

From KBAT

- 5. Genghis Khan AKA Temijin
- 6. Kublai Khan
- 19. Mongols
- 22. China (Sui Tang Song Yuan)

The largest land empire in history

The Mongols



*Identify and explain new empires that emerged during this time period.

Islamic states and caliphates
i.e. Abbasids, Muslim Iberia, Delhi Sultanates
Mongol Khanates

*Identify and explain that women exercised more power and influence.

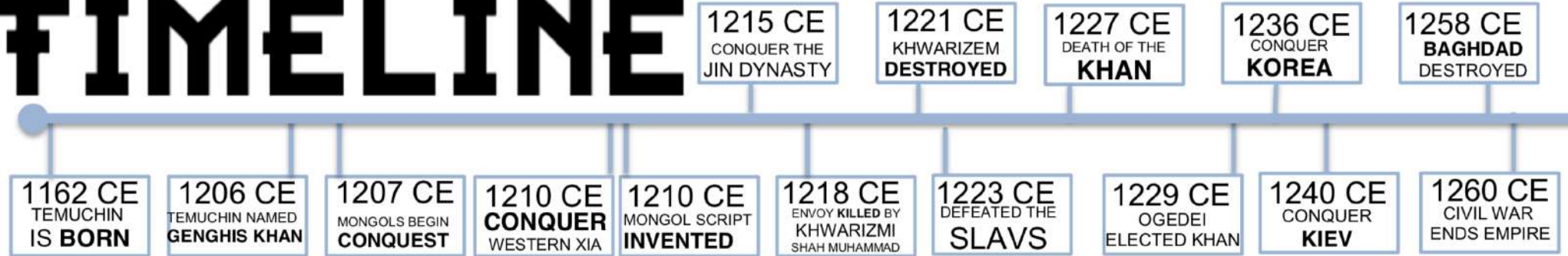
i.e. Mongols, West Africa, Japan and Southeast Asia

Mongol Empire, A.D. 1294




Timeline

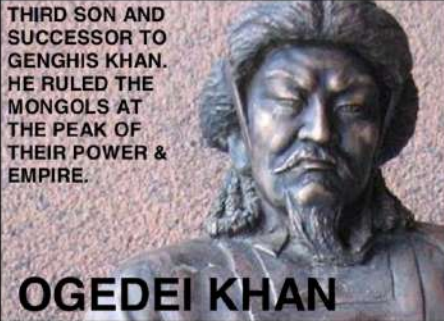
TIMELINE



PEOPLE TO KNOW



GENGHIS KHAN
FOUNDER OF THE LARGEST EMPIRE IN WORLD HISTORY. HIS HUBRIS AND LUST FOR EMPIRE LED HIM INTO EUROPE, AFRICA, and JAPAN. (NO ONE KNOWS WHAT HE LOOKED LIKE... THIS IS A STATUE IN MONGOLIA)



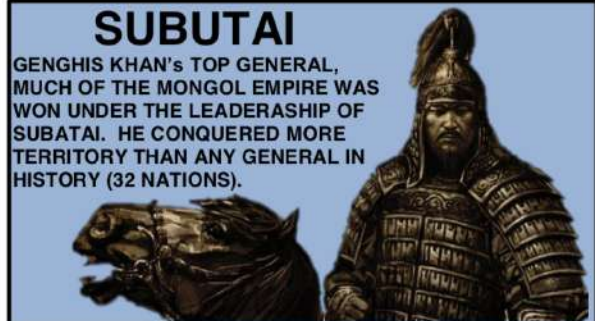
THIRD SON AND SUCCESSOR TO GENGHIS KHAN. HE RULED THE MONGOLS AT THE PEAK OF THEIR POWER & EMPIRE.

OGEDEI KHAN



THE MOST IMPORTANT MONGOL BEHIND GENGHIS. KUBLAI WAS GENGHIS GRANDSON AND SERVED AS THE GREAT KHAN FOR 34 YEARS, MUCH OF THAT RULING OVER CHINA

KUBLAI KHAN



SUBUTAI
GENGHIS KHAN'S TOP GENERAL, MUCH OF THE MONGOL EMPIRE WAS WON UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF SUBUTAI. HE CONQUERED MORE TERRITORY THAN ANY GENERAL IN HISTORY (32 NATIONS).

Genghis(Chinggis)Khan ca 1167-1227

- Born **Temunjin** – father is poisoned by rival. Mother and her children left poor.
- As a teen Temujin starts to form alliances. Defeats other tribes.
- 1206 Other tribes award him the title of universal ruler- Genghis(Oceanic) Khan (ruler) at the **Khuriltai** (annual assembly of Mongols)
- This process is called **tanistry**-all contenders for power must prove their ability to lead by defeating rivals in battle.

Mongol Army under Genghis Khan

Soldiers belong to 4 units. A unit of 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000

-(Crossed family loyalties)

Advantages over Europe: horses, bows.

Strategy: Be quick to conquer enemies. If they submit, they will not destroy homes. If not...

Total obedience to Khan in wartime, but not in peacetime



Mongol Culture



Nomads on the steppes

Beliefs:

land cannot be owned, Nature spirits,
Worship the blue sky

Society:

Live in yurts(ger) and tribes
2 levels of society

Ordinary Mongols

Families of Chiefs

(Slaves-captured in battle)

Genghis Khan is first to unite the tribes

Division of Labor- from William of Rubruck letter 1255

- "It is the duty of women to drive the carts, to load the houses on to them and to unload them, to milk the cows, to make the butter and khumis(horse milk) to dress the skins and sew them. They never wash their clothes, for they say that that makes God Angry and that it would thunder if they hung them out to dry

The men make bows and arrows, manufacture stirrups and bits and make saddles, they build the houses and carts, they look after horses and milk the mares. Both sexes look after the sheep and goats."

Genghis Khan vs History



https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=6&v=Eq-Wk3YqeH4