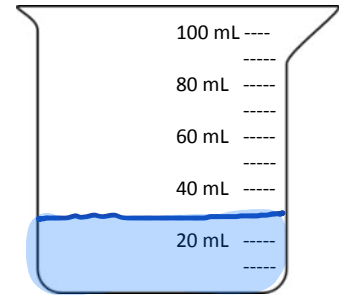


Name _____

Date _____

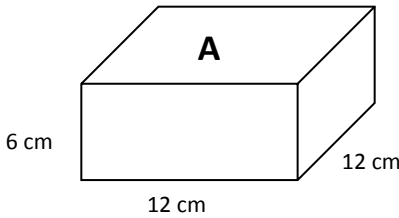
1. Johnny filled a container with 30 centimeter cubes. Shade the beaker to show how much water the container will hold. Explain how you know.

Since 1 cm^3 of water is equal to 1 mL ,
30 centimeter cubes is equal to 30 mL .

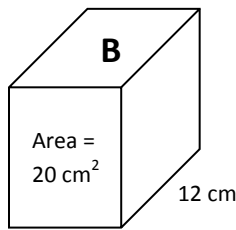


2. A beaker contains 250 mL of water. Jack wants to pour the water into a container that will hold the water. Which of the containers pictured below could he use? Explain your choices.

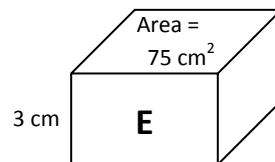
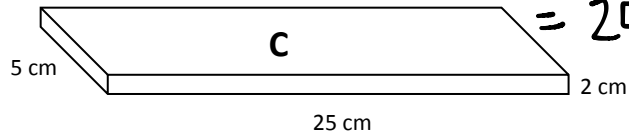
$$V = 2 \text{ cm} \times 25 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} = 250 \text{ cm}^3$$



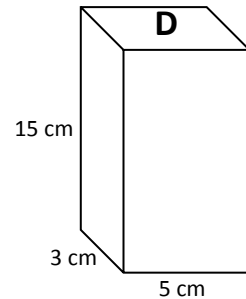
$$V = 6 \text{ cm} \times 12 \text{ cm} \times 12 \text{ cm} = 864 \text{ cm}^3$$



$$V = 20 \text{ cm}^2 \times 12 \text{ cm} = 240 \text{ cm}^3$$



$$V = 75 \text{ cm}^2 \times 3 \text{ cm} = 225 \text{ cm}^3$$



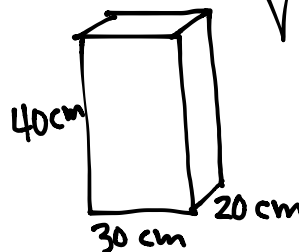
$$V = 15 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} = 225 \text{ cm}^3$$

Jack could use container A or C.

3. On the back of this paper, describe the details of the activities you did in class today. Include what you learned about cubic centimeters and milliliters. Give an example of a problem you solved with an illustration.

Answers will vary.

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL}$$



$$V = 40 \text{ cm} \times 30 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm} = 24,000 \text{ cm}^3 = 24,000 \text{ mL}$$