Pre-Calculus Honors Summer Assignment June 2016

The intent of this assignment is to check your understanding of Algebra II before we begin a year of *Pre-Calculus*. By not having to review Algebra II, we have more time to "digest" the more "sophisticated" mathematics of Pre-Calculus.

Since this assignment is a review of some of the material studied last year, you are on your own for reviewing the material and doing the following assignments over the summer. It would be a good idea to work with other students that are also taking honors level pre-calculus. The problems listed below have been minimized to illustrate concepts that you should understand. *You decide if you need to do more problems from each section to solidify understanding*. There will be several Pre-Calculus books (entitled *Advanced Mathematics*) left in the Reference Section of the Westport Library over the summer to use to practice extra problems. The packet must be completed and evidence of your understanding must be shown on the packet with answers placed in the spaces where provided. Complete work must be shown to justify your answer and graphs must be carefully drawn and labeled. * *If a calculator has been used, then you must set up what you entered into the calculator and what the calculator produced for you on your paper*. It is important to check your answers with those provided in this packet. If you are not getting them correct, you will not do well on your first test. Do not do the problems simply to "get them done". Complete the problems in a manner that makes you learn what you need to know. Show all work in a neat and organized manner.

The problem packet will be collected and thoroughly graded "college style" on the first day of school. You will also be able to download this summer assignment online from a link on the Staples High School website. We will spend a day answering questions and then take a test on the material. Good luck!

Mr. Papp Mrs. Tarek Mr. Wetzel

IN ALL CASES COMPLETE THE WRITTEN EXERCISES, NOT THE CLASS EXERCISES.

Section 1-1 problems	objectives	Be able to find the intersection of two lines both analytically and graphically.Be able to develop and know the distance and midpoint formulas.<i>p. 5</i> written exercises 11, 21
Section 1-2	objectives:	Be able to find the slope of a line Be able to differentiate between parallel, perpendicular and intersecting lines $p \ 11$ written exercises 13, 17, 21
Section 1-3 problems:	objectives:	Be able to find the equation of a line Be able to recognize and use the forms of a line p. 16 written exercises 15, 25, 27

Section 1-4	objectives:	Be able to model real world situations using linear models Be able to use linreg on the calculator Be able to define function, domain, range, and find the zeros of a function		
problems:		p. 22 written exercises 11, 15, 23		
Section 1-5	objectives:	Be able to manipulate complex numbers Be able to find sum, differences, products, and quotients of complex numbers and recognize complex conjugates		
problems:		p. 28 written exercises 13, 21, 31, 39		
Section 1-6	objectives:	 Be able to solve quadratic equations by: 1. factoring 2. completing the square 3. quadratic formula 4. graphing Be able to find the discriminant and determine the nature of roots Be able to recognize the possibilities of losing or gaining a root 		
problems		p. 35 written exercises 7, 15, 21, 25, 31, 35		
Section 1-7	objectives:	Be able to graph quadratic functions Be able to find the vertex and axis of symmetry Be able to change $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ to $y = a(x-h)^2 + k$ Be able to solve systems involving quadratics both analytically and		
problems		graphically p. 41 written exercises 27, 29, 35		
Section 1-8	objectives:	Be able to model real world situations using quadratic functions Be able to use quadreg on calculator		
problems		p. 45 written exercises 7(using quadreg on your calc- not algebraically), 11, 17		
Section 2-1	objectives:	To identify a polynomial function, to evaluate it using synthetic substitution, and to determine its zeros		
problems		p. 56 written exercises 12, 17, 23		
Section 2-3	objectives:	To graph a polynomial function and determine an equation for a polynomial graph.		
problems		p. 66 written exercises 15 p. 68 written exercises 31		
Section 2-4 problems	objectives:	To write a polynomial function for a given situation and to find the maximum or minimum value of the function <i>p. 71 written exercises 3, 9</i> <i>p. 73 written exercises 3, 5</i>		
Section 3-1 problems	objectives:	To solve and graph linear inequalities in one variable. p. 98 written exercises 9, 21, 27		

Section 3-2 problems	objectives:	To solve and graph polynomial inequalities in one variable. p. 103 written exercises 13, 15	
Section 5-1 problems	objectives	To define and apply integral exponents <i>p.173 written exercises 11, 31, 37a, 41</i>	
Section 5-2 problems	objectives	To define and apply rational exponents <i>p. 178 written exercises 7, 23, 35</i>	
Section 6.2 problems	objectives	To find equations of circles and graph them <i>p. 222 written exercises 11, 13</i>	
Section 6.3 problems	objectives	To find equations of ellipses and graph them <i>p.228 written exercises 9</i>	
Section 6.4 problems	objectives	To find equations of hyperbolas and graph them <i>p. 235 written exercises 9</i>	
Section 6.5 problems	objectives	To find equations of parabolas and graph them <i>p. 240 written exercises 1, 19</i>	

Name:_____ Period:_____Date:_____ **Pre-Calculus Honors** Summer Assignment **June 2015**

SHOW EVIDENCE OF YOUR UNDERSTANDING for each problem in this packet. This packet will be turned in on the first day of school and then graded. Every problem in this packet is to be completed WITHOUT A CALCULATOR unless indicated with this symbol:

Section 1-1: Page 5 Written Exercises 11, 21

11. Graph the equation 3x - 2y = 6. Label the origin and the *x*- and *y*intercepts as O, P and Q, respectively. Find the area of ΔOPQ .

21. Plot A(5,1), B(7,-1), C(1,-3), and D(-1,-1). Use the midpoint formula to show that the diagonals of quadrilateral ABCD have the same midpoint. What kind of quadrilateral is ABCD?

13. Find the slope and the *y*-intercept of the line 4x - 2y = 8.

17. Tell which of the given equations have parallel line graphs and which have perpendicular line graphs. Show evidence and circle your answer.

4

a.
$$y = \frac{5}{2}x - 8$$
 b. $-15x + 6y - 10 = 0$ c. $4x + 10y = 15$

21. Find the value of k if the line joining (4, k) and (6, 8) and the line joining (-1, 4) and (0, 8) are

21a. parallel

11._

Slope:

y-int:

21a.___



21b. perpendicular

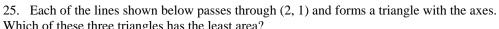
Section 1-3: Page 16 Written exercises 15, 25, 27

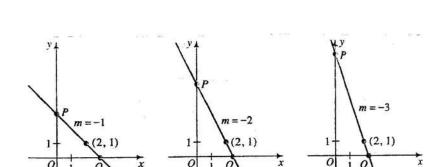
15. Write an equation of the perpendicular bisector of the segment joining (0, 3) and (-4, 5).

Which of these three triangles has the least area?

x

0





21b._____

15.

25.____

27a. Find the length and an equation of \overline{BC} .		Length:
	Equation:	
		\uparrow
		\leftrightarrow
		\checkmark
27b. Find an equation of the altitude from A to \overline{BC} .		27b
27c. Find the point where the altitude from A intersects BC .		27c
27d. Find the length of the altitude from A to \overline{BC} .		27d
27e. Find the area of $\triangle ABC$.		27e
Section 1-4: Page 22 Written exercises 11, 15, 23		\wedge
11. Let <i>f</i> be a linear function such that $f(1) = 5$ and $f(3) = 9$.		
11a. Sketch the graph of f .		
		\leftarrow
		\checkmark
11b. Find an equation for $f(x)$.	11b. <u> </u>	

27. The vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are A(8, 5), B(0, 1), and C(9, -2). Draw a picture to help you solve the following

 15. Maria Correia's new car costs \$280 per month for car payments and insurance. maintenance cost \$0.15 per mile. 15a. Express her total monthly cost as a function of the miles driven during the month. 	She estimates that gas and 15a.
15b. What is the slope of the graph of the cost function?	15b
23. The last test that Mr. Clements gave was so hard that he decided to scale the grades upward. He decided to raise the lowest score of 47 to a 65 and the highest score of	23

Section 1-5: Page 28 Written exercises 13, 21, 31, 39

78 to a 90. Find a linear function that would give a fair way to convert the other test

Simplify 13. $(5+i\sqrt{5})(5-i\sqrt{5})$

Write each expression in the form of a + bi

21. $\frac{5+i}{5-i}$

scores.

31. i^{-35}

13.____

21._____

22.____

39. Show that $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1+i)$ is a square root of *i*.

Section 1-6: Page 35 Written exercises 7, 15, 21, 25, 31, 35

Solve by completing the square. Give both real and imaginary roots if applicable. 7. $2z^2 - 16z - 1768 = 0$

Solve by using the quadratic formula. Give your answers in simplest radical form. Give both real and imaginary roots.

$$15. \quad \frac{4}{v} = \frac{v-6}{v-4}$$

Solve by factoring. Be sure not to lose or gain roots. 21. (4x+7)(x-1) = 2(x-1)

8

7._____

15._____

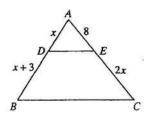
21._____

Solve by whichever method seems easiest. Be sure not to lose or gain roots.

25.
$$\frac{x+3}{x-3} + \frac{x-3}{x+3} = \frac{18-6x}{x^2-9}$$

31. \overline{DE} is parallel to \overline{BC} . Find the value of x.

For examples #35a-e, provide an equation/inequality for each.



 35a. What is the discriminant of the equation $4x^2 + 8x + k = 0$?
 35a.

 35b. For what value of k will the equation have a double root?
 35b.

 35c. For what values of k will the equation have two real roots?
 35c.

 35d. For what values of k will the equation have imaginary roots?
 35d.

 35e. Name three values of k for which the given equation has rational roots.
 35e.

 9
 9

31._____

25.____

Section 1-7: Page 41 Written exercises 27, 29, 35

Find an equation of the quadratic function described.

27. Its graph is a parabola with x-intercepts 2 and -1 and y-intercept 6.

27._____

29.

29. Its graph is a parabola with vertex (4, 8) and passing through the origin.

35. A baseball player tries to hit a ball over an outfield fence that is 4 m high and 110 m from home plate. The ball is hit 1 m above home plate and reaches its highest point 30 m above a point on the ground that is 60 m from home plate.

35a. Make a sketch showing the path of the baseball. If home plate is at the origin of a coordinate system, find an equation of the parabolic path of the baseball.

35b. Will the ball go over the outfield fence? Explain.

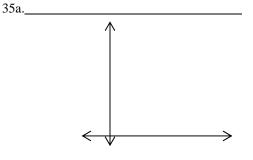
Section 1-8: Page 45 Written exercises 7 (use quadreg on your calc – do not do algebraically), 11, 17

7. Suppose your car contains just one gallon of gas. Driving at 20 mi/h you can go 26 mi. Likewise, you can go 34 mi driving at 40 mi/h and 32 mi driving at 50 mi/h.

 7a. Find a quadratic function that models this data.
 7a.

 7b. How far could you go if you drove at 65 mi/h?
 7b.

7c. The nearest gas station is 16 mi away. If the speed limit is 55 mi/h,



7c._____

at what maximum speed could you drive and still reach it?

11. A stone is thrown with an upward velocity of 14 m/s from a cliff 30 m high.

11a.	Find its height above the ground t seconds later.	11a	
11b.	When will the stone reach its highest elevation?		11b
11c.	When will the stone hit the ground?		11c

17. A water pipe of fixed length L has a carrying capacity that depends on the inner diameter of the pipe. The pipe initially has inner diameter D, but over many years, as mineral deposits accumulate inside the pipe, its carrying capacity is reduced.

17a. Give a quadratic function f(t) that models the carrying capacity of the pipe as a function of the thickness *t* of mineral deposits. Your function will be in terms of the constants *D* and *L* and the variable *t*. (*Hint*: The volume of a cylinder is $\pi r^2 h$.)

17b. Show that $f\left(\frac{1}{4}D\right) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot f(0)$. Explain in your own words what your diagram says about the carrying capacity of the pipe.

12._____

17. Find the values of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 9x$. (Remember: $i = \sqrt{-1}$). Provide each answer in simplest exact form and circle your answer.

17a.
$$f\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}\right)$$
 17b. $f\left(i\sqrt{3}\right)$

17c. $f\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$ 17d. f(x-3)

23. If 4 is a zero of $f(x) = 3x^3 + kx - 2$, find the value of k.

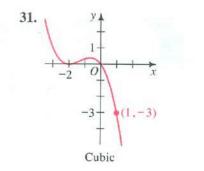
23.____

Section 2-3: Page 66 Written Exercises 15, 31

15. Factor $f(x) = x^4 - x^2$ and sketch its graph.

15. _____

31. Give the equation for the graph shown below.



31. _____

Section 2-4: Page 71 Written Exercises 3, 9



3. Suppose you have 102 m of fencing to make two side-by-side rectangular enclosures, as shown. What is the maximum area that you can enclose?

3.

9a.

9b.

9c.

Ex. 3

3b.

V =

3c.

2050	100	SHE T		NOR
THE R		Ser the		127
	100		223	1.1

9. If a ball is thrown vertically upward at 30m/s, then its approximate height in meters t seconds later is given by $h(t) = 30t - 5t^2$.

9a. After how many seconds does the ball hit the ground?

9b. What is the domain of h?

9c. How high does the ball go?

Section 2-4: Page 73 Written Exercises 3, 5

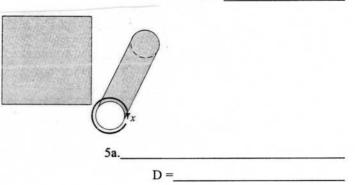
3. In a rectangular piece of cardboard with perimeter 20 ft, three parallel and equally spaced creases are made, as shown. The cardboard is then folded to make a rectangular box with open square ends.

3a. Show that the volume of the box is $V(x) = x^2 (10 - 4x)$.

3b. What is the domain of V?

3c. Find the approximate value of x that maximizes the volume. Then give the approximate maximum volume.

A rectangular piece of sheet metal with perimeter
 cm is rolled into a cylinder with open ends, as shown.



5a. Express the volume of the cylinder as a function of x. Then give the domain of this function.

Section 3-1: Page 98 Written exercises 9, 21, 27

Solve the given equation or inequality and graph its solution on the number line. If there is no solution, say so.

9. $\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{2-x}{3} + \frac{4x-5}{6} < 4$	9
21. $ 2x-4 \le 5$	21
	\leftarrow
27. Solve the given inequality $1 \le x-4 \le 3$ and 27 graph its solution on the number line.	← →
Section 3-2: Page 103 written exercises 13, 15 13. Solve the inequlity $x^4 - 3x^2 - 10 > 0$	13
15. Solve the inequality $a^3 + 2a^2 - 4a - 8 > 0$	15

Section 5-1: Page 173 Written exercises 11, 31, 37a, 41

Simplify each expression and circle your answer.

11a.
$$(a^{-1}-b^{-1})^{-1}$$
 11b. $(a^{-1} \cdot b^{-1})^{-1}$

Simplify the expression.
31.
$$\frac{6a^{-2} + 9a^2}{3a^{-2}}$$

31._____

37a._____

37a. Simplify by using powers of the same base.

 $\frac{3^5 \cdot 9^4}{27^4}$

41. Simplify and circle your answers.(*Hint*: In exercise 41a, multiply the numerator and the denominator by 2^3) 2^{-1} Δ^{-5}

41a.
$$\frac{2}{2^{-2} + 2^{-3}}$$
 41b. $\frac{4}{4^{-2} + 4^{-3}}$

Section 5-2: Page 178 Written exercises 7, 23, 35

Simplify

7.
$$(16^{-3/5})^{5/4}$$
 7._____
23. Simplify: $\frac{2n^{1/3} - 4n^{-2/3}}{2n^{-2/3}}$ 23._____

35. Solve. 35a. $(8x)^{-3} = 64$

35b. $8x^{-3} = 64$

35c. $(8+x)^{-3} = 64$

35a.____

35b.____

35c.____

Section 6-2: Page 222 Written exercises 11, 13

11. Write an equation of the circle described. The circle is tangent to the x-axis at (4, 0) and has y-intercepts -2 and -8.

13. Write the equation in center-radius form. Give the center and radius. $x^{2} + y^{2} - 2x - 8y + 16 = 0$

Section 6-3: Page 228 Written exercises 9

se calc to check your graphs

9. Find the domain and range of the function. Then graph the function.

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{36} - x^2$$

20

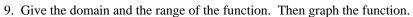
Domain: Range: \leftarrow \rightarrow

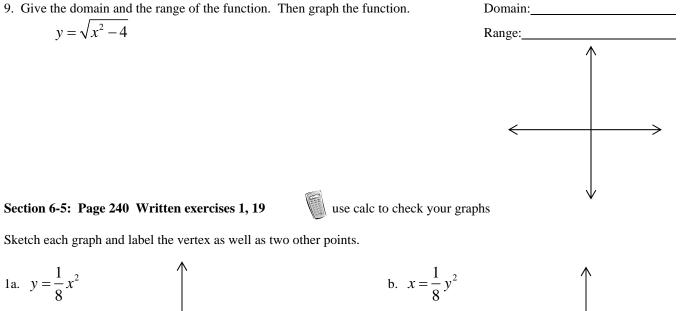
Center:_____

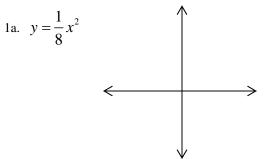
Radius:_____

11._____

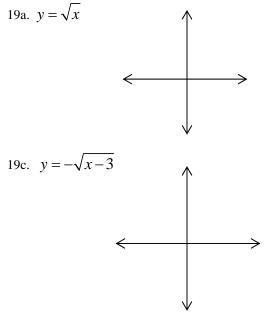
Section 6-4: Page 235 Written exercises 9

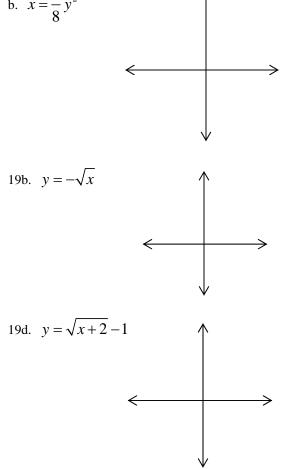






Sketch each graph and label two important points.





Pre-Calculus Honors Summer Assignment ANSWERS

Section 1-1: Page 5 Written Exercises 11, 21

11. Area of $\triangle OPQ = 3$ 21. Parallelogram

Section 1-2: Page 11 Written Exercises 13, 17, 21

13. m = 2; y-int. -4 17. $a \| b, a \perp c, b \perp c$ 21. a. 0 b. $\frac{17}{2}$

Section 1-3: Page 16 Written Exercises 15, 25, 27 15. 2x - y = -8

- 25. The first Δ
- 27. a. $3\sqrt{10}$; x+3y=3 b. 3x-y=19c. (6,-1) d. $2\sqrt{10}$ e. 30

Section 1-4: Page 22 Written Exercises 11, 15, 23 11. b. f(x) = 2x + 315. a. C(m) = 0.15m + 280 b. 0.15 23. $f(x) = \frac{25}{31}x + \frac{840}{31}$

Section 1-5: Page 28 Written Exercises 13, 21, 31, 39 13. 30 21 12 + 5;

21.
$$\frac{13}{13} + \frac{13}{13}i$$

31. *i*
39. $\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(1+i)\right]^2 = \frac{1}{2}(2i) = i$

Section 1-6: Page 35 Written Exercises 7, 15, 21, 25, 31, 35 7. 34, -26

15. 2, 8 15. 2, 8 21. 1, $-\frac{5}{4}$ 25. 0 31. 6 35. a. 64-16k b. k=4 c. k<4 d. k>4e. For example, k=0, k=-12, k=-5

Section 1-7: Page 41 Written Exercises 27, 29, 35 27. $f(x) = -3x^2 + 3x + 6$ 29. $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x$

25.
$$y(x) = -\frac{2}{2}x + 4x$$

35. a. $y = -\frac{29}{3600}(x-60)^2 + 30$ b. Yes

Section 1-8: Page 45 Written Exercises 7, 11, 17

7. a.
$$D(s) = -0.02s^2 + 1.6s + 2$$
 b. 21.5 mi c. 55mi/h
11. a. $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 14t + 30$ b. $\frac{10}{7}s$ later c. $\frac{30}{7}s$ later
17. a. $f(t) = \pi L \left(\frac{D}{2} - t\right)^2$
b. $f\left(\frac{1}{4}D\right) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot f(0) = \frac{1}{16}\pi LD^2$

Section 2-1: Page 56 Written Exercises 12, 17, 23 12. -.5, 0, 1

17. a.
$$\frac{79\sqrt{2}}{27}$$
 b. $-12i\sqrt{3}$ c. $\frac{x^3}{27} - 3x$
d. $x^3 - 9x^2 + 18x$ 23. -47.5

Section 2-3: Page 66 Written exercises 15, 31

15. check with calculator

31.
$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x(x+2)^2$$

Section 2-4: Page 71 Written Exercises 3, 9 Page 73 Written Exercises 3, 5

- 3. $433.5m^2$
- 9. a. 6s b. $Dom : 0 \le t \le 6$ c. 45 m
- 3. b. Dom.: 0 < x < 2.5

c.
$$x \approx 1.67$$
 ft; max. vol. $\approx 9.26 \text{ ft}^3$

5. a.
$$V(x) = \frac{x^2(25-x)}{4\pi}$$
; *Dom*.: $0 < x < 25$ b. $x \approx 16.67$ cm; max.vol. $\approx 184.21 cm^3$

Section 3-1: Page 98 Written Exercises 9, 21, 27 9. *x* < 4

21. $-\frac{1}{2} \le x \le \frac{9}{2}$ 27. $1 \le x \le 3$ or $5 \le x \le 7$

Section 3-2: Page 103 Written exwercises 13,15

13. $x < -\sqrt{5}$ or $x > \sqrt{5}$ 15. a > 2

Section 5-1:Page 173 Written Exercises 11, 31, 37a, 41

11. a. $\frac{ab}{b-a}$ b. ab31. $2+3a^4$ 37a. 3 41. a. $\frac{4}{3}$ b. $\frac{1}{80}$ Section 5-2: Page 178 Written Exercises 7, 23, 35 7. $\frac{1}{8}$ 23. n-2 35. a. $\frac{1}{32}$ b. $\frac{1}{2}$ c. $-\frac{31}{4}$ Section 6-2: Page 222 Written Exercises 11, 13 11. $(x-4)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 25$ 13. $(x-1)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 1$; C(1,4), r = 1

Section 6-3 : Page 228 Written Exercises 9

9. $Dom.: -6 \le x \le 6;$ $Range: -2 \le y \le 0$

Section 6-4: Page 235 Written Exercises 9

9. Domain: $|x| \ge 2$ Range: $y \ge 0$

Section 6-5: Page 241 Written Exercises 1, 19

1. check your graphs on the calculator

a. V(0, 0) b. V(0, 0)

19. check your graphs on the calculator