# INTRODUCTION TO THE SEVEN ELEMENTS OF

















## ELEMENTS OF CULTURE

- > Social Organization
- Language
- > Customs and Traditions
- > Religion
- >Arts and Literature
- > Forms of Government
- > Economic Systems

#### SOCIAL ORGANIZATION

✓ Puts its members into small units to meet basic needs

✓ Family Patterns: the most important unit of social organization. Children learn how to behave and what to believe

Nuclear family: wife, husband, children

Extended family: Several generations together

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✓ Social classes: rank people in an order, depending on what is important to the culture (money, job, education, ancestors, etc.)

## CUSTOMS AND TRADITIONS

- \*Rules of Behavior
- \*Holidays and Celebrations
- Food
- \*Clothing
- \*Shelter
- \*Transportation







## LANGUAGE

- All cultures have a spoken language (even if there are no developed forms of writing)
- People who speak the same language often share the same culture
- Many societies include a large number of people who speak different languages
- Each language can have several different dialects

## ARTS AND LITERATURE

Human Creativity

-Passing on the culture



For Example: art, literature, music, folk tales

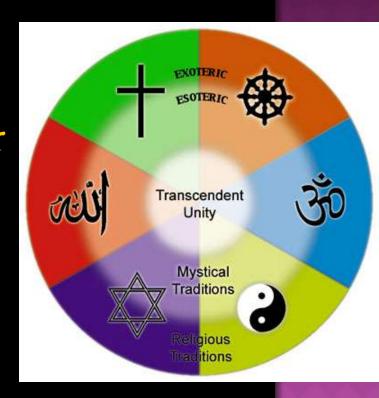






## RELIGION

- Answers basic questions about the meaning of life
  - Supports cultural values
  - Religion is often a source of conflict between cultures
  - Monotheism:
  - -Worship one God Polytheism:
  - - -Worship more than one



#### FORMS OF GOVERNMENT

- Government is to provide for common needs, keep order, and protect society from outside threats
- Definition of government: 1. Person/people who hold power in a society; 2. Society's laws and political institutions
- Democracy: people have supreme power, government acts by and with consent
  - Republic: people choose leaders who represent them
- Dictatorship: ruler/group holds power by force
  - Usually relying on military support for power

## ECONOMIC SYSTEMS

How people use money and goods -

- Traditional Economy: people produce most of what they need to survive (hunting, gathering, farming, herding cattle, make own clothes/tools)
- Market Economy: buying and selling goods and services
- © Command Economy: Government controls what/how goods are produced and what they cost. Individuals have little economic power
- Mixed Economy: Individuals make some economic decisions and the government makes others