



Fire is fire!

. . . Is it bad?

... Is it good?

. . . Who's asking?





Fire is good!









Fire is not mutually exclusive!

- Rule 1: People will live where people will live.
- Rule 2: Fires will occur when and where they occur.
- Rule 3: Fire doesn't understand the intention of the ignition source.

Is it possible to have fire and people in the same ecosystem?





WILDFIRE

- Create a mental picture
- What does it look like?
- What does it sound like?
- What does it smell like?
- How would you define it?





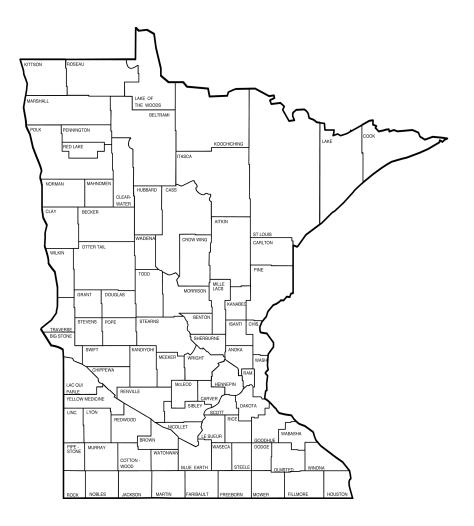
Definition of Wildfire:

 An unplanned and uncontrolled fire spreading through vegetative fuels, at times involving structures.





Where would you predict wildfires to be?





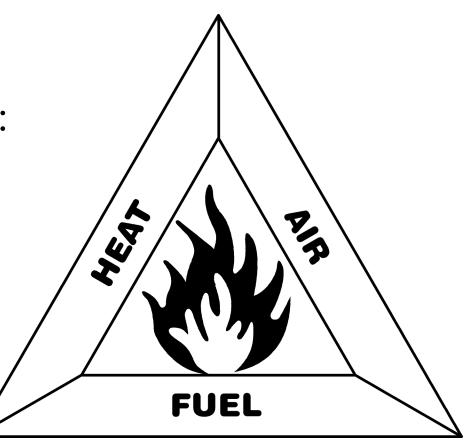


Science of Wildfire

FIRE TRIANGLE

What is the source of:

- Air
- Heat
- Fuel





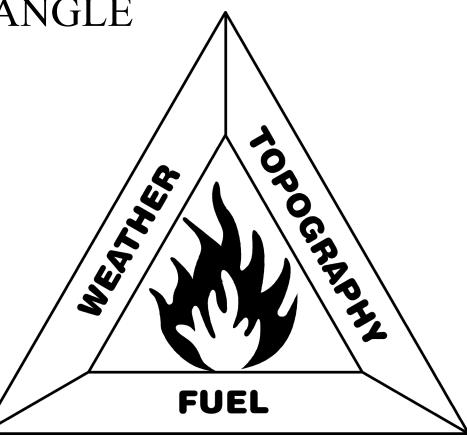


Science of Wildfire

FIRE BEHAVIOR TRIANGLE

 How does weather affect occurrence and spread of wildfire

- Which types of fuel feed a wildfire?
- How can topography affect the occurrence and spread of wildfire?



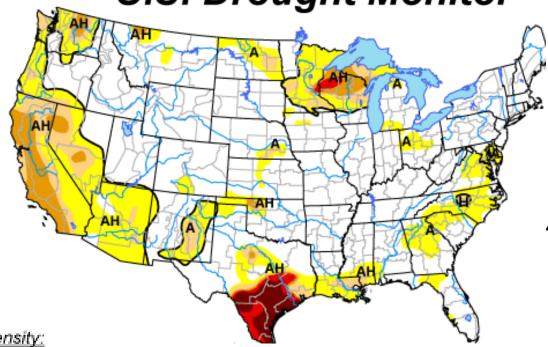


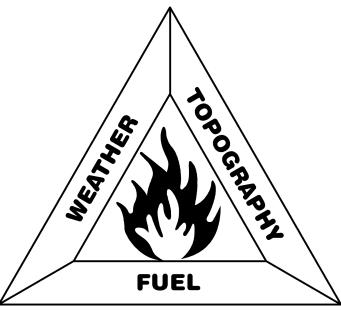


Look at the factors

Weather

U.S. Drought Monitor





Intensity:

D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Drought - Moderate

D2 Drought - Severe

D3 Drought - Extreme

D4 Drought - Exceptiona

Drought Impact Types:

Delineates dominant impacts

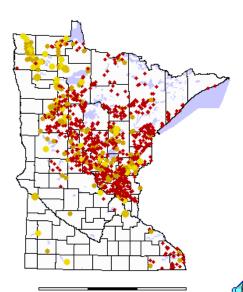
A = Agricultural (crops, pastures, grasslands)

H = Hydrological (water)

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

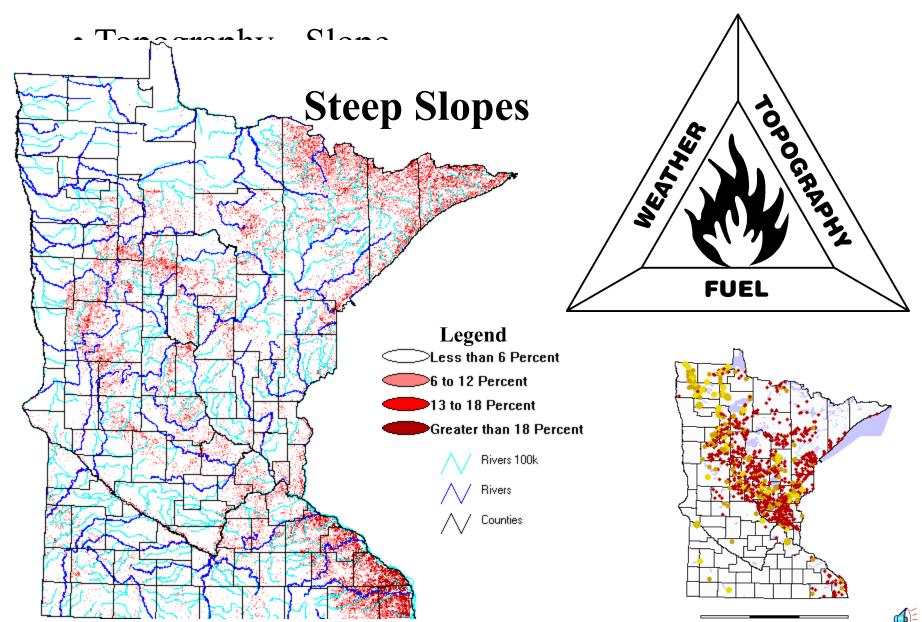


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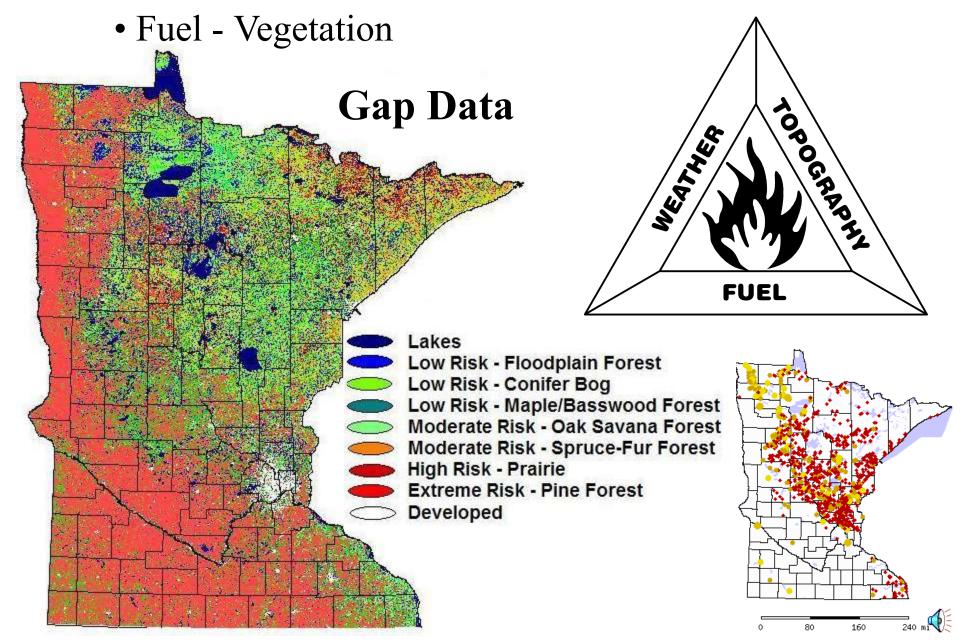


Look at the factors





Look at the factors





Science of Wildfire

- Fire Spread = heat transference
 - Conduction
 - Convection
 - Radiation
- Ember displacement



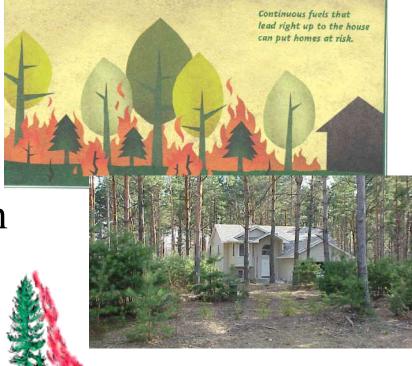


Fire Spread

- Surface fires by radiation
- Crown fires by convection
- Ember movement is the "wild card"
 - Ember potential (brands)
 - Heat output (loft)
 - Wind field (transport)

• Receiving fuel bed (house?)











We have liftoff and ignition!







Wildfire causes

Cause	Fires/Acres	MN 2000	MN 2000, Percent of Total	U.S. 2000	U.S. 2000, Percent of Total
Natural					
Lightning	Fires	9	.46	18,417	14.9
	Acres	12.02	.02	4,826,643	57.3
Human					= 212
Campfire	Fires	60	3.1	3,412	2.8
	Acres	193.22	.36	174,986	2.1
Smoking	Fires	72	3.7	3,892	3.2
	Acres	584.61	1.1	100,395	1.1
Debris	Fires	687	35.4	NA	NA
	Acres	17,023.79	32.3	NA	NA
Arson/	Fires	638	32.8	26,990	21.9
Incendiary	Acres	29,315.64	55.7	1,103,948	13.1
Equipment	Fires	236	12.1	10,713	8.7
	Acres	1423.54	2.7	44,046	.52
Railroads	Fires	74	3.8	2,812	2.3
	Acres	338.89	.64	141,768	1.6
Children/Juveniles	en/Juveniles Fires NA	NA	NA	3,927	3.2
	Acres	NA	NA	28,940	.34
Miscellaneous	Fires	167	8.5	52,664	42.9
	Acres	3727.46	7.0	1,605,131	19.0
TOTAL	Fires	1943		122,827	
	Acres	52,619.17		8,422,237	

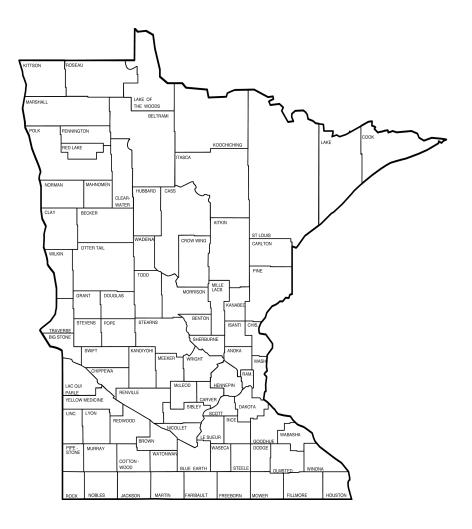
- What is the leading cause of wildfire in the US?
- ...in Minnesota?
- Why is there a difference?

- What is the leading cause of acre loss in the US?
- ...in Minnesota?
- Why is there a difference?





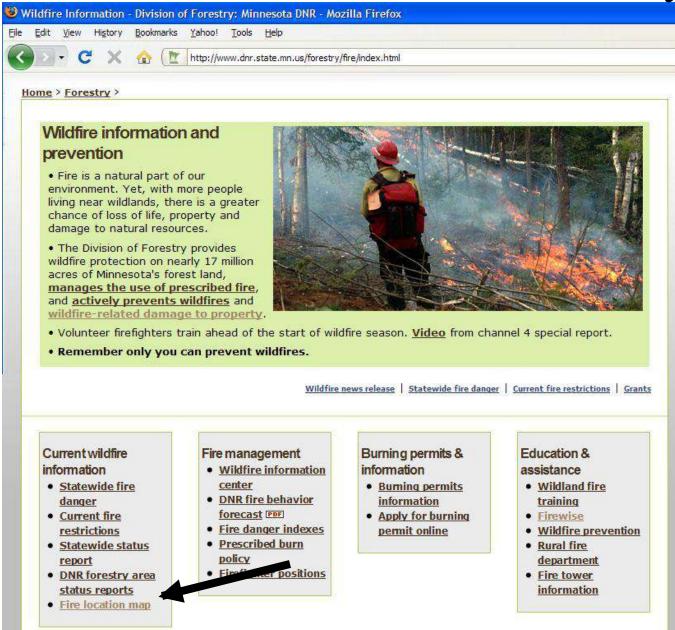
Where did you predict wildfires to be?







Where wildfires have occurred this year

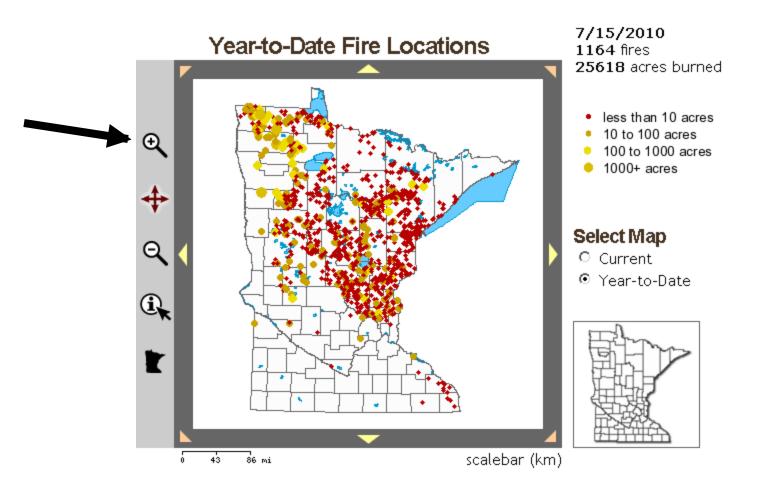






Year-to-Date Fire Locations

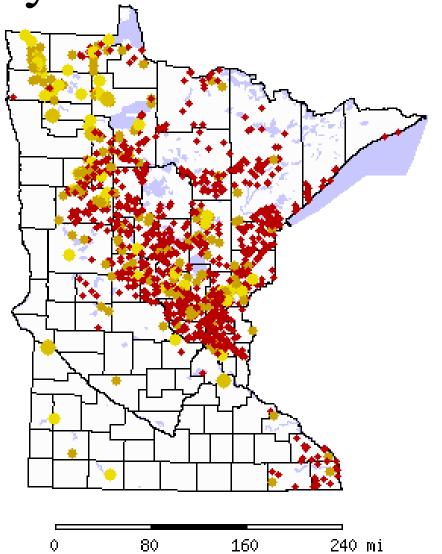
http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/forestry/fire/maps/browse.html







Why were fires here?







WHAT IS FIREWISE?

Firewise is a national and Minnesota program whose goals are to reduce (mitigate) the risk of damage caused by wildfire.





Firewise Video

🐸 Firewise-Minnesota: Minnesota DNR - Mozilla Firefox

Minnesota

http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/firewise/index.html

Department of Natural Resources

Recreation | Destinations

Nature

Education / safety | Licenses / pr

Home > Assistance > Stewardship in your backyard >

Firewise

- Main page
- Community
- Homeowner
- Landscaper / Contractor
- Links
- Forestry education

Firewise in Minnesota

Firewise addresses the risk of homes in the wildland/urban interface to wildland fire. As more homes are built in the woods and fields of Minnesota. the existing firefighting resources are less able to protect everyone's property while trying to control a wildfire.



Homes close to evergreens and the tall grasses of prairies or marshes are most at risk. Making your home able to survive an approaching wildfire is the goal of the Firewise program.

Minnesota has adopted the national Firewise program. From this page you will find links to some of the national Firewise sites and all of the Minnesota related Firewise sites, plus general wildfire information.

See first hand how the Firewise program saved a home burning the Ham lake fire. Watch the Minnesota bound video.

Media Type	Bandwithth		
WMV	<u>Low</u> (1.5mb)	<u>High</u> (6.7mb)	
MP4	<u>Low</u> (1.0mb)	<u>High</u> (6.4mb)	



Legend/Key

- High WMV files for Windows, playable with the Windows Media Player, for broadband internet connections such as a cable modem or DSL
- Low WMV files for Windows, playable with the Windows Media Player, for lower speed internet connections such as dial-up



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