Linear Unit Part 1:

Solving Equations

Solving 1 step equations with addition and	A) $x + 9 = 12$	B) $x - 3 = 11$
subtraction		
	C) $-12 = 12 + x$	D) $-15 = -13 + x$
		,
	E) $14 + x = -7$	F) $7 = x + 10$

Solving 1 step
equations with
multiplication and
division.

A)
$$4x = 16$$

B)
$$30 = -5x$$

C)
$$-3x = -60$$

$$D) \qquad \frac{x}{5} = 3$$

$$E) \qquad \frac{x}{-4} = 5$$

$$D) \qquad \frac{3}{4}x = 5$$

$$(E)$$
 $\frac{-5}{3}x = -2$

Solving 2 step
equations

Adding or Subtracting First

1.
$$4x+6=14$$

$$2. - p + 7 = -13$$

3.
$$9 = \frac{r}{-3} + 4$$

4.
$$\frac{x}{4} - 5 = 10$$

5.
$$5 = -6 + \frac{x}{2}$$

6.
$$3x + 5 = 32$$

Solving 2 step	1. $9 = \frac{x}{2} + 4$	2. $9 = \frac{x}{2} + 4$
equations		
Getting rid of fractions first		
	$3. \frac{x}{-3} - 2 = 5$	$4. \qquad \frac{x}{-3} - 2 = 5$

Multi-Step Equations with
distributive property (no
negative coefficients)

- Do 2 with
 Distributive Property
 First
- Do 2 with Dividing First

1. 5(3x+3) = 75

 $2. \qquad 3(2x+4) = 30$

3. 3(5x-4)=48

4. 2(3x-2)=26

1. -5(4x + 4) = 80

2. 4(-5x + 4) = 76

Multi-Step Equations with distributive property (negative coefficients)

3. -3(-4x-4)=24

4. 2(-2x-3)=24

Solving equations with the
distributive property and
fractions

1.
$$\frac{2}{3}(x-5) = 6$$

1.
$$\frac{2}{3}(x-5) = 6$$

2.
$$\frac{5}{4}(x-1) = 10$$

2.
$$\frac{5}{4}(x-1) = 10$$

Multi-Step Equations with
like terms on the same
side(no negative
coefficients)

$$1. -12 + 3x + 2x = 3$$

$$2. \quad x - 6 + 2x = 3$$

3.
$$3x - 2 - x = 4$$

$$4. x + 3x - 16 = 4$$

Multi-Step Equations with like terms on the same side(negative coefficients)

1.
$$-1 + x - 3x = 5$$

$$2. \quad -x - 9 + 3x = 3$$

3.
$$-3x - 23 + 2x = 7$$

4.
$$-x - 3x + 16 = 4$$

Multi-Step Equations with distributive property and like terms on the same side(no negative coefficients)	1. $4x + 7(x - 3) = 34$	2x + 3(2x - 4) = 44
	3. $3x + 2(x + 2) = 49$	4. $2x + 7(x - 2) = 31$

33x	-2(2x+3) = 48	4. $4x - 7(x - 2) = 31$

Multi-Step Equations with
like terms on both sides
without distributive
property

$$1. \qquad 5x = 3x - 8$$

$$2. 6x = 4x - 12$$

3)
$$7x-2=5x+10$$

4)
$$-7x+15=-3+2x$$

5)
$$3x - 21 = -2x + 9$$

6)
$$2x - 9 = -3x + 6$$

7)
$$-23 + 2x = -3x + 7$$
 8) $-6 + 2x = 3 - x$

8)
$$-6 + 2x = 3 - x$$

	1. $2(x-5) = 3x + 1$	$2. \ 5(x+3) = 2x - 9$
Multi-Step Equations with like terms on both sides with distributive property		
	1. $4(x+3) = 2(x-6)$	2. $3(x+2)=4(x-10)$
	3. $-9(x-4) = -(x-4)$	+20)

	T	
Multi-Step Equations anything goes	1.	4x-3+2x=8x-3-x
	2.	8y + 6 - 12y = 2y + 9 - 3y

Multi-Step Equations anything goes	3.	9(w-4)-7w=5(3w-2)
	4)	5-3(x-7)=2(2-x)-8

Solve the Two-Step Equations – Integers

$$3x + 7 = -11 + 2x$$

$$\frac{2m+3}{m}=1$$

$$-5(2-w)=10$$

$$a-2=\frac{a}{3}$$

$$\frac{b-1}{2} = b$$

$$10 - 3k = -5k$$

Solve $C = 2\pi r$ for r

For each of the following geometric formulas, Solve for the stated variable and answer the questions.

1. If a circular pool is 100 ft around, what is the pools radius.

Solve A = lw for 1

- 1. If the width of a rectangular sandbox is 20 feet, what length is required to obtain an area of 300 square feet.
- 2. If the width of the sandbox was to decrease and the area was to remain 200 square feet, how would the length change?

Solve P = 2I + 2w for I

- 1. If you have 100 feet of lumber to construct the sides of a sandbox, and the width is set at 25 feet, how long can the sandbox be?
- 2. If the width of the sandbox was to increase, but the perimeter was to remain at 100 feet, how would the length have to change?

Solve V=lwh for w

- 1. In designing a box to have a volume of 500 cm3, length 10, and height 15, what is the width?
- 2. If the volume of the box was to increase, but the length and height were to remain unchanged, how would the width have to change?

Solve $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$	for h
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a. If a triangle has an Area of 100 cm and a base of 20 cm what will the height of the be.

Solve
$$A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$$
 for b_2

a. If a trapezoid has an area of 200 cm, a height of 10 cm, and a base of 5 cm, how big must the other base be.

B) -19x + 9y = 8x - 9 $A) \quad -4x + y = 9$ Rewrite y as a function of xRewrite the equation so that y is a function of xThen give the slope and y-intercept C) -3x + 7y - 7 = -1 - 8y D) 8x + 2(y + 13) = 10

Rewrite the equation so that y is a function of x	$1. \ y-4x=9$	2. $6y - 6x = 15$
Then use the result to find y when x = 0, 5, 7, 10		1
	3. $4 - y = 7x$	$4. \frac{1}{3}y - 5 = 6x$
	5. 2x + y = 4	6. 5x - 5y = 15

Linear Unit Part 5:

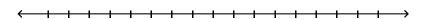
Solving Inequalities

Solving Inequalities				
Vocabulary:				
Inequality is a mathematical sentence that compares two unequal expressions.				
Here is a chart of word	ds or phrases associa	ted with the inequali	tv symbols:	
Here is a chart of words or phrases associated with the inequality symbols:				
<	<	>	>	
	-	-	·	
Open dot means	the number is	of the solution set	, thus it is not shaded.	
Closed dot means	s the number	of the solution se	et, thus it is shaded.	
			· 	

Solving Inequalities

Solve and graph the solution set for the following problems.

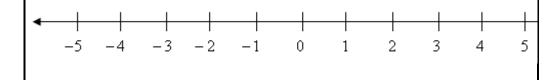
A. -2x > 6



 $\mathbf{B.} \qquad -\frac{1}{2}n \le 5$

Try-It! Solve and graph the solution set.

$$3 \ge 4d + 7$$



Try-It! Solve and graph the solution set.		
А.	$-4p+28 \ge 8$	
(- - - - - - - - 	
В.	2h-13 < -23	
< + + +	 	

Practice: Solve and graph the following inequalities, make your own number line.

1.
$$-5m < 20$$

$$2. \qquad \frac{j}{6} \le 0$$

3.
$$5a > -10$$

$$4. \qquad \frac{c}{-3} \ge 6$$

5.
$$m+6>2$$

6.
$$y-3 < -4$$

7.
$$4x+11 \ge 19$$

8.
$$6 < \frac{x}{-2}$$

9.
$$27 \ge -0.9r$$

10.
$$5m-3 > -18$$

Multi-Step Inequalities		
Solve and graph the solution set for the following problems.		
Example 1:	$9x + 4 \le 3x - 14$	
Example 2:	-2(x-4)-3x<23	

1.
$$5x+3 < 2x+15$$

$$2(3+3g) > 2g+14$$

3.
$$2(3b-2) < 4b+8$$

4.
$$11y-2 \le 3y+14$$

$$3q + 6 \le -5(q+2)$$

6.
$$1 < 8 + b$$

7.	-4 <i>x</i> -4<8	8.	5-9c>-13
9.	A high school class is planning its annual hayri plus \$30 per hour to hire the hay wagon. The the hayride. Part A: Write an inequality to find h, the number hay wagon and stay within budget.	class has	a budget of \$280 for
	Part B: Solve the inequality.		

Unit 3: Lesson 2: Linear Equations and Inequalities

Investigation 1: Who will be the doctor? (p. 188)

How can you use tables and graphs to estimate solutions of equations and inequalities?

The trends in percent of male and female medical doctors can be modeled by these linear functions

Percentage of Male Doctors: $y_1 = 98 - 0.54t$ **Percentage of Female Doctors:** $y_2 = 2 + 0.54t$

Here y_1 and y_2 represent the percentage of male and female U.S. medical doctors at a time t years **after** 1960

Write equations or inequalities that can be used to estimate answers for each of these questions about the percentage of male and female medical doctors in the United States.

- a. In 1985, what percent of U.S. medical doctors were male?
- b. When will the percent of male doctors fall to 40%?

c. How long will the percent of female doctors remain below 60%?

d. When will the percent of male doctors decline to only double the percent of female doctors?

Percentage of Male Doctors: $y_1 = 98 - 0.54t$, where t is the number of years since 1960

Percentage of Female Doctors: $y_2 = 2 + 0.54t$, where t is the number of years since 1960

2. Write questions about trends in percent of male and female medical doctors that can be answered by solving these equations and inequalities.

a.
$$98 - 0.54t = 65$$

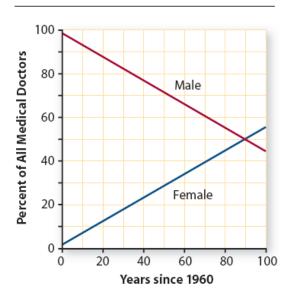
b.
$$y_2 = 2 + 0.54(50)$$

c.
$$2 + 0.54t < 30$$

d.
$$98 - 0.54t < 2 + 0.54t$$

e.
$$98 - 0.54t = 4(2 + 0.54t)$$

Trends in Gender



t, years	$y_1 = 98 -$	$y_2 = 2 +$
after 1960	0.54t	0.54t
0	98	2
10	92.6	7.4
20	87.2	12.8
30	81.8	18.2
40	76.4	23.6
50	71	29
60	65.6	34.4
70	60.2	39.8
80	54.8	45.2
90	49.4	50.6

3. Solve the inequalities below by using the graph or the tables

a.
$$y_2 = 2 + 0.54(40)$$

b.
$$98 - 0.54t = 90$$

b.
$$98 - 0.54t = 2 + 0.54t$$

d.
$$98 - 0.54t > 80$$

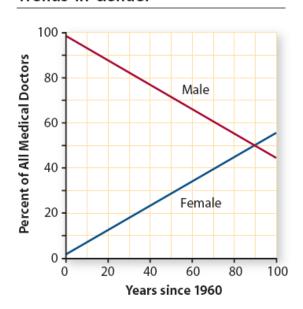
e.
$$y_1 = 98 - 0.54(65)$$

f.
$$2 + 0.54t < 29$$

g.
$$98 - 0.54t = 4(2 + 0.54t)$$

h.
$$70 = 2 + 0.54t$$

Trends in Gender



t, years	$y_1 = 98 -$	y ₂ = 2 +
after 1960	0.54t	0.54t
0	98	2
10	92.6	7.4
20	87.2	12.8
30	81.8	18.2
40	76.4	23.6
50	71	29
60	65.6	34.4
70	60.2	39.8
80	54.8	45.2
90	49.4	50.6

- 4. Write equations and inequalities to represent the following questions. Then use tables or graphs to estimate the solutions for the equations
- a. When will the percent of male doctors decline to 55%?
- b. When will the percent of female doctors reach 35%?
- c. How long will the percent of male doctors be above 40%?
- d. What percent of U.S. medical doctors will be male when you are 20 years old?
- e. Assuming the trends shown in the graph on, when will the percent of female doctors be more than the percent of male doctors?