulas help you classify polygons in the coordinate plane? 						Standards: G-GPE-5, G-GPE-4, G-GPE-7, G-CO-11 Timeframe: 3 weeks/15 days Start Date: September 18, 2017 Assessment Dates: October 5-6, 2017			
Time	Lesson/ Activity	Focus Questions for Lessons	Understandings	Knowledge		Skills	Resources		
½ day	Topic 2 Opening Activity (p. 203 #34 Reasoning) Students do NOT need to solve this problem mathematically. They should engage in a discussion About the properties of the opposite lines that might indicate why they are parallel.								
days)	Lesson 3.7: Equations of Lines in the Coordinate Plane SMP: 1, 3, 4 (pp. 189-196) G-GPE-5	 Focus Questions: How can you write the equation of a line? Inquiry Question: 3-7 Solve It! Pg 189 	• You can write the equation of a line when you know certain facts about the line.	Vocabulary: Parallel lines, perpendicular lines (1st introduced on Pg 44 with notation), slope, positive slope, negative slope, zero slope, no slope, slope- intercept form	 and box Identify coordination line/seg intercept standard Write experimentation with the standard of the standard o	perpendicular lines using ⊥ marked in diagram. slope of a line given two ates on the line, a graphed ment, an equation in slope- ot form, an equation in d form quation of a line in slope- ot form given a graphed line, tion in standard form, a the line and the slope of the points on the line	Common Core Problems: #5, 6, 7, 42, 43, 48, 56, 57 STEM Problems: #48, 53 Thinking Maps: Double-bubble Map to compare Slope-Intercept Form with Point-Slope Form. *see notes at the end of this document		

Common Core Practices

Instruction in the Standards for Mathematical Practices

Use of Manipulatives

□ Use of Technology

Use of Talk Moves

Time	Lesson/ Activity	Focus Questions for Lessons	Understandings	Knowledge	Skills	Additional Resources		
2 days	Lesson 3.8: Slopes of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines SMP: 1, 3, 4 (pp. 197-204) G-GPE-5	 Focus Questions: How can you determine if two lines are parallel or perpendicular? Inquiry Question: 3-8 Solve It! Pg 197 	• You can compare the slopes of lines to determine if they are parallel or perpendicular.	 Vocabulary: slopes, parallel, perpendicular, opposite reciprocal Concepts: Parallel lines have the same slope. Perpendicular lines have opposite reciprocal slopes (product of their slopes is -1) 	 Compare slopes of lines and segments to determine if they are parallel, perpendicular, or neither. Write the equation of a line given a point on the line and the equation or graph of a line that is either parallel or perpendicular to it. 	Common Core Problems: #5, 6, 27, 28, 29, 34, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47 STEM Problems: #22 Thinking Maps: Double-bubble Map to compare slopes of parallel lines with slopes of perpendicular lines. *see notes at the end of this document		
1 day	Review Lessons 3.7, 3.8 & Quiz Teacher Generated Quiz Use this day to assess student learning.							
2 days	Lesson 1.7: Midpoint and Distance in the Coordinate Plane SMP: 1, 3, 4 (pp. 50-56) G-GPE-4, and prepares for G-GPE-7	 Focus Questions: How can you find the midpoint of a line segment? How can you find the length of a line segment or the distance between two points in the coordinate plane? Inquiry Question: 1-7 Solve It! Pg 50 	• You can use formulas to find the midpoint and length of any segment in the coordinate plane.	Vocabulary & Concepts: • Midpoint Formula • Distance Formula	 Find the midpoint of a line segment given the coordinates of the endpoints or a graphed segment. Find the length of a line segment / distance between two points given the coordinates of the endpoints or a graphed segment. 	Common Core Problems: #4,5, 31-35, 45, 46, 47, 51, 52- 56, 57, 58, 59, 60-61 Thinking Maps: Tree Map to record the Midpoint Formula and Distance Formula with examples. *see notes at the end of this document		

Common Core Practices

- □ Instruction in the Standards for Mathematical Practices
- Use of Manipulatives

- Use of Talk Moves
- Note-taking

- Use of Technology
- □ Use of Real-world Scenarios

- Project-based Learning
- Thinking Maps

Time	Lesson/ Activity	Focus Questions for Lessons	Understandings	Knowledge	Skills	Additional Resources		
1 day	Lesson 6.2: Use Triangle Congruence to Prove Properties of Parallelograms SMP: 1, 3, 4 (pp. 359-366) G-CO-11	 Focus Questions: What are the properties of parallelograms? Inquiry Question: 6-2 Pg 359 	 Definition of parallelogram Properties of parallelogram A rectangle is a parallelogram with congruent diagonals. 	Vocabulary/Concepts: Parallelogram, opposite sides, opposite angles, consecutive angles, diagonal	 Prove: opposite sides are congruent, opposite angles are congruent, diagonals bisect each other, and rectangles are parallelograms with congruent diagonals. 	Focus on the Properties of Parallelograms. Common Core Problems: #6-8, 13, 28, 31-37		
2 days	Lesson 6.7: Polygons in the Coordinate Plane SMP: 1, 3, 4, 8 (pp. 400-405) G-GPE-7	 Focus Questions: How can you use the diagonals of a quadrilateral to show that it is a rectangle? How can the Distance, Slope, and Midpoint Formulas help you classify polygons in the coordinate plane? Inquiry Question: 6-7 Solve It! Pg 400 	• The formulas for slope, distance and midpoint can be used to classify and to prove geometric relationships for figures in the coordinate plane.	Vocabulary & Concepts: Midpoint Formula Distance Formula Slope Formula	• Use the Midpoint, Distance, and Slope Formula to classify polygons in the coordinate plane.	Common Core Problems: #3, 4, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 Thinking Maps: Add new learnings from this lesson to the Tree Map created for Lesson 1.7.		
1 day	Topic 2 Performance Task (p. 405 #39 Coordinate Geometry)							
2 days	Review Topic 2 Concepts & Skills Use Textbook Resources and/or Teacher Created Items							
2 days	Topic 2 Assessment (Created and provided by PUSD)							

Additional Notes About This Unit's Lessons

*Topic 2 – Coordinate Plane (15 days)

Lesson 3.7 – Equations of Lines in the Coordinate Plane (1 days)

Focus on terms such as parallel lines, perpendicular lines (1st introduced on Pg 44 with notation), slope, positive slope, negative slope, zero slope, no slope, slope-intercept form.

Identify perpendicular lines using "is perpendicular to" symbol and box marked in diagram.

Identify slope of a line given two coordinates on the line, a graphed line/segment, an equation in slope-intercept form, an equation in standard form.

Write equation of a line in slope-intercept form given a graphed line, an equation in standard form, a point on the line and the slope of the line, two points on the line.

Teachers may want to show construction of parallel lines using <u>http://www.mathopenref.com/constparallel.html</u> Teachers may want to show construction of perpendicular lines using <u>http://www.mathopenref.com/constperpextpoint.html</u>

Lesson 3-8 – Slopes of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines (1 days)

Focus on the concepts that parallel lines have the same slope and perpendicular lines have opposite reciprocal slopes (product of their slopes is -1).

Compare slopes of lines and segments to determine if they are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

Write the equation of a line given a point on the line and the equation of a line that is either parallel or perpendicular to it.

Lesson 1-7 – Midpoint and Distance in the Coordinate Plane (1 days)

Focus on the midpoint formula and distance formula.

Find the midpoint of a line segment given the coordinates of the endpoints or a graphed segment.

Find the length of a line segment / distance between two points given the coordinates of the endpoints or a graphed segment.