### LESSON 1—1 QUIZ

#### Legal Concepts

*Directions:* In the Answers column, write the letter from Column 1 that represents the word or phrase that matches the statement in Column 2.

	Column 1	Co	olumn 2	Answers
A.	equity	1.	A group of laws in organized form	1
B.	laws	2.	The power to decide a case	2
C.	positive law	3.	Law that is based on current standards	-3
D.	King's Bench		or customs	
E.	precedent	4.	Panel of citizens who help interpret	4
F.	injunction		society's customs	
G.	jurisdiction	5.	Enforceable rules of conduct in society	5
H.	jury	6.	An order that prevents something from	6
I.	common law		being done	
Ţ.	code	7.	Law dictated by a sovereign or higher	7
			authority	
		8.	Court appointed by King Henry II	8
		9.	Fairness	9
		10.	Using prior cases as a guide for	10
			deciding similar new cases	

### Legal Applications

- 11. Carlos sold the trees on his 300-acre farm to Redicut Lumber Company. Redicut used logging equipment and methods that caused severe erosion on steep hillsides and drainage problems in low-lying areas. How might Carlos's case have been decided in an early English common law court?
- 12. How would Carlos's case have been handled differently in an equity court?

## ✓ LESSON 1—1 RETEACH

*Directions*: Write the answers to Questions 1–12 on the blanks provided. The answer to Question 13 should appear in the vertical boxes.

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- 1. Decree issued by a court to prevent an action
- 2. Where one goes to seek a fair resolution of a legal dispute
- 3. Panel of citizens appointed by a judge to listen to evidence in a case
- 4. Law that is handed down by a king or higher authority
- 5. King Henry II's court of judges
- 6. An organized group of laws
- 7. King of Babylon responsible for setting down the code laws
- 8. Law based on the current standards or customs of the people
- 9. The use of prior cases to decide later cases that are similar
- 10. Primary achievement of the English common law system
- 11. Powerful leader or authority that sets up courts
- 12. The term for causing injuries to others for personal reasons
- 13. The power to hear a case

# ✓ LESSON 1—2 QUIZ

### Legal Concepts

*Directions:* Fill in the blank(s) with the most appropriate term or phrase to complete the sentence.

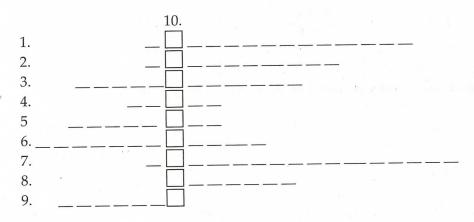
ic 3	efficience.	Answers
1.	? is created when constitutions are amended or adopted.	1.
2.	? law defines legal rights and duties.	2.
3.	The judicial branch of government creates?law.	3
4.	A law is considered? _ when it conflicts with a constitution.	4
5.	Laws enacted by state and federal legislatures are called?	5
6.	The doctrine of _? requires lower courts to follow established case laws.	6
7.	Laws enacted by local legislatures are called?	7.
8.	? enforces legal rights and duties.	8
9.	deals with the private legal rights of an individual.	9
10	A(n) ? is an offense against society.	10

### Legal Applications

- 11. Suppose the state of Pennsylvania passed a law forbidding large grocery store chains to sell 2% milk for less than \$2.49 a gallon in order to help the owners of smaller stores. Why would this legislation be invalidated by the federal government?
- 12. Sharon was driving down a street when she failed to stop at a red traffic light. Seeing a police car approaching in her rearview mirror, she speeded up to avoid being caught. She then lost control of her car and crashed through the wall of a convenience store. What types of law has Sharon violated and what penalties might she face?

### ✓ LESSON 1—2 RETEACH

*Directions*: Write the answers to Questions 1–9 on the blanks provided. The answer to Question 10 should appear in the vertical boxes.



- 1. Laws created by amending a constitution are considered
- 2. Law that enforces legal rights
- 3. Doctrine that demands lower courts follow prior case laws
- 4. An offense against society
- 5. Law is followed when a crime has taken place
- 6. Type of agency carries out laws
- 7. Law that conflicts with a constitution
- 8. Law that is created by the judicial branch
- 9. Laws that are enacted on state or federal level by a legislature
- 10. Laws that are enacted on a local level

### ✓ LESSON 1—3 QUIZ

#### Legal Concepts

*Directions:* Place a *T* for True or an *F* for False in the Answers column to show whether each of the following statements is true or false.

		Answers
1.	Ethical decisions are based on reason rather than emotion.	1
2.	Ethics values one person or group more than another.	2
3.	Impartiality forces a person to balance self-interest with the interests of others.	3
4.	Business ethics are the ethical principles used in making business decisions.	4
5.	The idea of profit maximization is supported by those who want to create jobs and keep factories open in their own country.	5
6.	People often refer to a written authority when reasoning about right and wrong.	6
7.	The law is a written authority that provides consistency.	7
8.	An ethical decision should be partial.	8
9.	Behavior that is considered ethical in one culture may not be acceptable in another culture.	9.

#### Legal Applications

- 10. Suppose you are driving down the street when you hit and seriously injure someone's dog. You were not driving over the speed limit or in a reckless manner. You are sure that no one saw you hit the dog, and you would like to drive on without notifying the dog's owner. You begin to think about how you would feel if someone left your dog to suffer. You decide to locate the owner and explain what happened. Have you made an ethical decision?
- 11. Jose can't wait to buy his first car next month. He imagines that he will make several new friends at school since everyone will want to ride in his car. He is even having a hard time concentrating on filling orders at the restaurant where he works. Does Jose's thinking have an ethical component? Who is most affected by Jose's conduct?

#### ✓ LESSON 1—3 RETEACH

*Directions:* Write the answers to Questions 1–12 on the blanks provided. The answer to Question 13 should appear in the vertical boxes.

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- 1. Deciding what is right or wrong in an impartial manner
- 2. Another term for feelings
- 3. The primary motivation when businesses move overseas
- 4. A religious text other than the Bible that speaks about right and wrong
- 5. The opposite of right
- 6. Needs to be balanced with the interests of others
- 7. Test that asks, "Would the result be irrational, illogical, or demeaning if everyone did it?"
- 8. Bases for ethical decisions
- 9. What civil disobedience tests
- 10. Evaluates the moral worth of a proposed action by forecasting the consequences of that action and alternatives to it
- 11. Type of action resulting from an ethical decision
- 12. What people consult when deciding between right and wrong
- 13. Concept that the same ethical standards apply to everyone