

# POETRY AND LITERARY DEVICES

Objective: We will define, identify and analyze literary devices in poetry.

## APK=Activating Prior Knowledge

• Q=We just finished studying **SYMBOLISM**— what other literary devices do you know of?

Imagery	Personification
Simile	Metaphor
Alliteration	Allusion
Rhyme	Repetition

#### Concept Development- IMAGERY

- Imagery appeals to one or many of our five senses and creates "images" in our mind
- 5 Senses are...
  - Sight
  - Sound
  - Touch
  - Taste
  - Smell











### Imagery-Examples

Give me the splendid silent sun, with all his beams full-dazzling;

Give me juicy autumnal fruit, ripe and red from the orchard;

Give me a field where the unmow'd grass grows;

Give me an arbor, give me the trellis'd grape;

from "Give Me the Splendid, Silent Sun" by Walt Whitman CFU: Tell your partner which lines/phrases appeal to which of the 5 senses

#### Concept Development- SIMILE

- •Simile compares two UNLIKE items/ideas using "like," "as" or "than"
- Example: leaves twirled <u>like</u> dancers on the water
- Non-Example: I am short <u>like</u> my sister.
- Non-Example: Miguel likes ice cream.

• CFU: Why are the bottom two NOT examples of similes? (TIP! Use words from the definition)

#### Concept Development- METAPHOR

- Metaphor compares two UNLIKE items/ideas NOT using "like," "as" or "than"
- Example: the leaves were dancers twirling down the stream
- Non-Example: I am a responsible student.
- Non-Example: I was lonely as a cloud.

• CFU: Why are the bottom two NOT examples of metaphors? (TIP! Use words from the definition)

#### Concept Development- PERSONIFICATION

- Personification give human attributes or qualities to non-human things or abstract ideas
- Example: leaves danced on the water
- Example: The sun smiled down on me today!
- Non-Example: The tree grew tall.
- Non-Example: The wind moved the fallen leaves across the lawn.

• CFU: Why are the bottom two NOT examples of personification? (TIP! Use words from the definition)

#### Concept Development- ALLUSION

- Allusion direct reference to something in <u>history</u>, <u>literature</u>, the <u>Bible</u>, or <u>mythology</u>.
- Example: "He was a real Romeo with the ladies."
- Example: "Chocolate was her Achilles' heel."
- Example: "He was a Good Samaritan yesterday when he helped the lady start her car."
- Example: "I thought the software would be useful, but it was a Trojan Horse."
- Example: "This place is like a Garden of Eden."
- Example: "When she lost her job, she acted like a Scrooge, and refused to buy anything that wasn't necessary."
- Example: "With a Herculean effort, Joe lifted the car off the trapped man underneath."
- CFU: Identify each allusion as <u>historical</u>, <u>literary</u>, <u>biblical</u> or <u>mythological</u>.

#### Concept Development- ALLITERATION

- Alliteration is the repetition of consonant sounds in words that appear close together.
- Example: A long, long yellow on the lawn
- Example: <u>Deep</u> into that <u>darkness</u> peering, long I stood there wondering, fearing, <u>Doubting</u>, <u>dreaming dreams</u> no mortal ever <u>dared</u> to <u>dream</u> before

• CFU: Name a nursery rhyme/tongue twister that utilizes alliteration.

#### Concept Development- ONOMATOPOEIA

•Onomatopoeia is the use of words that sound like what they mean.

• Examples: fizz, buzz, bang, hiss





• CFU: Name other words that are examples of onomatopoeia

#### Concept Development- RHYME

- **Rhyme** is the repetition of the accented vowel sound and all subsequent sounds in words close together
- Example: sea/free....tricky/picky
- Example: "I do not like green eggs and ham I do not like them Sam-I-Am."
- Example: "From there to here, from here to there, funny things are everywhere!"

#### Concept Development- REPETITION

• Repetition words or phrases that are repeated (also called a refrain)

The cat so silent
Lay curled up on the rug
The fire a blaze
The room so snug.
Purring, purring
Quiet and still
Purring, purring
Content from his fill.

Tatters the cat Big, fat cat.

He had just eaten A dinner of fish What a treat to have Filling up his dish.

Purring, purring Quiet and still Purring, purring Content from his fill.

• CFU: Name a refrain/repetition from a song.

### Importance

- Why are Literary Devices important?
  - ☑ Understanding literary devices will help you understand complex texts
  - ☑ Using literary devices is a way to elevate the sophistication of your own writing







#### Closure

- •What is the difference between a simile and a metaphor?
- Give an example of onomatopoeia.
- •Name 2 types of allusions.

### Independent Practice

- Time to APPLY
- Identify the different types of Literary Devices used on your notes

