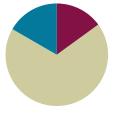
Lesson 14

Objective: Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.

Suggested Lesson Structure

Total Time	(60 minutes)
Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Concept Development	(41 minutes)
Fluency Practice	(9 minutes)



Fluency Practice (9 minutes)

- Complete Length Units 4.MD.1 (3 minutes)
- Complete Weight Units 4.MD.1 (3 minutes)
- Complete Capacity Units 4.MD.1 (3 minutes)

Complete Length Units (3 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: This fluency activity reviews measurement conversions and the important concept of completing the unit.

- T: (Write 90 centimeters.) How many more centimeters complete 1 meter?
- S: (Write 10 centimeters.)

Continue the complete-the-unit work using the following possible sequence:

- Meters: 50 centimeters, 25 centimeters, 36 centimeters
- Yards: 1 foot
- Kilometers: 500 meters, 650 meters, 350 meters, 479 meters
- Feet: 10 inches, 6 inches, 7 inches

Complete Weight Units (3 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: This fluency activity reviews measurement conversions and the important concept of completing the unit.

- T: (Write 10 ounces.) How many more ounces complete 1 pound?
- S: (Write 6 ounces.)



Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.

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Continue the complete-the-unit work using the following possible sequence:

- Pounds: 8 ounces
- Kilograms: 900 grams, 750 grams, 250 grams, 378 grams

Complete Capacity Units (3 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: This fluency activity reviews measurement conversions and the important concept of completing the unit.

- T: (Write 3 quarts.) How many more quarts complete 1 gallon?
- S: (Write 1 quart.)

Continue the complete-the-unit work using the following possible sequence:

- Gallons: 1 quart
- Liters: 500 milliliters, 200 milliliters, 850 milliliters, 647 milliliters
- Quarts: 2 cups, 1 cup

Concept Development (41 minutes)

Materials: (S) Problem Set

Suggested Delivery of Instruction for Solving Lesson 14's Word Problems

For Problems 1–4, students may work in pairs to solve each of the problems using the RDW approach to problem solving.

1. Model the problem.

Select two pairs of students who can successfully model the problem to work at the board while the other students work independently or in pairs at their seats. Review the following questions before beginning the first problem.

- Can you draw something?
- What can you draw?
- What conclusions can you make from your drawing?

As students work, circulate and reiterate the questions above. After two minutes, have the two pairs of students share only their labeled diagrams. For about one minute, have the demonstrating students receive and respond to feedback and questions from their peers.

2. Calculate to solve and write a statement.

Allow students two minutes to complete work on the problem, sharing their work and thinking with a peer. Have students write their equations and statements of the answer.



4: Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



3. Assess the solution.

Give students one to two minutes to assess the solutions presented by their peers on the board, comparing the solutions to their own work. Highlight alternative methods to reach the correct solution.

Problem 1

MP.7

A cartoon lasts $\frac{1}{2}$ hour. A movie is 6 times as long as the cartoon. How many minutes does it take to watch both the cartoon and the movie?



7 units = 7 x = hr = 3 = hr

31/2, hr = 180 min + 30 min = 210 min

Solution A 1 = 30 2 = 60

Solution C lunit = 1/2 hour

thr= 30min

3 hr = 180 min

30 minutes × 7 = 210 minutes

Instead of solving Problem 1, allow students working above grade level to solve the remainder of the problems, and then offer an open-ended challenge. Ask students to complete one of the following alternatives:

- Use the model from one of the problems to write a word problem of your own. Be sure to include measurement unit conversions.
- Write a script to explain your strategy for solving one problem.
 Share your script with your partner during the Debrief.

Solution B

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \times 7}{\frac{5}{2}} = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{5}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{5}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

It takes 210 minutes to watch both the cartoon and movie.

In Solution A, the student determines that one unit is 30 minutes using equivalent fractions and multiplies by 7 to find the total number of minutes. In both Solutions B and C, the student multiplies $\frac{1}{2}$ by 7 to get 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours and then determines the total number of minutes. Solution B shows numerical work without noting the measurement units, re-contextualizing the 210 by writing the statement. Solution C keeps the measurement units throughout the process, figuring out the number of minutes in a half hour and adding them to the number of minutes in 3 hours.



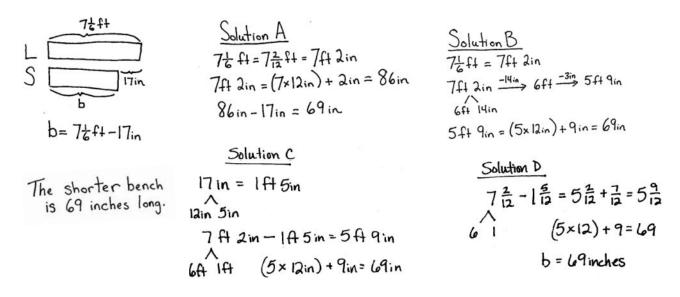
4: Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



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Problem 2

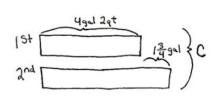
A large bench is $7\frac{1}{6}$ feet long. It is 17 inches longer than a shorter bench. How many inches long is the shorter bench?



Equivalent fractions are used to determine that $\frac{1}{6}$ foot equals 2 inches in Solution A. The length of the longer bench is converted from feet into inches. To find the length of the shorter bench, 17 inches is subtracted from the length of the longer bench. In Solution B, the student decomposes 7 feet 2 inches into 6 feet 14 inches and subtracts. First, 14 inches are subtracted to get to 6 feet. Next, the student subtracts the remaining 3 inches to get 5 feet 9 inches. This mixed unit measurement is then converted into 69 inches to find the length of the shorter bench in inches. Solution C shows converting the difference in length into a mixed unit to subtract. Solution D shows converting both to mixed numbers to subtract. Each is then converted to inches.

Problem 3

The first container holds 4 gallons 2 quarts of juice. The second container can hold $1\frac{3}{4}$ gallons more than the first container. Altogether, how much juice can the two containers hold?



 $\frac{\text{Solution A}}{\text{Hgal } 2qt = 16qt + 2qt = 18qt}$ $\frac{\text{Solution B}}{\text{Hgal } 2qt = 16qt + 2qt = 18qt}$ $\frac{13}{4} \text{ gal} = 4qt + 3qt = 7qt}{\text{C} = 18qt + (18qt + 7qt)}$ C = 43qtThe two containers can hold 43 quarts. $\frac{\text{Solution B}}{\text{C} = 4}$ $\frac{13}{4} \text{ gal} = 4qt + 3qt = 7qt}{\text{Igal } 2qt + 4gal } 2qt + 4gal } 3qt$



Lesson 14:

Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.





Solution A is solved by converting the mixed unit and the mixed number measurement into quarts, converting to a smaller unit. Remembering 4 quarts equals 1 gallon, students solve for $1\frac{3}{4}$ gallons as 7 quarts. The total number of quarts in the two containers can then be found by adding the number of quarts held by the first and second containers together. In Solution B, the units are kept as mixed measurements. The tape diagram makes it easy to see the total is made up of two equal parts of 4 gallons 2 quarts plus 1 gallon 3 quarts because the second container is $1\frac{3}{4}$ gallons more than the first. This results in a total of 10 gallons 3 quarts that is then converted into 43 quarts.

A girl's height is $3\frac{1}{3}$ feet. A giraffe's height is 3 times that of the girl's. How many inches taller is the giraffe

Problem 4

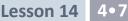
than the girl? girl giraffe Solution C Solution A lunit = 3 = ft = 3 = ft = 3 = ft 4in Junits = 2 × 3 ft 4in = (2×3 ft)+ (2×4in) 1ft = 12 inlunit = 40 in 3 units = 120 in 3ft = 36 in 6ft Sin h = 120in -40in +ff = 4 in (6x12in)+8in=80in 31ft = 40 in h= 80 in Solution B $\frac{5011(1011-1)}{1011+3} = 3\frac{1}{3} ft \qquad 6ft = 6 \times 12 in = 72 in$ $2 units = 2 \times 3\frac{1}{3} ft \qquad \frac{2}{3} ft = \frac{2 \times 4}{3 \times 4} ft = \frac{8}{2} ft = 8 in$ $= (2 \times 3ft) + (2 \times \frac{1}{3} ft) \qquad h = 72 in + 8 in$ h = 80 inThe giraffe is 80 inches taller than the girl.

Solution A converts the height of the girl into inches. Then, the height of the giraffe is found by solving for 3 units, as 1 unit equals 40 inches. The heights are subtracted to find the difference of 80 inches. Once the model is drawn, students may see that they do not need to find the giraffe's height to solve this problem. Both Solutions B and C recognize that the two units in the model represent how much taller the giraffe is than the girl. Solution C uses the distributive property to multiply the mixed number by 2. Solution C converts the feet into inches.



Lesson 14:

Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



Problem Set

Please note that Problems 1–4 on the Problem Set are completed during instruction. As students present themselves ready to solve independently, release some students or the entire class to work independently or in partnerships. Problems 5-6 can be completed individually, with a partner, or via whole-class instruction.

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

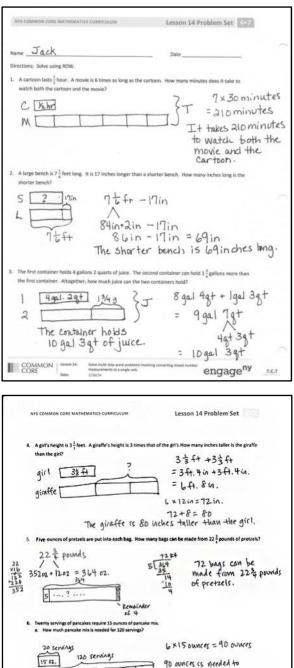
Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

In Problem 1, how many different ways were 7 halves represented? (30 min × 7, as $\frac{7}{2}$ and as

 $\frac{6}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$.) What advantage is there to knowing all of these representations when it comes to solving a problem like this one?

- Explain to your partner how you solved Problem 2. If you used different strategies, discuss how you arrived at the same answer.
- What shortcuts or efficiencies did you use today when solving your problems? How do you decide whether to start by converting to a smaller unit or to work with the mixed number measurements?
- How is the remainder in Problem 5 interpreted?
- Did you have trouble persevering at times? When? What can you do to stay focused?



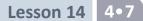
1502 1502 1502 1502 make 120 servings. 1502 40 02 × 2 = 80 02 To make 120 servings, 3 bags will be needed 3202. + 802. = 40 02. because 2 bags is only 80 ownees but we need 90. COMMON engage^{ny} 7.C.8



Lesson 14:

Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.





Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.



Lesson 14:

: Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



Name

Date _____

Use RDW to solve the following problems.

1. A cartoon lasts $\frac{1}{2}$ hour. A movie is 6 times as long as the cartoon. How many minutes does it take to watch both the cartoon and the movie?

2. A large bench is $7\frac{1}{6}$ feet long. It is 17 inches longer than a shorter bench. How many inches long is the shorter bench?

3. The first container holds 4 gallons 2 quarts of juice. The second container can hold $1\frac{3}{4}$ gallons more than the first container. Altogether, how much juice can the two containers hold?



Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



4. A girl's height is $3\frac{1}{3}$ feet. A giraffe's height is 3 times that of the girl's. How many inches taller is the giraffe than the girl?

5. Five ounces of pretzels are put into each bag. How many bags can be made from 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ pounds of pretzels?

- 6. Twenty servings of pancakes require 15 ounces of pancake mix.
 - a. How much pancake mix is needed for 120 servings?

b. Extension: The mix is bought in $2\frac{1}{2}$ pound bags. How many bags will be needed to make 120 servings?



Lesson 14:

Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



Name _____

Date _____

Use RDW to solve the following problem.

It took Gigi 1 hour and 20 minutes to complete a bicycle race. It took Johnny twice as long because he got a flat tire. How many minutes did it take Johnny to finish the race?



Lesson 14:

Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



Name

Date _____

Use RDW to solve the following problems.

1. Molly baked a pie for 1 hour and 45 minutes. Then, she baked banana bread for 35 minutes less than the pie. How many minutes did it take to bake the pie and the bread?

2. A slide on the playground is $12\frac{1}{2}$ feet long. It is 3 feet 7 inches longer than the small slide. How long is the small slide?

3. The fish tank holds 8 gallons 2 quarts of water. Jeffrey poured $1\frac{3}{4}$ gallons into the empty tank. How much more water does he still need to pour into the tank to fill it?



Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.



4. The candy shop puts 10 ounces of gummy bears in each box. How many boxes do they need to fill if there are $21\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of gummy bears?

- 5. Mom can make 10 brownies from a 12-ounce package.
 - a. How many ounces of brownie mix would be needed to make 50 brownies?

b. Extension: The brownie mix is also sold in $1\frac{1}{2}$ -pound bags. How many bags would be needed to make 120 brownies?



Solve multi-step word problems involving converting mixed number measurements to a single unit.

