Machine Trades

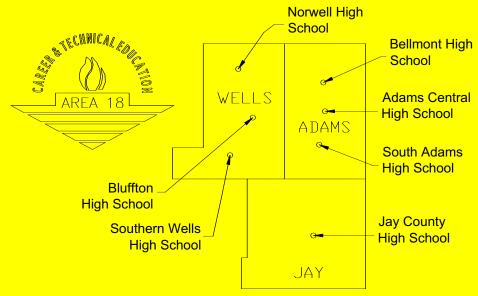
"If You Can Think It, We Can Make It!"

Machine Trades

- OPEN to ALL
- Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors

Adams Central, Bellmont, Bluffton, Jay, Norwell, South Adams, Southern Wells

AREA 18 CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION



SOUTH ADAMS MACHINE TRADES SOUTH ADAMS AUTO MECHANICS

SERVING ADAMS, JAY, AND WELLS COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL FRESHMAN, SOPHOMORES, JUNIORS, AND SENIORS

South Adams / Area 18 Machine Trades

- The class will give students the technical knowledge and hands-on project oriented experience to allow graduates to enter directly into an entry level position in the Machining, Mold Making, and Tool and Die industries.
- In addition to covering ALL aspects of the Machine Trades, an introduction to Welding, Solid Edge (Drafting), Engineering, Product assembly, and Technology research will also be covered.

Manufacturing / Machining is EVERYWHERE!

•Think of everything you have used today in your life, from your toothbrush to the car/bus that brought you here today; SOMEBODY, a Machinist, had to make the item directly or they made the mold and/or die that produces that item.

South Adams / Area 18 Machine Trades Is it for YOU??

- Do you like working with your hands?
- Do you enjoy creating interesting projects beginning only with an idea?
- Do you want to be part of one of the most technologically advanced, diversified, highest paid, secure, challenging, and most respected of all of the skilled trades?
- Would you like to work in a temperature controlled, clean, and highly organized workplace while still having the advantage of moving around?

Beginning Machine Trades Drill Gage

The Drill Gage applies classroom knowledge of shop safety, print reading, layout, basic hand tools, band saws, drill presses, and semi-precision measurement, just to name a few, to complete a quality project that anyone can use to sharpen drill bits.



Beginning Machine Trades C-Clamp

The C-clamp allows the class to advance into the the set-up and operation of precision machine tools including lathes, milling machines, and surface grinders. Heat-treating (hardening) is also introduced.



Beginning Class Projects Brass Hammer

The Brass Hammer introduces more complex set-ups and operations on the lathe and mill, plus the use of a polisher to add a high luster to the very useful and/or decorative tool is used.



Beginning Machine Trades Precision Vise

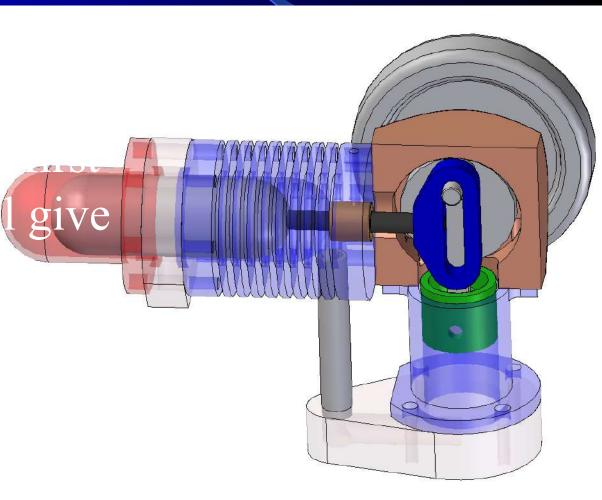
The Precision Vise, while many of the basic operations of the lathe, mill, and surface grinder are still needed, the tighter tolerances give this very precise tool a challenging twist.



Beginning Class Projects Stirling Engine

Stirling Engine:

Skills and know learned during production of the three projects will give students the conf to manufacture assemble their ver working engi-



Advanced Machine Trades Project Theory

- All of the projects completed in the Advanced class are completely designed, engineered, and machined by the class in a team environment.
- Students must work together to complete a complex assembly (example: internal combustion engine).
- Each year the project begins with a blank sheet of paper and ends up with a working assembled project when completed.

'00-'01 Advanced Machine Trades Engine Project



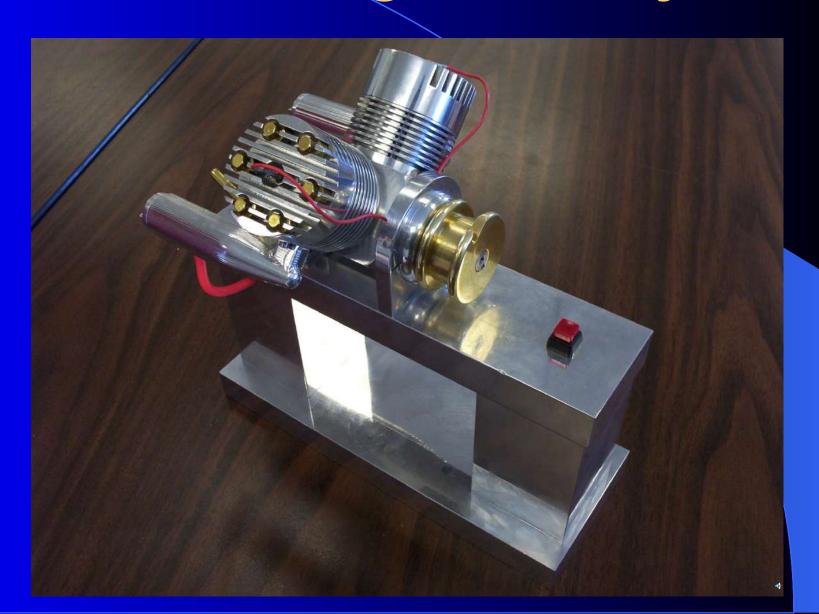
'00-'01 Advanced Machine Trades Engine Project



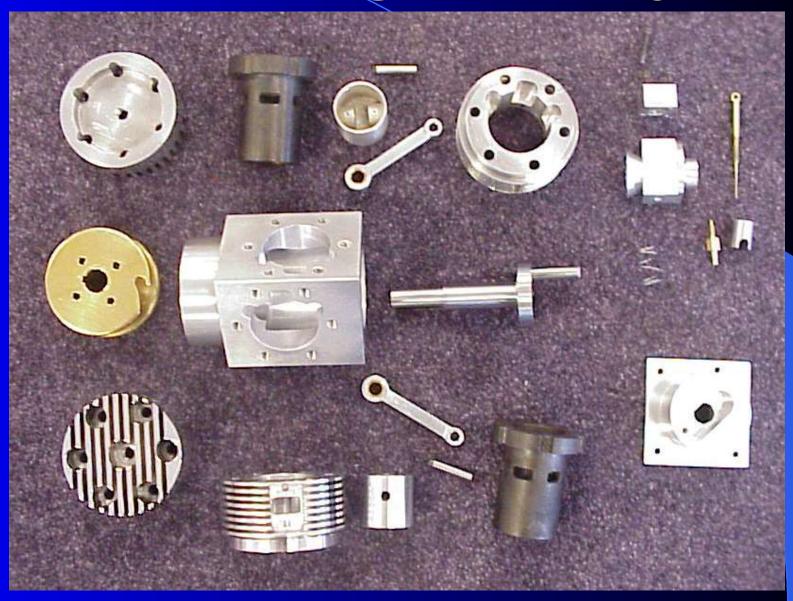
'01-'02 Advanced Machine Trades Truck Project



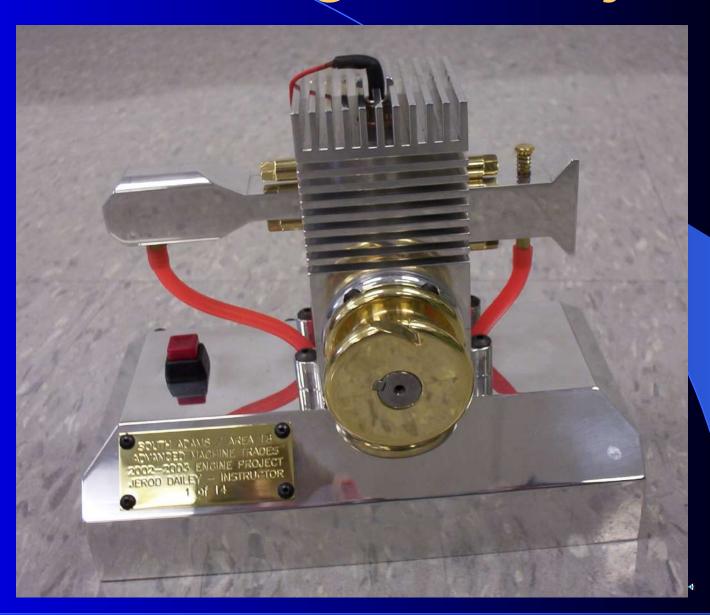
'01-'02 Engine Project



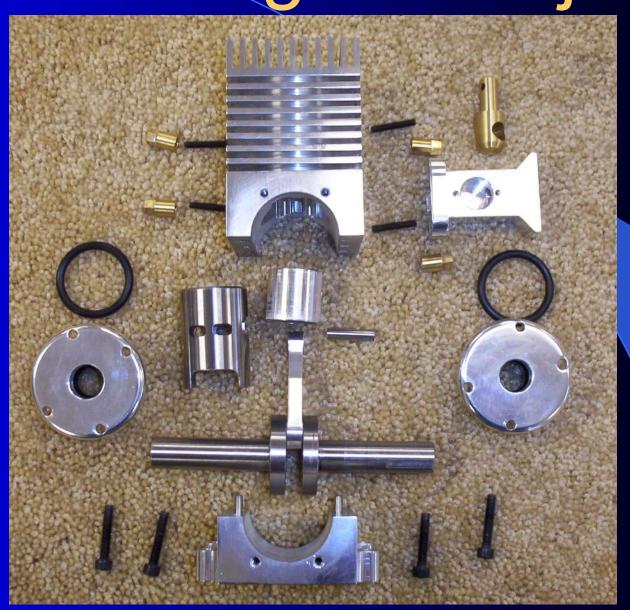
'01-'02 Engine Project



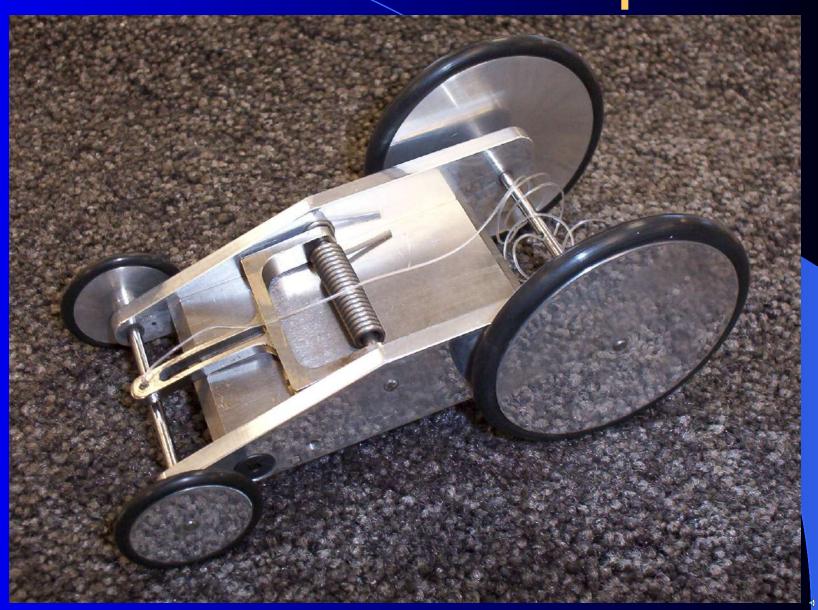
'02-'03 Engine Project



'02-'03 Engine Project



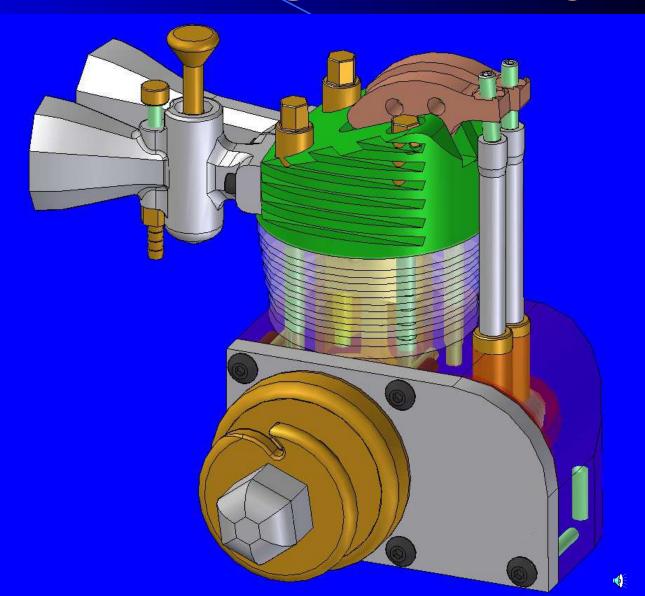
'03-'04 Mouse Trap Cars



'03-'04 Engine Project



'04-'05 Engine Project



Vertical Milling Machines

Use: Machine Flat, Square, or Round Work Pieces Locate, Drill, Bore, Ream, or Thread Holes



Engine Lathes

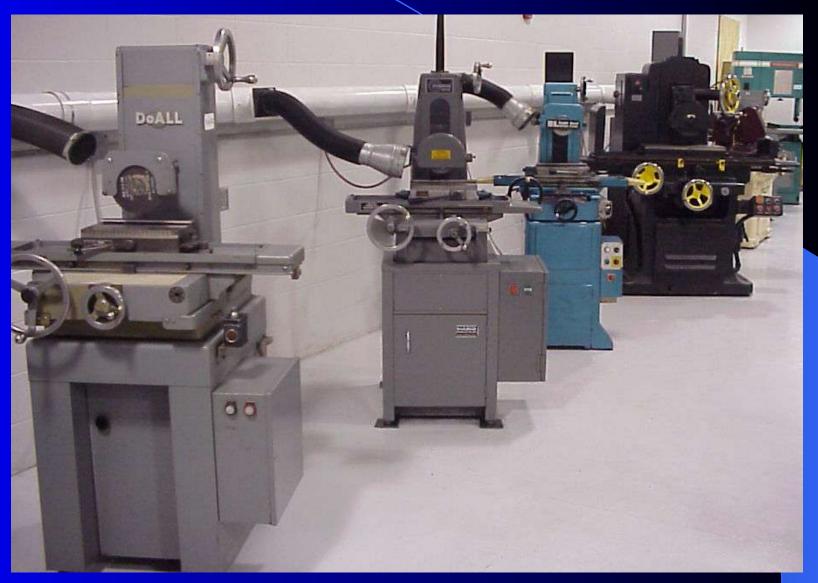
Use: Machine Round Parts;

Turn Outside Diameters; Tapers, Grooves, Threads, Knurls
Turn Internal Diameters; Drill, Bore, Ream, Thread, Taper, Grove



Precision Grinders

Use: Machine precise, flat, smooth surfaces, commonly holding tolerances to within 1/30th of a human hair



Computer Numerical Control (CNC) Milling Machines

Use: Once Programmed and Set-up a Computer Controlled Machine Will Complete Precise and Complex Parts Unattended





Electrical Discharge Machining

Use: Machines Otherwise Impossible Features by Harnessing the Power of Lightening, Which "Burns" Away the Conductive Work Piece



College Dual Credit

Each machine trades student earning "B" average or better during the entire year can earn college credit that will get them on their way towards a manufacturing degree.

Skills USA / VICA

For the past 10 years South Adams / Area 18 Auto Mechanics and Machine Trades has consistently sent students to the Indiana State Skills USA / VICA contest to compete against the best high school machinist in Indiana.

Machine Trades

"If You Can Think It, We Can Make It!"

The following is courtesy of Charmilles Technologies Corp. A leader in Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) with the intent to promote Manufacturing Education

A Career In Toolmaking or Machining Technologies: The Right Choice for Students, Community and Country

For more information on promoting careers in manufacturing or on EDM's for schools and colleges, contact:

Charmilles Technologies Corporation

560 Bond Street

Lincolnshire, IL 60069-4224

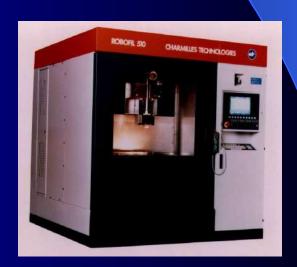
FAX: 847/913-5342

PHONE: 847/913-5300

LuAnn Twite, Schools & Centers Coordinator, 847/955-7170

Harry C. Moser, President, 847/955-7102

July 2004 Edition



Telecommunications





Aerospace





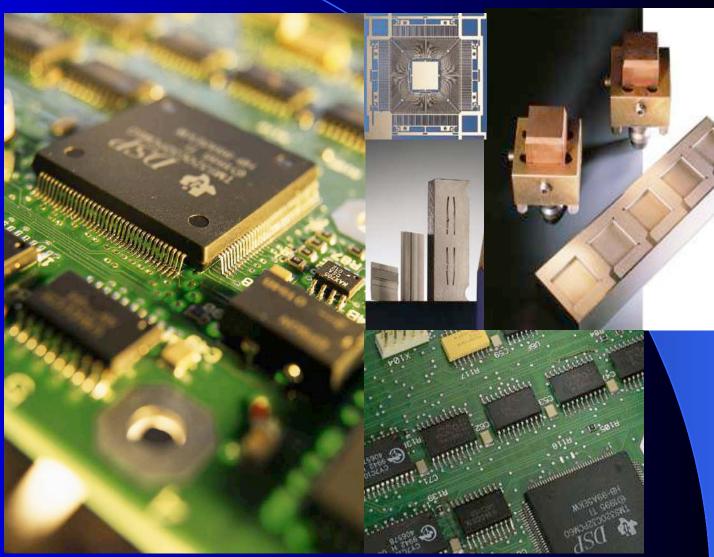






Electronics





AUTOMATION



BRENNER TOOL, PA

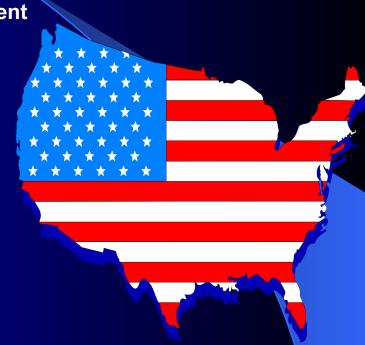
- •(2) Roboform 55's and Workmaster Robot
- •Product 13,000 General Electric Parts in 12 Months
- •Machining Time Per Part: 60 Min.
- •(3) Racks for Pieces, (1) Rotary Magazine for Electrodes

Importance to the Country

Manufacturing Supplies 47% of non-farm employment

- 16% Direct Manufacturing Jobs
- 31% Secondary Jobs Generated by Manufacturing
- •A Manufacturing Job creates three to five times more Secondary Jobs than does a Service Job.
- World Class Production Requires and Follows World Class Tooling.

Source: Employment Multipliers in the U.S.
Economy by Dean Baker and Thea Lee (Working Paper
No. 107, March, 1993. Economic Policy Institute with
Support from Crafted with Pride in the U.S.A. Council, Inc.)



Quote - Peter Drucker, Business Guru

"THE ONLY COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGE OF THE DEVELOPED COUNTRIES IS IN THE SUPPLY OF KNOWLEDGE WORKERS"

Technology Requires Skill

REQUIREMENTS FOR BEING WORLD COMPETITIVE:

- QUALITY
- COST
- DELIVERY

NECESSARY CONDITIONS:

- SKILLED LABOR
- TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENT

PROBLEMS:

- VERY SHORT SUPPLY
- 40% OF COMPANIES CAN
 NOT MODERNIZE EQUIPMENT
 BECAUSE WORKERS LACK THE
 SKILLS
- INEFFECTIVE SKILLS AMONG EMPLOYEES HAVE PREVENTED ONE IN FIVE MANUFACTURERS FROM EXPANDING.*

CONCLUSION: A COMPETITIVE U.S. ECONOMY REQUIRES MORE SKILLED MANUFACTURING TRADESPEOPLE.

SOURCE: Competitiveness Policy Council

*SOURCE: National Association of Manufacturers

Should We Train Service Providers or Toolmakers?



Trainee	Work	Impact on
	Importable/Exportable?	Employment
Beautician or Carpenter	No	U.S. Jack vs. U.S. Jill
Toolmaker	Yes	U.S. vs. Hong Kong



CONCLUSION: Our training resources should be directed to the kinds of work that are both highly paid and subject to import competition.

Importance of Machining to the Community



- Clean
- High Income
- Stable Jobs55 Hrs/Week in Boom Times40 Hrs/Week in Recessions
- Small-Medium Size
 Privately & Locally owned, stable
 Companies dependent on Local, Skilled
 Labor
- Local Youth Stay in the Community
- Spin-off Companies, e.g., from Talon Industries, have made Meadville, PA a center for Toolmaking

Importance of Machining to the Individual

Occupational Income: High (\$40,000 - \$60,000/yr)



- Job Security: High
- Mobility: Jobs Everywhere
- Entrepreneurial Opportunities: Excellent
- Computer Content: High
- Job Satisfaction: High
- Relation of Job to Education: High

Attitudes/Expectations of College Freshmen

WORK RELATED LIFE GOALS RATED VERY IMPORTANT OR ESSENTIAL

MenWomen

Be very well-off financially77.2%* 71.9%*

Become an authority in my field62.5%60.0%

Obtain recognition from colleagues 53.0% 53.0%

Be successful in my own business 45.0%* 35.3%*

Have administrative responsibility39.8%35.6%

Make a theoretical contribution

to science21.5%16.0%

Write original works14.4%13.9%

Create artistic work12.9%15.9%

*items to promote



Conclusion: Tooling and machining fit well with U.S. Youths' expectations.

Source: "The American Freshman: National Norms for Fall 2000." Higher Education Research Association, UCLA

CAREER OPPORTUNITIES IN TOOLING & MACHINING

Did You Know?

- Entry level toolmakers can average \$35,000 a year during a four-year training program.
- Experienced precision metalworkers' earnings range from \$40,000 to \$75,000 annually.
- The U.S. Government projects 3 job openings for every new certified precision metalworker.
- Precision machining provides a practical basis for an engineering or business degree.
- The gloomy rooms and greasy machines of the past are replaced with computers and high technology.
- Many toolmakers eventually own their own shops. The typical shop brings in sales of \$2 million per year and was founded by a 35year old precision machinist.

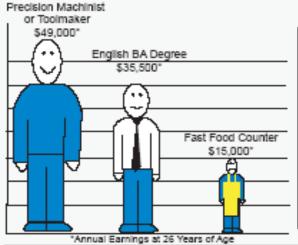
Note

The median incomes in all categories...

- Vary approx. +/- 35% based on location and skill level.
- Include overtime on a 50 hour workweek for the precision machinists/toolmakers. (Most workers in other high income categories work overtime but are not paid extra.)
- Are for 2003.

Sources

- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
- NSF/SRS
- NTMA, TMA, AMBA, PMA



U.S. TOOLMAKING/
MACHINING INDUSTRY

of Companies 12,000

of Employees 240,000

Annual Sales \$26 Billion

of Job Openings 5,000



For More Information Contact associations listed on the back. Provided by: CHARMILLES NUMBER ONE IN EDM
1 (800) CTC-1EDM
www.charmillesus.com

Overtime: Toolmakers and Other Professions

EMPLOYEE GROUP AVERAGE WEEKLY WORK HOURS

Toolmakers

Medical Residents, Investment Bankers, Corporate Lawyers and other Professionals

All Full Time Workers: 50.8 Hours

45-55 Hours

70-80 Hours



CONCLUSION: TOOLMAKERS WORK ABOUT AS MUCH OVERTIME AS OTHERS WITH HIGH INCOMES.

SOURCES: TMA, Labor Market Information 1995; Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1997

WORK & PLAY HARD!

O A TOOL & DIE MAKER WORKS HARD BUT CAN LEAVE WORK BEHIND. IN CONTRAST FOR BUSINESS EXECUTIVES ON VACATION:

- 26% CHECK OFFICE DAILY, 63% WEEKLY
- 18% TAKE WORK ALONG
- 36% DO WORK ON VACATION

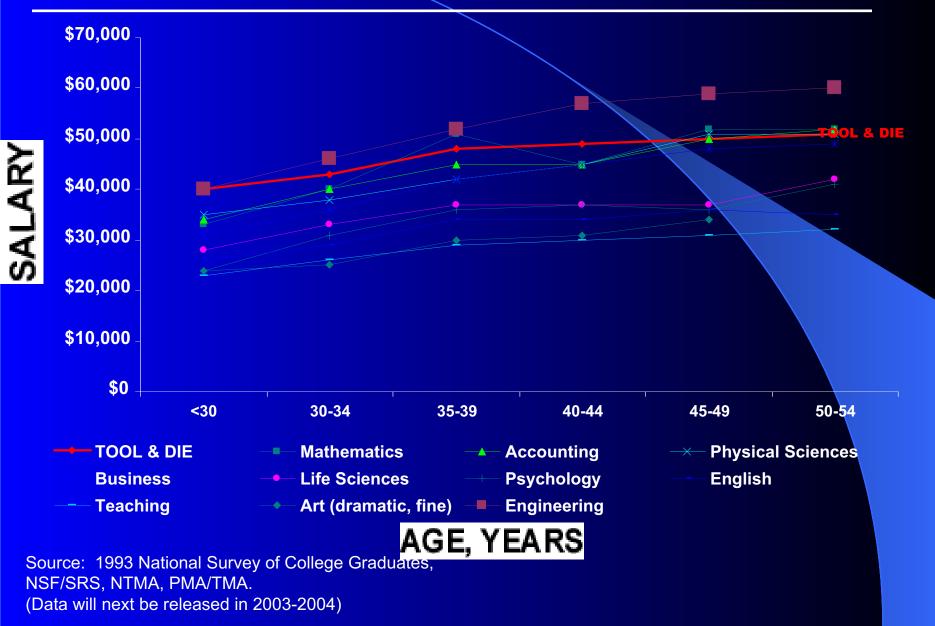
Opportunities Versus Expectations

Pick a Career In Which You Are Likely to Find a Job!

	Aspira	ations	Job Market	
	1976	1988	1987	
Labor/Semi-Skilled	3%	1%	17%	
Service/Protective/Military	10%	10%	15%	
Office Clerical	14%	9%	16%	
Sales Clerk/Representative	4%	4%	8%	
Crafts/Skilled Labor	12%	6%	12%	
Owner/Manager	12%	19%	13%	
Professional	45%	51%	19%	

CONCLUSION: SKILLED LABOR, E.G. TOOLMAKING, IS THE ONLY CATEGORY THAT BOTH: PAYS WELL AND HAS FEWER JOB SEEKERS THAN JOBS

Median Annual Salary of Bachelor's Graduates by Field of Major and Age, 1993



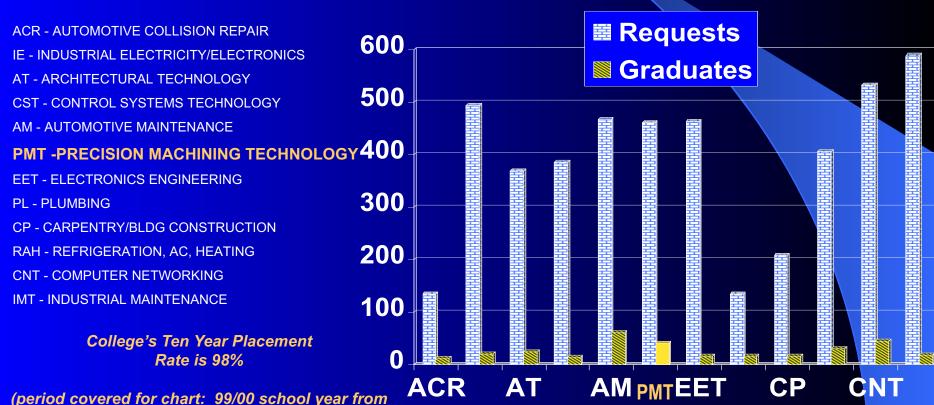
Projected Average Annual Job Openings 1990-2005

	OPENINGS	NUMBER OF CREDENTIALS AWARDED	NET OPENINGS	OPENINGS PER CREDENTIALS AWARDED
Professional Managerial	OI LIMINOO	AVAILUED	OI LIMINGS	AVAILUE
- Executive, Administration	436,000	506,830	-70,830	0.86
- Construction Managers	7,000	825	+6,175	8.48
- Marketing, Advertising, and Public Relations	,,,,,,	020	3,	5.1.6
Managers	23,000	66,416	-43,416	0.35
Professional Specialty	623,000	1,120,063	-497,063	0.56
- Physical Scientists	8,000	35,163	-27,163	0.23
- Lawyers	28,006	44,314	-16,308	0.63
Technical				
- Technicians	183,000	212,767	-29,767	0.86
- Health	79,000	71,804	+7,196	1.10
- Engineering	52,000	85,611	-33,611	0.61
Blue-Collar Technical				
- Craft, Precision Metal, and Specialized				
Repair	455,000	133,057	+321,943	3.42
- Mechanics, Installers, Repairers	160,000	91,758	+68,242	1.74
Service Occupation	882,000	237,062	+644,938	3.72
Operators, Laborers	477,000	41,504	+435,496	11.49
Farming, Forestry, Fishing	90,000	14,547	+75,453	6.19

3rd highest projected job openings in the nation

1999-2000 Job Opportunities vs. Graduates





SOURCE: Ranken Technical College, St. Louis, MO.

June 1, 1999 through May 31, 2000)

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION RATES

THE LOWEST RISK OF DROPPING OUT OF HIGH SCHOOL IS FOR STUDENTS WITH:

3 CAREER & TECHNICAL EDUCATION UNITS PER 4 ACADEMIC UNITS

CONCLUSION: TAKING SOME HIGH SCHOOL CAREER AND TECH COURSES ENHANCES EDUCATIONAL CONTINUITY.

Source: The CTE/Academic Balance and Three Secondary Outcomes in Brief: Fast Facts for Policy & Practice No. 18 by Michael Wonacott (2002) (http://nccte.org/publications/infosynthesis/in-brief/in-brief18/indix.asp.)

CONTEXTUAL LEARNING

60% of students learn best in context

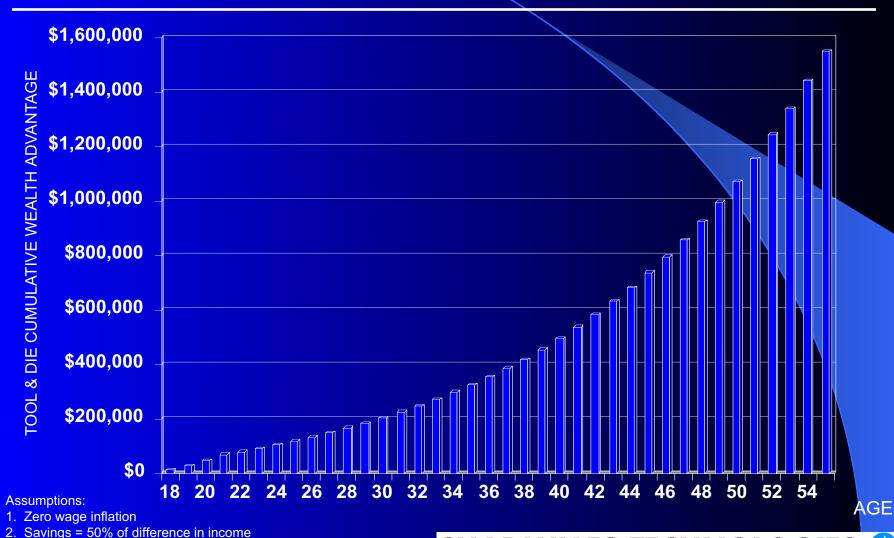
Schools should offer:

- Career focus for all students (reason to remain in school and continue education)
- Contextual teaching strategy (enables students to master high levels of academics)
- Real world, open ended problems

ANNUAL INCOME/AGE



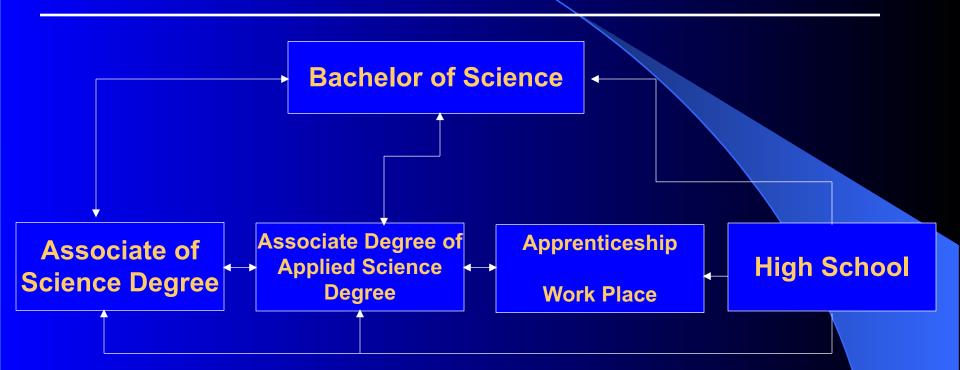
TOOL & DIE OR ENGLISH MAJOR? A MILLION \$ DECISION!



3. Investment return of 7% per year on savings

CHARMILLES TECHNOLOGIES

Manufacturing: A Practical Step Towards a Degree



Flow Chart of Articulated Credit

Source: An Employee/Student Centered Approach to Partnerships, ME Meyer & D. Slawinski, 2003 CIEC Conference

Chinese Proverb

"I HEAR AND I FORGET. I SEE AND I REMEMBER. I DO AND I UNDERSTAND."

COMMENT: Toolmaking provides an ideal combination of theoretical and hands-on learning.

SOURCE: Chinese Proverb.

Career Options

- Computer Numerical Controlled (CNC) Programmers
- CNC Machinist / Machinist
- Tool & Die Maker
- Mold Maker
- Mechanical / Application Engineer
- Electrical Engineer
- Machine Tool Salesman
- Industrial Maintenance
- Draftsman
- Designer
- Welder / Fabricator
- Industrial Management
- Automotive Technician
- Plus Many, Many More!



Key Questions

IS TOOLMAKING A BETTER CHOICE THAN A LIKELY M.D. FROM HARVARD OR STATE UNIVERSITY?

NO

IS TOOLMAKING, LINKED TO A TECHNICAL DEGREE, MUCH BETTER THAN A PROBABLE COLLEGE DROP-OUT OR A MARGINAL LIBERAL ARTS COLLEGE GRADUATE?

YES

YES, FOR THE INDIVIDUAL:

- INCOME

- JOB SECURITY

- CAREER



STABILITY COMPETITIVENESS



Challenge

Guidance Counselors

 Present toolmaker career alternative to most "college track" students

Vocational Teachers

- Make machining and toolmaking exciting
- Get modern equipment
- Attract good students

Shops

- Support the schools
- Create and expand apprenticeship programs

Machinery Makers

Support the training programs



"Life's challenges are not supposed to paralyze you, they're supposed to help you discover who you are."

BACKGROUND VS. HOW OBTAINED OWNERSHIP

BA	ACKGROUND	FOUNDED	PURCHASED	INHERITED	UNSPECIFIED	TOTAL OWNERS
AP	PRENTICE GRADUATE	50%	35%	10%	40%	35%
	ACHINING TRAINING IT NOT APPRENTICE	24%	20%	39%	20%	28%
MA MA	ANUFACTURING ANAGEMENT	11%	12%	11%	20%	11%
	USINESS MANAGEMENT UT NOT MANUFACTURING	4%	24%	19%	20%	12%
ОТ	HER	11%	8%	21%		13%
TC	OTALS	100%	99%	100%	100%	99%

CONCLUSION: APPRENTICES & MACHINISTS FOUND COMPANIES

SOURCE: NTMA/CHARMILLES OWNER/MANAGER SURVEY. SURVEY DATE: 2001

BACKGROUND VS. DEGREE YEARS

DEGREE YEARS	APPR #	ENTICE %	MACH #	INING %	
0	73 10	80 11	37 13	52 18	
4	6	7 2	16 5	23 7	
TOTALS	91	100	71	100	

CONCLUSION: APPRENTICES & MACHINISTS GET DEGREES

SOURCE: NTMA/CHARMILLES OWNER/MANAGER SURVEY. SURVEY DATE 2001

Advice About Careers in the **Precision Metalworking Trade**

"Go for it! It has given me a lot of discipline at work and at home. It is great when you can use your brain and hands all day long! Precision Metalworking trade is an excellent step for a good and meaningful future."

"It's not a job, it's a career."

"Get into metalworking because there's a lack of decent metalworkers. Very good job availabil and benefits. Don't become a office working drone - be a man, work with steel."



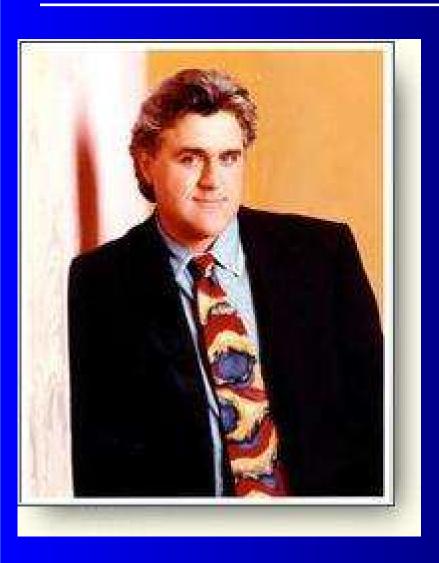
"It's fun, never boring, challenging, mind opening, sensory perceptional and very, very rewarding after completion of a job or project

"Do it, it's a lot of fun and good money."

"It's a good and challenging skilled environment."

SOURCE: TMA "Apprentice Survey", 1994-1995 Term/1995-1996 Term.

CALLING ALL MACHINISTS



"Machine shops......

-it's a respectable trade and there's still a lot of money to be made."

"True machinists don't think of metal as something hard and unchangeable. They can make anything they want, or replace nearly any part that's ever been made. I have a lot of respect for those guys. I always will."

-Jay Leno

Source: June 2000 issue of Popular Mechanics.
2002 AMBA Newsletter