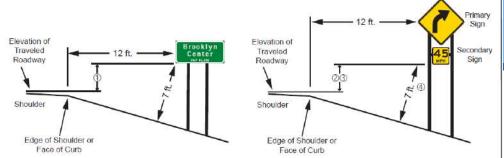
Chapter 4 Select Figures from TEM

Sign Plan Design for At-Grade Intersections June 2017



RURAL

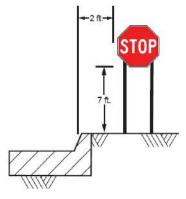
TYPICAL SPEEDS 45 MPH AND ABOVE

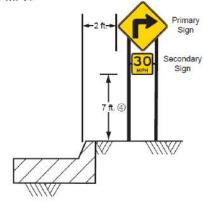


Page 4-58

URBAN

TYPICAL SPEEDS BELOW 45 MPH





NOTES:

- ① 5 ft on conventional roads; 7 ft on expressways and freeways.
- When a secondary sign is mounted to more than one riser post, the mounting height from the elevation of the roadway to the bottom of the secondary sign shall be 5 ft on conventional roads and 7 ft on expressways and freeways.
- ③ When a secondary sign is mounted on a single riser post, the mounting height from the elevation of roadway to the bottom of the secondary sign may be 1 ft less than the height specified in note 2.
- When a secondary sign is mounted on a single riser post the mounting height of the secondary sign may be mounted 5 ft. above the ground.
- 5. All dimensions are minimums.

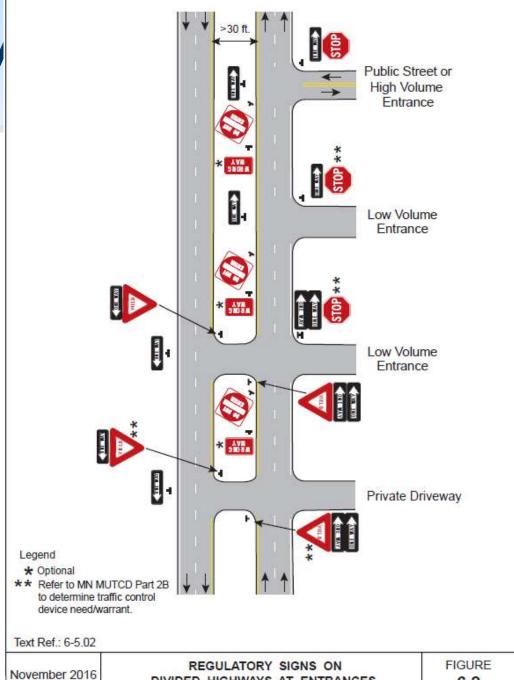
Text Ref.: 6-4.07

May 2015

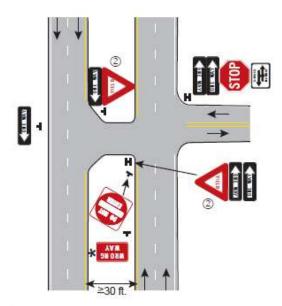
SIGN PLACEMENT

FIGURE 6.1

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION







MEDIAN 30 FT. OR GREATER



1. If "ONE WAY" signs are to be used, both shall be installed.

Legend



Cylinder Style Delineator (X4-13)

- * Optional
- 1 ONE WAY signs are optional if KEEP RIGHT signs are installed.
- 2 Refer to MN MUTCD Part 2B to determine traffic control device need/warrant.



<30 ft



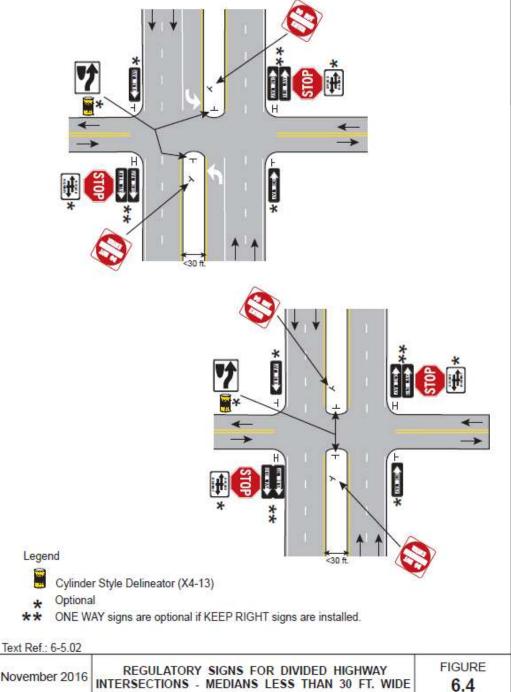
November 2016

REGULATORY SIGNS FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY - T INTERSECTIONS

1

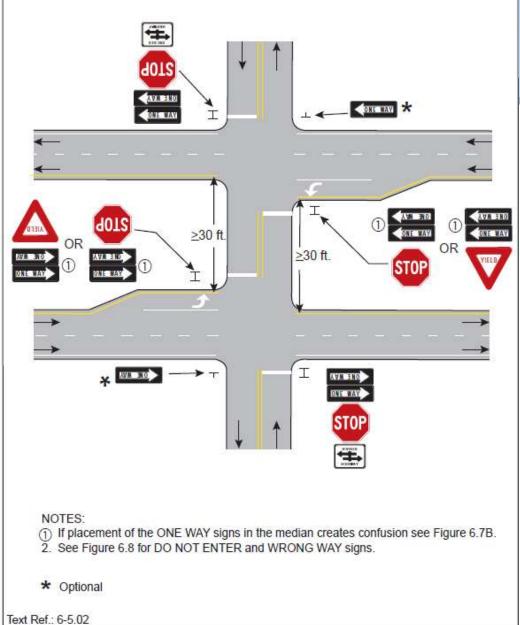
FIGURE 6.3





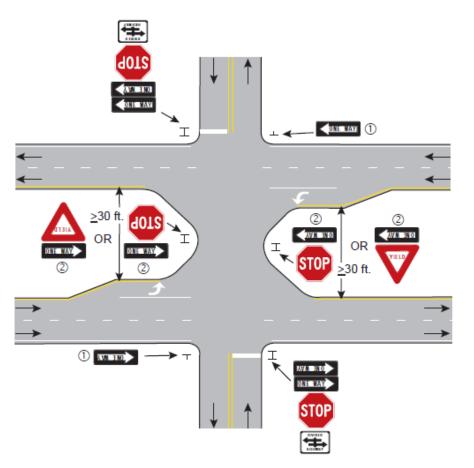


November 2016 INTERSECTIONS - MEDIANS LESS THAN 30 FT. WIDE





November 2016 REGULATORY SIGNS FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY INTERSECTION - MEDIAN WIDTH 30 FT. OR GREATER 6.5A



NOTES:

① Exercise engineering judgment in determining placement of ONE WAY signs. Field experience has shown that when placed in the median, the ONE WAY signs above the STOP/YIELD signs point towards each other causing confusion to motorists from the approaching cross streets. The MN MUTCD states to install ONE WAY signs in the near right and far left corners of each intersection. Instead of placing a ONE WAY sign in the near right comer (typically mounted above the STOP/YIELD sign in the median), consideration could be given to installing that sign in the far right corner of the intersection as shown in the figure above.

FIGURE

6.5B

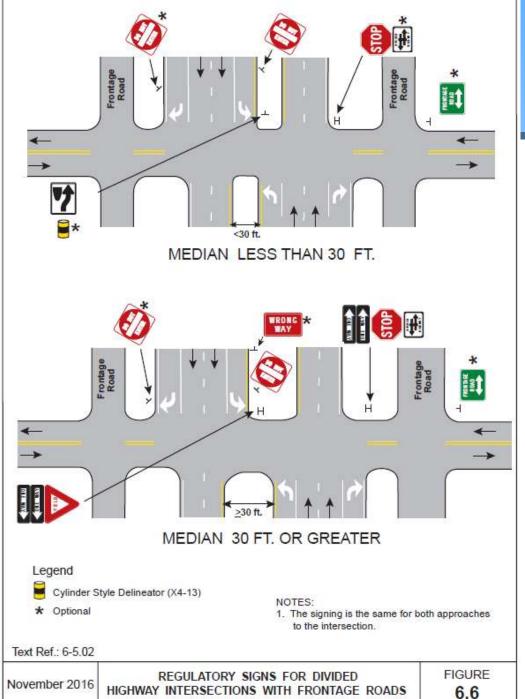
- 2 Mount the ONE WAY sign back-to-back above the STOP or YIELD sign.
- See Figure 6.8 for DO NOT ENTER and WRONG WAY signs.

Text Ref.: 6-5.02

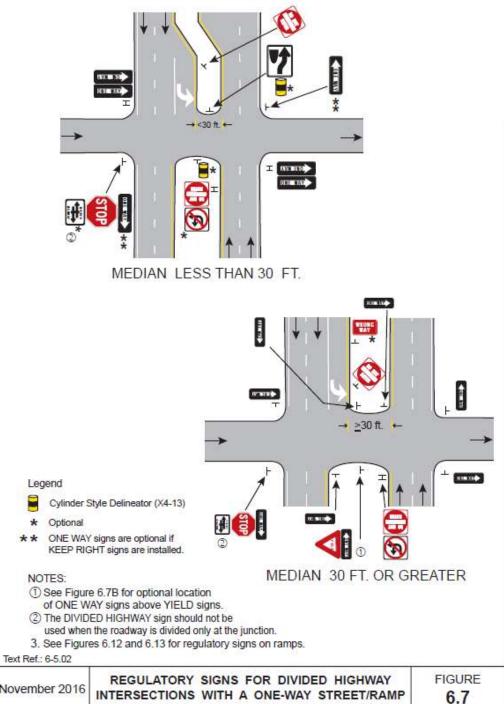
November 2016 REGULATORY SIGNS FOR DIVIDED HIGHWAY INTERSECTION - MEDIAN WIDTH 30 FT. OR GREATER







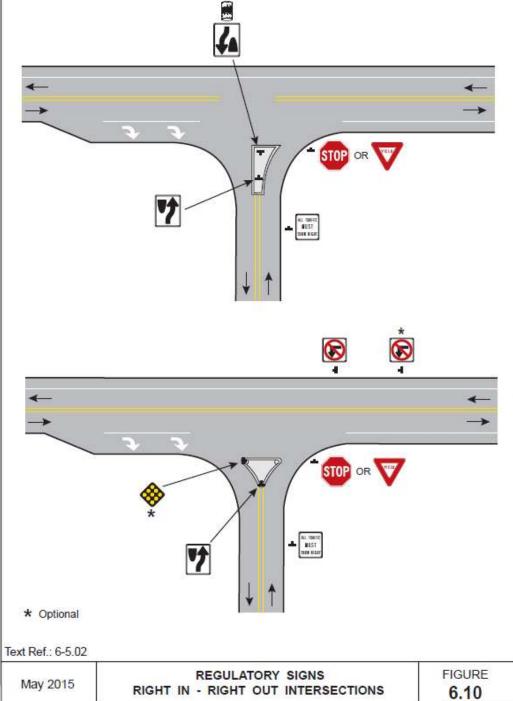




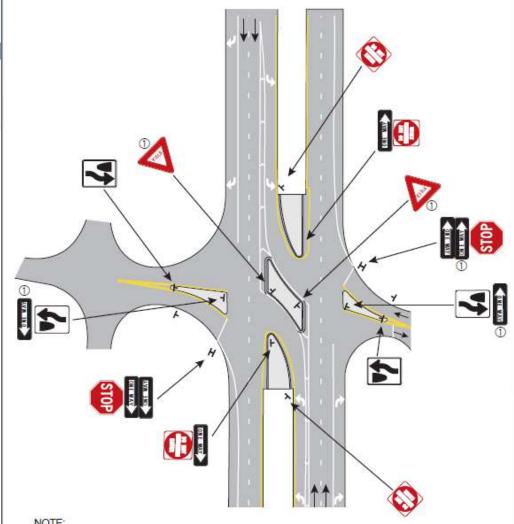


November 2016









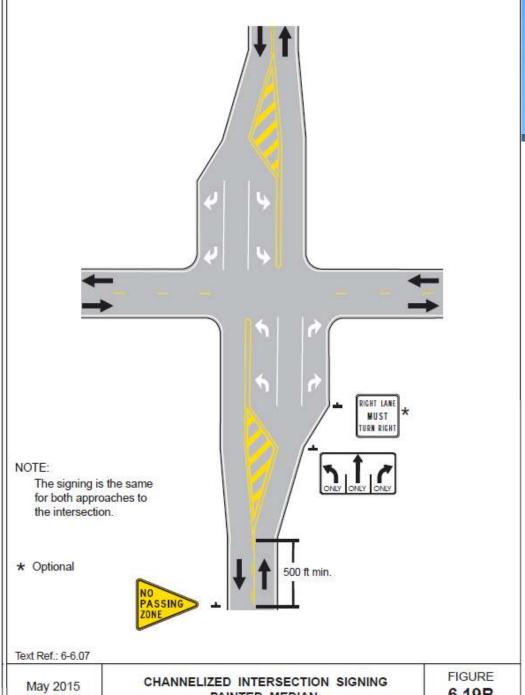
NOTE:

 Exercise engineering judgment in determining placement of ONE WAY signs. Field experience has shown that at most 3/4 intersections the ONE WAY signs placed on the near right and far left corners of the intersection can cause confusion to motorists from the approaching cross streets and the YIELD signs in the median are angled in such a way that placing ONE WAY signs above them is not feasible. Instead of placing the ONE WAY signs on the near right, consideration could be given to installing that sign in the far right corner (mounted above the KEEP RIGHT) as shown in the above figure.

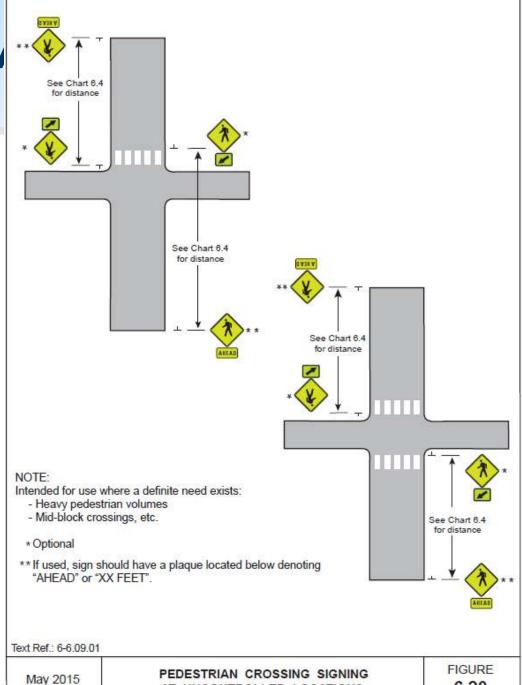
Text Ref.: 6-5.02

May 2015



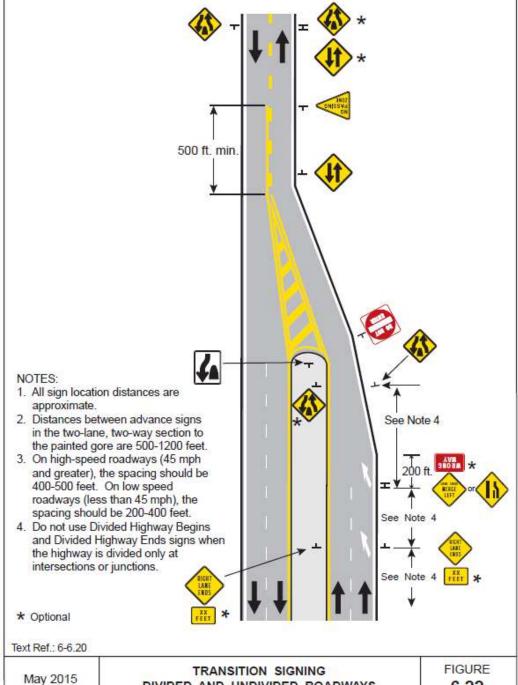








TE





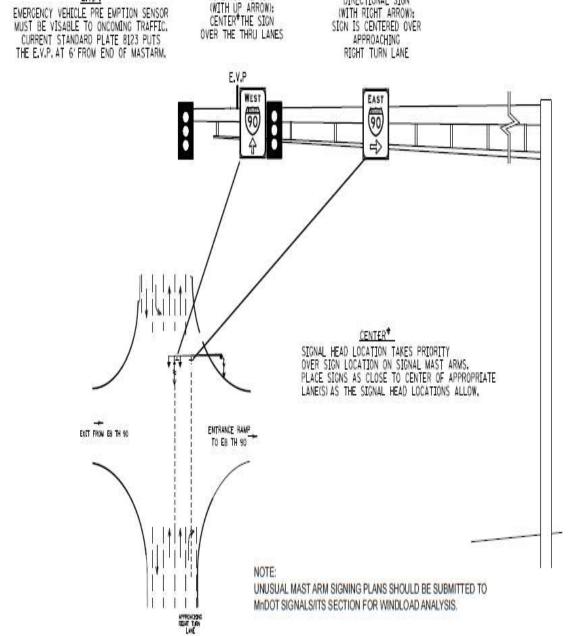
6.2

01 O

6.25E

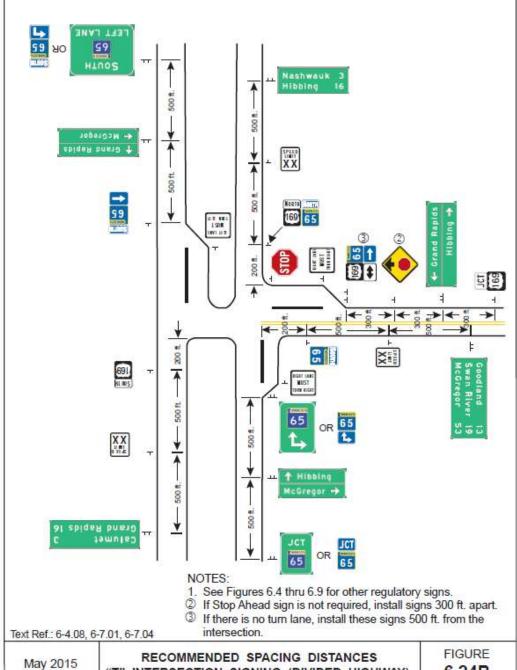
CUTT NO

euccte



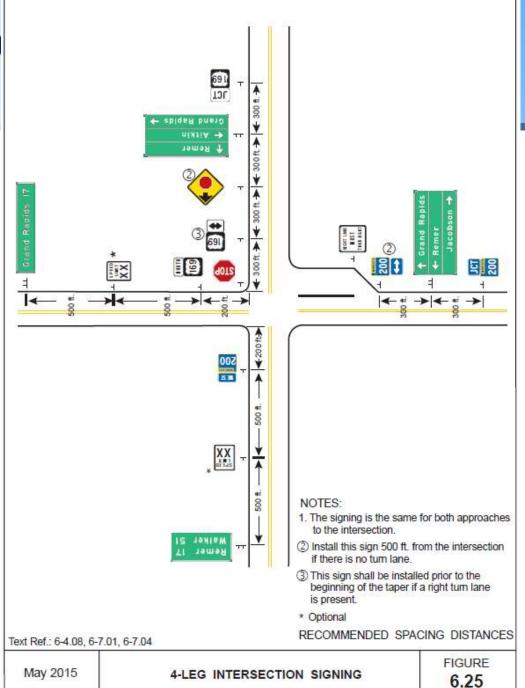


15

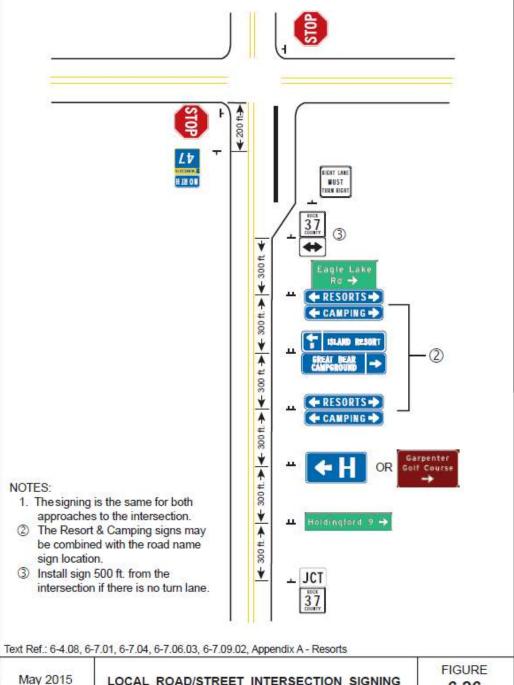






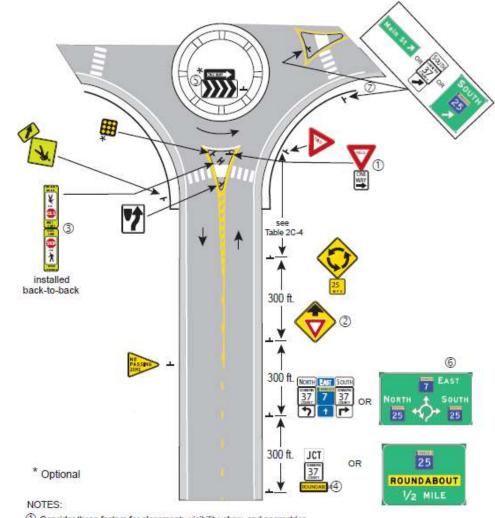








LOCAL ROAD/STREET INTERSECTION SIGNING



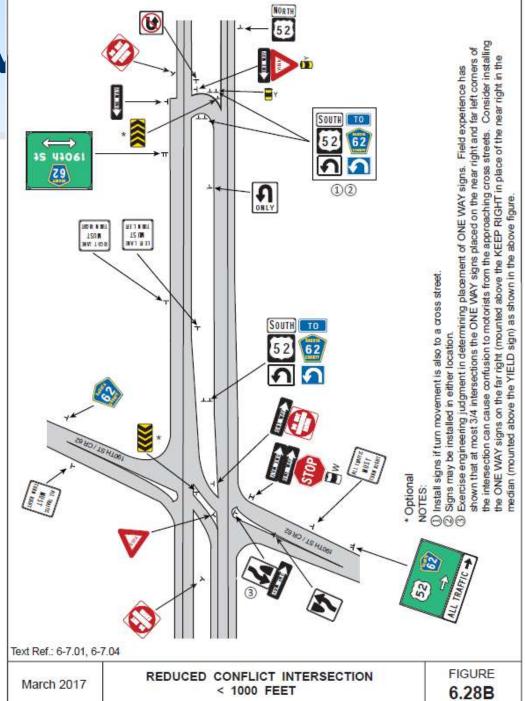
- 1 Consider these factors for placement: visibility, skew, and geometrics.
- Optional where posted speed limit is ≤ 40 mph. See Chart 6.5 for sign placement distance.
- 3 If used, mounting height to be 1 foot.
- 4 If there is no junction route marker assembly, then install the roundabout plaque above the roundabout warning sign.
- ⑤ Use the R6-4B sign for speed zones ≥ 45 mph and/or multi-lane approaches. Use the R6-4A sign for speed zones < 45 mph and single lane approaches.</p>
- ⑤ Diagrammatic sign shall be installed for speed zones ≥ 55 mph. Signs may be installed at District Traffic Engineer's discretion for speed zones 40-50 mph.
- 7 Guide signs may be installed in either location.

Text Ref.: 6-7.01, 6-7.04

May 2015 SINGLE LANE ROUNDABOUT FIGURE 6.27

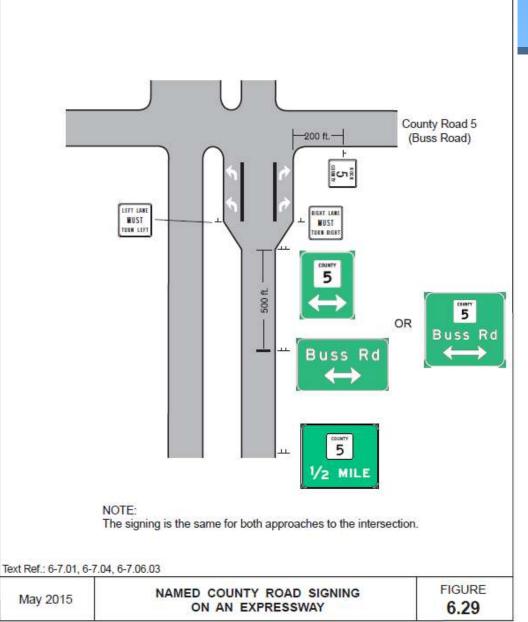






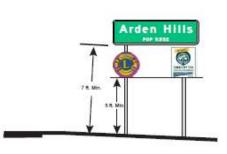


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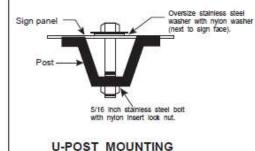


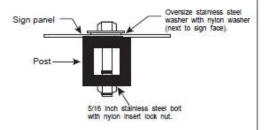
TYPICAL MOUNTING





SIGN PANEL ATTACHMENT DETAIL





SQUARE TUBE MOUNTING

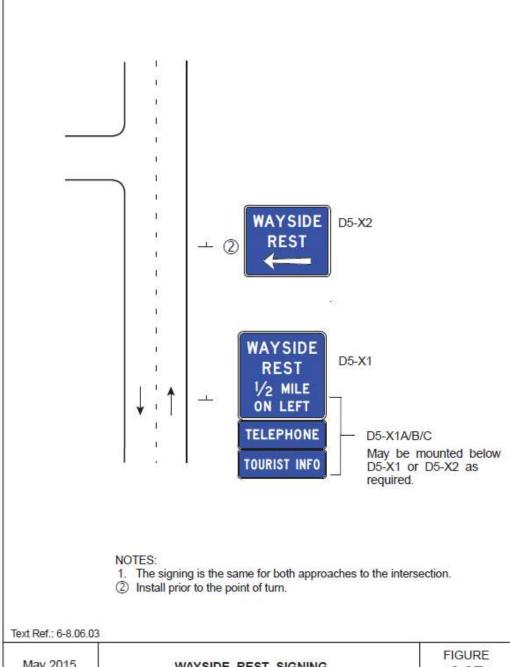
Text Ref.: 6-7.07.02

May 2015

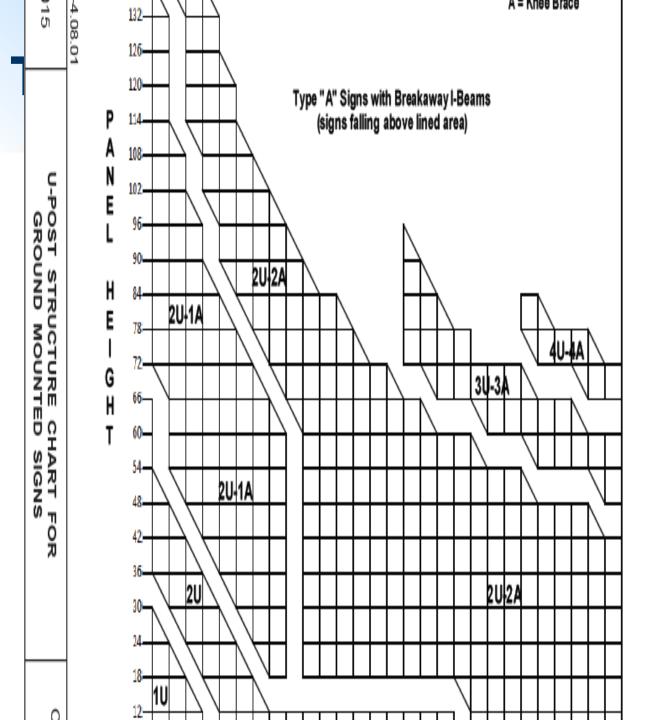
COMMUNITY RECOGNITION SIGNING

6.35





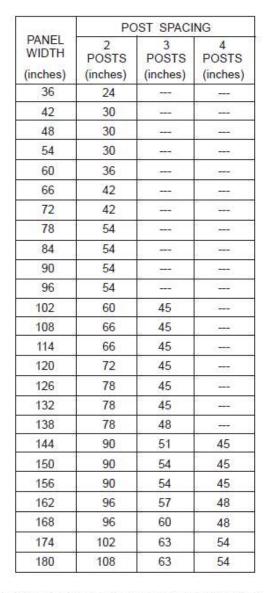






24





Use this chart if punch codes cannot be found in the Standard Signs and Markings Manual.

Text Ref.: 6-4.08.01

May 2015 TYPE D SIGN POST SPACING CHART 6.3





	Advance Placement Distance 1								
Posted or 85th Percentile Speed	Condition A: Speed reduction and lane	Condition B: Deceleration to the listed advisory speed (mph) for the condition							
	changing in heavy traffic ²	0 3	104	204	30 ⁴	40 4	50 ⁴	60 ⁴	70 ⁴
(mph)	feet	feet	feet	feet	feet	feet	feet	feet	feet
20	225	100 ⁶	see Note ⁵				_		
25	325	100 ⁶	see Note ⁵	see Note					
30	460	100 ⁶	see Note	see Note ⁵	_	_	_	-	_
35	565	100 °	see Note	see Note	see Note	-	-	-	
40	670	125	100 ⁶	100 ⁶	see Note		_		
45	775	175	125	100 ⁵	100 ⁶	see Note 5	_		
50	885	250	200	175	125	100°	_		_
55	990	325	275	225	200	125	see Note 5		_
60	1100	400	350	325	275	200	100 ⁶		
65	1200	475	450	400	350	275	200	100 ⁶	
70	1250	550	525	500	450	375	275	150	
75	1350	650	625	600	550	475	375	250	100 ⁶

NOTES:



¹ The distances are adjusted for a sign legibility distance of 180 feet for Condition A. The distances for Condition B have been adjusted for a sign legibility distance of 250 feet, which is the appropriate distance for an alignment warning symbol sign. For Condition A and B, warning signs with less than a 6-inch legend or more than 4 words, a minimum of 100 feet should be added to the advance placement distance to provide adequate legibility of the warning sign.

² Typical conditions are locations where the road user might use extra time to adjust speed and change lanes in heavy traffic because of a complex driving situation. Typical signs are Merge and Right Lane Ends. The distances are determined by providing the driver a PRT of 14.0 to 14.5 seconds for vehicle maneuvers (2004 AASHTO Policy, Exhibit 3-3, Decision Sight Distance, Avoidance Maneuver E) minus the legibility distance of 180 feet for the appropriate sign.

Typical condition is the warning of a potential stop situation. Typical signs are Stop Ahead, Yield Ahead, Signal Ahead, and Intersection Warning signs. The distances are based on the 2004 AASHTO Policy, Exhibit 3-1, Stopping Sight Distance, providing a PRT of 2.5 seconds, a deceleration rate of 11.2 feet/second², minus the sign legibility distance of 180 feet.

⁴ Typical conditions are locations where the road user must decrease speed to maneuver through the warned condition. Typical signs are Turn, Curve, Reverse Turn, or Reverse Curve. The distance is determined by providing a 2.5 second PRT, a vehicle deceleration rate of 10 feet/second², minus the sign legibility distance of 250 ft.

No suggested distances are provided for these speeds, as placement location is dependent on site conditions and other signing. An alignment warning sign may be placed anywhere from the point of curvature up to 100 feet in advance of the curve. However, the alignment warning sign should be installed in advance of the curve and at least 100 feet from any other sign.

⁶ The minimum advance placement distance is listed as 100 feet to provide adequate spacing between signs.