I. Find the next four terms of each sequence and write the equation for the *n*th term.

1) 1000, 500, 250, 125, ... \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_

2) 6, 18, 54 ...

 $a_n =$ 

II. Given the explicit formula for the sequence, find the first five terms and the named term in the problem.

 $a_n = 10 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{n-1}$ 

 $a_{23} =$ 

 $a_n = 3^{n-1}$ 

 $a_{18} =$ \_\_\_\_\_

III. Given the first term and the common ratio of a *geometric* sequence find the first five terms and the explicit formula.

1)  $a_1 = 1$ , r = 2

 $a_n =$ 

IV. Given a term and the common ratio of a geometric sequence find the first five terms and the explicit formula.

 $a_5 = -\frac{16}{27}, r = \frac{2}{3}$ 

 $a_n =$ 

V. Find the first five terms using the given recursive formula then write the general rule.

$$a_1 = -2$$
1)  $a_{k+1} = 5a_k$  ....., .....

VI. Evaluate each series.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{8} 4(5)^{n-1}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2(.5)^{n-1}$$

VII. Rewrite each series using sigma notation.

1) 
$$8 + 16 + 32 + 64 + 128 + 256 + 512$$

$$2)$$
  $12 + 6 + 3 + 1.5 + .75$ 

VIII. Evaluate each geometric series.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{31} 2(1.2)^{n-1}$$

$$a_1 = -4$$
,  $a_n = -31104$ ,  $r = 6$