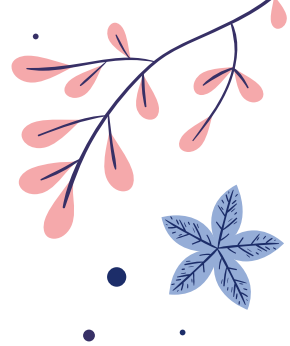




# March

Number Corner

# March



Day 1

Day 5

Day 9

Day 13

Day 17

Day 2

Day 6

Day 10

Day 14

Day 18

Day 3

Day 7

Day 11

Day 15

Day 19

Day 4

Day 8

Day 12

Day 16

Day 20

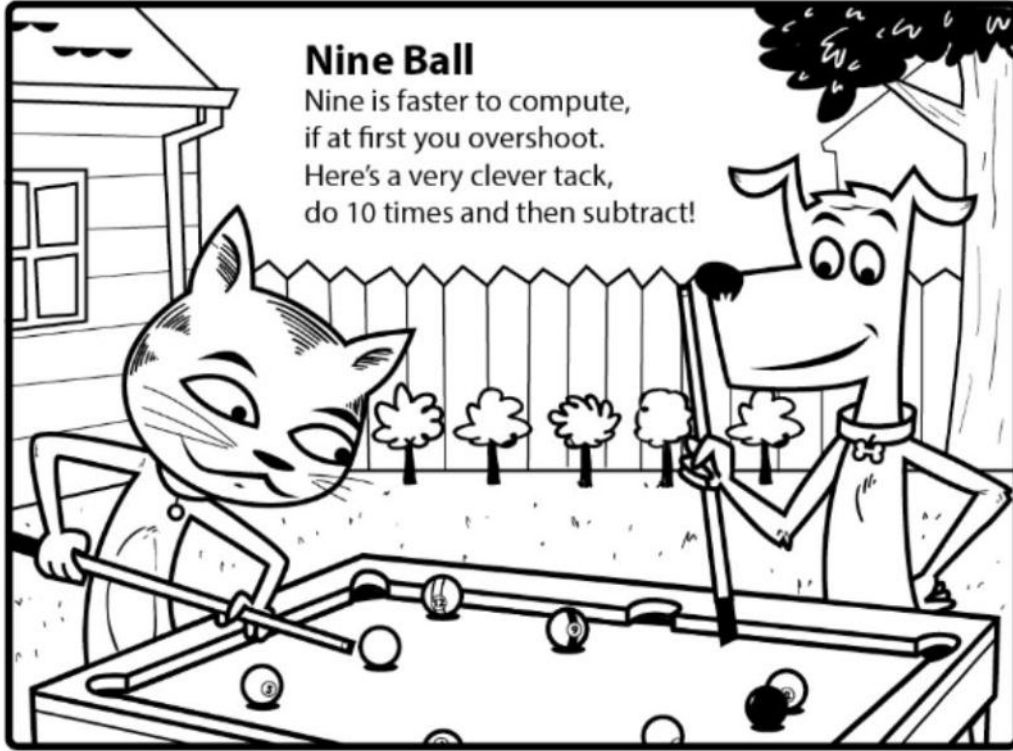


# Day 1

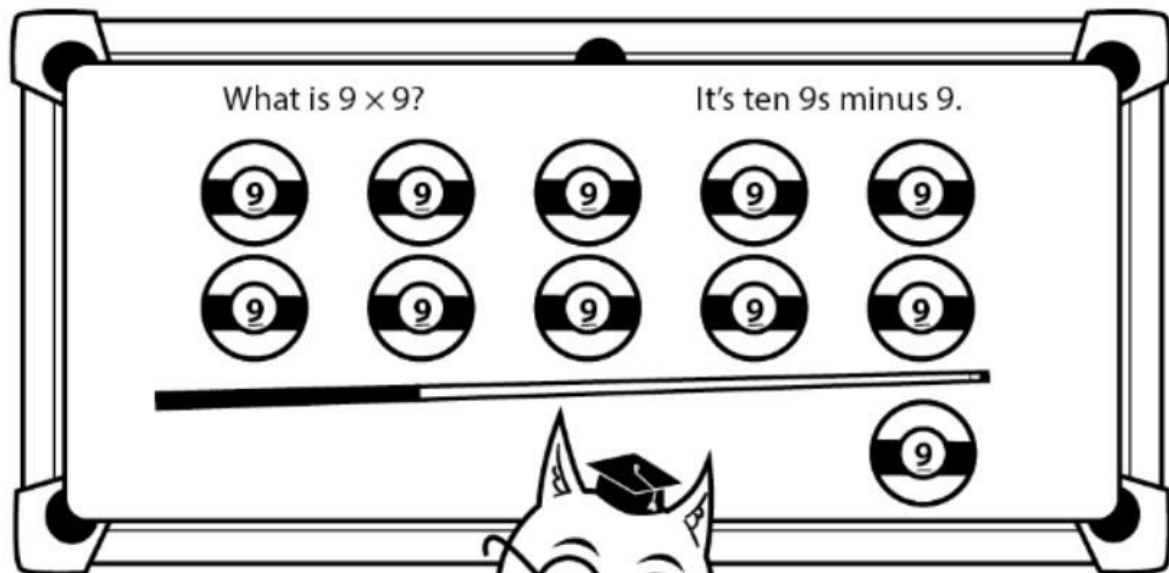
CFI: Multiples of 6 & 9



## Tens Minus One Set Facts



This month, we will work on facts with 6 and 9 as factors by using what we know about 5 and 10 facts.



**What is  $9 \times 7$ ?**

**It's ten 7s minus 7.**

$$\begin{aligned} 9 \times 7 &= (10 \times 7) - 7 \\ &= 70 - 7 \\ &= 63 \end{aligned}$$



**CHALLENGE!**

What is  $9 \times 12$ ?

What is  $9 \times 34$ ?

$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline + & - \\ \hline + & \times \\ \hline \end{array}$  **Multiplication Table**

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0×0 0	0×1 0	0×2 0	0×3 0	0×4 0	0×5 0	0×6 0	0×7 0	0×8 0	0×9 0	0×10 0
1	1×0 0	1×1 1	1×2 2	1×3 3	1×4 4	1×5 5	1×6 6	1×7 7	1×8 8	1×9 9	1×10 10
2	2×0 0	2×1 2	2×2 4	2×3 6	2×4 8	2×5 10	2×6 12	2×7 14	2×8 16	2×9 18	2×10 20
3	3×0 0	3×1 3	3×2 6	3×3 9	3×4 12	3×5 15	3×6 18	3×7 21	3×8 24	3×9 27	3×10 30
4	4×0 0	4×1 4	4×2 8	4×3 12	4×4 16	4×5 20	4×6 24	4×7 28	4×8 32	4×9 36	4×10 40
5	5×0 0	5×1 5	5×2 10	5×3 15	5×4 20	5×5 25	5×6 30	5×7 35	5×8 40	5×9 45	5×10 50
6	6×0 0	6×1 6	6×2 12	6×3 18	6×4 24	6×5 30	6×6 36	6×7 42	6×8 48	6×9 54	6×10 60
7	7×0 0	7×1 7	7×2 14	7×3 21	7×4 28	7×5 35	7×6 42	7×7 49	7×8 56	7×9 63	7×10 70
8	8×0 0	8×1 8	8×2 16	8×3 24	8×4 32	8×5 40	8×6 48	8×7 56	8×8 64	8×9 72	8×10 80
9	9×0 0	9×1 9	9×2 18	9×3 27	9×4 36	9×5 45	9×6 54	9×7 63	9×8 72	9×9 81	9×10 90
10	10×0 0	10×1 10	10×2 20	10×3 30	10×4 40	10×5 50	10×6 60	10×7 70	10×8 80	10×9 90	10×10 100

Turn to page 20 of your Number Corner book.  
Color the Tens Minus Ones facts in light purple.

-  Zero facts (× 0)
-  Ones facts (× 1)
-  Doubles facts (× 2)
-  Doubles Plus One Set facts (× 3)
-  Double-Doubles facts (× 4)
-  Half-Tens facts (× 5)
-  Half-Tens Plus One Set facts (× 6)
-  Double-Double-Doubles facts (× 8)
-  Tens Minus One Set facts (× 9)
-  Tens facts (× 10)

Work on  
page 45 in  
your  
Number  
Corner  
book.

- 1 Show your own example of the Tens Minus One Set strategy.
- 2 Do you have another good strategy for multiplying by 9? If so, show an example.

- 3 Multiply each number in the grid by 9. Write each answer in the box. The first one is done for you.

5 45	7	3	1	11	8	12	6	2
10	8	11	0	9	5	0	12	4

- 4 Use the Tens Minus One Set strategy, or your own strategy, to solve these combinations.

$$9 \times 15 = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 9 \times 25 = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 9 \times 30 = \underline{\quad\quad} \quad 9 \times 50 = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- 5 Write and solve your own Tens Minus One Set combination with a larger number.
- 6 Use what you know about multiplying by 9 to solve these division problems.

$$18 \div 9 = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

$$27 \div 9 = \underline{\quad\quad}$$

$$9 \overline{)45}$$

$$9 \overline{)54}$$

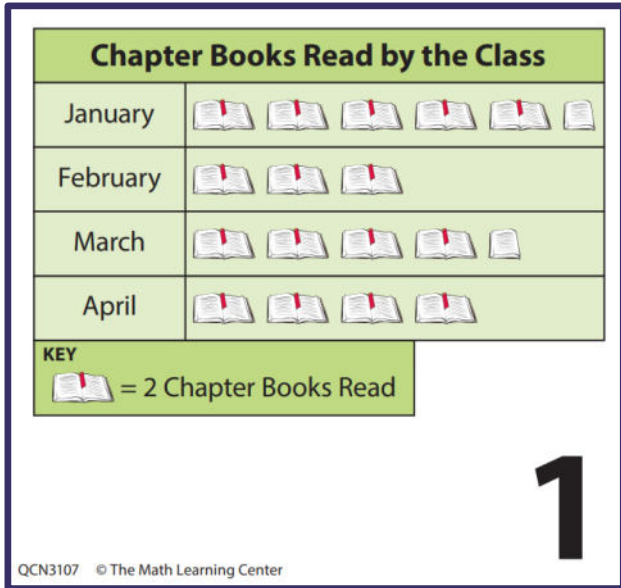
A decorative calendar page with a red header and a white body. The page is surrounded by stylized leaves in blue, red, and dark blue. The text "Day 2" is written in a large, dark blue, rounded font. Below it, the text "CGI: Introducing the March Calendar Grid" is written in a smaller, red, rounded font. The background features soft, wavy shapes in light pink and light blue.

# Day 2

CGI: Introducing the March  
Calendar Grid

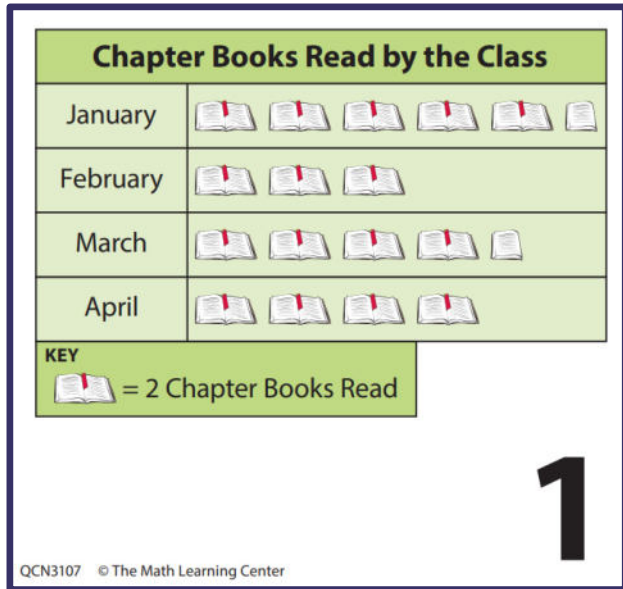


# What do you notice?



This is a picture graph.  
Pictures/Symbols  
are used to  
represent data.  
What does the  
key show us?

# Interpret the Data



- How many books did the class read in March? What does the half book represent?
- In which month did the class read the most books?
- In which month did the class read the fewest books?
- How many more books did they read in January than in February?

# What do you notice?

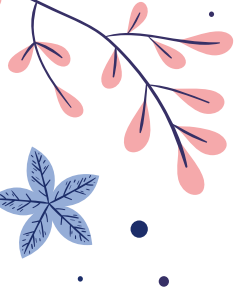
Number of Games Rented	
September	1
October	
November	
December	111

2

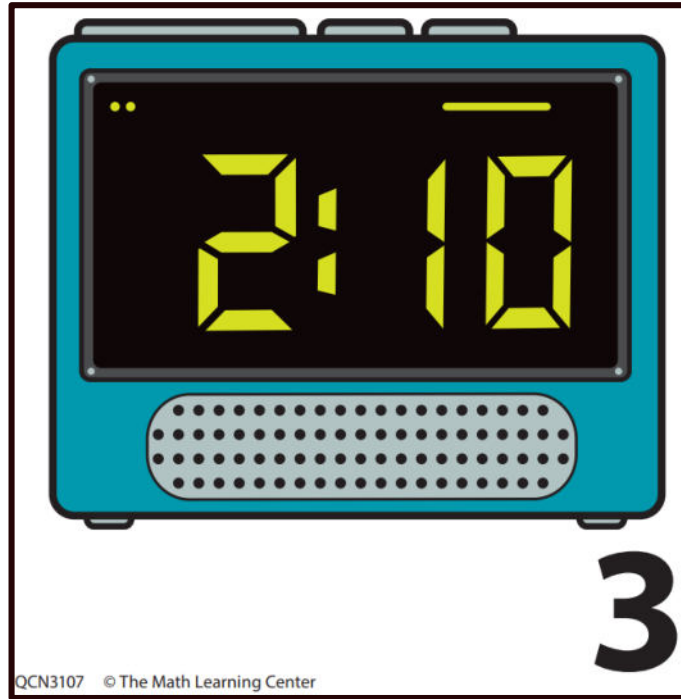
QCN3107 © The Math Learning Center

This is a tally chart.

- In which month did the most games get rented?
- Which month had the fewest game rentals?



What do you think this month's theme will be?





# Day 3

CCI: Introducing Square  
Feet



What is a square foot?

A 12" ruler is one foot.

A square foot is a square which  
has sides that are 12" long.

Look at my example of a square  
foot!



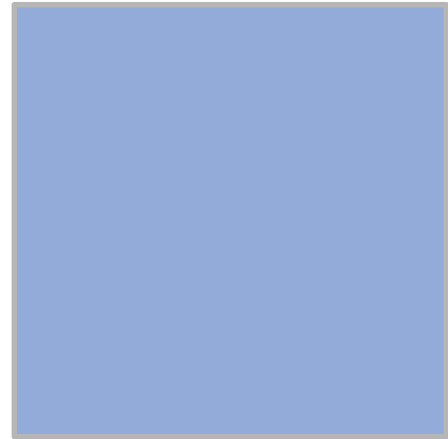
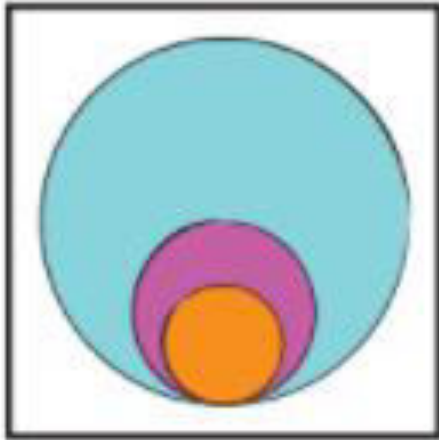
# Calendar Collector

This month we will collect area and perimeter using square feet.



How might you find the area of our large class grid paper?

Each day, we will collect one square foot.  
Today you will decorate your  
square foot (keep it school-  
appropriate!).







# Day 4

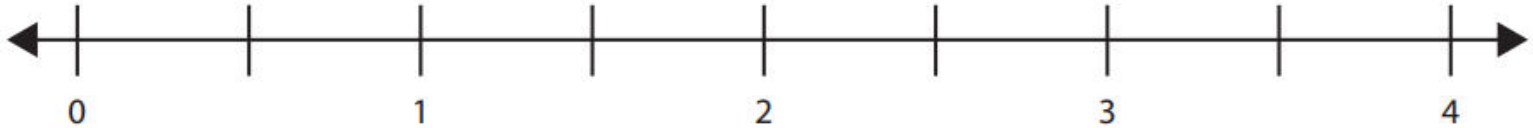
NLI: Playing Find the  
Fraction

# Fraction Number Lines

Turn to page 48 in your  
Number Corner book.



Find the Fraction Number Line 1



How can we label halves on this number line?



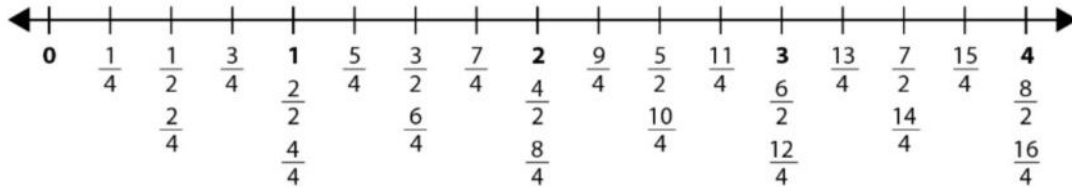


How can we label fourths on this number line?

# Find the Fraction!

1. Read the clue given to you.
2. Circle the fraction that is the answer to the clue.
3. Check with a partner.
4. Share with the class!

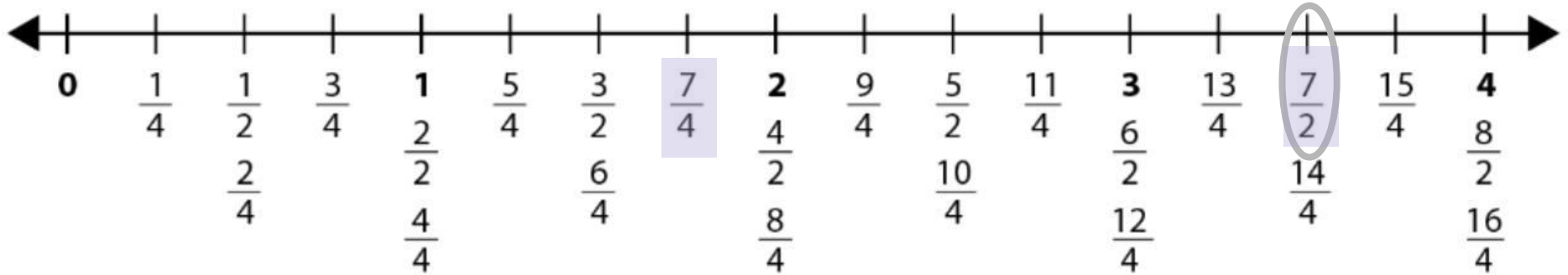
 Find the Fraction 1



Circle the fraction that is greater:  $\frac{7}{4}$  or  $\frac{7}{2}$ .



Find the Fraction 1

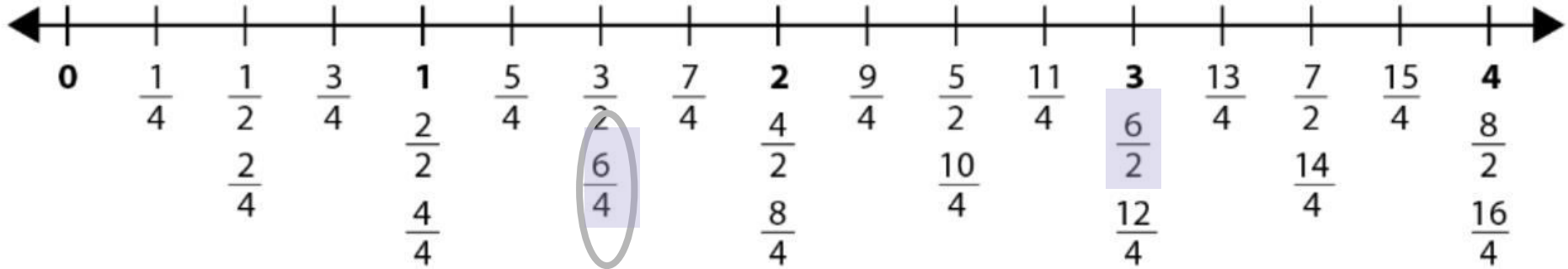


$$\frac{7}{4} < \frac{7}{2}$$

Circle the fraction that is less:  $\frac{6}{2}$  or  $\frac{6}{4}$ .



Find the Fraction 1

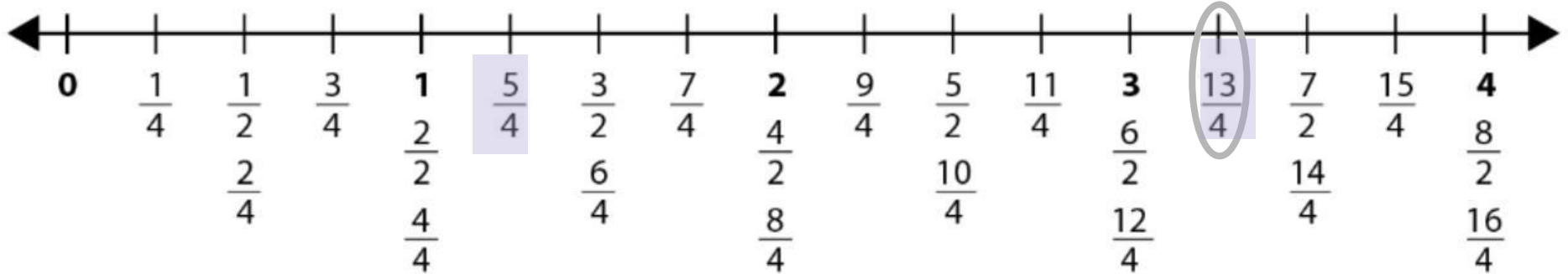


$$\frac{6}{2} > \frac{6}{4}$$

Circle the fraction that is greater:  $\frac{13}{4}$  or  $\frac{5}{4}$ .



Find the Fraction 1

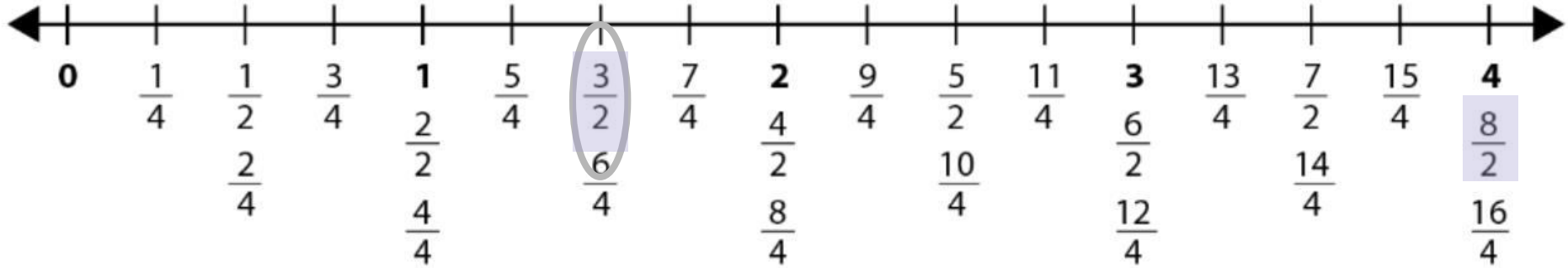


$$\frac{13}{4} > \frac{5}{4}$$

Circle the fraction that is less:  $\frac{3}{2}$  or  $\frac{8}{2}$ .



Find the Fraction 1



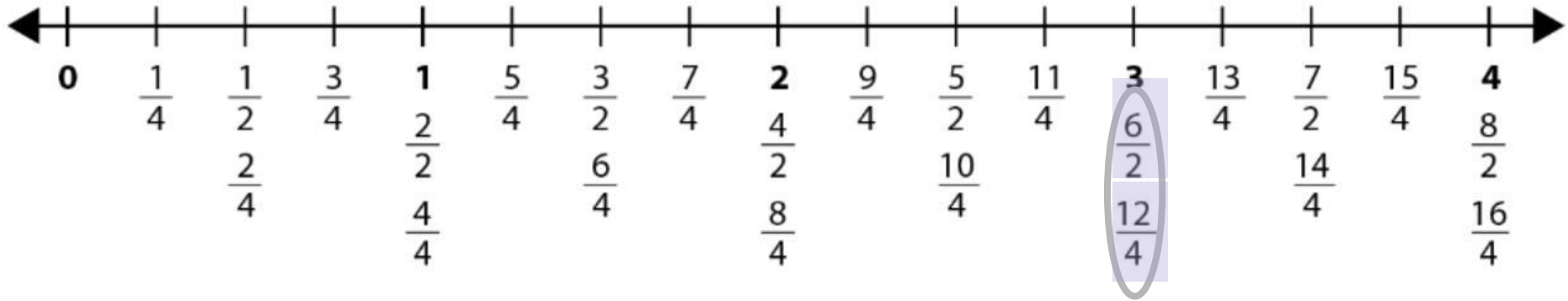
$$\frac{3}{2} < \frac{8}{2}$$



Circle the fraction that is equal to 3.



Find the Fraction 1



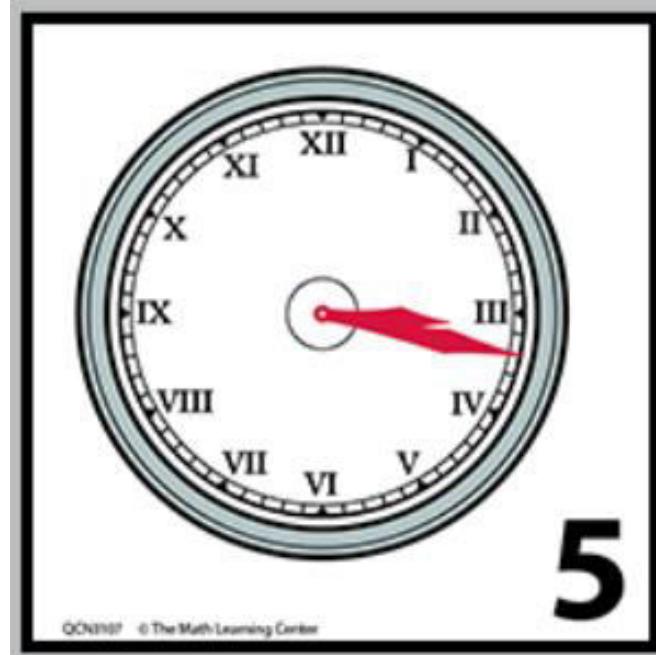
$$\frac{6}{2} = \frac{12}{4}$$



# Day 5

**CG2: Introducing the March  
Observations Chart**

# What time is it?










# Day 6

Cc2: Starting the Collection

# March Calendar Collector Activity

**VOCABULARY CARDS**  
EL SUPPORT LESSON PLAN: AREA ARRANGEMENTS

<p><b>area</b></p>  <p><math>A = 6 \times 4</math></p> <p>the amount of space inside a shape, surface, region, room, etc.</p>	<p><b>length</b></p>  <p>length</p> <p>a measurement of how long something is</p>																								
<p><b>perimeter</b></p>  <p><math>P = 2(6) + 2(4)</math></p> <p>the outside edge of an area or surface</p>	<p><b>square units</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="446 754 606 860"><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td></tr><tr><td>19</td><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td></tr></table> <p>24 square units</p> <p>the area of a square, each of whose sides measures 1 unit; it is used to measure area</p>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	2	3	4	5	6																				
7	8	9	10	11	12																				
13	14	15	16	17	18																				
19	20	21	22	23	24																				

Each day of school, a pair of helpers is going to update our collection of square feet. You're going to take one of the square feet out of the bag and tape it to the grid. Then you're going to make a shape built out of rectangles on the grid. You'll find the total area and total perimeter of the shape. Let's do it together to see how it works.

Let's work on updating our chart.

Collecting Square Feet Record Sheet			
Day	Equation for Total Area (sq. ft.)	Equation for Total Perimeter (ft.)	Observations



# Day 7

NLI: Finding the Fraction

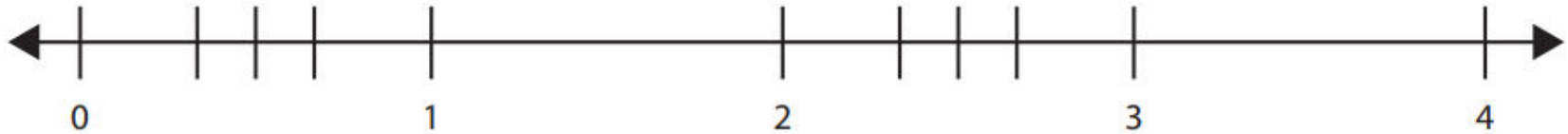


# Fraction Number Lines

Turn to page 49 in your  
Number Corner book.



Find the Fraction Number Line 2

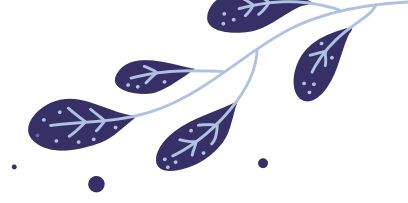


How can we label halves on this number line?

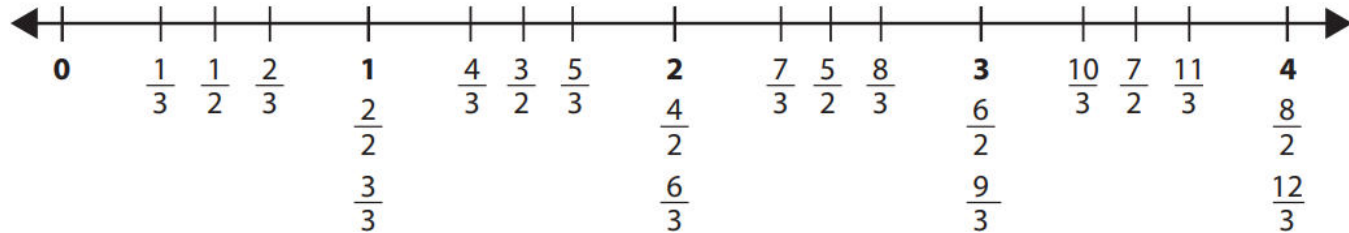
How can we label thirds on this number line?



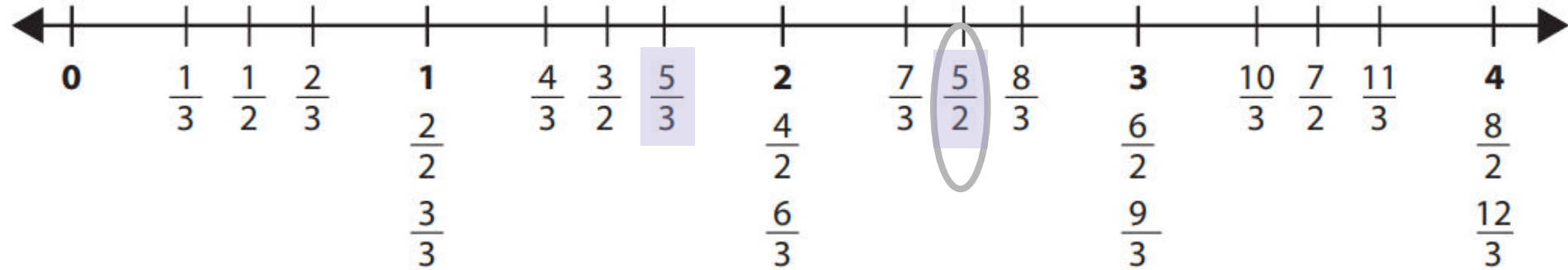
# Find the Fraction!



1. Read the clue given to you.
2. Circle the fraction that is the answer to the clue.
3. Check with a partner.
4. Share with the class!

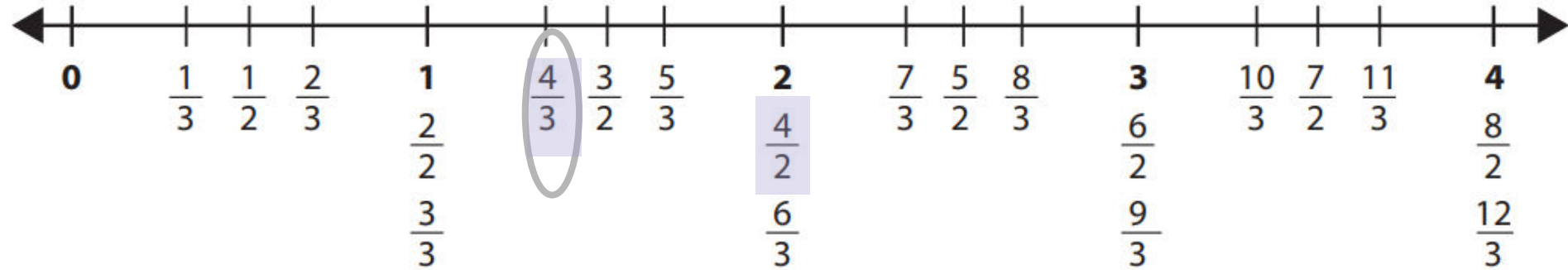


Circle the fraction that is greater:  $\frac{5}{3}$  or  $\frac{5}{2}$ .



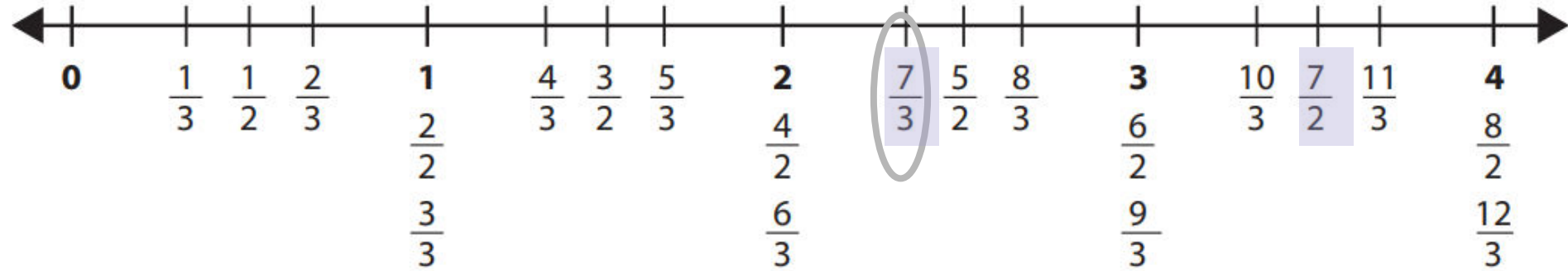
$$\frac{5}{3} < \frac{5}{2}$$

Circle the fraction that is less:  $\frac{4}{3}$  or  $\frac{4}{2}$ .



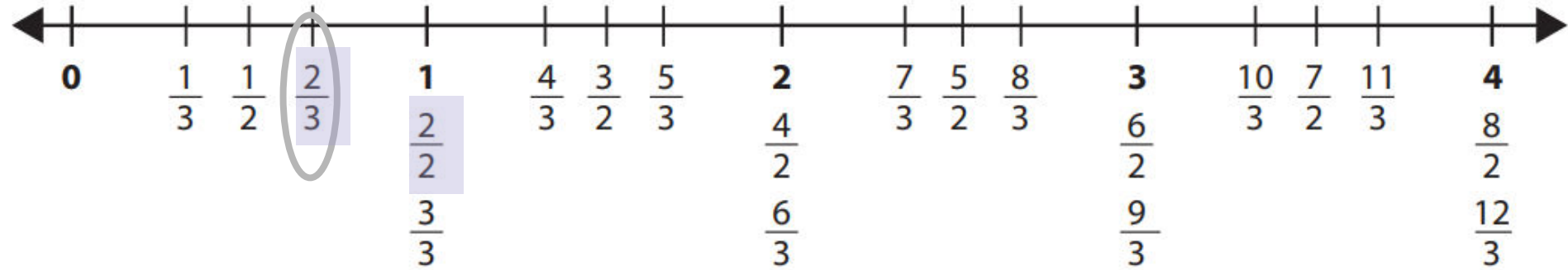
$$\frac{4}{3} < \frac{4}{2}$$

Circle the fraction that is less:  $\frac{7}{2}$  or  $\frac{7}{3}$ .



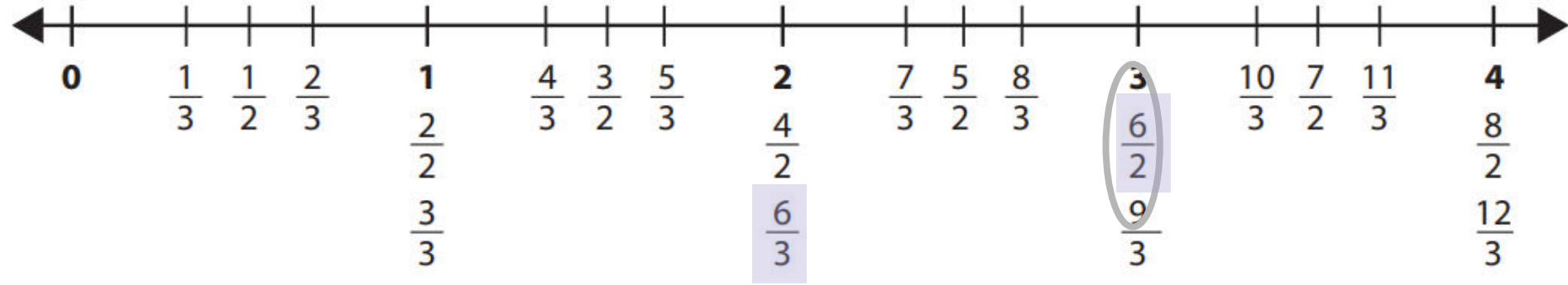
$$\frac{7}{2} > \frac{7}{3}$$

Circle the fraction that is less:  $\frac{2}{2}$  or  $\frac{2}{3}$ .



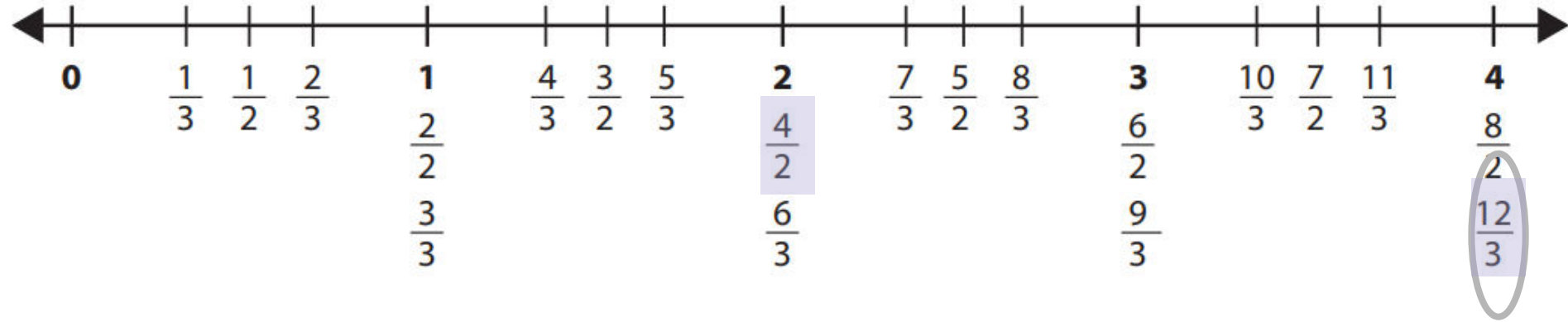
$$\frac{2}{2} < \frac{2}{3}$$

Circle the fraction that is equal to 3:  $6/2$  or  $6/3$ .



$$\frac{6}{2}$$

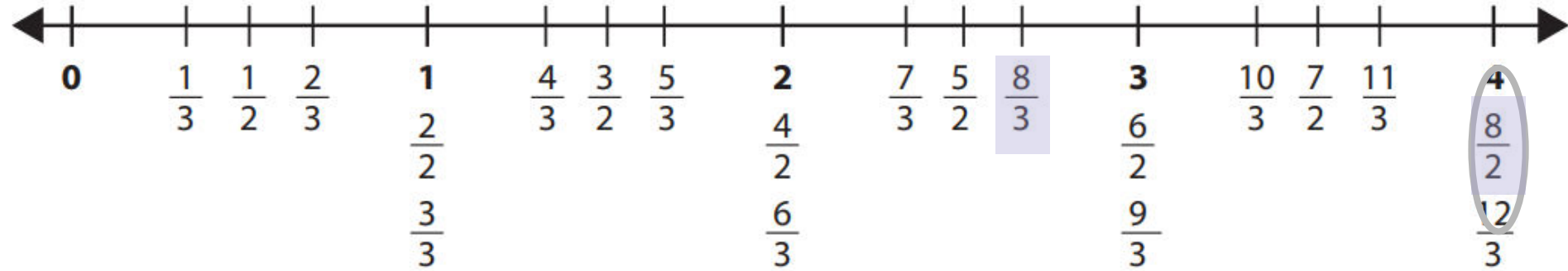
Circle the fraction that is equal to 4:  $\frac{4}{2}$  or  $\frac{12}{3}$ .



$$\frac{12}{3}$$



Circle the fraction that is greater:  $\frac{8}{3}$  or  $\frac{8}{2}$ .



$$\frac{8}{3} < \frac{8}{2}$$



# Day 8

CFI: Multiples of 6 & 9

## Tricks With Six Half-Tens Plus One Set

When multiplying by six  
Don't worry. You're not in a fix.  
Multiply by 10 and take half.  
Then add in one more  
And you're out the door.



What is  $6 \times 6$ ?

It's half of  $6 \times 10$  with another set added in.

Today we will work on  
our  $\times 6$  facts. They  
are known as the  
Half-Tens Plus One  
Set Facts.



$$60 \div 2 = 30$$

$$30 + 6$$

**What is  $6 \times 4$ ?**

$4 \times 10 = 40$ . Half of 40 is 20.

Add one more 4 and  
you're out the door.

$20 + 4 = 24$ !



**CHALLENGE!**

What is  $6 \times 15$ ?

What is  $6 \times 33$ ?

$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline + & - \\ \hline + & \times \\ \hline \end{array}$  **Multiplication Table**

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0×0 0	0×1 0	0×2 0	0×3 0	0×4 0	0×5 0	0×6 0	0×7 0	0×8 0	0×9 0	0×10 0
1	1×0 0	1×1 1	1×2 2	1×3 3	1×4 4	1×5 5	1×6 6	1×7 7	1×8 8	1×9 9	1×10 10
2	2×0 0	2×1 2	2×2 4	2×3 6	2×4 8	2×5 10	2×6 12	2×7 14	2×8 16	2×9 18	2×10 20
3	3×0 0	3×1 3	3×2 6	3×3 9	3×4 12	3×5 15	3×6 18	3×7 21	3×8 24	3×9 27	3×10 30
4	4×0 0	4×1 4	4×2 8	4×3 12	4×4 16	4×5 20	4×6 24	4×7 28	4×8 32	4×9 36	4×10 40
5	5×0 0	5×1 5	5×2 10	5×3 15	5×4 20	5×5 25	5×6 30	5×7 35	5×8 40	5×9 45	5×10 50
6	6×0 0	6×1 6	6×2 12	6×3 18	6×4 24	6×5 30	6×6 36	6×7 42	6×8 48	6×9 54	6×10 60
7	7×0 0	7×1 7	7×2 14	7×3 21	7×4 28	7×5 35	7×6 42	7×7 49	7×8 56	7×9 63	7×10 70
8	8×0 0	8×1 8	8×2 16	8×3 24	8×4 32	8×5 40	8×6 48	8×7 56	8×8 64	8×9 72	8×10 80
9	9×0 0	9×1 9	9×2 18	9×3 27	9×4 36	9×5 45	9×6 54	9×7 63	9×8 72	9×9 81	9×10 90
10	10×0 0	10×1 10	10×2 20	10×3 30	10×4 40	10×5 50	10×6 60	10×7 70	10×8 80	10×9 90	10×10 100

Turn to page 20 of your Number Corner book.

Color the Half-Tens Plus Ones facts in teal.

- Zero facts (× 0)
- Ones facts (× 1)
- Doubles facts (× 2)
- Doubles Plus One Set facts (× 3)
- Double-Doubles facts (× 4)
- Half-Tens facts (× 5)
- Half-Tens Plus One Set facts (× 6)
- Double-Double-Doubles facts (× 8)
- Tens Minus One Set facts (× 9)
- Tens facts (× 10)

Work on  
page 46 in  
your  
Number  
Corner  
book.

- 1 Show your own example of the Half-Tens Plus One Set strategy.
- 2 Do you have another good strategy for multiplying by 6? If so, show an example.

- 3 Multiply each number in the grid by 6. Write each answer in the box. The first one is done for you.

30 <sup>5</sup>	7	3	1	11	8	12	6	2
10	8	11	0	9	5	0	12	4

- 4 Use the Half-Tens Plus One Set strategy, or your own strategy, to solve these combinations.

$$6 \times 15 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad} \quad 6 \times 20 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad} \quad 6 \times 33 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad} \quad 6 \times 50 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 150 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- 5 Write and solve your own Half-Tens Plus One Set combination with a larger number.

- 6 Use what you know about multiplying by 9 to solve these division problems.

$$12 \div 6 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad}$$

$$24 \div 6 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad}$$

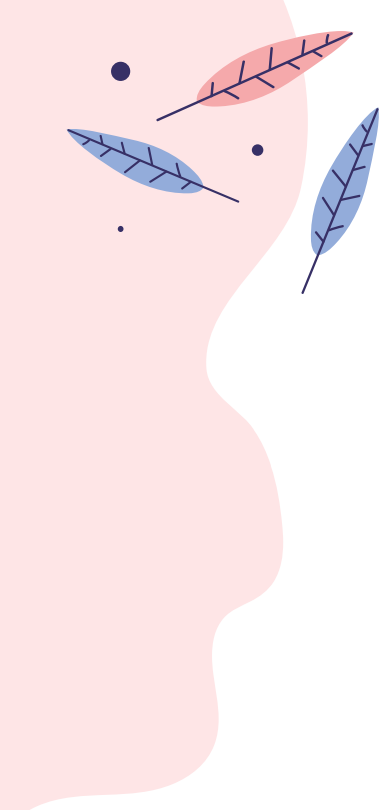
$$6 \overline{)30}$$

$$6 \overline{)18}$$

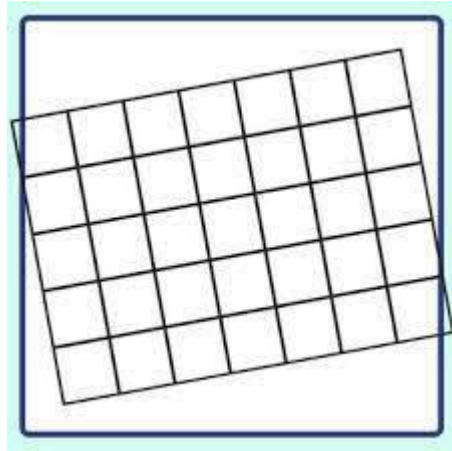


# Day 9


CC3: Examining the Collection  
& Individual Figures



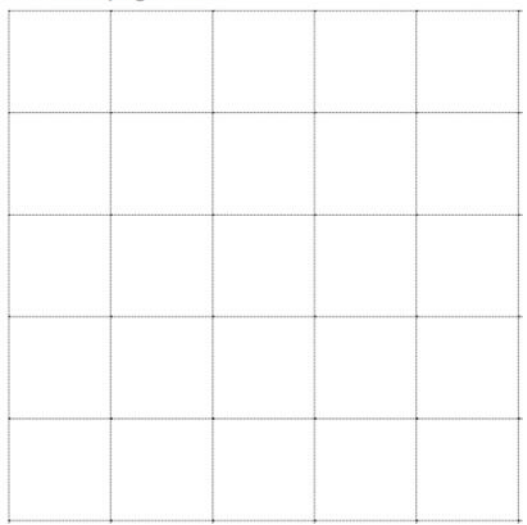
What do you notice about the area and perimeter? Are there any patterns?







Today, you will use square inch tiles and grid paper to recreate a design I describe. Turn to page 43 in your Student Book.

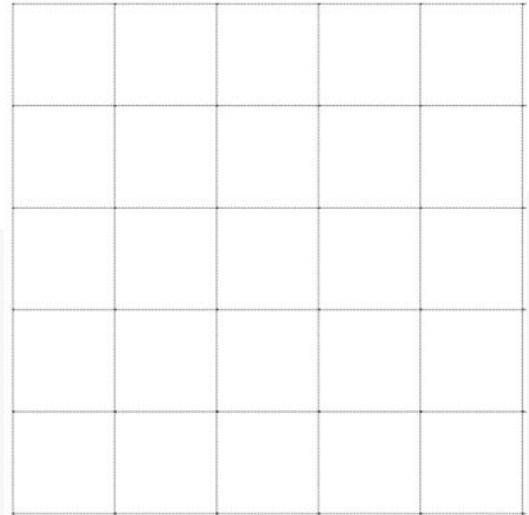


Grid page 1 of 2

Create a figure that is  
made up of a 3-by-2  
rectangle and a 2-by-2  
rectangle. The  
perimeter is 16 units.



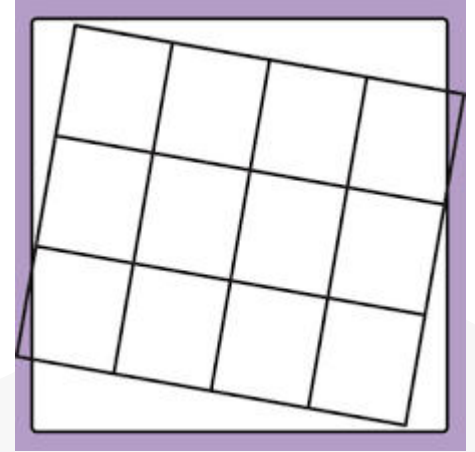
Grid page 1 of 2



Now use the same square inch tiles and create rectangles.

Are you able to make one or do you need to make more than one?

What is the area and perimeter of the rectangle(s)?





# Day 10

**CG3: Setting the Time on  
Analog Clocks**



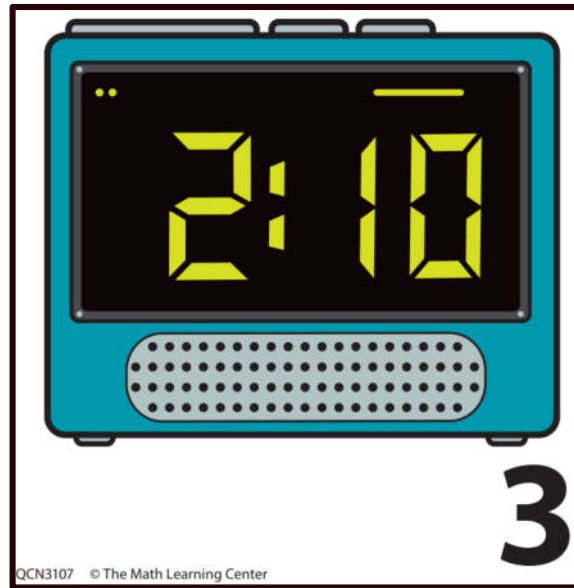
**What do you notice about our observations so far?**

**Do you have any questions about what we have observed?**



# What do you notice about the digital clock markers from this month?

Use your student clock to set the time on the digital clock.



Use your student  
clock to set the  
time on the  
digital clock.



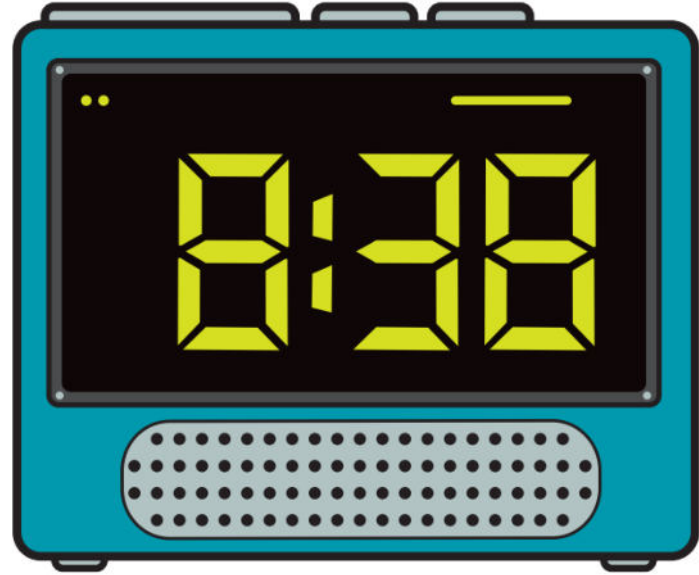
6

Use your student  
clock to set the  
time on the  
digital clock.





Use your student  
clock to set the  
time on the  
digital clock.



12



What time will it be in  
10 minutes?

12



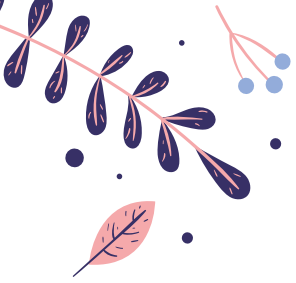
What time is it in real  
life right now?

How much time is left  
until lunch?



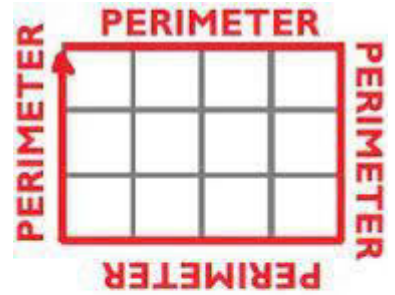
# Day 11

SPI: Solving Perimeter  
Puzzles



# Let's review!

**perimeter:** the distance in linear units around a two-dimensional (flat) figure; the perimeter of a circle is called the circumference

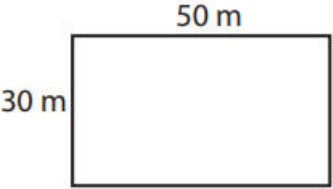


**area:** the total number of square units needed to cover a two-dimensional surface



# Perimeter Puzzles

- 1 Max walked around the edge of his yard. How far did he walk? What is the area of Max's yard? Don't forget to use the correct units.

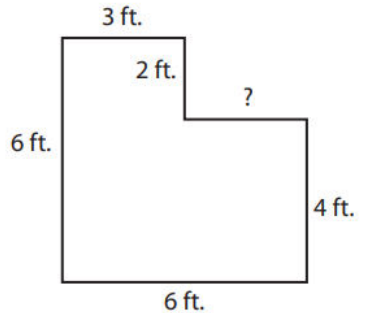
 <p>A rectangle representing a yard. The top side is labeled "50 m" and the left side is labeled "30 m".</p>	<p>Perimeter:</p>     <p>Area:</p>
---	---

How might you solve this puzzle?

Turn to page 51 and try it!

# Perimeter Puzzles

- 3 Claudia has an L-shaped tree fort. She knows the perimeter of the tree fort is 24 feet. She knows the lengths of 5 of the 6 sides. What is the length of the other side?

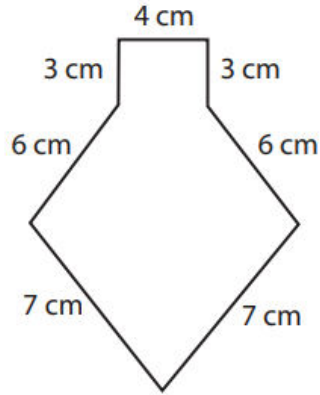
 <p>The diagram shows an L-shaped polygon. Starting from the top-left corner and moving clockwise, the sides are labeled: 3 ft., 2 ft., a vertical side with a question mark (?), 4 ft., 6 ft., and 6 ft.</p>	<p>Length of the mystery side:</p>
--	------------------------------------

How might you solve this puzzle?

Turn to page 51 and try it!

# Perimeter Puzzles

2 What is the perimeter of the shape below?



Perimeter:

Try the last puzzle and  
check with a partner!





# Day 12

NL2: Completing the  
Comparing Fractions Page

Today you will complete the "Comparing Fractions" page. Turn to page 50 of your Number Corner book.



### Comparing Fractions

- 1 Draw a colored bar from 0 to the point on the number line that shows the location for the fractions listed to the left of each number line.



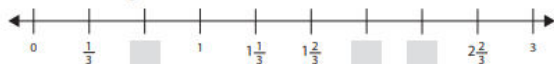
- 2 Write a  $>$ ,  $<$  or  $=$  to make each statement true. Use the number lines above to help.

$\frac{1}{2}$    $\frac{1}{3}$      $\frac{1}{4}$    $\frac{1}{3}$      $\frac{1}{4}$    $\frac{1}{2}$      $\frac{2}{4}$    $\frac{1}{2}$      $\frac{2}{3}$    $\frac{1}{3}$      $\frac{2}{3}$    $\frac{2}{4}$

- 3 Fill in the missing fractions or whole numbers on the number line.



- 4 Fill in the missing fractions or whole numbers on the number line.

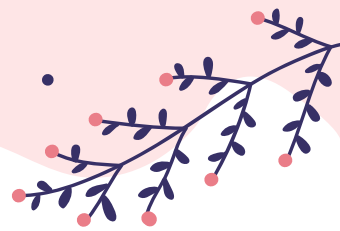
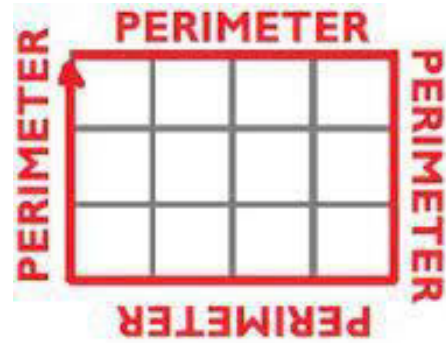




# Day 13

SP2: Same Perimeter,  
Different Area

Today's activity will involve perimeter and area challenges. We will create rectangles with the same perimeter but different area!





Dimensions	Area	Perimeter

What are all the possible rectangles?

Sergio is making a quilt. He has 16 meters of edging. What size quilts can Sergio make that have a perimeter of 16 meters? Draw and label two rectangular shapes that Sergio could use for his quilt. Show the area of each quilt.



What are all the possible sizes of the quilt?

Dimensions	Area	Perimeter







# Day 14

CF3: Scout Them Out



## Multiplication Table

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0×0 0	0×1 0	0×2 0	0×3 0	0×4 0	0×5 0	0×6 0	0×7 0	0×8 0	0×9 0	0×10 0
1	1×0 0	1×1 1	1×2 2	1×3 3	1×4 4	1×5 5	1×6 6	1×7 7	1×8 8	1×9 9	1×10 10
2	2×0 0	2×1 2	2×2 4	2×3 6	2×4 8	2×5 10	2×6 12	2×7 14	2×8 16	2×9 18	2×10 20
3	3×0 0	3×1 3	3×2 6	3×3 9	3×4 12	3×5 15	3×6 18	3×7 21	3×8 24	3×9 27	3×10 30
4	4×0 0	4×1 4	4×2 8	4×3 12	4×4 16	4×5 20	4×6 24	4×7 28	4×8 32	4×9 36	4×10 40
5	5×0 0	5×1 5	5×2 10	5×3 15	5×4 20	5×5 25	5×6 30	5×7 35	5×8 40	5×9 45	5×10 50
6	6×0 0	6×1 6	6×2 12	6×3 18	6×4 24	6×5 30	6×6 36	6×7 42	6×8 48	6×9 54	6×10 60
7	7×0 0	7×1 7	7×2 14	7×3 21	7×4 28	7×5 35	7×6 42	7×7 49	7×8 56	7×9 63	7×10 70
8	8×0 0	8×1 8	8×2 16	8×3 24	8×4 32	8×5 40	8×6 48	8×7 56	8×8 64	8×9 72	8×10 80
9	9×0 0	9×1 9	9×2 18	9×3 27	9×4 36	9×5 45	9×6 54	9×7 63	9×8 72	9×9 81	9×10 90
10	10×0 0	10×1 10	10×2 20	10×3 30	10×4 40	10×5 50	10×6 60	10×7 70	10×8 80	10×9 90	10×10 100

Turn to page  
20 of your  
Number  
Corner book.

- Zero facts ( $\times 0$ )
- Ones facts ( $\times 1$ )
- Doubles facts ( $\times 2$ )
- Doubles Plus One Set facts ( $\times 3$ )
- Double-Doubles facts ( $\times 4$ )
- Half-Tens facts ( $\times 5$ )
- Half-Tens Plus One Set facts ( $\times 6$ )
- Double-Double-Doubles facts ( $\times 8$ )
- Tens Minus One Set facts ( $\times 9$ )
- Tens facts ( $\times 10$ )

Turn to page 47 of  
your Number Corner  
book.

Take out red and blue  
crayons/markers.



 **Scout Them Out (6, 9)**

**Multiply by 9 & 6 Practice**

- 1 Circle all the Tens Minus One Set ( $\times 9$ ) in red. Then go back and do them.
- 2 Circle all the Half-Tens Plus One Set ( $\times 6$ ) in blue. Then go back and do them.

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

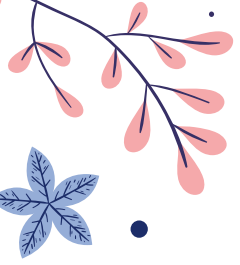
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$






$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



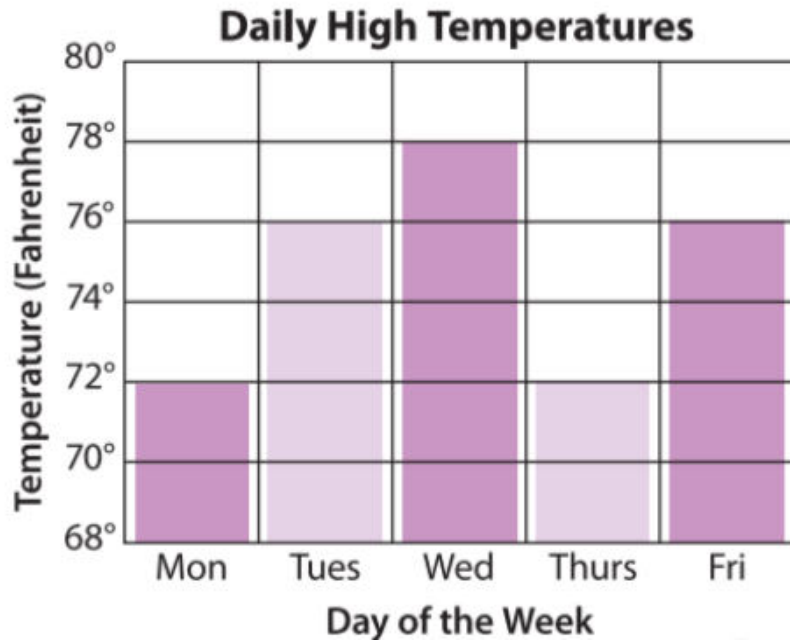
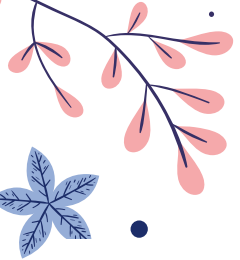
# Day 15

**CG3: Answering Data  
Questions**



Sunny Days This Summer	
June	
July	
August	
September	
KEY	 = 4 Sunny Days

- How many sunny days were in June?
- How many days does a half sun represent?
- How many more sunny days were there in August than September?

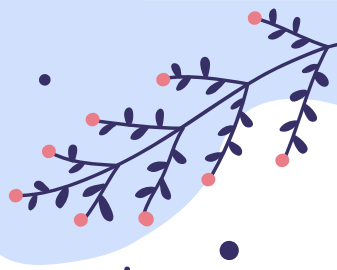


- Which day had the highest temperature?
- What was the highest temperature?
- Which day had the lowest temperature?
- What was the low temperature?
- What is the difference between the highest and lowest temperature?



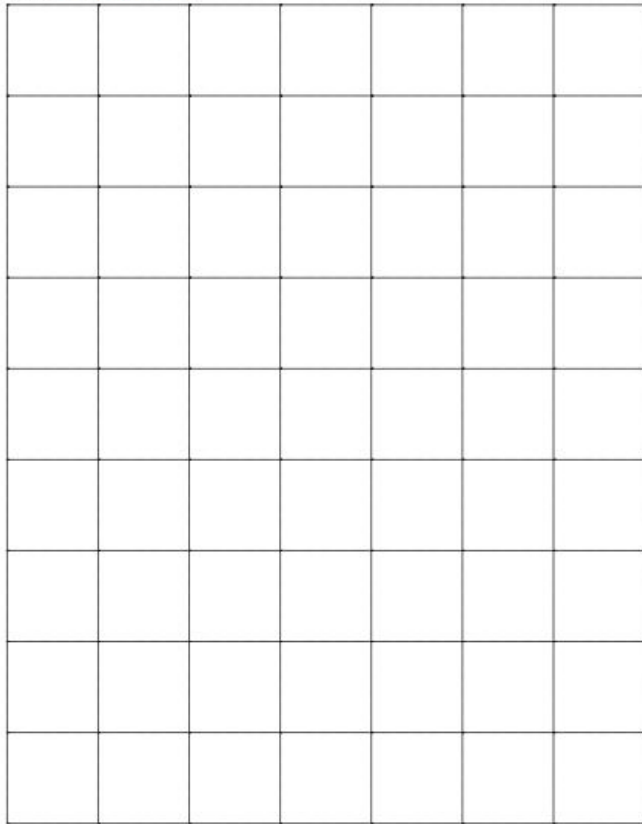
# Day 16

**CC3: Examining the Collection  
& Individual Figures**

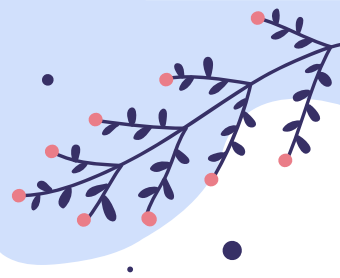


Take a look at our Calendar Collector chart, especially at the Area and Perimeter columns. What patterns do you notice?

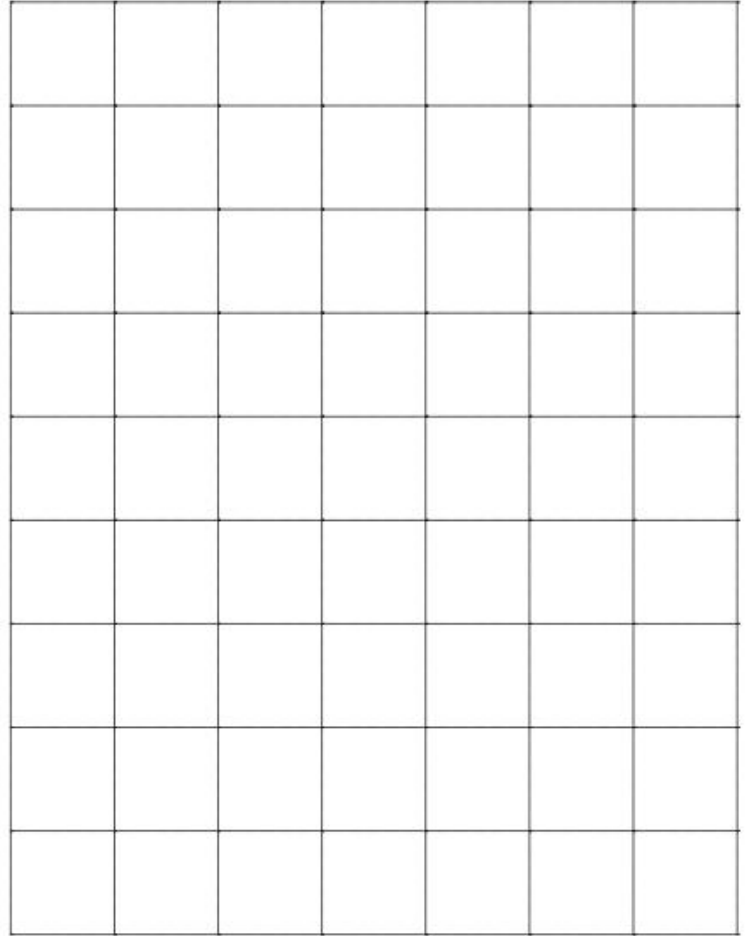




We will use square inch tiles and grid paper (Student Book page 43) to create rectilinear shapes a classmate has made earlier this month.



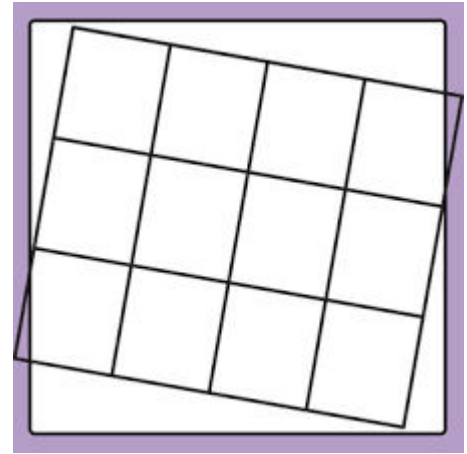
Listen to the clues I  
give about a figure  
and recreate it  
using your inch tiles  
and grid paper.



Now use the same square inch tiles and create rectangles.

Are you able to make one or do you need to make more than one?

What is the area and perimeter of the rectangle(s)?





# Day 17

Number Corner Checkup 3  
Part I



# Number Corner Checkup

Today you will start your Number Corner checkup.

A checkup helps your teacher know your progress with different skills. Try to answer all questions even if you don't fully understand.



# Number Corner Checkup

## Number Corner Checkup 3 page 1 of 6

1 Solve as many of these multiplication problems as you can in one minute.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2 Fill in the blanks:

a  $3 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$       b  $7 \times \underline{\quad} = 42$       c  $\underline{\quad} + 3 = 5$

d  $56 \div 8 = \underline{\quad}$       e  $36 \div \underline{\quad} = 9$       f  $\underline{\quad} \times 5 = 40$

3 Read each of these clock faces and write the time on the digital clock.



4 Draw the hour and minute hands on the clock faces to show the times on the digital clocks.



(continued on next page)

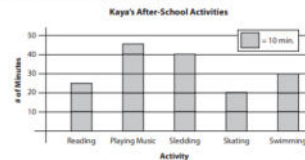
5 Kaya began sledding at 3:20. She stopped at 4:15.

a Use the number line to show how long Kaya spent sledding.



b How long did Kaya spend sledding?

6 Kaya made a graph of her after-school activities.



a How long did Kaya spend swimming?

b Did Kaya spend more time reading and playing music or sledding and skating? How much more time? Show your work.

You will have  
1 minute for  
#1. The rest  
will not be  
timed.

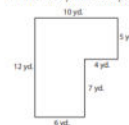
7 Lorenzo needs to determine the area of the rectangle below. How can Lorenzo use the smallest squares to determine the area? Explain using words, sketches, or numbers.



The rectangle has an area of  $\underline{\quad}$  square units.

8 Nico says that he can find the area of a rectangle by multiplying its length by its width. Do you agree with Nico? Why or why not? Include a labeled sketch in your explanation.

9 Cleo made a map of her back yard. Use her map to find the perimeter and the area of the back yard. Show your work. Label your answers with the correct units.

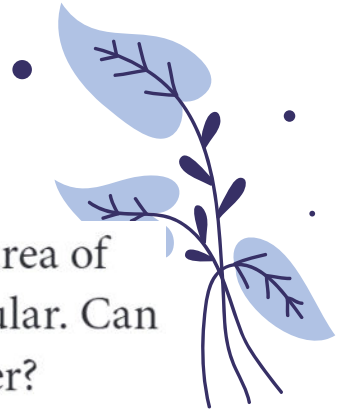


A decorative calendar page with a red header and a white body. The text "Day 18" is written in a large, dark blue, rounded font. Below it, "SP3: Area Story Problems" is written in a smaller, red, rounded font. The page is surrounded by stylized autumn leaves in shades of red, orange, and blue, and small black dots. The background features soft, wavy shapes in light pink and light blue.

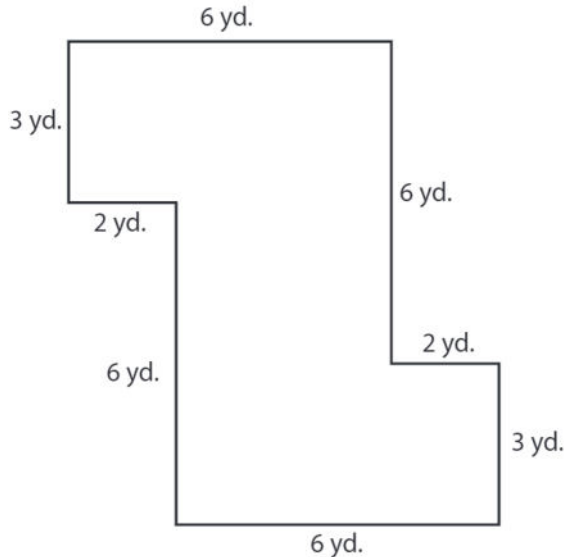
Day 18

SP3: Area Story Problems

# Today we will work on solving problems dealing with area.



Freddy swims at the community center each week. He wonders about the area of the pool. He thinks he cannot figure it out because the pool is not rectangular. Can you figure out the area of the swimming pool at Freddy's community center?



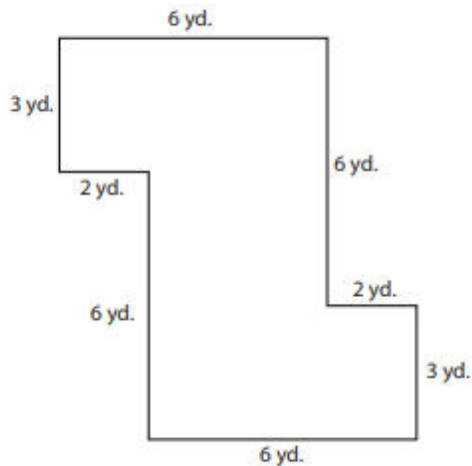
Freddy's pool is a rectilinear shape. What does that mean? How can we find the area?





## Freddy's Community Center

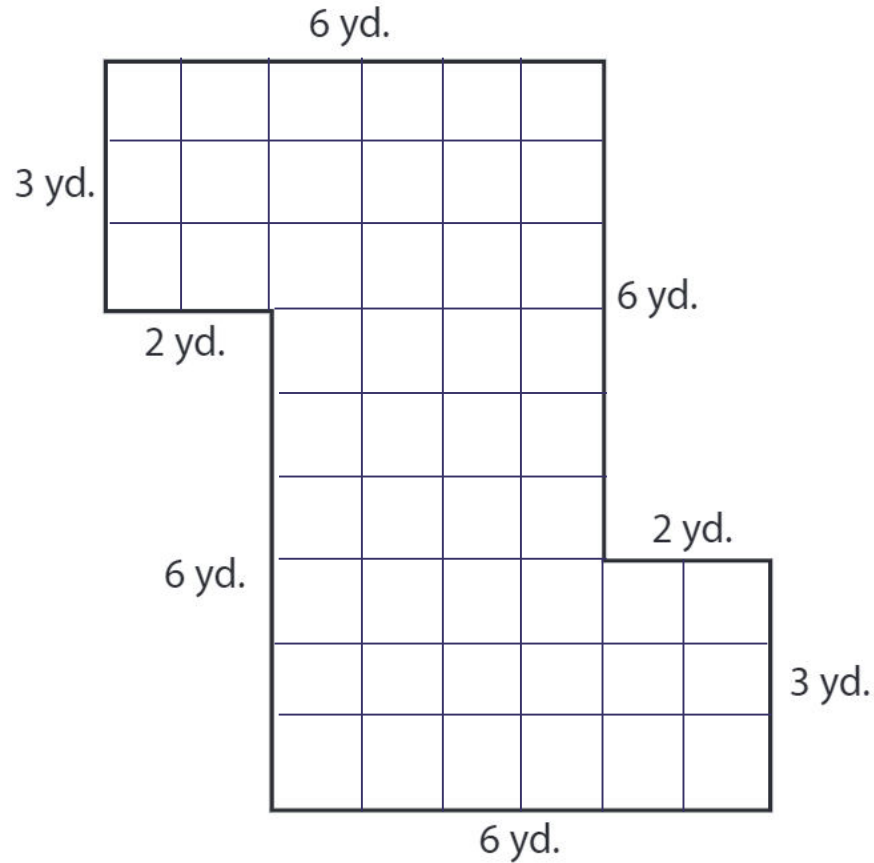
- 1 Freddy swims at the community center each week. He wonders about the area of the pool. He thinks he cannot figure it out because the pool is not rectangular. Can you figure out the area of the swimming pool at Freddy's community center?



- 2 Freddy's community center is building a new sandbox. They know they want the sandbox to be a rectangle with an area of 18 square feet but they are not sure what the perimeter should be. Draw two different rectangles with an area of 18 square feet. Show the perimeter of each one.

Turn to page 53 in your Number Corner book. Work with a partner on Problem 1 to find the area of the pool.

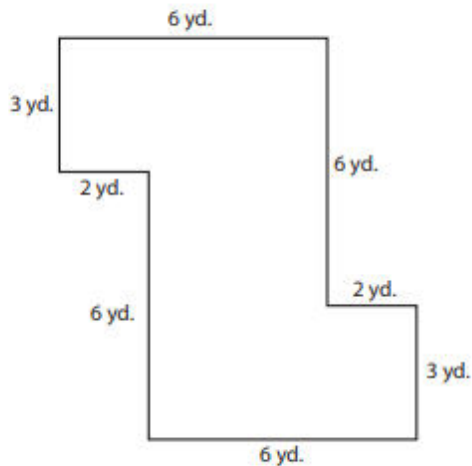
How can we find the area and perimeter of the pool?





## Freddy's Community Center

- 1 Freddy swims at the community center each week. He wonders about the area of the pool. He thinks he cannot figure it out because the pool is not rectangular. Can you figure out the area of the swimming pool at Freddy's community center?



- 2 Freddy's community center is building a new sandbox. They know they want the sandbox to be a rectangle with an area of 18 square feet but they are not sure what the perimeter should be. Draw two different rectangles with an area of 18 square feet. Show the perimeter of each one.

Now try Problem 2.  
Use square inch  
tiles to help if  
you'd like!

Dimensions	Area	Perimeter

What are all the possible rectangles?



# Day 19

Number Corner Checkup 3  
Part 2

# Number Corner Checkup

Today you will finish your Number Corner checkup.

Remember to try to answer all questions even if you don't fully understand. Raise your hand if you have a question during the checkup.

**YOU  
CAN  
DO IT**



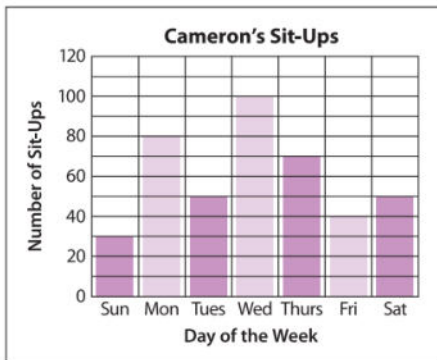
# Day 20

CG5: Data Story Problems



# Data Story Problems

## Data Story Problems



Today you will work on page 42 in your Number Corner books to show how you can interpret data.

Before you start working, let's think about what the graph shows and what each cell/block represents.

- 1 On what day did Cameron do the most sit-ups? How many sit-ups did he do that day?
- 2 On what day did Cameron do the fewest sit-ups? How many did he do that day?
- 3 What is the difference between the number of sit-ups he did on the two days above?
- 4 Did Cameron do more sit-ups on Monday and Friday combined, or on Sunday, Tuesday, and Saturday combined?

