Name <u>Complete</u> <u>Incomplete</u>

## <u>1-3 – Spanish America- Pages 20-23</u>

Essential Question: How did Spain establish an empire in the Americas?



Main	lea 1: Spanish armies explored and conquered much of the Americas.
•	Conquistadors were soldiers who led expeditions in the
•	Hernán Cortés led a military expedition to in  Cortés heard of a land ruled by a king named
Conqu	est of the Aztec Empire
•	ruled the Empire from his capital city of Tenochtitlán.  Γhe had thousands of
•	Cortés had several hundred and, as well as an
•	welcomed Cortés but was seized by the and later during
•	The overthrew the Empire with the aid of of
• Pizarı	he Aztec's  The Aztecs had also been weakened by and other brought by the  's Conquest of the Inca
•	Francisco Pizarro, another, led a military expedition to the Empire in the Mountains of
•	Fig ruled over territory that stretched from present-day to
•	Pizarro's forces the ruler. Pizarro, with the aid of American allies, had conquered the by
Other	panish Explorers
•	Many other explorers came to North in the 1500s to find
•	Juan Ponce de León explored present-day in 1513.  Hernando de Soto traveled through and in in
•	1539. Γhe of Juan Rodríguez Cabrillo along the coast gave
·	the claim to the coast of North America.



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	colonies helped				£ 41	
	and		ıt to		from the	
Food was also grow	nd er n in	and	to sum	nort Snai	in's exnandino	
	·· ··· <u> </u>	<u> </u>	to sup	port Span	in 5 expanding	
ain Idea 2:						
oain used a variety of wa	ys to govern its empi	re in the America	S.			
uling New Spain						
• System of						
<ul> <li>Council of the</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Viceroyalty of</li> </ul>						
	Spain		ı,		, and southern part	
what is now the						
fe in Spanish America						
• Pueblos were	posts and	sometimes			A va	
centers.						
<ul> <li>Presidios were</li> </ul>					1 27	
<ul> <li>Priests started</li> </ul>	to conver	t	to			
• Spaniard		traveled to		in		
1769 to spread	in the are	ea.				
<ul> <li>Founded nir</li> </ul>	ne in	·				
Camino Real						
• El Camino Real is S	panish for		, also	, also known as		
<ul> <li>It refers to the histor</li> </ul>	ric o	f	connected	l the scat	tered	
of			-			
	n over	-mile long		conne	ecting the	
S <sub>I</sub>	oanish	in California.				
ain's Effect on Native A	americans					
• The	system gave	the righ	nt to		local Native	
	them					
• Most	treated Indians like	e	<b>.•</b>			
• W	ere forced to grow	, WO1	rk in			
<ul> <li>Bartolomé de Las C</li> </ul>	asas, a	priest, defended	l Americar	Indian _		
<ul> <li>He wrote</li> </ul>	and	def	ending the			

So many Indians died of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ that the Spanish brought enslaved \_\_\_\_\_ to New Spain.

Spaniards started bringing enslaved \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ in 1501.

• Exhausted the local \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_ Indian \_\_\_\_\_.