#### Monroe County Schools Grade 9 ELA 2015 - 2016

9 Weeks Taught	CCRS (2013 COS)	Resources	Vocabulary	9 Weeks Tested
	Reading Standard	s for Literature		
1st On going  ACT Standard	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. [RL.9-10.1]	<ul> <li>General Resources:</li> <li>Romeo and Juliet</li> <li>Odyssey</li> <li>The Lady and the Tiger</li> </ul>	Cite, textual evidence, analysis, explicitly, inferences	<b>1</b> <sup>st</sup>
1st On going  ACT Standard	2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text. [RL.9-10.2]	<ul> <li>The Most Dangerous Game</li> <li>ALEX</li> <li>Teachers Pay Teachers.com</li> </ul>	Theme, central idea, analyze, detail, objective summary, development	2 <sup>nd</sup>
1st On going  ACT Standard	3. Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme. [RL.9-10.3]	<ul> <li>A+ College Ready</li> <li>Literature Textbook</li> <li>The Scarlet Ibis</li> <li>The Gift of the Magi</li> </ul>	Complex, motivations, advance	3 <sup>rd</sup>
1st On going  ACT Standard	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone). [RL.9-10.4]	<ul> <li>The Necklace</li> <li>Great Expectations</li> <li>To Kill a Mockingbird</li> <li>Grammar Bytes</li> <li>Webenglishteacher.com</li> <li>Educationworld.com</li> </ul>	Figurative, connotative, cumulative, tone, evokes, formal or informal tone	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On going  ACT Standard	5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise. [RL.9-10.5]	<ul> <li>Pete's Power Points</li> <li>USA Test PrepQC         Vantage (ACT)</li> <li>Quizlet</li> <li>Khan Academy</li> <li>ScholasticA Christmas</li> </ul>	author's choices, parallel plots, manipulate, flashbacks, mystery, tension, or surprise	4 <sup>th</sup>

9 Weeks Taught	CCRS (2013 COS)	Resources	Vocabulary	9 Weeks Tested
		Miracle  No Fear Shakespeare (Spark notes) Freerice.com Outta rayshead.com		

2 <sup>nd</sup> ACT Standard	<b>6.</b> Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature. [RL.9-10.6]		cultural experience	2nd
1st On going	7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's —Musée des Beaux Artsll and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus). [RL.9-10.7]		artistic mediums	2 <sup>nd</sup>
1st On going  ACT Standard	8. Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare). [RL.9-10.9]			4 <sup>th</sup>
1st On going	9. By the end of Grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the Grades 9-10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.		Comprehend, text complexity	4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	[RL.9-10.10]			
1at On Caina	Reading Standards for In	formational lext	Franticitle	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going	<b>10.</b> Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as		Explicitly, inferences	1 1 %
ACT Standard	inferences drawn from the text. [RI.9-10.1]		illerences	
1st On Going	11. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details;			2nd
ACT Standard	provide an objective summary of the text. [RI.9-10.2]			
1st On Going	12. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and			3rd
ACT Standard	developed, and the connections that are drawn between them. [RI.9-10.3]			

1st On Going  ACT Standard	13. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper). [RI.9-10.4]	technical meanings	2nd
1st On Going	14. Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences,		3 <sup>rd</sup>
ACT Standard	paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter). [RI.9-10.5]		
1st On Going  ACT Standard	15. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose. [RI.9-10.6]	rhetoric	3 <sup>rd</sup>
1st On Going	16. Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are		1st
ACT Standard	emphasized in each account. [RI.9-10.7]		
1st On Going	17. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid	Delineate, valid, relevant,	3 <sup>rd</sup>
ACT Standard	and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning. [RI.9-10.8]	sufficient, fallacious	
1st On Going	<b>18.</b> Analyze seminal European documents of historical significance (e.g., Magna Carta; English Bill of Rights; The Social Contract, or Principles of Political Right),		1 <sup>st</sup>
ACT Standard	including how they address related themes and concepts included in United States' documents of		
1.10	historical and literary significance.[RI.9-10.9]		4 th
1st On Going	<b>19</b> . By the end of Grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the Grades 9-10 text complexity band		4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. [RI.9-10.10]		

	Writing Stand	ards	
2nd On Going	<b>20.</b> Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. [W.9-10.1] writing. [W.9-10.1d]	substantive topics	3 <sup>rd</sup>
2nd On Going	<b>20.a.</b> Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. [W.9-10.1a]	Distinguish, alternate or opposing claims, claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence	2 <sup>nd</sup>
2nd On Going	<b>20.b.</b> Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns. [W.9-10.1b]	anticipates	2 <sup>nd</sup>
2nd On Going  ACT Standard	<b>20.c.</b> Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. [W.9-10.1c]	cohesion	2 <sup>nd</sup>
2nd On Going	<b>20.d.</b> Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. [W.9-10.1d]	formal style, objective tone, norms and conventions of the discipline	2nd
2nd On Going	<b>20.e.</b> Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. [W.9-10.1e]	concluding statement	2 <sup>nd</sup>

1st On Going	21. Write informative or explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. [W.9-10.2]	informative or explanatory texts, convey, accurately, effective,	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	21.a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. [W.9-10.2a]	Distinctions, formatting, graphics, multimedia, aiding comprehension	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>21.b.</b> Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. [W.9-10.2b]	relevant, and sufficient facts	1st
1st On Going	<b>21.c.</b> Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. [W.9-10.2c]	transitions	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going	21.d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic. [W.9-10.2d]	Precise, domain- specific	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going	<b>21.e.</b> Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. [W.9-10.2e]		4 <sup>th</sup>

1st On Going	21.f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). [W.9-10.2f]	articulating implications	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	22. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. [W.9-10.3]	Narratives, effective technique	2nd
2nd On Going  ACT Standard	<b>22.a.</b> Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator, characters, or both; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. [W.9-10.3a]	Orient	2nd
2nd On Going  ACT Standard	22.b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. [W.9-10.3b]	dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines	2nd
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>22.c.</b> Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole. [W.9-10.3c]	sequence	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	22.d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. [W.9-10.3d]	sensory language, vivid, events, setting, characters	1 <sup>st</sup>
2nd On Going	22.e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative. [W.9-10.3e]	experienced, observed, resolved	2nd

2nd On Going	23. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to	Coherent, appropriate to	4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 20-22 above.) [W.9-10.4]	task, purpose, audience	
1st On Going	24. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most	revising, editing, rewriting,	4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of the first three standards in the Language strand in Grades K-9.) [W.9-10.5]	significant, audience	
1st On Going	25. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. [W.9-10.6]	publish, flexibly, dynamically	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going	26. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. [W.9-10.7]	Sustained, self- generated question, narrow or broaden the inquiry, synthesize multiple sources, investigation	4 <sup>th</sup>
1st On Going	27. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. [W.9-10.8]	Relevant, authoritative print and digital sources, advanced searches, integrate	4th

		information, selectively, flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism, standard format, citation	
1st On Going  ACT Standard	28. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis,. [W.9-10.9]	Evidence, informational texts, reflection, research	3 <sup>rd</sup>
2nd On Going  ACT Standard	<b>28.a.</b> Apply <i>Grade 9 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., —Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]II). [W.9-10.9a]		4 <sup>th</sup>
2nd On Going  ACT Standard	<b>28.b.</b> Apply <i>Grade 9 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., —Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoningII). [W.9-10.9b]	Delineate, evaluate the argument, specific claims, sufficient, fallacious	4 <sup>th</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	29. Write routinely over extended time frames, including time for research, reflection, and revision, and shorter time frames such as a single sitting or a day or two for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. [W.9-10.10]	Routinely, reflection, revision	4 <sup>th</sup>

	Speaking and Listening	g Standards	
1st On Going	<b>30.</b> Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>Grade</i> 9 <i>topics, texts, and issues</i> , building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. [SL.9-10.1]	Initiate, participate, collaborative discussions, diverse	4 <sup>th</sup>
1st On Going	30.a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. [SL.9-10.1a]	Prepared, explicitly	4 <sup>th</sup>
1st On Going	30.b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed. [SL.9-10.1b]	collegial discussions, consensus, goals, deadlines,	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going	<b>30.c.</b> Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. [SL.9-10.1c]	Propel, posing, responding, broader themes, incorporate, challenge	4 <sup>th</sup>
1st On Going	<b>30.d.</b> Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented. [SL.9-10.1d]	Respond thoughtfully, diverse perspectives, summarize points of	4 <sup>th</sup>

		agreement and disagreement, warranted, qualify or justify, in light of	
3rd	31. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally), evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source. [SL.9-10.2]	Integrate, diverse media, visually, quantitatively, orally, credibility, accuracy	3 <sup>rd</sup>
2nd On Going  ACT Standard	<b>32.</b> Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence. [SL.9-10.3]	Evaluate, fallacious, exaggerated, distorted	3 <sup>rd</sup>
3rd On Going	33. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task. [SL.9-10.4]	clearly, concisely, logically, substance, and style	4th
3rd On Going	<b>34.</b> Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. [SL.9-10.5]	Strategic, reasoning	2nd
2nd On Going	<b>35.</b> Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See Grade 9 Language standards 36 and 38 for specific expectations.) [SL.9-10.6]	formal English	2nd

	Language Stan	dards	
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>36.</b> Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. [L.9-10.1]	conventions	1st
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>36.a.</b> Apply rules of subject-verb agreement when the subject has compound parts joined by <i>or</i> with the second element as singular or plural.	subject-verb agreement, compound parts	1 <sup>st</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>36.b.</b> Apply rules of subject-verb agreement with the subjunctive mood.	subjunctive mood	1st
1st On Going ACT Standard	<b>36.c.</b> Use parallel structure.* [L.9-10.1a]	parallel structure	1 <sup>st</sup>
1 <sup>st</sup> On Going  ACT Standard	<b>36.d.</b> Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations. [L.9-10.1b]	Phrases, noun, verb, adjectival, participial, prepositional, absolute, clauses, independent, dependent, noun, relative, adverbial	1st
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>37.</b> Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. [L.9-10.2]	conventions	4 <sup>th</sup>

1st On Going	<b>37.a</b> . Use commas correctly with non-essential	non-essential	4 <sup>th</sup>
_	oppositives.	oppositives	
ACT Standard			
1st On Going	37.b. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive	Semicolon,	4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	adverb) to link two or more closely related	independent	
	independent clauses. [L.9-10.2a]	clauses	
1st On Going	<b>37.c.</b> Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.	Colon, list or	4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	[L.9-10.2b]	quotation	
1st On Going	<b>37.d.</b> Spell correctly. [L.9-10.2c]		4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard			
3 <sup>rd</sup>	38. Apply knowledge of language to understand		3 <sup>rd</sup>
	how language functions in different contexts, to		
ACT Standard	make effective choices for meaning or style, and to		
	comprehend more fully when reading or listening.		
	[L.9-10.3]		
3rd	<b>38.a.</b> Write and edit work so that it conforms to the	guidelines in a	3 <sup>rd</sup>
	guidelines in a style manual (e.g., Modern	style manual	
	Language Association's <i>MLA Handbook</i> , Turabian's		
	A Manual for Writers) appropriate for the discipline		
	and writing type. [L.9-10.3a]		
1st On Going	<b>39.</b> Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown	multiple-	2nd
	and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on	meaning words	
ACT Standard	Grade 9 reading and content, choosing flexibly from	and phrases	
	a range of strategies. [L.9-10.4]		
1st On Going	39.a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a	context	2 <sup>nd</sup>
-	sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or		
ACT Standard	function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of		
	a word or phrase. [L.9-10.4a]		

1 <sup>st</sup> On Going	<b>39.b.</b> Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy). [L.9-10.4b]	patterns of word	2nd
1st On Going	<b>39.c.</b> Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology. [L.9-10.4c]	specialized reference materials	2nd
1st On Going	<b>39.d.</b> Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). [L.9-10.4d]	preliminary	2nd
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>40.</b> Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. [L.9-10.5]	figurative language, word relationships, and nuances	3 <sup>rd</sup>
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>40.a.</b> Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text. [L.9-10.5a]	Interpret figures of speech	3rd
1st On Going  ACT Standard	<b>40.b.</b> Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. [L.9-10.5b]	Nuances, denotations	3rd
4 <sup>th</sup>	41. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient		4 <sup>th</sup>
ACT Standard	for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. [L.9-10.6]		

# Monroe County Schools Formative Assessment Schedule 2015 -2016

Formative	Formative	Formative	Formative	
First Nine Weeks	Second Nine Weeks	Third Nine Weeks	Fourth Nine Weeks	
Standards: 1, 4, 10, 16, 18, 36a, 36b, 36c, 36d	Standards: 2, 7, 11, 13, 39, 39a, 39b, 39c, 39d	Standards: 3, 12, 14, 15, 17, 38, 38a, 40, 40b	Standards: 5, 9, 19, 36, 37, 37a, 37b, 37c, 37d, 41	
	On-going Standards:	On-going Standards:	On-going Standards:	
	1, 4, 10, 18, 36a, 36c, 39c, 39d	1, 4, 10, 18, 25, 36a, 36c, 39c, 39d	1, 4, 10, 18, 36a, 36c, 39c, 39d	