

# CCGPS UNIT PLANNING GUIDE PART I: UNIT OVERVIEW, GRADE 11 AMERICAN LITERATURE, UNIT 2 OF 4

This unit is provided as a sample of available resources and tasks; it is for informational purposes only. It is your responsibility to investigate the resources listed here to determine their value and appropriateness for your district. GaDOE does not endorse or recommend the purchase or use of any particular resource.

Reading Focus: Informational	Theme and Texts
1 extended text 7 thematically connected short texts	The Individual Versus Society: Exploring a New Frontier (Romanticism/Transcendentalism/Anti-Transcendentalism/Gothicism/Poetry)
(minimum): 4 short texts from American Lit	EXTENDED TEXT: Walden. by Henry David Thoreau
3 short informational texts including primary and secondary source	SHORT TEXTS LITERARY:
documents from U.S. history	"The Devil and Tom Walker," Washington Irving
ELACCRL1-RL10 ELACCRI1- RI10	<b>Poem Set One:</b> "The Tide Rises, The Tide Falls," H. W. Longfellow; "Thanatopsis," William Cullen Bryant; "Snowbound," John Greenleaf Whittier, "The Snow Storm," Ralph Waldo Emerson
	<b>Poem Set Two:</b> "Because I Could Not Stop for Death," "I Heard a Fly Buzz When I Died," "There's a Certain Slant of Light," "Water is Taught by Thirst," Emily Dickinson; "Song of Myself," "When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer," "By the Bivouac's Fitful Flame," "Oh Captain, My Captain," Walt Whitman
	"The Masque of the Red Death," Edgar Allan Poe
	"Annabel Lee" (poem), Edgar Allan Poe
	"Dr. Heidegger's Experiment," Nathaniel Hawthorne
	"Bartleby the Scrivener," Herman Melville
	SHORT TEXTS INFORMATIONAL:
	"Commission of Meriwether Lewis," Thomas Jefferson, http://www.library.csi.cuny.edu/dept/history/lavender/jefflett.html
	"Crossing the Great Divide," Meriwether Lewis, http://america.library4history.org/VFW-1803-1820/AMERICA-1812-Before-and-After/GREAT-DIVIDE.html
	"The Narrative of Sojourner Truth" http://xroads.virginia.edu/~HYPER/TRUTH/toc.html
	Self Reliance, Ralph Waldo Emerson

http://www.emersoncentral.com/selfreliance.htm
"The Gettysburg Address," Abraham Lincoln
http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm
VISUAL/OTHER TEXTS:
On "The Devil and Tom Walker"
http://www.wizig.com/tutorial/50453-The-Devil-and-Tom-walker
About the Fireside Poets:
Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, John Greenleaf Whittier, Oliver Wendell Holmes, James Russell Lowell, and William Cullen Bryant (with poem samples)
http://www.poets.org/viewmedia.php/prmMID/5654
Virtual Tour of Walden
http://www.baycircuit.org/vtourwalden.html
The Scarlett Letter, (film) 1995 R: MA from Nathaniel Hawthorne's 1850 novel
The Scanett Letter, (mm) 1995 K. MA non Nathaniel Hawthome's 1650 hover
The Imagery of Romanticism
http://www.wiziq.com/tutorial/235-American-Romanticism
About Emily Dickinson (PPT):
http://mysite.cherokee.k12.ga.us/personal/tammy_silvers/site/Subject%201%20Notes/1/Emily%20Dickinson.ppt
http://easthollywoodenglish.files.wordpress.com/2007/10/dickinson-bio.ppt
About Walt Whitman (PPT):
http://www.wsu.edu/~campbelld/powerpoint/whitmanpres.ppt
http://apharnahighaphaal.tvpppad.com/files/walt.whitmap.ppt
http://osbornehighschool.typepad.com/files/walt-whitman.ppt
Gettysburg Primary Source Documents and Photographs:
http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm
Catturburg Drimony Source Decuments and Distographer
Gettysburg Primary Source Documents and Photographs: http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm
http://showedse.hetins.het/web/oreative/incon//speeches/gettysburg.htm

Prompts/Topics
I why literary and rhetorical choices are made by the author, and how those choices are intended to affect or impact the reader based solidly in text vide strong and logical support, based solidly in text, for claims.
<b>INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY:</b> The elements of the Romantic movement in American Literature are well represented in "The Devil and Tom Walker," by Washington Irving and "The Scarlet Letter," by Nathaniel Hawthorne. Both pieces use imagery from nature, contain elements of the supernatural, and explore the counterbalance of human passions against the rules of society. In a 2 page character analysis focusing either on the character or Tom Walker
OR the character of Hester Prynne, use evidence from the text to explore the ways in which the character exemplifies the Romantic depiction of the individual at odds with the strictures of society. Alternatively, you may use evidence from both texts to construct a comparison and contrast of the ways in which these two characters exemplify the Romantic depiction of the individual at odds with the strictures of society
<b>INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY:</b> We have explored the first four chapters of <u>Walden</u> , wherein Thoreau speaks of living a simple life outside the pull of society's distractions and false economies. We have also explored the work of Thoreau's mentor Emerson and the Fireside Poets on similar themes. Together these works define the Romantic vision of the natural man, living by his intuition and in tune with nature. Using evidence from the texts, explore the Romantic vision of an ideal man and an ideal life.
<b>ARGUMENT:</b> After reading the anti-transcendentalist short stories "Bartleby the Scrivener," by Herman Melville, and "Dr. Heidegger's Experiment," by Nathaniel Hawthorne, think about which position on the ideals of Transcendentalism you think are best supported by the arguments made in the texts. Have Thoreau, Emerson, and their compatriots made a better argument for their view of the world than authors like Melville and Hawthorne have made against it?
<ul> <li>INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY: We have considered many American visions of independence and identity:</li> <li>the frontier spirit exemplified by Meriwether Lewis and Thomas Jefferson</li> <li>the alienation of nature and passion from orderly society as exemplified by The Scarlet Letter</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>the alienation of nature and passion from orderly society as exemplified by <u>The Scarlet Letter</u></li> <li>the Transcendentalist notion of the simple and natural man living in tune with nature as described by Thoreau, Emerson, and the Fireside Poets</li> <li>Lincoln's vision of a united union</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Sojourner Truth's reflections on human worth and dignity, abolition, and the rights of women</li> <li>The groundbreaking poetry of Whitman and Dickinson, each of whom explored their inner experience and unique identities in the context of a changing America</li> <li>Using the texts of your choice from this unit to inform you thought, consider the points set forth in the article you will be provided for this article entitled "American Romanticism: The Basic Concepts." Using more than one text for each major point made in the article, provide examples that illustrate each point. Your analysis should clearly explain the</li> </ul>

	precise ways in which the examples you provide correlate with the article's assertions.
Additional Standards Focus for Grad	e/Unit/Module: Skill Building Tasks
Narratives to convey experiences	<ul> <li>Module 2: After studying the work of the Fireside Poets, including the diction, imagery, structure, meter, and style, think about your own attitudes towards the ideals of Romantic poetry (your relationship to nature, ideas about spirituality and relationship to the divine, dwelling in the city as opposed to the county, the nature of ownership and greed, etc.). Compose a poem of significant length (aim for about 1 page, 4-5 complete stanzas) that identifiably mimics the elements listed above of the original poem, but that conveys your own personal feelings on the topic. Be prepared to orally defend your poem and explain each of the ways in which it correlates to the original.</li> <li>Module 3: After reading "Annabel Lee" and "The Masque of the Red Death," by Edgar Allan Poe, consider what you have learned about the imagery used in establishing setting in Gothic works of American literature. Construct a short story (2-3 pages in length minimum) that illustrates your knowledge of these classic elements.</li> </ul>
Research connection(s) Brief or sustained inquiries related to the texts or topics ELACCW7, 8, 9	<ul> <li>Suggested topics:</li> <li>Biographies of selected authors</li> <li>Historical context of selected texts</li> <li>Superstition and the supernatural in 19<sup>th</sup> century America</li> <li>Industrialization and westward expansion in 19<sup>th</sup> century America</li> <li>Civil War/Slavery/Underground Railroad</li> <li>War of 1812, Mexican War</li> <li>Antecedents of American Romanticism (European Romanticism or Rationalism/Classicism)</li> </ul>
Routine writing Notes, summaries, process journals, and short responses across all genres ELACCW1-10	Suggested integration (diaries, exit slips, brief response, journal, etc.):         • Reader response journals         • Diary in character         • Correspondence to author/character         • Journalism in historical context         • Book review/prediction         • Writing exercises in author style/voice

## CCGPS UNIT PLANNING GUIDE FOR GRADE 11 AMERICAN LITERATURE, UNIT 2 OF 4 PART II: STANDARDS-BASED TASK PLANNER, MODULE 1

Use this template to plan individual tasks designed to scaffold the skills taught in the unit. Each major Culminating Assessment will be supported by all necessary Skill Building Tasks. Integrate all the activities brainstormed in Part I within your Skill Building Tasks, using the check boxes on Part I to ensure recursive inclusion of all items. Refer to your grade-level curriculum map to determine the number of assessments appropriate for your unit. Each Assessment Task should have several Skill Building Tasks.

**ASSESSMENT 1:** integrating reading selections from the unit into a writing task

**INFORMATIVE/EXPOSITORY:** The elements of the Romantic movement in American Literature are well represented in "The Devil and Tom Walker," by Washington Irving and <u>The Scarlet Letter</u>, by Nathaniel Hawthorne. Both pieces use imagery from nature, contain elements of the supernatural, and explore the

Georgia Department of Education Dr. John D. Barge, State School Superintendent April 2012 - All Rights Reserved counterbalance of human passions against the rules of society. In a 2-page character analysis focusing either on the character or Tom Walker OR the character of Hester Prynne, use evidence from the text to explore the ways in which the character exemplifies the Romantic depiction of the individual at odds with the strictures of society. Alternatively, you may use evidence from both texts to construct a comparison and contrast of the ways in which these two characters exemplify the Romantic depiction of the individual at odds with the strictures of society.

#### **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**

Why do cultural and artistic movements tend to push against preceding movements in a dichotomous fashion instead of a complementary fashion?

#### SKILL BUILDILNG TASKS

Note: the following tasks represent one possible configuration for the delivery of instruction to scaffold successful performance on the Assessment above. This schedule may be amended as necessary to fit your unique instructional needs. In particular, note that the recommended homework is sufficient only to include the minimum concepts set forth in this plan. Significant additional homework may be required if necessary.

SKILL/CONCEPT: Pre-reading, activating background knowledge			
TASK: PowerPoint on American Literary movements/annotation			
STRAND	STANDARD ELACC11-	<ul> <li>Through PPT, Prezi, or discussion, examine the American literary movements that preceded Romanticism (to include Gothic and Transcendental literature)</li> </ul>	
Reading	12RL/I10 ELACC11- 12RL/I2	<ul> <li>Define elements of Romanticism: the move away from the intellect of classicism and rationalism and toward heart and emotion</li> <li>Have students take notes using a formal system such as Cornell Notes, double-entry journal, outline, etc.; explicit</li> </ul>	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	instruction should be provided on note-taking as necessary	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL3	<ul> <li>Establish requirements for formally or informally annotating texts throughout unit</li> </ul>	
Language			
NETS	NETS1c, 2a		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Historical of	context, elements of Romanticism	
TASK: Exan	nine primary sourc	ce documents/elements of Romanticism	
STRAND	STANDARD	Discuss Andrew Jackson and the "Common Man" as integral to the Romantic vision and the movement away from	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL/RI 3	<ul> <li>wealth, prestige, accumulation of things, and the rule of rationality over heart and emotion</li> <li><u>http://www.ushistory.org/us/24a.asp</u></li> <li>Review Romantic imagery as a way to describe the Romantic sensibility</li> <li>The Imagery of Romanticism</li> <li><u>http://www.wiziq.com/tutorial/235-American-Romanticism</u></li> <li>Have students preview/skim the texts of Jefferson's "Commission" and Lewis' "Crossing," understanding that one is the antecedent of the other</li> </ul>	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W8, W9		
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL2, SL3		
Language	ELACC11-12L4, L5	"Commission of Meriwether Lewis," Thomas Jefferson, http://www.library.csi.cuny.edu/dept/history/lavender/jefflett.html	
NETS	NETS1c, 2a	"Crossing the Great Divide," Meriwether Lewis, http://america.library4history.org/VFW-1803-1820/AMERICA-1812-Before-and-After/GREAT-DIVIDE.html	

		<ul> <li>Require students to locate imagery in these pieces in their initial skim; items to note will be that Lewis' breathless descriptions of the Grand Canyon contain a great deal of Romantic imagery, while the Commission does not; this is an opportunity to discuss the differences in speech for different audiences and purposes, as well as the development of the uniquely American spin on Romantic vision of nature that came from westward expansion</li> </ul>
		Homework: A close reading with expectation of lefference's "Commission" nating unknown words
		Homework: A close reading with annotation of Jefferson's "Commission" noting unknown words
		ng of informational text
TASK: Colla	aborative Discussion	on Lewis/Jefferson, group close reading
STRAND	STANDARD	Discuss "Commission of Meriwether Lewis," Thomas Jefferson
Reading	ELACC11- 12RI2, RI7	http://www.library.csi.cuny.edu/dept/history/lavender/jefflett.html
Writing	ELACC11-	Review historical context: industrialization and westward expansion
Writing	12W8, W9	Discuss unknown vocabulary, use context to decipher
Speaking	ELACC11-	<ul> <li>Begin reading as a class: "Crossing the Great Divide," Meriwether Lewis,</li> </ul>
and Listening	12SL2, SL3	http://america.library4history.org/VFW-1803-1820/AMERICA-1812-Before-and-After/GREAT-DIVIDE.html
Language	ELACC11-12L4, L5, L6	<ul> <li>Require reader response: how do you think westward expansion influenced the ideals of romanticism?</li> </ul>
NETS	NETS1c, 2a	
		Homework: complete close reading and annotation of "Crossing" noting unknown words
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Pre-reading	, author bio, close reading
TASK: Lect	ure, notes, group o	close reading
STRAND	STANDARD	Present biography of Washington Irving pre-reading
	ELACC11-	On "The Devil and Tom Walker"
Reading	12RL2, RL3	http://www.wiziq.com/tutorial/50453-The-Devil-and-Tom-walker
Writing		<ul> <li>Begin "The Devil and Tom Walker"</li> </ul>
Speaking	ELACC11-	<ul> <li>Conduct end of class discussion - elements of romanticism in "The Devil and Tom Walker"</li> </ul>
and	12SL2, SL3	
Listening		Homework: Complete "The Devil and Tom Walker" for homework with annotation
Language	ELACC11-12L1	(Provide worksheet that gives guidelines of romantic elements - have students identify those elements in the second half of
NETS	NETS1c, 2a	their reading; worksheet provided in this document)
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Literary era	
TASK: Four	ndational concepts	of Romanticism
STRAND	STANDARD	<ul> <li>Discuss homework results: elements of romanticism in Tom Walker</li> </ul>
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL9, RL5	<ul> <li>Discuss the etiology of those elements in a refusal of classicism and in the romantic nature-loving notions of the frontier</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9, W4	<ul> <li>Require mini-literary analysis on "The Devil and Tom Walker": How does Irving employ diction, syntax, tone, imagery, and figurative language? What is the overall affect achieved? Allow students to attempt this analysis on their own - it</li> </ul>
Speaking	ELACC11-	will be reviewed in the context of re-teaching the terms in the next task
and	12SL1	
		Georgia Department of Education

Listening		
	ELACC11-12L1,	
Language	L2, L5	
NETS		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Literary elei	nents
TASK: Use	mini-analyses to a	ssess understanding of literary terms
STRAND	STANDARD	Review basic literary terms used in analysis: Diction, syntax, tone, figurative language, imagery, audience, purpose
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL4	<ul> <li>Model examples of each from texts under consideration and construct an informal rubric</li> <li>Have students work in pairs to review their literary analyses, providing a grade by their rubric</li> </ul>
Writing		Perform a check notes and annotations - discuss legibility in notes
Speaking and Listening		
Language	ELACC11-12L5	
NETS		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Pre-reading	/Activate background knowledge
TASK: Visua	al text, annotation	
STRAND	STANDARD	Introduce Nathaniel Hawthorne, give back ground info on <u>The Scarlet Letter</u> (Hawthorne's connection to Salem)
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL7	Several PPTs available on line; here is an example: <ul> <li><u>http://www.google.com/url?sa=t&amp;rct=j&amp;q=&amp;esrc=s&amp;frm=1&amp;source=web&amp;cd=4&amp;ved=0CDsQFjAD&amp;url=http%3A%2F%2</u></li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2, W9,	Fteacher.kent.k12.wa.us%2Fkentridge%2Fnsunkleinberger%2Fdocuments%2Fnathaniel_hawthorne_biography.ppt&e i=ocYdT6WnHYqEsALB6onjCw&usg=AFQjCNGuNcqsL3Uwk71w7JpO_myfCnbCow&sig2=PJDvHxaW7AXRhEETc5 BkBA
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL2	<ul> <li>View film - Part I (students will take notes; provide guidance on what to include in notes)</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L3, L4	Homework: - identify Hawthorne's audience and purpose; compare speech usage in text and movie
NETS	NETS1c, 2a	
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Comparing	written and visual text
TASK: Scarle	et Letter film clip v	vith text
STRAND	STANDARD	<ul> <li>Provide text version of 1<sup>st</sup> part of today's viewing</li> </ul>
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL7	Watch Part II of <u>The Scarlet Letter</u> , guiding students to examine the relevant text excerpt along with the correlating film
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2, W8, W9	<ul> <li>Discuss, write compare/contrast of film text - discuss audience purposes, and choices</li> </ul>
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL2	

Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2		
NETS	NETS1c		
	EPT: Visual text,	literary era, analysis	
		sm, analysis of supernatural	
STRAND	STANDARD	Conclude viewing <u>The Scarlet Letter</u>	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL9, RL7, RL5	Review evolution of Romantic ideals:         * leaving rationalism behind         *dirty cities/industrialization	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9, W8, W4	*westward expansion and embracing of nature *with scarlet we have introduction of elements of supernatural	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL2	<ul> <li>Using evidence from text - attempt to identify how the author employed elements of the supernatural and why these elements might be important in romanticism (1/2 - 1 page in class reader response/or homework)</li> </ul>	
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L4, L5		
NETS			
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Rubric revie	ew, reading a prompt effectively	
TASK: Coll	aborative discussi	on and review of rubric elements, deconstruct the assessment prompt	
STRAND	STANDARD	<ul> <li>Place the prompt for this culminating writing task (see above) on chart paper or smart board</li> </ul>	
Reading		<ul> <li>Lead students in a thorough deconstruction of all parts of the prompt so that they thoroughly understand what they will be asked to do in the assessment</li> </ul>	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W4, W5	<ul> <li>Examine the vocabulary of the prompt and share student models of good work</li> <li>Provide worksheets and copies of the 11<sup>th</sup> grade standards to students and engage them (in teams, pairs, or whole groups) in determining what they expect to see on a rubric for this assignment</li> <li>Provide students with a copy of the actual rubric you will use, or modify it in class based on the feedback from discussion</li> <li>Have students brainstorm a check-list of peer review items; that is, what should you check your paper for before the final edit to make sure it meets the requirements of the rubric (for example, check sentence fluency to make sure you have employed diverse and interesting sentence construction; check for passive voice; check that all items are backed up by evidence and that evidence is properly cited, etc.)</li> <li>Provide explicit instruction on hyphenation: hyphens are a specific conventions-focus in grades 11 and 12; provide instruction on the conventions of hyphen usage - extra credit for text examples of hyphenation</li> <li>Require students to use hyphenation correctly (and to proactively use an example) in their assessment for this module</li> </ul>	
Speaking and	ELACC11- 12SL1		
Listening Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2		
NETS			
SKILL/CONC	SKILL/CONCEPT: Pre-writing, note-check		
TASK: Peer	TASK: Peer review, note recovery, how to annotate		
STRAND	STANDARD	Allow students to consult their notes and annotations during the writing assessment - conduct a notebook check     (including a near system as if desired) for note completeness and guality	
Reading		(including a peer exchange if desired) for note completeness and quality	
-			

Writing Speaking and Listening Language NETS	ELACC11- 12W9, W8 ELACC11- 12SL1 ELACC11-12	<ul> <li>Conduct notebook check (legibility focus)</li> <li>Conduct annotation review: use results of notebook check to provide information on what good notes look like, show good student examples; allow students to "jigsaw" to get missing notes from one another as desired before the assessment</li> <li>Conduct group discussion of topics relevant to assessment; begin pre-writing</li> </ul>
	EPT: Through as	sessment - Informational writing
TASK: Infor	mative writing pro	mpt, elements of Romanticism
STRAND	STANDARD	In 2 pages, students will use texts and notes to address the following prompt:
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL5, RL4, RL3, RL1	<b>INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY:</b> The elements of the Romantic movement in American Literature are well represented in "The Devil and Tom Walker," by Washington Irving and <u>The Scarlet Letter</u> , by Nathaniel Hawthorne. Both pieces use imagery from nature, contain elements of the supernatural, and explore the counterbalance of human passions against the rules of society. In a 2-page character analysis focusing either on the character or Tom Walker OR the character of Hester Prynne, use evidence from the text to explore the ways in which the character exemplifies the Romantic depiction of the
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2, W4, W5, W9	
Speaking		individual at odds with the strictures of society. Alternatively, you may use evidence from both texts to construct a comparison and contrast of the ways in which these two characters exemplify the Romantic depiction of the individual at
and		odds with the strictures of society.
Listening Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2L6, L5	
NETS		

## CCGPS UNIT PLANNING GUIDE FOR GRADE 11 AMERICAN LITERATURE, UNIT 2 OF 4 PART II: STANDARDS-BASED TASK PLANNER, MODULE 2

Use this template to plan individual tasks designed to scaffold the skills taught in the unit. Each major Culminating Assessment will be supported by all necessary Skill Building Tasks. Integrate all the activities brainstormed in Part I within your Skill Building Tasks, using the check boxes on Part I to ensure recursive inclusion of all items. Refer to your grade-level curriculum map to determine the number of assessments appropriate for your unit. Each Assessment Task should have several Skill Building Tasks.

#### **ASSESSMENT 2:** integrating reading selections from the unit into a writing task

**INFORMATIVE/EXPOSITORY:** We have explored the first four chapters of <u>Walden</u>, wherein Thoreau speaks of living a simple life outside the pull of society's distractions and false economies. We have also explored the work of the Thoreau's mentor Emerson and the Fireside Poets on similar themes. Together these works define the Romantic vision of the natural man, living by his intuition and in tune with nature. Using evidence from the texts, explore the Romantic vision of an ideal man and an ideal life.

#### ESSENTIAL QUESTION

Do Thoreau's ideas about a simple life have resonance with the needs of individuals in American society today?

### SKILL BUILDILNG TASKS

Note: the following tasks represent one possible configuration for the delivery of instruction to scaffold successful performance on the Assessment above. This schedule may be amended as necessary to fit your unique instructional needs. In particular, note that the recommended homework is sufficient only to include the minimum concepts set forth in this plan. Significant additional homework may be required if necessary.

SKILL/CONCEPT: Author biography, pre-reading			
TASK: Writi	TASK: Writing portfolio review, PPT on Emerson, collaborative discussion		
STRAND	STANDARD	Update writing portfolios: allow students to review and discuss their work on the writing assessment in module one,	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RI7, RI	placing graded work in portfolio. Note on writing: a culminating assessment tying reading to writing takes place about every two weeks in this unit. The first task of the succeeding text focus is often to place the last assessment into the writing portfolio - this is not meant to assume that teachers will be able to thoroughly review, grade, and comment on over 100 essays in a single day. Electronic review software may sometimes be	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W4, W5	employed, a peer-review system may be used for some assessments, and others may be held back for several days for careful instructor consideration.	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL2	Provide background information: Self Reliance, Ralph Waldo Emerson <u>http://www.emersoncentral.com/selfreliance.htm</u>	
Language		Conduct discussion: How did Emerson inform Thoreau's philosophy?	
NETS	NETS1c, 2a	• Conduct discussion. Now did Emerson more ad s philosophy?	
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Close read	ing, informational text	
TASK: Grou	o close reading of	"Self Reliance," literary analysis	
STRAND	STANDARD	Conclude close group reading of "Self Reliance"	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RI2, RI3, RI6	Review literary elements:     Diction	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9, W2	Syntax Tone	
Speaking		Figurative Language Imagery	
and		Symbolism	
Listening		Have students create a rhetorical précis on "Self-Reliance"	
Language NETS		<ul> <li>Introduce Thoreau as a student and mentee of Emerson</li> </ul>	
	NETS1c, 2a EPT: Pre-reading.	background knowledge	
		Pond, group close reading	
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct virtual Tour of Walden	
-	ELACC11-	http://www.baycircuit.org/vtourwalden.html	
Reading	12RI2, RI3, RI7		
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	<ul> <li>Begin close group reading of <u>Walden</u> with Part I: "Economy"</li> <li>Identify Thoreau's audience and purpose</li> </ul>	
Speaking and		Have students annotate with special attention to unfamiliar vocabulary and figurative language	
Listening		<ul> <li>Have students attempt to identify the ways in which Thoreau reflects the influence of Emerson</li> </ul>	
Language	ELACC11- 12L4		

NETS	NETS1c, 2a	
SKILL/CONC	CEPT: Poetry/Rom	antic poets
TASK: Fireside Poets background, meter, rhyme scheme		
STRAND	STANDARD	Provide introduction to Fireside Poets
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL3, RL2, RL1	About the Fireside Poets: Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, John Greenleaf Whittier, Oliver Wendell Holmes, James Russell Lowell, and William Cullen Bryant (with poem samples)
Writing	ELACC11- 12W7	http://www.poets.org/viewmedia.php/prmMID/5654
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL3	<ul> <li>Conduct group close reading of "The Tide Rises, The Tide Falls," H. W. Longfellow; literary elements, figurative language (meter, rhyme scheme)</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L5	Homework: create a one page biography of one of the Fireside Poets
NETS	NETS1c, 2a	
SKILL/CONC	CEPT: Literary and	llysis
TASK: Clos	se reading of <u>Walde</u>	en Part 2
STRAND	STANDARD	<ul> <li>Begin close group reading of <u>Walden</u> with Part 2: "Where I Lived, and What I Lived For"</li> </ul>
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2	Engage in discussion of literary elements:     Diction
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	Syntax Tone
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11-12	<ul> <li>Figurative Language Imagery</li> <li>Compare Thoreau's developing vision with the Fireside Poets' vision</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L5	Homework: Read "Snowbound," John Greenleaf Whittier, " Complete soapstone write an echo poem
NETS		
SKILL/CONC	CEPT: Romantic p	oets / narrative writing
TASK: SOA	PSTone, poetry an	alysis, narrative prompt
STRAND	STANDARD	Share and discuss echo poems
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2, RL3	<ul> <li>Complete SOAPSTone (in pairs) on peer's poems</li> <li>Conduct close reading of "The Snow Storm," Ralph Waldo Emerson</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W3, W4, W5	*Meter, rhyme scheme, imagery, figurative language
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1	<ul> <li>Each 9 week 11<sup>th</sup> grade unit should include 1 or 2 opportunities for narrative writing. During this class period students will write a narrative piece on the following prompt:</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L6, L5	After studying the work of the Fireside Poets, including the diction, imagery, structure, meter, and style, think about your own attitudes towards the ideals of Romantic poetry (your relationship to nature, ideas about spirituality and relationship to the
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NETS		divine, dwelling in the city as opposed to the county, the nature of ownership and greed, etc.). Compose a poem of significant length (aim for about 1 page, 4-5 complete stanzas) that identifiably mimics the elements listed above of the original poem, but that conveys your own personal feelings on the topic. Be prepared to orally defend your poem and explain each of the ways in which it correlates to the original.
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Romanticis	m
TASK: Usin	g graphic organize	er to identify genre elements
STRAND	STANDARD	Begin close group reading of <u>Walden</u> with Part 3: "Sounds and Solitude"
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2, RL5	<ul> <li>Identify elements of Romanticism in the text using the Romantic Elements Graphic Organizer</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1	
Language		
NETS		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Collaborativ	ve presentation
TASK: Choo	se group member	s, review assessment requirements
STRAND	STANDARD	Have students choose partners/teams for their culminating assessment
Reading		<ul> <li>Review the prompt for this presentation and discuss specifics and parameters with students; allow them to review the basic rubric and work together to craft the rubric to sharpen or move focus as desired</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W4, W5	Note that the rubric will contain a points-focus on grade-level specific conventions and grammar focuses
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL2, SL3, SL5	<ul> <li>Have students brainstorm on the focus of their presentation, set goals, plan, assign tasks, decide on technology and timeline, and complete any other work necessary to being prepared to present for the culminating assessment</li> <li>Have students compare notes as they plan, considering each text presented in the set</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L6	<b>INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY:</b> We have explored the first three chapters of <u>Walden</u> , wherein Thoreau speaks of living a simple life outside the pull of society's distractions and false economies. We have also explored the work of the Fireside
NETS	NETS2a,b, 3a,b,c,d	Poets on similar themes. Together these works define the Romantic vision of the natural man, living by his intuition and in tune with nature. Using evidence from the texts, explore the Romantic vision of an ideal man and an ideal life.
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Poetry anal	ysis
TASK: "Thanatopsis," William Cullen Bryant		
STRAND	STANDARD	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2, RL5	<ul> <li>Conduct close group reading and analysis "Thanatopsis," William Cullen Bryant;</li> <li>Examine meter, rhyme scheme; complete SOAPSTone</li> <li>Conduct close reading - write analysis in class</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2, W9, W4	Homework: Reading <u>Walden</u> with Part 4: Visitors, work on group projects independently
		Georgia Department of Education

Speaking	ELACC11-	Provide a summary without bias		
and Listening	12SL1, SL2			
Language	ELACC11-12L5			
NETS				
-		tion of writing prompt/assessment preview		
		ssment prompt, create peer review worksheet		
STRAND	STANDARD	<ul> <li>Place the prompt for this culminating writing task (see above) on chart paper or smart board</li> <li>Lead students in a thorough deconstruction of all parts of the prompt so that they thoroughly understand what they will</li> </ul>		
Reading		be asked to do in the assessment		
Writing	ELACC11- 12W4	<ul> <li>Examine the vocabulary of the prompt and share student models of good work</li> <li>Provide worksheets and copies of the 11<sup>th</sup> grade standards to students and engage them (in teams, pairs, or whole</li> </ul>		
Speaking	ELACC11-	groups) in determining what they expect to see on a rubric for this assignment		
and Listening	12SL1, SL2	<ul> <li>Provide students with a copy of the actual rubric you will use, or modify it in class based on the feedback from discussion</li> </ul>		
Language	ELACC11-12L6	• Review the grammatical concepts included in this study and make sure they are meaningfully included in the rubric		
NETS		<ul> <li>Students, back in their groups, will brainstorm a check-list of peer review items; that is, what should you check yo paper for before the final edit to make sure it meets the requirements of the rubric (for example, check sentence fluency to make sure you have employed diverse and interesting sentence construction; check for passive voice; check that all items are backed up by evidence and that evidence is properly cited, etc.)</li> </ul>		
SKILL/CONC	EPT:			
TASK:				
STRAND	STANDARD	STUDENT PRESENTATIONS:		
Reading		We have explored the first four sections of <u>Walden</u> , wherein Thoreau speaks of living a simple life outside the pull of society's distractions and false economies. We have also explored the work of the Fireside Poets on similar themes.		
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2	Together these works define the Romantic vision of the natural man, living by his intuition and in tune with nature. Using evidence from the texts, explore the Romantic vision of an ideal man and an ideal life.		
Speaking	ELACC11-			
and Listening	12SL4, SL5, SL6	Day one of group presentations with peer review and evaluation		
Language	ELACC11-12L1,			
NETS	NETS2a,b, 3a,b,c,d			
SKILL/CONCEPT:				
TASK:				
STRAND	STANDARD			
Reading				
	1			

Writing	ELACC11- 12W2	Day two of group presentations with peer review and evaluation
Speaking	ELACC11-	
and	12SL4, SL5,	
Listening	SL6	
Longuago	ELACC11-12L1,	
Language	L2	
NETS	NETS2a,b,	
INE I S	3a,b,c,d	



Use this template to plan individual tasks designed to scaffold the skills taught in the unit. Each major Culminating Assessment will be supported by all necessary Skill Building Tasks. Integrate all the activities brainstormed in Part I within your Skill Building Tasks, using the check boxes on Part I to ensure recursive inclusion of all items. Refer to your grade-level curriculum map to determine the number of assessments appropriate for your unit. Each Assessment Task should have several Skill Building Tasks.

#### **ASSESSMENT 3:** integrating reading selections from the unit into a writing task

**ARGUMENT:** After reading the anti-transcendentalist short stories "Bartleby the Scrivener," by Herman Melville, and "Dr. Heidegger's Experiment," by Nathaniel Hawthorne, think about which position on the ideals of Transcendentalism you think are best supported by the arguments made in the texts. Have Thoreau, Emerson, and their compatriots made a better argument for their view of the world than authors like Melville and Hawthorne have made against it?

#### **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**

Is the anti-transcendentalist point of view a more estimation or less valid estimation of the reality of human experience than the Transcendentalist point of view?

#### SKILL BUILDILNG TASKS

Note: the following tasks represent one possible configuration for the delivery of instruction to scaffold successful performance on the Assessment above. This schedule may be amended as necessary to fit your unique instructional needs. In particular, note that the recommended homework is sufficient only to include the minimum concepts set forth in this plan. Significant additional homework may be required if necessary.

#### SKILL/CONCEPT: Portfolio maintenance, unit review

TASK: Writing workshop, student samples, unit review		
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct review of writing portfolios: allow students to review and discuss their work on the writing assessment in
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL9	module one, placing graded work in portfolio. Note on writing: a culminating assessment tying reading to writing takes place about every two weeks in this unit. The first task of the succeeding text focus is often to place the last assessment into the writing portfolio - this is not meant to

Writing	ELACC11- 12W4, W5	assume that teachers will be able to thoroughly review, grade, and comment on over 100 essays in a single day. Electronic review software may sometimes be employed, a peer-review system may be used for some assessments, and others may be held back for several days for careful instructor consideration.
Speaking		<ul> <li>Share student examples</li> </ul>
and		Review Romantic/Transcendentalist ideals
Listening		Review Walden Parts 1-4
Language		
NETS		Extra credit research opportunity: interest in the supernatural in 19 <sup>th</sup> century America
SKILL/CONCI	EPT: Sub-genres	of Romanticism
TASK: Explo	ore Gothic and An	ti-transcendentalist literature
STRAND	STANDARD	Introduce offshoots of Romanticism and Transcendentalism:
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL9	• Discuss Gothicism - a subgenre of romanticism incorporating some elements and exaggerating others - countryside,
Writing		darkness, emotion, supernatural elements, rich imagery
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL3	<ul> <li>Discuss Anti-transcendentalism: In human discourse, ideas tend to illicit their opposites. Transcendentalists believed inherent goodness of both man and nature and was quickly followed by an "anti-transcendentalist" movement that</li> </ul>
Language		<ul> <li>seemed to argue that nature could be destructive and arbitrary and that people could be malevolent and brutish.</li> <li>Conduct close reading "Annabel Lee" (poem), Edgar Allan Poe - close analysis</li> </ul>
NETS		Homework: Create shadow poem modeled on the meter, rhyme scheme, structure, and gothic style of Poe's "Annabel Lee" Read <u>Walden</u> 5-6
SKILL/CONCI	EPT: Group close	reading and analysis
TASK: Analy	sis of <u>Walden</u>	
STRAND	STANDARD	Review of <u>Walden</u> , Parts 1-6; discuss themes, author's purpose and audience
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2, RL3, RL5	<ul> <li>Discuss: As we continue through <u>Walden</u> concurrently as we explore the entire Romantic oeuvre, what resonances do we find with the spirit of the times and the Romantic Movement in general?</li> <li>Discuss Thoreau's style: diction, syntax, and figurative language specifically</li> </ul>
Writing		<ul> <li>Conduct group read-aloud Walden Part 7: "Blake Farm"; this chapter is very interesting in that Thoreau portrays bimself as attempting to win a "convert" to bis philosophy of cimplicity and frugality, but he is upphilo to persuade</li> </ul>
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL2	himself as attempting to win a "convert" to his philosophy of simplicity and frugality, but he is unable to persuade farmer Blake that the transcendentalist ideals are worthy - why would Thoreau dedicate a chapter to this failure?
Language		
NETS		
	EPT: Comparisor	n and contrast of sub-genres
	•	f "The Masque of the Red Death" with style comparison to Walden
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct group close reading of "The Masque of the Red Death"
	ELACC11-	<ul> <li>Compare diction and syntax with <u>Walden</u>, discuss audience and purpose</li> </ul>
Reading	ELAGUII-	

	12RL1, RL4, RL9	<ul> <li>Produce ½ to 1 page comparison and contrast of literary elements in each</li> </ul>	
Writing	ELACC11-		
	12W2, W9		
Speaking and			
Listening			
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L5		
NETS			
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Narrative w	riting	
TASK: Resp	onse to narrative	prompt re: Poe	
STRAND	STANDARD	• Each 9 week 11 <sup>th</sup> grade unit should include 1 or 2 opportunities for narrative writing. During this class period students	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL5	will write a narrative piece on the following prompt:	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W3, W4, W5	After reading "Annabel Lee" and "The Masque of the Red Death," by Edgar Allan Poe, consider what you have learned about the imagery used in establishing setting in Gothic works of American literature. Construct a short story (2-3 pages in length minimum) that illustrates your knowledge of these classic elements. <i>May be done as homework if desired.</i>	
Speaking		minimum) that mustrates your knowledge of these classic elements. May be done as nonnework if desired.	
and Listening			
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L5, L6		
NETS	,,,		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Gothic narra	ative	
TASK: Write	er's workshop, col	llaborative discussion, close reading	
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct writers' workshop with Gothic narratives	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2	<ul> <li>Have students create a narrative peer review worksheet; facilitate discussion on items to look for in this work</li> <li>Discuss Anti-transcendentalists, their rationale and push back against what they perceived as the unrealistic optim</li> </ul>	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W4, W5, W9	<ul> <li>of Transcendentalism</li> <li>Conduct independent close reading of "Dr. Heidegger's Experiment" (may be completed for homework if necessary)</li> </ul>	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1	<ul> <li>Identify Anti-transcendentalist elements and examine Hawthorn's audience, purpose, and style</li> </ul>	
Language			
NETS			
SKILL/CONCEPT: Comparison of visual and written text			
TASK: View	film clips along w	ith reading of "Bartleby the Scrivener"	
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct collaborative discussion of modern film treatments of classic texts; activate background knowledge, discuss	
Reading	ELACC11-	examples; what kinds of changes are usually made to modernize or make accessible a classic text?	

	12RL7, RL9	Introduce the outline of Bartleby so that students are somewhat acquainted with the ideas; provide some background
Writing		information on Melville (short discussion of Moby Dick would be warranted here - students should certainly have
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL3	passing familiarity with this text. It may be offered as an independent thematic reading for this unit) Show selected clip from "Office Space"; selecting a clip that aligns closely with the text; facilitate discussion on the resonances between the treatments (choose a clip carefully for appropriateness; this film has comic scenes that carry an "R" rating. Relevant excerpts are completely appropriate but the entire film should not be shown. You may substitute a different text excerpt with a relevant film treatment instead if desired).
Language		
NETS		<ul> <li>Begin group close reading of "Bartleby the Scrivener"</li> </ul>
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Group close	e reading and analysis
TASK: Read	and discuss "Bar	tleby the Scrivener," analyzing literary elements
STRAND	STANDARD	Continue "Bartleby the Scrivener"
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL7	<ul> <li>Complement reading with another "Office Space" film clip relevant to the passages read</li> <li>Complete "Bartleby"</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9, W2	<ul> <li>Have students produce a ½ to 1 page summary of Anti-transcendentalist philosophy as represented in the text and film</li> </ul>
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL3	
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L5, L6, L4	
NETS		
	-	e reading and analysis
TASK: Cont	inuation of Walder	<u>1</u>
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct group close reading of <u>Walden</u> Part 8: "Brute Neighbors and Housewarming"
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL9, RL5	<ul> <li>Discuss and review notes on Romanticism, Transcendentalism, Anti-transcendentalism, and Gothic literature, including philosophies, major authors, significant works, and literary styles</li> <li>Have students choose or be placed into debate teams and organize notes for a debate on these philosophies, with the</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	major focus being a debate on the merit of the Romantic/Transcendentalist view of man and nature as inherently good, and the other on the Gothic/Anti-transcendentalist view of man and nature as potentially destructive and
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1	unpredictable
Language		
NETS		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Debate	
TASK: Tran	nscendentalist idea	als and philosophy versus Anti-transcendentalist
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct debate (this debate may be formal or informal as the instructor deems; rules for formal debate may be found

Reading		at:
<u> </u>		http://www.albertadebate.com/adebate/resources/styles/academic.pdf
Writing		
Speaking and	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL2,	Romantic/Transcendentalist view of man and nature as inherently good, versus the Gothic/Anti-transcendentalist view
Listening	SL3, SL4, SL6	of man and nature as potentially destructive and unpredictable
Language	ELACC11-12L1	
NETS	NETS1a, 2b	
	EPT: Assessmen	t review
	ric and prompt dis	
STRAND	STANDARD	Place the prompt for this culminating writing task (see above) on chart paper or smart board
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL9	<ul> <li>Lead students in a thorough deconstruction of all parts of the prompt so that they thoroughly understand what they will be asked to do in the assessment</li> </ul>
	ELACC11-	<ul> <li>Examine the vocabulary of the prompt and share student models of good work</li> </ul>
Writing	12W4, W5	• Provide worksheets and copies of the 11 <sup>th</sup> grade standards to students and engage them (in teams, pairs, or whole
Speaking	ELACC11-	groups) in determining what they expect to see on a rubric for this assignment
and Listening	12SL1, SL3	<ul> <li>Provide students with a copy of the actual rubric you will use, or modify it in class based on the feedback from discussion</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L6	Review the grammatical concepts included in this study and make sure they are meaningfully included in the rubric
NETS		<ul> <li>NOTE: special attention needs to be given in this review to the fact that tomorrow's assessment is an ARGUMENT. This is the only piece of ARGUMENTATIVE writing in this unit (as its focus is Informational); students need to be very aware of the structure of an effective argument, including the introduction of counter-claims and appropriate evidence</li> </ul>
SKILL/CONCI	EPT: Argumenta	tive writing
TASK: Add	ress the prompt in	one class period
STRAND	STANDARD	<b>ARGUMENT:</b> After reading the anti-transcendentalist short stories "Bartleby the Scrivener," by Herman Melville, and "Dr.
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL9, RL1	Heidegger's Experiment," by Nathaniel Hawthorne, think about which position on the ideals of Transcendentalism you think ar best supported by the arguments made in the texts. Have Thoreau, Emerson, and their compatriots made a better argument
Writing	ELACC11- 12W1, W4, W5	for their view of the world than authors like Melville and Hawthorne have made against it?
Speaking		
and		
Listening	ELACC11-12L1,	
Language	L2, L4, L5, L6	
NETS	,,,•	



# CCGPS UNIT PLANNING GUIDE FOR GRADE 11 AMERICAN LITERATURE, UNIT 2 OF 4 PART II: STANDARDS-BASED TASK PLANNER, MODULE 4

Use this template to plan individual tasks designed to scaffold the skills taught in the unit. Each major Culminating Assessment will be supported by all necessary Skill Building Tasks. Integrate all the activities brainstormed in Part I within your Skill Building Tasks, using the check boxes on Part I to ensure recursive inclusion of all items. Refer to your grade-level curriculum map to determine the number of assessments appropriate for your unit. Each Assessment Task should have several Skill Building Tasks.

**ASSESSMENT 4:** integrating reading selections from the unit into a writing task

**INFORMATIVE/EXPOSITORY:** We have considered many American visions of independence and identity:

- the frontier spirit exemplified by Meriwether Lewis and Thomas Jefferson
- the alienation of nature and passion from orderly society as exemplified by The Scarlet Letter
- the Transcendentalist notion of the simple and natural man living in tune with nature as described by Thoreau, Emerson, and the Fireside Poets
- Lincoln's vision of a united union
- Sojourner Truth's reflections on human worth and dignity, abolition, and the rights of women
- The groundbreaking poetry of Whitman and Dickinson, each of whom explored their inner experience and unique identities in the context of a changing America

Using the texts of your choice from this unit to inform you thought, consider the points set forth in the article you will be provided for this article entitled "American Romanticism: The Basic Concepts." Using more than one text for each major point made in the article, provide examples that illustrate each point. Your analysis should clearly explain the precise ways in which the examples you provide correlate with the article's assertions.

#### **ESSENTIAL QUESTION**

What are the essential elements of the Romantic movement and how are they represented in texts of the period?

#### SKILL BUILDILNG TASKS

Note: the following tasks represent one possible configuration for the delivery of instruction to scaffold successful performance on the Assessment above. This schedule may be amended as necessary to fit your unique instructional needs. In particular, note that the recommended homework is sufficient only to include the minimum concepts set forth in this plan. Significant additional homework may be required if necessary.

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SKILL/CONCEPT: Portfolio maintenance, Unit overview and conclusion				
TASK: Review and file writing, discuss the close of the Romantic period and societal factors influencing it				
STRAND Reading Writing	STANDARD ELACC11- 12RL9, RL1 ELACC11- 12W4, W5	<ul> <li>Review writing portfolios: allow students to review and discuss their work on the writing assessment in module one, placing graded work in portfolio. Note on writing: a culminating assessment tying reading to writing takes place about every two weeks in this unit. The first task of the succeeding text focus is often to place the last assessment into the writing portfolio - this is not meant to assume tha teachers will be able to thoroughly review, grade, and comment on over 100 essays in a single day. Electronic review software may sometimes be employed, a peer-review system may be used for some assessments, and others may be held back for several days for careful instructor consideration.</li> </ul>		
Speaking and Listening Language	ELACC11-12	<ul> <li>Conduct peer review and discussion</li> <li>Discuss: The Romantic period begins to draw to a close as we approach and enter the Civil War era - facilitate a collaborative discussion as to what geographic, economic, political, and societal factors might be contributing to this failure of the Romantic philosophy</li> </ul>		
NETS		<ul> <li>Provide a preview of Realism with a few brief text examples juxtaposing the gritty and unsentimental style of the literature that would follow the Romantics; Whitman and Dickinson are considered the liminal poets of this period</li> </ul>		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Romantic p	oetry, Dickinson		
TASK: Back	ground knowledge	e, pre-reading, poetry study		
STRAND	STANDARD	Provide background information about Emily Dickinson (PPT): http://mysite.cherokee.k12.ga.us/personal/tammy_silvers/site/Subject%201%20Notes/1/Emily%20Dickinson.ppt		
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1, RL2, RL3, RL4, RL5, RL6	http://easthollywoodenglish.files.wordpress.com/2007/10/dickinson-bio.ppt		
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	<ul> <li>Conduct close study of Dickinson</li> <li>"Because I Could Not Stop for Death"</li> <li>"I Heard a Fly Buzz When I Died"</li> </ul>		
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL6	"There's a Certain Slant of Light" "Water is Taught by Thirst"		
Language	ELACC11-12L5	Conduct readings both silently and aloud; professional audio recordings of all are available through Poetry.Org		
NETS	NETS1a, 2b	<ul> <li>Have students examine diction and figurative language, as well as meter and rhyme scheme, taking notes</li> <li>Note that Dickinson dealt with similar themes again and again (death, immortality, isolation, love)- students should identify and discuss</li> <li>(these tasks will span more than one day)</li> </ul>		
SKILL/CONCEPT: Romantic poetry, Whitman				
TASK: Back	ground knowledge	e, pre-reading, poetry study		
STRAND	STANDARD	Provide background information bout Walt Whitman (PPT):		
Reading	ELACC11-12 ELACC11-	http://www.wsu.edu/~campbelld/powerpoint/whitmanpres.ppt		

	12RL1, RL2, RL3, RL4, RL5,	http://osbornehighschool.typepad.com/files/walt-whitman.ppt
	RL6	Conduct close study of Whitman     "Song of Myself"
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL6	"When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer" "By the Bivouac's Fitful Flame"
Language	ELACC11-12L5	Conduct readings both silently and aloud; professional audio recordings of all are available through Poetry.Org
NETS	NETS1a, 2b	<ul> <li>Have students examine diction and figurative language, as well as meter and rhyme scheme, taking notes</li> <li>Note that Whitman dealt with similar themes again and again (democracy, sexuality, death, and immortality; universality and the divine nature of man)- students should identify and discuss</li> <li>(these tasks will span more than one day)</li> <li><i>Homework/extended learning: Compare to Dickinson - meter, rhyme, diction, imagery, etc.</i></li> </ul>
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Evaluating	a speaker/speech
TASK: Clos	e study, Gettysbu	rg Address
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct several close readings of
Reading	ELACC11-12 ELACC11- 12RI1, RI2, RI3, RI4, RI5, R7, IRI8, RI96	<ul> <li>"The Gettysburg Address," Abraham Lincoln</li> <li><u>http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm</u></li> <li>Have students annotate, paraphrase, and summarize without bias</li> </ul>
Writing	ELACC11-12	<ul> <li>Have students work with a partner to compare ideas about the theme and structure of the speech</li> <li>Have students write a rhetorical précis on the Address</li> </ul>
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL3	Have students write a rhetorical precis on the Address Additional Resources:
Language	ELACC11-12L4	Gettysburg Primary Source Documents and Photographs:
NETS	NETS1a, 2b	http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm Gettysburg Primary Source Documents and Photographs: http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm Extra credit research: the Underground Railroad Write news article reporting Lincoln's address - need details
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Compariso	n of literary and informational text from the same historic event
TASK: Clos	e readings of the (	Gettysburg Address in concert with Whitman's "Oh Captain, My Captain"
STRAND	STANDARD	

Reading	ELACC11-	Continue examination of "The Gettysburg Address," Abraham Lincoln	
rteading	12RI8, RI9	http://showcase.netins.net/web/creative/lincoln/speeches/gettysburg.htm	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W3, W4, W5	Conduct close reading of Walt Whitman's "Oh Captain, My Captain," written to eulogize Lincoln on the occasion of his	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL3, SL6	<ul> <li>death</li> <li>Facilitate a collaborative discussion about why Lincoln's words and actions garnered the kind of deep respect and admiration conveyed in Whitman's poem</li> </ul>	
Language	ELACC11-12L5, L3	<ul> <li>Discuss what the structure, length, and rhetoric of the Gettysburg Address can tell us about Lincoln's character</li> <li>Have students write a poem in Whitman's meter, rhyme scheme, and style about a hero of their own (as an extension</li> </ul>	
NETS		activity if desired) Homework: Independent reading of Part 9 <u>Walden</u> : Former Inhabitants	
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Dramatic re		
TASK: Drar	natic interpretation	n of the final segment of <u>Walden</u>	
STRAND	STANDARD	Engage in a dramatic interpretation of the final segment of <u>Walden</u> : Spring and Conclusion	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL9, RL6, RL5, RL1	<ul> <li>Facilitate a discussion on the work as a whole, and the ways in which it represents the spirit of times in which the Romantic movement was set (including its sub-genres)</li> <li>Allow students to have a far-ranging discussion on their reactions and attitudes about the book, its philosophies and its</li> </ul>	
Writing		relative importance in the canon, as well as their feelings about the optimistic attitude it embraces and its ideas about frugality and simplicity	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1		
Language			
NETS			
SKILL/CONC	EPT: End of Unit	review	
TASK: Jigsa	w review		
STRAND	STANDARD	Conduct jigsaw review: place students in pairs or groups and assign each a portion of material from this unit for review	
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1	<ul> <li>(for example archetypes, sentence structure, literary terms, or a specific text)</li> <li>Advise students to prepare study materials that thoroughly reinforce and provide effective study lists/resources/notes</li> </ul>	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W9	<ul> <li>for their area of responsibility in the jigsaw</li> <li>Model and guide students in preparing effective review materials by providing reminders and highlights from the units</li> <li>Note that jigsaw review presentation may be in the form of documents on the overhead, handouts, Prezi, or PowerPoint</li> </ul>	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL1, SL3		
Language			
NETS			
SKILL/CONCEPT: End of Unit review			
TASK: Student presentations			

STRAND	STANDARD	Have students present review materials
Reading		Assess through peer review (check list may be provided) if desired <i>Review presentations</i>
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL4	
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L6	
	EPT: End of Unit	roviou
	lent presentations	
STRAND	STANDARD	Students will present review materials
Reading		Assess through peer review (check list may be provided) if desired
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2	
Speaking and Listening	ELACC11- 12SL4	
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L6	
NETS		
SKILL/CONC	EPT: Preparing fo	or final assessment
TASK: Pre-	writing and consid	eration of final text
STRAND	STANDARD	• Have students consider the prompt for their culminating assessment. They will review the final text for the first time and
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1-RL10	begin pre-writing, note-taking, and text searches for final paper.
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2, W4, W5, W9	<ul> <li>INFORMATIVE/EXPLANATORY: We have considered many American visions of independence and identity:</li> <li>the frontier spirit exemplified by Meriwether Lewis and Thomas Jefferson</li> <li>the alienation of nature and passion from orderly society as exemplified by <u>The Scarlet Letter</u></li> </ul>
Speaking		• the Transcendentalist notion of the simple and natural man living in tune with nature as described by Thoreau,
and		Emerson, and the Fireside Poets
Listening		<ul> <li>Lincoln's vision of a united union</li> <li>Solution Truth's reflections on human worth and dignity and the rights of woman</li> </ul>
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L4, L5, L6	<ul> <li>Sojourner Truth's reflections on human worth and dignity and the rights of women</li> <li>The groundbreaking poetry of Whitman and Dickinson, each of whom explored their inner experience and unique identities in the context of a changing America</li> <li>Using the texts of your choice from this unit to inform you thought, consider the points set forth in the article you will be provided for this article entitled "American Romanticism: The Basic Concepts." Using more than one text for each major made in the article, provide examples that illustrate each point. Your analysis should clearly explain the precise ways in which the examples you provide correlate with the article's assertions.</li> </ul>
NETS		

SKILL/CONC	EPT: Culminating	g Assessment
TASK: Culi	minating Assessm	ent de la constance de la const
STRAND	STANDARD	Students will compose the final draft in class
Reading	ELACC11- 12RL1	
Writing	ELACC11- 12W2, W4, W5, W9	
Speaking and Listening		
Language	ELACC11-12L1, L2, L4, L5, L6	
NETS		

# THIS ARTICLE TO BE PRESENTED AS $4^{TH}$ DOCUMENT FOR SYNTHESIS ESSAY (CULMINATING ASSESSMENT) IN MODULE 4

American Literary Romanticism: The Basic Concepts By Dr. Geoffrey Grimes Reprinted with permission from Mountain View College

# Definition

The term "Romanticism" refers to a set of principles that belong to a period of cultural history often marked by experimentation, shifting values, and radical new social roles. University of South Carolina cultural historian Morris Peckham assigns the advent of Western Romanticism to a few years before the nineteenth century when a group of intellectuals across Europe began to think of themselves, the human community, and the "nature of nature" down an entirely different course, a period when first the academics and philosophers, then the artists began to doubt some of the key principles of the Neo-classical world view. Dr. Peckham calls the phenomenon "right angle" visioning, stepping outside one's own frame of reference to reflect on the self, its assumptions, and conclusions. This bold thinking resulted in a cultural revolution known as the Romantic Period.

## Romanticism and the Cycle of Social History

Another way of approaching the subject of "romanticism" is to think in terms of the cycle of social evolution and devolution. According to twentieth-century historian Arnold Toynbee, societies and civilizations advance through specific stages: a "formative" stage, a "preclassic" stage, the "classic" stage, and a "post-classic" stage. Each period leading up to the "classic" stage is characterized by creative innovation. The "classic" stage is a period marked by stability, fixed forms, and order. The "classic" period is a time of comfort and reassurance when the society's sense of itself is generally established. The post-classic stage is a period of disaffection, irritation, and boredom, giving rise to the idealism of the past and a lament for its passing. When the past becomes irreconcilable to a society's demands for it, revolt is not far away. Out of the often terrifying consequences of social revolution, the romantic period--with its veritable explosion of new insight and creativity--is born like the phoenix out of the ashes of the past.

## The Romantic Interpretation of Nature

The literature of the American Romantic Period reflects such a resurrection and new flowering. It was prompted, in part, by a new attitude about the American landscape. Beginning with the New York Hudson River Valley "School" of painters, artists shifted from painting people to painting the vast frontier and its far-ranging wilderness. Seen from the proper perspective, the landscape was breathtaking and inspirational. In short order, it became the seat of the spiritual and sublime, the nexus point for the soul and its creator. Literature followed the lead of the artists. Both poetry and prose examined the relationship between form, order, and meaning in human experience in the context of the pristine natural world.

## The Romantic "Agenda"

Romantic American literature operates from a whole new agenda of themes and principles. The Romantics revisited conventional Christian spirituality, seeking new contexts in Eastern mysticism. Socially and politically, Transcendentalism shifted authority from the

Georgia Department of Education Dr. John D. Barge, State School Superintendent April 2012 - All Rights Reserved domain of the state and social law to the faculty of the intuition and moral sense, proselytizing an ethic of individual responsibility and the celebration of the rarefied individual soul over impersonal and dehumanizing society. Psychologically, poets and their philosophers slipped out of the mannacles of rigid empiricism and embraced the free spirits of the imagination, creativity, and the emotional life, daring to explore not merely the probable in human experience but the possible and its Gothic implications.

## The Principles: Organicism, Dynamism, and Diversitarianism

Lying behind this remarkable revolution in thought and creativity is a fundamental re-examination of the most basic assumptions about the nature of the universe and the implications of such a re-examination for the nature and place of the human race in that universe. Peckham identifies three themes which mark the clear lines of departure of Romanticism: "organicism," "dynamism," and "diversitarianism" (Triumph of Romanticism, 1970). "Organicism" is Peckham's term for the Romantic's sense that the universe is alive, not the mechanical contrivance of the Neo-classical projection, and, as alive, is in constant flux and change. "Dynamism" references the source of that life and assigns it to the universe itself; that is, the universe is its own "dynamo" or generator. "Diversitarianism" is Peckham's corollary to the assumptions of "organicism" and "dynamism": if the universe is alive, then all that it is is unique and uniquely evolving.

The Romantics would not categorically reject the Neo-classicist's quintessential principle: that the universe is governed by fixed and immutable natural law. Rather, the Romantics countered, in such a universe, what is important is the effect of those natural laws and that effect is constant change.

## **Severe Implications**

In a universe that is alive and constantly changing, even "truth" itself is elusive, perhaps ... perhaps even "relative." And if that's the case, then it's a short step from the reassessment of the place of humanity in the physical universe to the reassessment of every arena of human relationships, beginning, perhaps with ethics and religion.