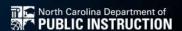






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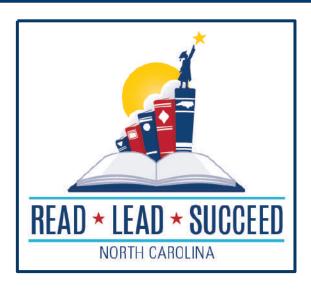


### Agenda

- -Welcome -1:00
- -ELS Updates/NC Partnership Cycle 1:15
- -Annual Growth vs. Catch Up Growth 1:45
- -District Perspective Individual Reading Plans
  Catawba County Schools 2:45
- -Four Corners/Break 3:15
- 1. LETRS PLC
- 2. LIP from District to Classroom
- 3. Amplify
- 4. MTSS
- -Feedback 4:15







## Welcome

Tonia Parrish -Read to Achieve Business and Charter Coordinator Jenni Wilkinson - North Central Early Education Consultant



#### **Leadership Team**

Amy Rhyne
Dan Tetreault
Kelley Bendheim
Tonia Parrish

Shonette Lewis

## **NCDPI Office of Early Learning Team**

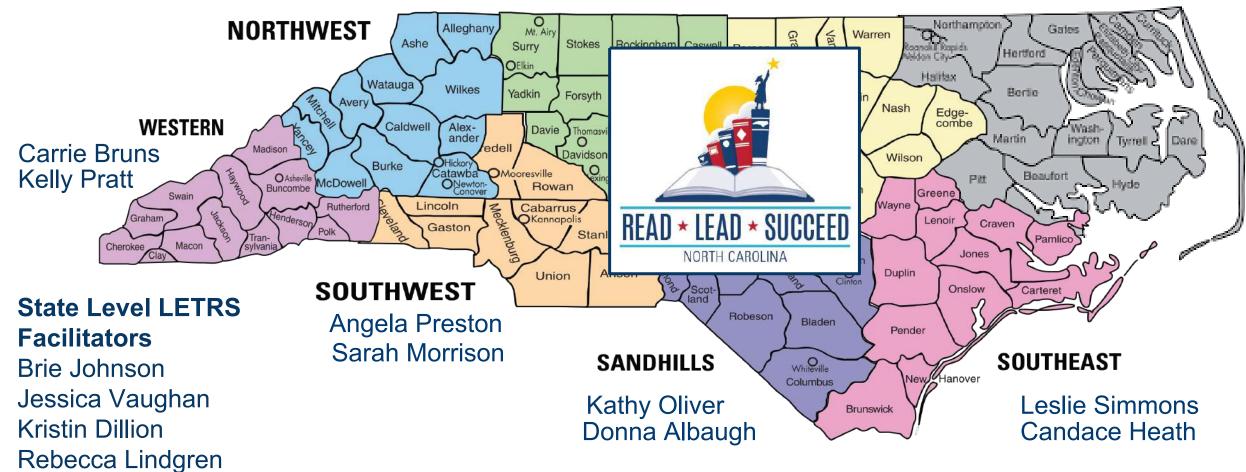
Jessica Fitzgerald Cynthia Barber Mary Derfel
Cameron Ammann

PIEDMONT-TRIAD

Holly Lee Jenni Wilkinson

NORTH CENTRAL Thomas Merritt
Melissa Strickland

NORTHEAST





How are you feeling?

Introduce yourself to someone in the room and share how you are currently feeling and why.





## **Early Literacy Specialists**

Amy Rhyne - Office of Early Learning Director Kelley Bendheim - Office of Early Learning Implementation Coordinator



## Updates

- Application Review
- Phone Interviews
- Panel Interviews
- Official Hiring Process



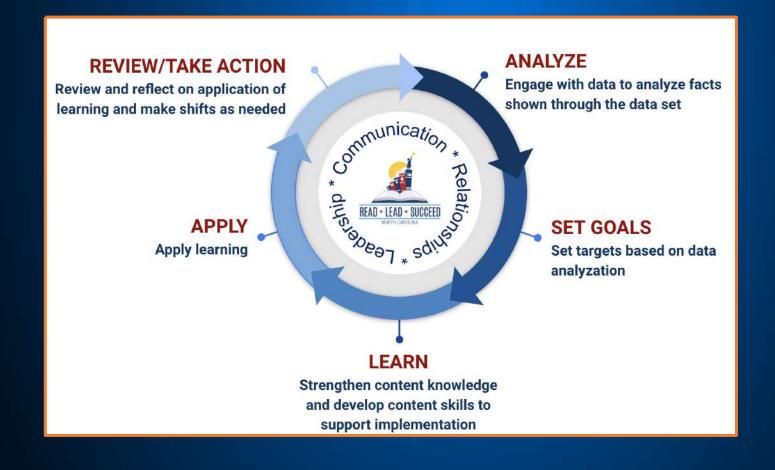


## Official Hires to Date

- 142 Applications Submitted
  - 53 Interviews Held
  - 13 Hires in process
    - When a hire is official, the regional fiscal agent is notified and the district is removed from the list of available districts for applying
    - Flexibility in start dates



## NC Partnership Approach





## Annual vs. Catch Up Growth

Amy Rhyne - Office of Early Learning Director



## Today's Goals

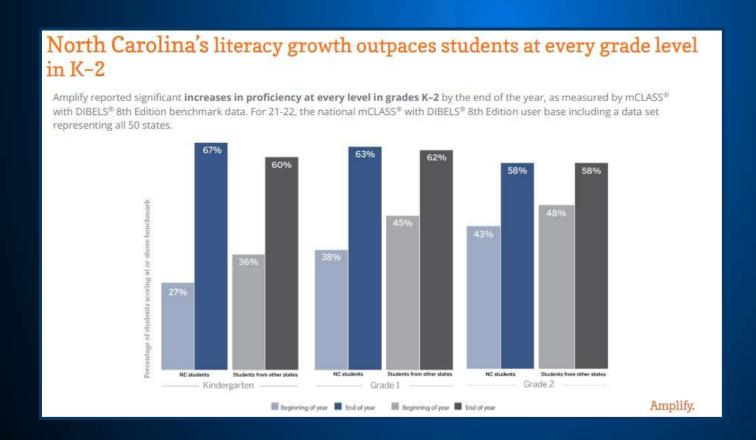
- Understand the difference between annual and catch up growth
- Understand why it matters
- Connect the dots with relevant data



## Let's talk NAEP

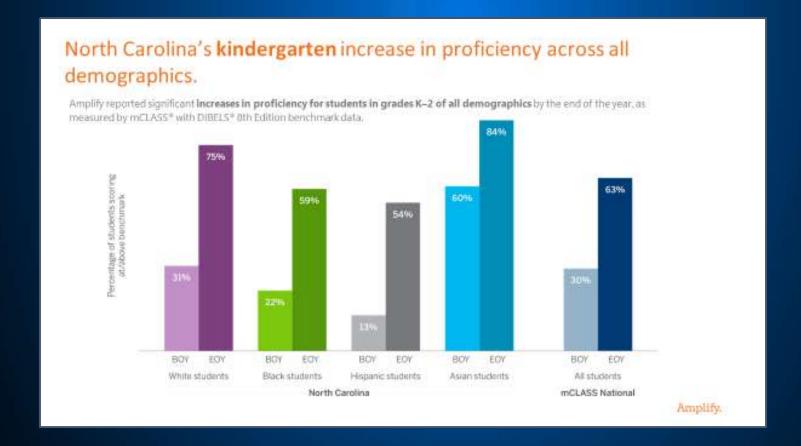


## 2021-22 NC DIBELS vs. All States



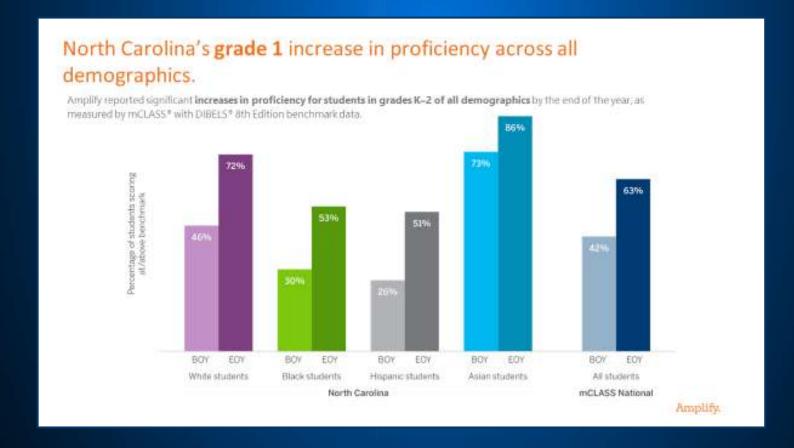


## 2021-22 NC Subgroups Kindergarten



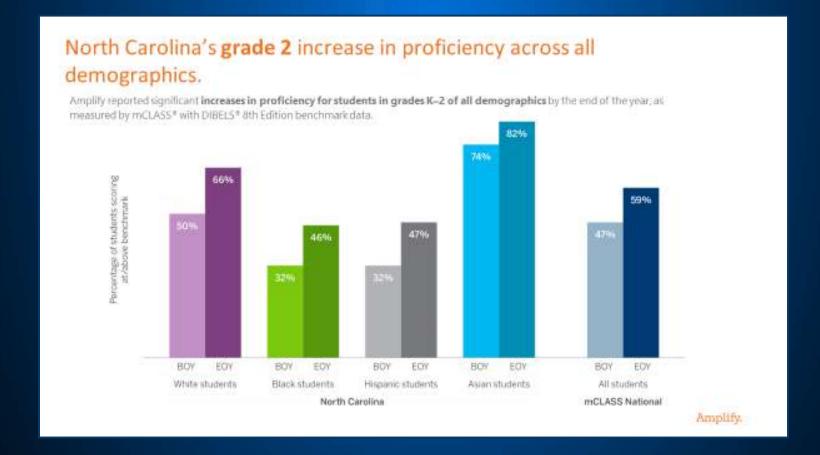


## 2021-22 NC Subgroups Grade 1



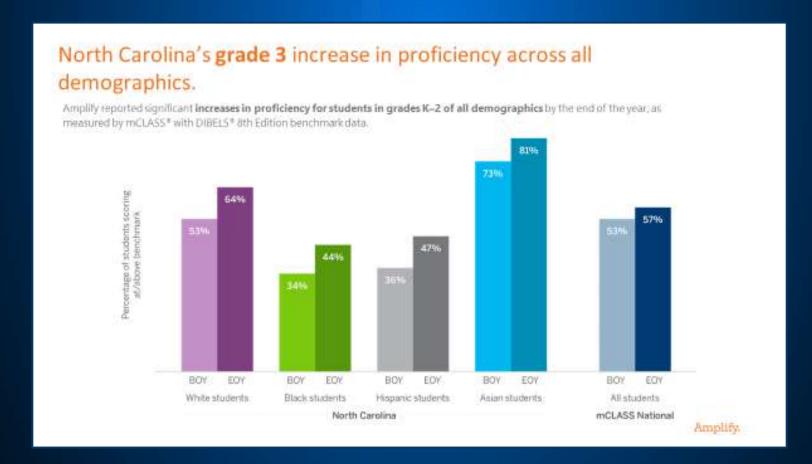


## 2021-22 NC Subgroups Grade 2





## 2021-22 NC Subgroups Grade 3





## Food for Thought...

"Students who are behind do not learn faster than those who are ahead."

-Lynn Fielding



## **Annual Growth**

Required daily minimum = 80 minutes



## **Annual Growth**

Required daily minimum =
80 minutes
Evidence-based, explicit, intentional,
systematic instruction



## Catch Up Growth

Let's do some math...



## How many minutes...

• 1/2 Year Behind = 80 + ?

- 1 Year Behind = 80 + ?
- 2 Years Behind = 80 + ?



## How many minutes...

- 1/2 Year Behind = 80 + 40 = 120
  - 1 Year Behind = 80 + 80 = 160
- 2 Years Behind = 80 + 160 = 240



## Let's go one step further:

- 1/2 Year or More Behind ...AND ....
  - Start interventions in October (- 1 month)
  - End interventions in May (-1 month)
  - Fun Fridays or Testing on Fridays (-1 month)

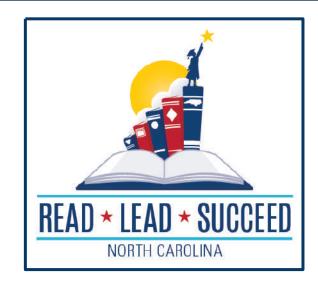


# What ways could we be contributing to increasing the gaps unintentionally?



## **EVERY MINUTE COUNTS!**





## Connect the Dots DIBELS 8 Data

Kelley Bendheim - RtA Implementation Coordinator



## **Support Timeline**

October Regional RtA Meeting

**Overview** 

Nuts & Bolts
Why IRP?
Who gets an IRP?
What data
determines who
gets an IRP?
IRP documentation

AIM 2022 ½ day RtA Session

**Connections** 

Connecting the IRP to annual growth and catch up growth

Jan/Feb 2023 Regional RtA Meeting

Collaboration

Review MOY data and evaluate instructional support offered since BOY June 2023 Regional RtA Meeting

Reflection

Reflect on core, supplemental, and intensive systems and processes from the 22-23 school year



## Why Individual Reading Plans?



Inform ongoing decision making around student literacy instruction & support

Why document support for students?



# Answer Question

Data is used to

Make Decisions

Instructional decision making is guided by two processes.....



## Data is used to

# Answer Question

Is the instruction being provided meeting the needs of this student/group of students?

## Make Decisions

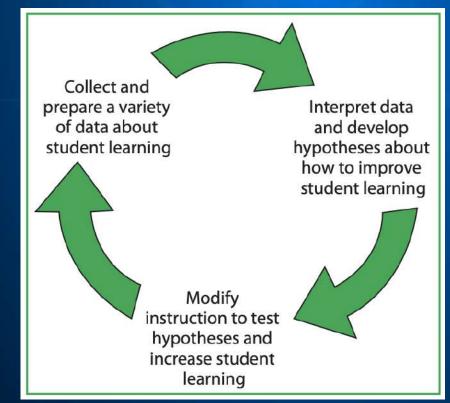
How can we adjust instruction to better meet the needs of the student/group of students?

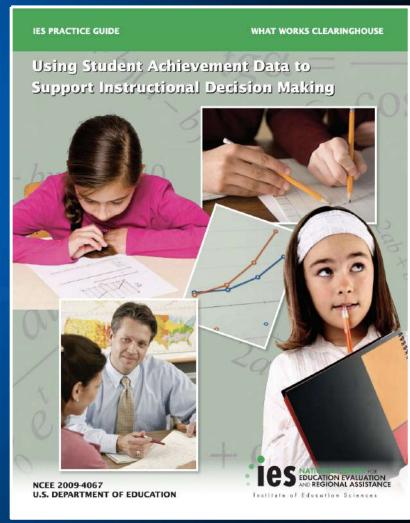


### **IES Practice Guide**

Using Student Achievement Data to Support Instructional Decision Making

Recommendation 1: Make data part of an ongoing cycle of instructional improvement







## DIBELS 8 as the GPS for Educators







Knowing where we are (how are students doing?)
Knowing where we are going (what do we want students to do?)
Knowing if we have arrived (have students met a goal or goals?)

Having multiple data points help us leverage data to make decisions about instruction!



### **Evaluating and Adjusting Support Based on Data**

**Collect and Prepare Data** 

Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

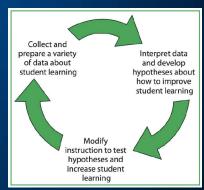
Interpret Data and Develop
Hypotheses

Decide whether student/group of students is on track to meet goal

As needed, determine why student/group of students is not on track to meet goal

**Modify Instruction** 

Based on responsiveness data, adjust or maintain current instruction



## Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

- → Use DIBELS 8 benchmark data to "check-in" on all students' progress toward end of year goals at beginning, middle, and end of year
- → Use DIBELS 8 progress monitoring data to provide more frequent checks on students receiving differentiated core, supplemental, or intensive supports
- → Use other data sources to support with instructional decision making



#### **Collect and Prepare Data**

## Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

- → Which measure to use?
  - What is the target skill during instruction?
  - Which skills are most meaningful to measure?
  - What does your Literacy Intervention Plan state?

Phonemic Awareness (PSF)

Fluency (ORF)

Alphabetic Principle/Decoding (NWF)

Comprehension (MAZE)

Fluency with Sight Words (WRF)

Overall Reading Skill (Composite)



#### **Collect and Prepare Data**

## Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

Grade	Risk Status	DIBELS 8 Assessment Recommendation
K-3	At risk on NWF	NWF (CLS) in K, NWF (WRC) in 1-3 Additional subtests aligned to intervention (generally PSF)
K-1	At risk on PSF but not NWF	F政BELS 8 Admin and Scoring Guide p. 94

#### Legend

Blue goal = Core support; Negligible risk

(nearly all students in this range score at or above the 40th percentile rank on criterion measure)

Green range = Core support; Minimal risk

(about 80% of students who score at or above the 40th percentile rank on criterion measure fall in this range or above)

Yellow range = Strategic support; Some risk

(about 80% of students who score below the 40th percentile on criterion measure fall in this range or below)

Red range = Intensive support; At risk

(about 80% of students who score below the 20th percentile on criterion measure fall in this range)

**ORF** 

**DIBELS 8th Edition Goals** 



# Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

- → Why set goals?
  - Hold us accountable for improving student outcomes
  - Help us systematically decide if students are making appropriate progress
  - Help us determine whether instruction is working or whether adjustments need to be made



#### Table Talk

- How do you currently collect and prepare data?
- ◆ Do you have teams in place for data discussions? If so, how are they organized? How often do they meet? Who is on the team?



### **Evaluating and Adjusting Support Based on Data**

**Collect and Prepare Data** 

Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

Interpret Data and Develop Hypotheses Decide whether student/group of students is on track to meet goal

As needed, determine why student/group of students is not on track to meet goal

**Modify Instruction** 

Based on responsiveness data, adjust or maintain current instruction



#### Interpret Data and Develop Hypotheses

Decide whether student/group of students is on track to meet goal

As needed, determine why student/group of students is not on track to meet goal

- → Identify each student/group of students' overall areas of strengths and weaknesses based on PM data
- → Key Questions to Ask:
  - Is student/group of students on track to meet their goal?
  - If not, how far off track is a student/group of students from meeting their goal?



#### Interpret Data and Develop Hypotheses

Decide whether student/group of students is on track to meet goal

As needed, determine why student/group of students is not on track to meet goal

- → Triangulate data from multiple sources to develop hypotheses about how to improve student outcomes
  - Is the intervention curriculum appropriate (addressing the skill deficit, follow a scope and sequence, evidence based)?
  - Does the instruction need to change? Does the skill need to be taught a different way?
  - Are we allowing enough time?
  - Are there classroom/other factors which are impacting student performance?



# Interpret Data and Develop Hypotheses

Decide whether student/group of students is on track to meet goal

As needed, determine why student/group of students is not on track to meet goal

#### Table Talk

Are goals set for your students? How do you determine if students are on track to meet their goal?

What is PM fidelity like in your district? If weak, how do you improve that?



### **Evaluating and Adjusting Support Based on Data**

**Collect and Prepare Data** 

Select appropriate data to monitor progress

Set a goal

Interpret Data and Develop Hypotheses Decide whether student/group of students is on track to meet goal

As needed, determine why student/group of students is not on track to meet goal

**Modify Instruction** 

Based on responsiveness data, adjust or maintain current instruction



#### **Modify Instruction**

# Based on responsiveness data, adjust or maintain current instruction

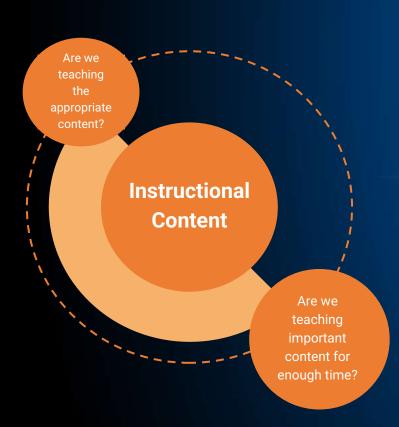
- → Allocate instructional time and resources (human and material) to the most pressing content
- → Adapt instructional methods to address student/student group needs

What adjustments can I make that will help my students reach their instructional goals?

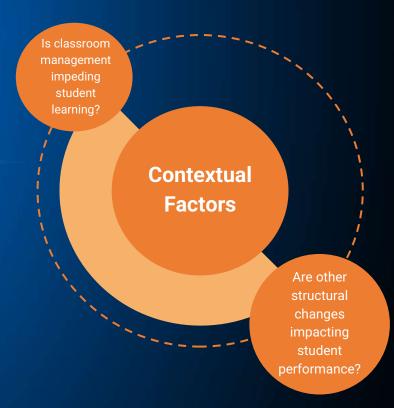
If most students are not making adequate growth, we need to ask ourselves what could be preventing students from making adequate reading improvements?

#### **Modify Instruction**

Based on responsiveness data, adjust or maintain current instruction







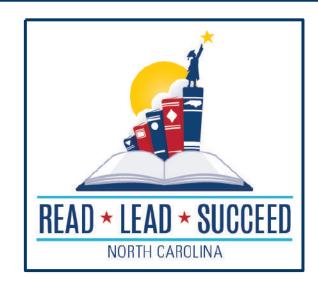
#### **Modify Instruction**

Based on responsiveness data, adjust or maintain current instruction

#### Table Talk

Does your data team discuss instructional content, instructional delivery, and contextual factors?





# District Perspective Catawba County Schools

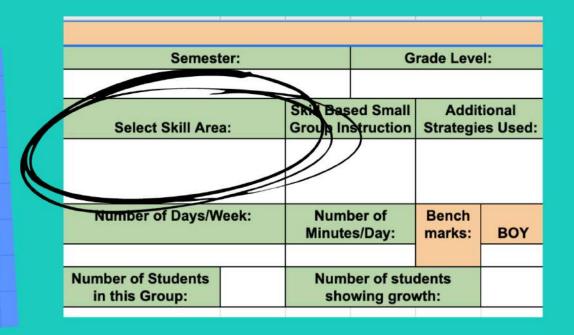
Shelly Black - Elementary Director, Catawba County Schools



# K-3 Individual Reading Plans (IRPs)

#1

Reading Skill
Deficiencies
using mClass
and other data

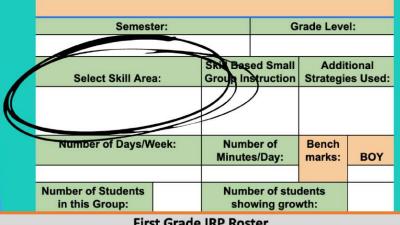


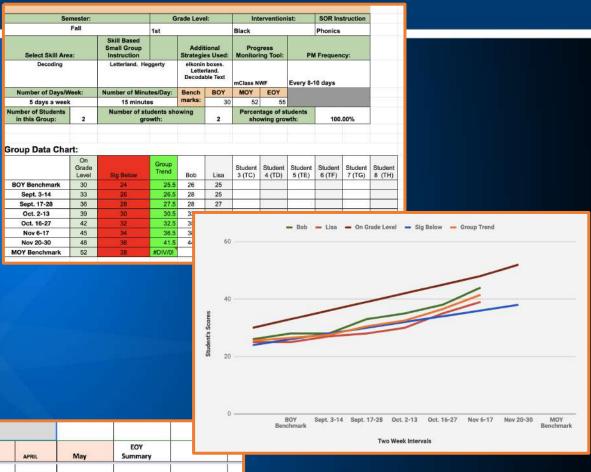


# K-3 Individual Reading Plans (IRPs)

#1

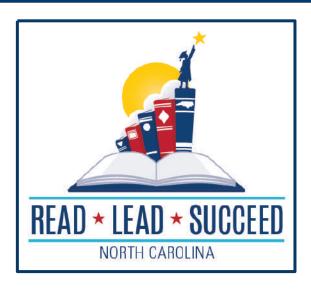
Reading Skill
Deficiencies
using mClass
and other data





# **Four Corners**



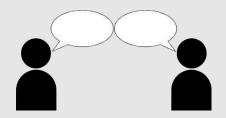




#### **LETRS PLC**



MTSS



LIP from
District to
Classroom



**Amplify** 





#### **Four Corners**

- 1. Pick a corner based on what you want to discuss/learn about further
- 2. You will have 20 minutes in that corner to collaborate with colleagues
- 3. When the time goes off, move to another corner
- 4. You can go to two corners



## Welcome to AIM 2022 OFFICE OF EARLY LEARNING NC Department of Public Instruction



#### AIM Links



**AIM Website** 



AIM - OEL 10.26.22 Slides

#### **Padlets**



**Literacy for Leaders Webinar Series** 



NC PAPA SOR

#### Guides



**RtA Guide** 



**LETRS Guide** 

#### OEL Links



**OEL Website** 



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**MEMOS** 2022-2023

**OEL Memos** 



**OEL FAQs** 





**LIP IRP Resources** 



# Thank you!



